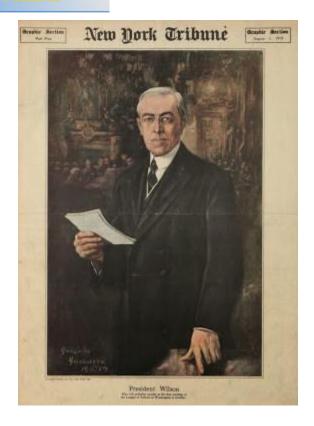


Fourteen Points



Woodrow Wilson's Fourteen Points were first outlined in a speech Wilson gave to the American Congress in January 1918. Wilson's Fourteen Points became the basis for a peace programme and it was on the back of the Fourteen Points that Germany and her allies agreed to an armistice in November 1918.

- 1. No more secret agreements ("Open covenants openly arrived at").
- 2. Free navigation of all seas.
- 3. An end to all economic barriers between countries.
- 4. Countries to reduce weapon numbers.
- 5. All decisions regarding the colonies should be impartial
- 6. The German Army is to be removed from <u>Russia</u>. Russia should be left to develop her own political set-up.
- 7. Belgium should be independent like before the war.
- 8. France should be fully liberated and allowed to recover Alsace-Lorraine
- 9. All Italians are to be allowed to live in Italy. Italy's borders are to be "along clearly recognisable lines of nationality."
- 10. Self-determination should be allowed for all those living in Austria-Hungary.

independence should be allowed for

- 12. The Turkish people should be governed by the Turkish government. Non-Turks in the old Turkish Empire should govern themselves.
- 13. An independent Poland should be created which should have access to the sea.
- 14. A <u>League of Nations</u> should be set up to guarantee the political and territorial independence of all states.

See also: Woodrow Wilson

The Treaty of Versailles

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