# Unit 3: Word classes, sentence structures, word order

Word classes and their relations, word order, sentence structures.

1) Match slovní druhy with word classes

Slovní druhy	Word classes
podstatná jména	prepositions
přídavná jména	pronouns
zájmena	articles
číslovky	adverbs
slovesa	adjectives
příslovce	verbs
předložky	conjunctions
spojky	nouns
částice	determiners
citoslovce	connectives
http://slovnidruhy.cz/	

#### What word is missing?

My uncle doesn't \_\_\_\_\_ cooking.

\_\_\_\_\_ wife cooks very well.

They live in a \_\_\_\_\_\_ house in the country.

They both love working \_\_\_\_\_ the garden and quite often they spend

\_\_\_\_\_ day there.

\_\_\_\_\_ garden is beautiful and full of \_\_\_\_\_\_.

Nouns	Verbs	Adjectives	Adverbs	Prepositions	
are words that give a name or label to someone or something	are something you can do or something that happens	are words that describe somebody or something (they describe a noun)	add detail to show how, where or when something happens	usually go before a noun to show where or when things take place	
giraffe	juggle	fluffy	slowly	beside	
Pronouns	Connectives	Conjunctions	Articles	Determiners	
replace a noun ornoun phrase so you clon't have to repeat it	join sentences or clauses and can be conjunctions or connecting adverbs	join words, phrases or clauses within a sentence	are types of determiner and can be definite (the) or indefinite (a or an)	determine something about a noun, such as quantity or whose it is (e.g. six eggs, my house)	
she	meanwhile	and	the	my	

IN. CASE ORANMAR!

(taken from http://www.thinkingchild.org.uk/how-difficult-is-it-to-quickly-improve-the-quality-of-students-writing/)

2) <u>Use the cards</u> - words and form any sentence. They must be correct.

(Working with cards, forming sentences)

#### Word order in positive sentences

#### **Basic word order in statements:**

subject	verb(s)	object	
I	speak	English	
I	can speak	English	
S	V		(

Academic Reading for Students with Learning Disorders Unit 3: Word classes and their relations, sentence structures, word order. Teiresiás MU 2017. Supported by Fond rozvoje MU 2016. Intended solely for classroom use and self-study.

#### Examples:

We sell flowers.

They sing a song.

You must read the book.

#### Word order in longer statements:

subject	verb(s)	indirect object	direct object	place	time	
Ι	will tell	you	the story	at school	tomorrow.	
S	V	Ο	O adv	verbials – I	<b>4</b> - matter (	How?)

**P** - place (Where?)

**T** - time (When?)

#### **S V O M P T** (mnemonic device)

#### Examples:

The coach will meet us outside the school gates at 8.30 in the morning.

Our friends waited for us after the concert yesterday evening.

The train to Perth has just arrived at platform 2.

(taken from https://www.ego4u.com/)

## a) Arrange the words to make <u>affirmative sentences</u> (positive or negative).

1 in Greece / spend / I / will / next year / my holiday

2 play / in the bar / did / he / last week / not / the piano

3 wrote / last week / they / at school / a test

4 give / the present / tomorrow / we / him / will

5 not / the truth / did / he / tell / you

6 must / at five o'clock / leave / we / the house

7 feed / you / my / cat / can

8 the library / take / I / the book / will / today / to

9 to a party / not / we / tonight / going / are

10 tonight / want / to the cinema / to go / we

interrogative	auxiliary verb	subject		indirect object		place	time
What	would	you	like to tell	me			
	Did	you	have		a party	in your flat	yesterday?
When	were	you				here?	

#### Word order in questions

(taken from https://www.ego4u.com/)

Academic Reading for Students with Learning Disorders Unit 3: Word classes and their relations, sentence structures, word order. Teiresiás MU 2017. Supported by Fond rozvoje MU 2016. Intended solely for classroom use and self-study.

#### b) Make questions asking about the information in bold:

1 Amy crossed the street **at the traffic lights.** 

2 My girlfriend has worked in Italy **since 2010**.

3 Most tourists did not see **the monster Nessi** in Loch Ness.

4 He will probably come back **tomorrow**.

5 David had to visit his grandmother **as she was ill.** 

3) <u>Read</u> the following text and <u>choose the correct word</u> for each space from the box. There is ONE WORD you will not need:

#### Women and Science

### ANYONE, BUT, INVENTED, MADE, OBSERVED, OPPORTUNITIES, SCIENTIST, TIME, WAS, WHERE

It is difficult to understand why, but women and science are not automatically associated with each other, even though the first woman **1** \_\_\_\_\_\_ was born in Alexandria, in Egypt, in 370 A.D. Her name was Hypatia, and her father, who was the director of Alexandria's University, **2** \_\_\_\_\_\_ sure his daughter had the best education available. It was not normal, at this time, for women to have **3** \_\_\_\_\_\_ to study, and after studying in Athens and Rome, she returned to Alexandria, **4** \_\_\_\_\_\_ she taught mathematics. She became famous for her knowledge of new ideas, and wrote several important mathematical works, **5** \_\_\_\_\_\_ no copies of her books have survived. Hypatia was interested in technology and **6** \_\_\_\_\_\_ several scientific tools to help with her work, but this story has an unhappy ending.

Many rulers of that 7 \_\_\_\_\_\_ were afraid of science, and 8

\_\_\_\_\_\_ connected with it was in danger. As a consequence, her

life was at risk and one day in March 415, she

**9** \_\_\_\_\_\_ attacked in the street and killed.

(taken from http://www.englishaula.com/en/pet-reading-part-5-exam-2-multiple-choice-cloze-the-first-woman-scientist.html)

#### Determiners

http://www.helpforenglish.cz/article/2009060203-co-jsou-todeterminatory-determiners

#### Další možnost definování slovních druhů v angličtině

http://bil6014partsofspeech2.blogspot.cz/2013/12/introduction-to-partsof-speech.html

## Shrnutí (pp prezentace) – vhodná k opakování slovních druhů v angličtině i s příklady

http://www.slideshare.net/keepitsurreal/english-language-terminologyword-lasses

#### Další PP prezentace zajímavě pojaté vysvětlení o druzích slov

http://www.slideshare.net/gohbangrui/english-language-word-class

#### "chunks"

https://www.teachingenglish.org.uk/article/chunks

#### **Connectives and conjunctions**

http://www.grammarbank.com/connectives-list.htm

#### Wordlist of c+c

http://www.sparklebox.co.uk/literacy/vocabulary/wordlists/connectives/#.WIYIKfnhDcs

Academic Reading for Students with Learning Disorders Unit 3: Word classes and their relations, sentence structures, word order. Teiresiás MU 2017. Supported by Fond rozvoje MU 2016. Intended solely for classroom use and self-study.