GRAMMAR

TASK 1

Verbs followed by TO-infinitive or the gerund with a <u>difference</u> in meaning FORGET, REMEMBER, REGRET, STOP

EXPLANATION

<u>After</u> these verbs a *to*-infinitive refers to future, while a gerund expresses an earlier action, relative to the time of the verb in the main clause:

Don't **forget to meet** *Mr Moriarty at 10 o'clock this morning.* (You should meet Mr Moriarty at 10 o'clock this morning.)

I'll never forget meeting her for the first time. (I'll never forget when I met her for the first time.)

Did you **remember to buy** *tea*? (Did you remember that you should buy tea?) *I don't* **remember** *ever* **visiting** *this museum*. (I don't remember that I have ever visited this museum.)

We **regret to inform** *you that your application has been rejected.* (We are sorry we have to inform you that your application has been rejected.)

I **regret spending** so much money last night. (I am sorry that I spent so much money last night.)

We **stopped to drink** *a cup of coffee*. (We stopped in order to drink a cup of coffee.) *I* **stopped smoking** *years ago*. (I gave up smoking years ago.)

I **tried to reach** *her at work, but the line was busy.* (I made an attempt to reach her at work.)

Why didn't you try calling her on her mobile? (Why didn't you call her on her mobile to see if you could reach her?)

NOTE: Besides the structures indicated above there are **also other verbs** such as **try**, **mean**, **go on**, etc. that are used with TO-infinitive or the gerund with a difference in meaning.

EXERCISE

Fill in a *to-infinitive* or a *gerund*.

1 Kids! Please **stop** (MAKE) noise. I am trying to concentrate.

2 I will never forget (SEE) that terrible accident.		
3 Do you remember MEET) your best friend for the first time?		
4 I regret (TELL) you, but you've failed your English exam.		
5 You should stop (SEE) her. She is a great liar.		
6 Don't forget (BUY) bread on your way home.		
7 Let's stop (HAVE) a drink. I know a good pub on the corner.		
8 I clearly remember (SEE) her. She looked great in her suit.		
9 Why don't we stop (DO) homework and play some computer		
games?		
10 If you see Jane, remember (INVITE) her to the party.		
11 I can't make a cake. I remember (MAKE) one many years ago. It		
was as hard as a rock.		
12 I don't remember (SEE) Paula. She is a total stranger to me.		
13 When we arrived in Venice, we stopped (SEE) Karen. She was so		
glad to see us.		
14 We stopped (BUY) some souvenirs, but no shops were open.		
(-N - N - 1) + (-(A - C - D - D - 1)) + (-(A - C - D - D - 1))		
15 Now she regrets (<i>not</i> ACCEPT) my proposal, but it's too late.		

TASK 2

See SB page 161, revise the rules (study the verbs followed by an infinitive or a gerund) and **prepare at least 6 sentences** to test your classmate. Prepare an **answer key** (on a different sheet of paper).

Example:

Did I mention (READ) that novel last summer?

1.	
4.	
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TASK 3 U 12 – KEYWORDS

Complete the mission expressions:

to refuse to buy, use or take part in sth as a way of protesting:

trade which supports producers in developing countries by paying fair prices and making sure that workers have good working conditions and fair pay: _____

the limited number or amount of people or things that is officially allowed: _____

the process of making or defending a claim in court: _____

the money that a person, a region, a country, etc. earns from work, from investing money, from business, etc: _____

the principle or practice of protecting a country's own industry by taxing foreign goods: _____

Explain the following expressions in English:

a SUBSIDY (on st):

AID:

DEBT RELIEF:

GRANT:

PRESSURE GROUP:

TASK 4 lobby

View a short video on http://www.youtube.com/watch?v=xdh m5lQUUY

Write down your opinion on the issue (4-5 sentences):		