REVIEW TEST PII2A

PJI2A
Intelligent Business: Unit 8 – Brands

Name:						
Teacher:		TOTAL	MARK			
Number o	f points (max. 100 points)	(60 points to pass)				
I. Listening:	III. Grammar:					
II. Vocabulary:	IV. Translation:					
I. Listening: (max. 20 points) points						
II. Vocabulary: (max. 34 points) points						
A. Translate the following expressions into English: padělané výrobky oslabující značku (výrobku) – dosáhnout u zákazníků věrnost značce – uvážlivě se vyhnout nadměrné publicitě (výrobku) – čelit značně velkým výzvám v umění jednat s lidmi – vybudovat si renomé za renovaci (vylepšení) zboží –						
odlišit oděvy na zakázku od konfekce – úspěšně na sebe neupozorňovat jako firma –						
ztrátové středně velké firmy jdoucí ke dnu –						
 B. Write expressions the following definitions refer to: (2 points each) 1. using a successful brand name to sell new types of products; a new product that is sold 						
using an existing brand name:the act of making changes to the form of something in order to improve its appearance, how efficiently it works, etc.:						

C.	Complete the sentence with one of the followi	ing phrases; translate the selected phrase in	to Czech: (2 points each)			
CLIENT BASE, PRICE, CUSTOMERS, LOLLIPOPS, PURVEYORS, ACCOLADE						
1.	Guccio Gucci deserved at least or company.	ccio Gucci deserved at least one for building his successfupany.				
	In Czech:					
2.	We have to fight against the dimin	nishing of our				
	In Czech:					
<i>3</i> .	None of our		ıl failu r e.			
	In Czech:					
D.	Complete the sentences with correct forms of	the following verbs; some verbs are not use	d: (1 point each)			
		ETRACT – EXPAND – ANTIO NFORCE – SUSTAIN – CON				
1.	IBM has decided	the idea of produ	ucing colorful laptops.			
2.	The message	to the public through	h mass media.			
3.	In my opinion, potential conflicts possible.	should always	, if			
4.	Celebrity endorsement should campaign.	our	main message in the			
E.	Complete each sentence with a word made	from the word given in brackets.	(1 point each)			
1.	We camestarted. (LATE)	to the theater – the po	erformance had already			
2.	The	of our products is accompa	anied with an identifier.			
<i>3</i> .	Retailers(INCREASE)	prefer checking their b	orand effectiveness.			
4.	The company wants to(SOURCE)	its prod	uction overseas.			

III. Grammar: (max. 30 points) points	D. Choose suitable words or phrases that can complete e	ach sentence. The number of correct answers is $0-4$. (2 points each)	
A. Fill in the gaps with a suitable preposition or adverbial, if necessary: (1 point each)	1. I think your speech was		
 The management has approved all our suggestions. Bad news concerning the firm will result the decrease in sales. 	A: extremely dramatical C: made extremely dramatically	B: extremely dramaticD: made extremely dramaticly	
 Bad news concerning the firm will result the decrease in sales. Brand extension can detract your exclusivity image. 	2. The teacher was very and	d the students were	
4. The new logo conjures the idea of a strong and wealthy firm.	A: confusing boring	B: confused bored	
5. Coca-Cola is the biggest rival Pepsi.	C: boring bored	D: bored depressing	
6. A few years ago the market was crowded small firms.	3. The idea which came too	seems	
B. Rewrite the sentences with the given words so that they mean the same as the original ones: (3 points each)	A: late silly C: soon lovely	B: lately interesting D: fast well	
1. The taste of the soup was great although its appearance was quite bad.			
The soup tasted although it looked	IV. Translation: (max. 16 points)	points	
2. The successful promotion of this product caused that people started buying it.	Translate the following sentences into English:	(8 points each)	
The product started being bought by people.		1 2 1 1 12 12 12 12	
3. We have had a very friendly talk.	Hlavní přičiny neúspěchu firem v podnikání za rozmanitých výrobků nebo poskytování licencí		
We talked	může vysoké povědomí o identitě značky uděla	i zázraky.	
C. Put the VERBS and other words in brackets into their correct forms, add prepositions, particles or auxiliary verbs if necessary. You may need to use the passive forms of the verbs: (1 point each)			
Hugo Boss (<i>DECIDE</i> , <i>RISK</i> , <i>LAUNCH</i>) a		-	
new advertising campaign recently. There was no point (WAIT) it	-		
because the competitors were likely(MAKE,			
attempt, ATTACK) HB's position on the market. And they could			
(SUCCEED, THREATEN) HB by using celebrity endorsement.	Vytrvalý růst cen elektřiny a rostoucí mzdové náklady nutí firmy snižovat výrobu nebo ji přesunovat do zahraničí, protože pokud chtějí masoví producenti přežít, nemohou si dovolit		
D'Orsay, for example,(LOOK FORWARD,	mít přetrvávající ztrátu.		
COOPERATE) Jennifer Lopez, who is going to be their main star. Although JLo			
(lately, DENY , USE) as the brand-attraction, rumours still			
spread. Other companies (even, TRY, TARNISH)			
the reputation of HB. It is obvious that HB always(OBJECT,			
<i>USE</i>) such techniques but it is not always possible			
(EXPECT, competitors, BEHAVE) in a fair way.			