# Expressing the future:

## 1) Future simple

Neutral future: I will go home after school.

Promises: We will buy you a pony if you behave.

Threat: If you cheat, you will fail the exam.

Offer: I'll carry the bags for you.

Immediate decisions: Oh, I didn't realise it's so late. I will get a taxi.

Predictions: I think their team will win.

# 2) To be going to + infinitiv

Plans: He's going to propose.

We're going to start a family soon.

Predictions based on evidence: It's going to rain soon. (dark clouds)

She's going to be sick all over the floor. (she turned green)

# 3) Present simple

Timetables: The course starts in June.

My train leaves at five.

#### 4) Present continuous

Arranged events, diary tense: I'm seeing my dentist tomorrow.

We are flying to Japan next week.

#### 5) Future continuous

Future activities: I'll be studying this afternoon so don't disturb me.

What will you be doing at the weekend?

#### To be bound to

He is bound to pass the exam. (He is sure to pass as he has studied a lot.) It is bound to rain. (I am certain it will rain.)

To be due to

Hank is due to start school in January. (it is arranged)

When is your baby due? (expected)

### To be likely to

Jessica is likely to visit France next year. (She will probably visit France.)

The team are likely to win.

#### To be about to do

Harry is about to design. (He is close to resigning.)

Caroline was (just) about to say something nasty but stopped herself. (We use just for emphasis).

# Time clauses

Vedlejší věty začínající when, as soon as, once, after, before apod. Pozor, ve vedlejší větě dáváme přítomný čas prostý, budoucí čas je až ve větě hlavní!

I will start doing homework when I do the dishes. As soon as she arrives, we will go to the cinema. We will tidy up the house before he gets home.