## Key - reported speech

Consider the following examples which all relate to Tom and Julia's engagement party and change the tenses: **TASK 1**:

- A: Are you going to Tom and Julia's engagement party?
- B: I asked him if he was going to Tom and Julia's engagement party.
- A: **Can you** pick me up from the station?
- B: I wondered whether they might be able to pick me up from the station.
- C: Who's that girl in the red dress, Tom?
- C: I asked Tom **who that girl** in the red dress **was**.
- A: How **did you make** that salad, Julie?
- A: I asked Julie how **she had made** the salad.
- B: How much wine have you brought, Mike?
- B: I wanted to know how much wine **Mike had brought**.
- D: We're getting married on 4 July and have bought a house in Manchester.
- A: They explained that they were getting married on 4 July and had bought a house in Manchester.

The final example relates to a point in time which is **still in the future** even when the original speech is reported. No tense change is also possible:

They explained that they're getting married on 4 July and have bought a house in Manchester.

With reference to the future, consider the way **I love you** is reported in these examples and the way in which the meaning changes depending on how it is reported:

- He told me that he loved me.... But I now know that he was lying.
- He has told me that he loves me.... And I think that may be true.

## TASK 2: Direct: He said, 'I am too weak to work now.'

Indirect: He said that he was too weak to work **then**. Direct: She said, 'I will leave for New York **tomorrow**.' Indirect: She said that she would leave for New York **the next day**. Direct: He said that she would leave for New York **the next day**. Direct: He said that he had visited them **the previous day**. Direct: She said that he had visited them **the previous day**. Direct: She said, 'I liked **this** bag.' Indirect: She said that she liked **that** bag. Direct: I said, 'I am leaving **tomorrow**.' Indirect: She said that she was leaving **the next day**. Direct: She said, **'These** mangoes are rotten.' Indirect: She said that **those** mangoes were rotten. Direct: He said, **'These** are our dogs.' Indirect: He said that **those** were their dogs.

## TASK 3: Complete each sentence in such a way that it is similar to the meaning of the sentence above:

- Professor to her students: "Please do not eat or drink during lectures". The professor asked <u>the students not to drink during lectures.</u>
- Guard to the prisoner: "Stand up when the judge comes in."
  The guard ordered the prisoner to stand up when the judge comes/came in.
- Worker to his boss: "Can I leave earlier on Friday?" The worker asked <u>if he could leave earlier on Friday.</u>
- Paul's mother to Paul: "You should apply to several universities." Paul's mother recommended <u>him to apply to several universities.</u>
   "You should take the express train."
- "You should take the express train."
  He suggested that <u>I should take the express train.</u> /no shift/
- 7. 'You must be careful."
  - She warned them to be careful.