

Unit 5: Reading & pronunciation

Loud and silent reading, pronunciation

| 1. Read the following text <u>aloud</u> . If you find reading longer sentences difficult, you can <u>pause when you see a slash or a full stop</u> . | | | | | | |
|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|----------------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------|--|--|--|--|
| When we read, / | $^{\prime}$ we are using our | visual pathways / to form memory | | | | |
| links. We remember the material / because it was / something we saw. | | | | | | |
| People who have photographic memory / are extraordinarily good / at | | | | | | |
| making these kinds of memory connections. For the rest of us, / relying | | | | | | |
| only on visual m | emory / may leav | ve us with many gaps, / and so we have | | | | |
| to find / other w | ays to remember | things. When reading out loud, / we | | | | |
| form auditory lin | ıks / in our memo | ry pathways. We remember ourselves / | | | | |
| saying it out lou | d, / and so not or | ly form visual / but also auditory links. | | | | |
| - | _ | se you to remember things better?", převzato z /10/reading-out-loud-remember/) | | | | |
| 2) Practising pro | nunciation and rh | ythm. | | | | |
| - | iation of difficult s | each tongue twister and practise the sounds and words. Try to be as fluent as | | | | |
| FINGER | WITCH | THURSDAY | | | | |
| • Thirty-three t | thousand people t | :h ink | | | | |
| th at | is th ei r th irti | e th bi rth day. | | | | |
| | ● Th | ne ki ng has a ri ng on his | | | | |
| Which | wished wi | hich wicked wish? | | | | |

b) Pronounce these long words:

- unbelievable
- invisibility
- meaningfulness
- circumstance

- unnecessarily
- intercultural
- extraordinarily

c) <u>Say</u> this tongue twister and pay attention to <u>fluency and rhythm</u>:

How much <u>wood</u> would a <u>wood</u> chuck <u>chuck</u>
if a <u>wood</u> chuck <u>could</u> chuck <u>wood</u>?

A <u>wood</u> chuck <u>would</u> chuck <u>all the wood</u> he <u>could</u> chuck if a wood chuck could chuck wood.

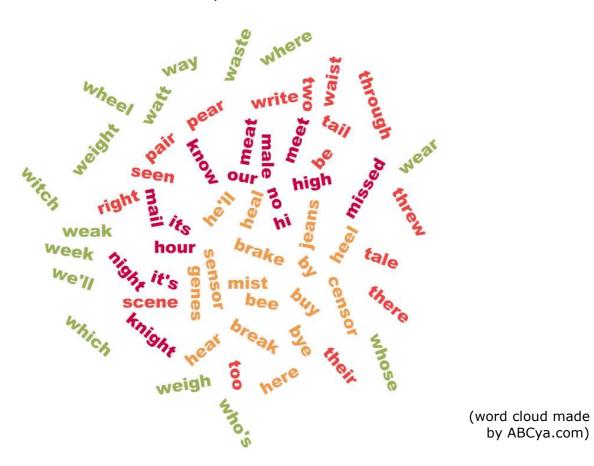
3) Read the words and look how sounds are written.

| i.v. | I big | U | UX school | I Q | e | I I | X |
|---------|-----------------------|--------------|------------------|-------------------|------------|--------|------------|
| e | a | 3X work | Small | U _{sure} | 3 | I | U G |
| æ | $\Lambda_{	ext{cup}}$ | QX father | D _{dog} | eə hair | a | | au |
| p | b | t | d | t chair | <u>d</u> 3 | k | glass |
| f | V | Hthree | ð | S | Z | Shop | 3 |
| morning | name | ŋ | h | 1 live | read | Window | j |

a) Match the words with their transcriptions and try to pronounce them correctly. What do they mean?

| queue | /ˈbɪznɪs/ |
|-------------|--------------|
| recipe | /rıˈsiːt/ |
| receipt | /kləʊðz/ |
| comfortable | /ˈrɛsəpi/ |
| business | /ıˈspɛʃəlı/ |
| hotel | /dɛˈseːɐ/ |
| clothes | /ˈkʌmfətəbl/ |
| especially | /ˈɒfən/ |
| often | /həʊˈtɛl/ |
| dessert | /ˈdɛzət/ |
| desert | /kjuː/ |

b) Which words are pronounced the same? Identify the pairs or threes. What do they mean?



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| c) | What is the difference between these three words? |
|-----|---------------------------------------------------|
| stu | dents |
| stu | dent's |
| stu | dents' |
| | |