CLEFT SENTENCES

- to help us focus on a particular part of the sentence and to emphasise what we want to say
- useful in writing where we cannot use intonation but also used in speech

It-clauses

- used to emphasize a specific subject or object
- the introductory clause is then followed by a relative pronoun

It + be + focus + clause

My brother bought his new car from our next-door neighbour last Saturday.

- → It was my brother who bought his new car from our neighbour last Saturday.
- → It was last Saturday when my brother bought his new car from our neighbour.
- → It was a new car that my brother bought from our neighbour last Saturday.
- → It was our next-door neighbour that my brother bought his new car from last Saturday.

What-clauses

- also used to emphasize a specific subject or object
- the clause introduced by 'What' is employed as the subject of the sentence as is followed by the verb 'to be'

What-clause + be + focus

We need a good long shower.

→ What we need is a good long shower.