

# VOCABULARY – UNIT 14 (max. 30 points)

\_\_\_\_\_ points

**A.** Translate the following expressions from Czech into English:

(2 pts per item; total: 14 pts)

emitovat cenné papíry jako například akcie a dluhopisy – \_\_\_\_\_

neschopnost splácet existující půjčku nebo hypotéku – \_\_\_\_\_

možnost založit běžný nebo spořicí účet – \_\_\_\_\_

služby poskytované makléři a pojišťovnami – \_\_\_\_\_

dělit se o zisky nebo ztráty s vkladateli – \_\_\_\_\_

uvolnit právní omezení – \_\_\_\_\_

riskantnější strategie k dosažení vyšších výnosů – \_\_\_\_\_

**B.** Complete the sentences with correct forms of the following verb:

(1 pt per item; total: 5 pts)

**PASS, WRITE OFF, RECEIVE, RAISE, DO,  
INCREASE, PROVIDE, CHARGE, OFFER, POOL**

1. A significant part of your debt can \_\_\_\_\_.
2. The Espionage Act is one of the most controversial laws ever \_\_\_\_\_ in the United States.
3. Exeter University has just announced it \_\_\_\_\_ fees of £9,000.
4. Mutual funds are investment vehicles that allow investors \_\_\_\_\_ assets together in order to invest as one collective group.
5. The workshop presented a series of case studies of innovative strategies for \_\_\_\_\_ capital.

**C.** Complete each sentence with a word made from the words given in brackets:

(1 pt per item; total: 5 pts)

1. The Bank of England has conducted a survey on public \_\_\_\_\_ of inflation. (**PERCEIVE**)
2. The investment portfolio should be \_\_\_\_\_ into many different types of securities in different industry groups as well as international markets. (**DIVERSIFICATION**)
3. UK \_\_\_\_\_ take out an average of 3.5 loans per year. (**BORROW**)
4. Citi was one of the worst affected financial institutions during the economic crisis and \_\_\_\_\_ its brand suffered. (**CONSEQUENCE**)
5. In the early 1920s, the hyperinflation made the German currency nearly \_\_\_\_\_. (**WORTH**)

**D.** Give the terms the following definitions refer to:

(2 pts per item; total: 6 pts)

1. an estimate, based on detailed financial analysis on one's financial history, specifically as it relates to one's ability to meet obligations
2. a flexible investment company for a small number of large investors that can use high-risk techniques
3. the amount by which withdrawals exceed deposits, or the extension of credit by a lending institution to allow for such a situation