

Suggested procedure

- 1 Read the whole text through first to get a general idea of the subject.
 - 2 Read the text sentence by sentence, looking at the specific context of each missing word.
 - 3 Decide on the part of speech of the missing word and whether it should have a positive or negative meaning. (Some items may require the addition of a prefix as well as a change to the end of the word.)
 - 4 Write the correct form of each word paying careful attention to accurate spelling.
-

Each of these words contains a suffix. Group them into nouns, adjectives and verbs.

harmful popularize observation reliable
disagreement happiness behavioural ability
attractive helpless relationship

Read through sentences 1-11 and insert the correct form of the word in brackets. Look back at the noun, adjective and verb groups in previous exercise to help you decide on the word ending.

- 1 Mike's extremely; he never hides his feelings. (demonstrate)
- 2 The two French chefs went into and opened a restaurant in Mayfair. (partner)
- 3 'This office equipment badly needs to be Look at this typewriter - it's completely out of date!' (modern)
- 4 After working together for several days, their initial disappeared. (shy)
- 5 When talks between the two governments broke down, military seemed inevitable. (confront)
- 6 After moving house, changing job, and getting married, Susan reflected on what an year it had been. (event)
- 7 'There's no point in trying to negotiate improved working conditions, the situation is - we must all go out on strike!' (hope)
- 8 I must admit that I find Simon's sarcasm absolutely! (detest)
- 9 There was a strong sense of in the village; most families had lived there for generation after generation. (continue)
- 10 Joe was extremely nervous about his driving test, so passing it the first time was quite an (achieve)
- 11 It was only when the company went bankrupt that the extent of its problems were revealed. (finance)