\	OCABULARY — UNIT 15 (max. 30 points) points
<i>A.</i>	Translate the following expressions from Czech into English: (2 pts per item; total: 14 pts)
zdi	ůraznit odlišnosti a vylepšení ve srovnání s ostatními výrobky –
inv	restovat až 3 miliardy do začínajících společností –
neo	očekávaně snížit předpovědi prodeje –
spe	ecifikovat dlouhodobé požadavky na financování –
str	učně popsat, jak výrobek vyplní mezeru na trhu –
ako	cie firem uvedených na burze –
zís	kat požadované manažerské dovednosti –
В.	Complete the sentences with correct forms of the following verb: (1 pt per item; total: 5 pts) MAKE, SEEK OUT, LEND, HAVE, LOSE, OVERCOME, GIVE, REVIEW, RUN, APPEAR
1.	Some of these more risky strategies have a high probability of high returns, with a lower probability of very large losses.
2.	Ensure equal time is given for weaknesses and threats and consider how these can be addressed or overcome.
3.	She was one of the first women a hedge fund.
4.	Our company continuously opportunities for expansion and growth.
5.	Microcredit refers to small amounts of money to poor people to help them start or expand businesses.
C.	Complete each sentence with a word made from the words given in brackets: (1 pt per item; total: 5 pts)
1.	The current state pension age of 65 is already the normal pension age for most new to public service pension schemes. (<i>ENTER</i>)
2.	Mexico has approved its first pilot project to grow genetically maize. (MODIFICATION)
3.	In 2011 we plan to continue investing in future growth as we execute our strategies and we believe we are well-positioned for continued success. (<i>OPERATE</i>)
4.	We need to adopt measures to ensure of fish stocks. (SUSTAIN)
5.	They have been accused of providing services for their students. (ADEQUACY)
D.	Give the terms the following definitions refer to: (2 pts per item; total: 6 pts)
1.	an investor who seeks opportunities involving businesses that are growing or are in risky market segments
2.	the sales or revenues necessary to cover costs and prevent a firm from operating at a loss
3.	superiority gained by a firm when it can provide the same value as other firms but at a lower price, or can charge higher prices by providing greater value through differentiation