# 

Complete the telephone conversation using phrases from the list below.

14 Shall I do it?

can you send can I call you can you hear can I help you can't see could I speak to could you hold could you repeat could you speak could you tell me

I'll need I'll put one I'll be on I'll just go I'll wait I'll put you through I'll get back to you Good morning, the Tech Store, this is Jon speaking. JON: (1) Could I speak to someone in Customer Services, please? SARA: Er. Yes, of course, (2) ..... JON: Customer Services, Mark speaking, how (3) .....? MARK: I'm calling about your new Samsung DVD players. (4) ...... if you have SARA: any in stock? (5) ...... and see. (6) ..... the line please? MARK: Yes, no problem, (7) ...... SARA: Hello? I (8) ..... any on the shelves. (9) ..... to MARK: check the order status on the computer. (10) ...... back? Certainly. My name is Sara Hall and my telephone number is 0582 1067. SARA: MARK: Sorry, (11) ..... up? It's a terrible line. Is that better? (12) ..... me now? SARA: Yes, that's much better. (13) ..... the number please? MARK: Of course. It's 0582 1067. (14) ..... this number all morning. SARA: Sorry, I can't tell you if we've got any DVDs in stock right now, but MARK: (15) ..... as soon as I have the information. Was there anything else? Er, yes, (16) ..... me a copy of your latest catalogue? SARA: Of course, (17) ..... in the post to you today. What's your address? MARK SAR A-It's 25 Ridley Lane, Lower ... This exercise introduces many of the modal verbs covered in the following units. Match each sentence 1–14 with a meaning a)-n). 1 I should do it. a) It's necessary to do it. 2 I shouldn't do it. b) It's not necessary to do it. 3 I can do it. c) Sorry, it's impossible. 4 I can't do it. d) It's forbidden. 5 I mustn't do it. e) I have the ability to do it. 6 I don't have to do it. f) I'm offering to do it. 7 I have to do it. g) It's a good idea. 8 I'll do it. h) It's a bad idea. 9 I'll do it. i) I'm inviting you. 10 I might do it. j) I'm asking permission. 11 Would you like to do it? k) I'm requesting that you do it. 12 Could you do it, please? l) I promise. 13 May I do it? m) Perhaps I will do it.

n) I'm making a suggestion.

# 12 Practice

Improise 1 M M Tall			
Match each sentence 1–12	with one of the f	ormal sentences a)–l).	
1 I can do it.	С	a) It's necessary.	
2   mustn't do it.		b) It's not necessary.	
3 I don't have to do it.		c) It's allowed.	
4 I have to do it.		d) It's not allowed.	
5 I couldn't do it.		e) It was necessary.	
6 I didn't have to do it.		f) It wasn't necessary.	
7 I had to do it.		g) It was allowed.	
8 I could do it.		h) It wasn't allowed.	
9 I should have done it.		i) Doing it would be a good ide	·a.
10 I shouldn't have done i	t. 🔲	j) Doing it would be a bad idea	
11 I shouldn't do it.		k) Doing it was a bad idea.	
12 I should do it.		l) Not doing it was a bad idea.	
spoken context.  1  re 2 Sorry,	member to email go now, the r . your tax form by . try to be more d	Steve and thank him for all his help.  Meeting begins in five minutes.  Mathematic 31 January.  January.	e natural in a
Engleigg B <b>B E</b> [6]	- Consequent	t. I've had this awful pain for two days. ne same meaning. Write I for identical or near	ly identical, 💈
similar or D for completely o	different. At the e	and there will be nine of I, two of S and three	of D.
Д		В	
1 You'd better go now.		You should go now.	1
2 We don't have to cut the	ne budget.	We mustn't cut the budget.	.,
3 You should have a rest.		You ought to have a rest.	
4 You can't smoke here.		You're not allowed to smoke here.	
5 We must sign the conti	act.	We should sign the contract.	
6 You must be here befo	re 8.30.	You have to be here before 8.30.	
7 You mustn't touch that	key!	You don't have to touch that key.	
8 You didn't have to give	a tip.	You didn't need to give a tip.	
9 We have to work harde	er on this.	We must work harder on this.	
0 I ought to leave now.		I have to leave now.	
11 You shouldn't worry so	much.	You ought not to worry so much.	
12 I must write these lette	rs now.	I'd better write these letters now.	
13 I couldn't use the email	l.	I didn't need to use the email.	
14 We don't have to decid	lo vot	Mo don't pood to decide yet	

# Exercise 4 A B D

Bad idea:



Look at these notes that a Personnel Manager wrote to explain company rules. Then use the notes to complete a briefing he gave to some new employees on their first day at work. Choose from have to, don't have to, can, can't, should or shouldn't.

sign letter about working hours, leave building during fire drill Necessary:

Not necessary: send holiday form to personnel immediately

volunteer to work extra hours, take 3 weeks holiday, Permitted:

smoke outside building

make staff work long hours, take all holiday time together Prohibited: speak to head of department about excessive hours, give Good idea:

notice to head of dept. about holidays, read fire notices

block fire exit

'Um. Excuse me. Good morning. Er, good morning. I've called you to this meeting to explain to you all some
of the basic health and safety rules that we have here. Um, first of all, working hours: it's not our company
policy to make staff work excessive hours – it makes people unproductive and can endanger health. Um,
managers (1) make any of their staff work more than an average of 48 hours per week,
although anyone (2) volunteer to work more than these hours, but they
(3)sign a letter from the company to say that they want to do this. Any member of staff
who is worried that they are working too many hours (4) speak to their head of
department about it.
Um, all employees (5) take a minimum of three weeks' paid holiday per year, but you
(6) take all this holiday off in one block. Staff (7) give their head of
department as much notice as possible about their holidays, although they (8) send their
holiday form off to personnel until a few weeks before they go.
Next, er, fire drills. We have a fire drill about once a month – don't ignore it. You (9)
leave the building immediately that you hear the bell, and of course you (10) block the
fire exits. Fire notices are posted throughout the building. Employees (11) read these
notices regularly. In the case of a real fire, don't panic and follow the fire procedures.
$ And \ lastly, \ for \ you \ smokers, \ l'm \ afraid \ that \ smoking \ is \ not \ permitted \ anywhere \ inside \ the \ building, \ although $
you (12)smoke just outside the front door.
I think that covers everything. Does anyone have any questions? No Yes'

### Exercise 3 M M



A businessman is describing his trip to Lagos. Complete the text with had to, didn't have to, couldn't, should have or shouldn't have. Each phrase is used twice.

1 (1) should have travelled on the 10 am flight, but when I got to the airport they told me that the
flight was overbooked and I (2) catch a later flight. Then at the check-in desk they told
me that I (3) take both my bags as hand luggage, so I (4) let one of
them go in the hold, which was very annoying as I had my diary in it, and it delayed me by nearly an hour at
baggage reclaim at the other end. When I got on the plane I wanted to use my laptop, but of course I
(5) until after take off. The flight attendant told me to turn it off and said that I
(6)known not to use it. To be honest I'd just forgotten, and he (7)
been so rude. Er, it was quite late when I finally left Lagos airport, so it was lucky I (8)go
to any meetings that afternoon. And, looking back at what happened, I (9) travelled with
that airline – they have a lot of problems with overbooking. And my company was paying for the flight so $\Gamma$
(10)choose the cheapest option.'

# 13 Practica

# Hagasisa 1 **A B B B**

#### <u>Underline</u> the correct words.

- 1 Look at those clouds. I think it can/might/must rain.
- 2 That's impossible. It can't be/mustn't be/may not be true.
- 3 Well done! You may be/must be/might be very pleased.
- 4 Next Thursday is a possibility. I might be/can't be/must be free in the afternoon.
- 5 I'm not sure. I must not be/may not be/won't be able to get there in time.
- 6 That can't be/mustn't be/may not be David. He's away at a conference.
- 7 Lisa isn't at her office. She can be/must be/mustn't be on her way here.
- 8 Lisa hasn't arrived yet. She should be/can be/can't be here soon.
- 9 There's someone in reception. It can be/could be/mustn't be the engineer.
- 10 Sorry, I can't/may not/might come to your presentation. I'm busy that afternoon.
- 11 I'm not sure where Sue is. She could be/must be/can be at lunch.
- 12 I've looked everywhere for Sue. She could be/must be/can be at lunch.

Exercise	2		ľď	

8 I suppose you are Kate Perry. How do you do?

You ..... be Kate Perry. How do you do?

= 7.0	eruse 2 🖺 🗷 🖳	
Иa	tch each sentence 1–7 with a simila	r sentence a)–g).
1	They're likely to do it.	a) I'm sure that they'll do it.
2	They might/could do it.	b) I'm nearly sure that they'll do it.
3	They're almost certain to do it.	c) They'll probably do it.
4	They'll definitely do it.	d) Maybe they'll do it.
5	They're unlikely to do it.	e) I'm sure they won't do it.
6	They're very unlikely do it.	f) They probably won't do it.
7	They definitely won't do it.	g) They almost certainly won't do it.
	and and the second seco	
ii.	erdise 3 <b>A II II</b> II	
		s a similar meaning to the first sentence using must, might, can or can
1		
		Yes, I think we
2	It's possible that we will lose this c	
	Welose this cl	
3	I'm sure this isn't the right road.	
	This be the rigi	ht road
4	I'm sure you work late most nights	
	You work late	
5	It's possible that I'll see you tomor	
	Isee you tomo	
6	It's possible for the new printer to	
	The new printer	
7	I'm afraid that I'm unable to go to	·
	I'm afraid that I	•

Match each	sentence	1–8 with	its	meaning	a	)–d)

viai	tell each sentence 1 o with its in		
1	He won't have arrived yet.	d	a) 95–100% probability of his arrival.
2	He'll have arrived by now.		b) 80% probability of his arrival.
3	He can't have arrived yet.		c) 40-60% probability of his arrival.
4	He might have arrived by now.		d) 0% probability of his arrival.
5	He could have arrived by now.		
6	He should have arrived by now.		
7	He must have arrived by now.		
8	He couldn't have arrived vet.		

# Exercise 5 74 64 FM



Complete the article with the words and phrases from the list below. The graphs and ideas in the text will help you.

definitely won't is almost certain to is likely to is unlikely to might will definitely

Since the beginning of this year unemployment has fallen from 2.5 million to 1.8 million, and (1) \_\_\_\_\_is\_\_likely\_\_to\_\_\_ drop below 1.5 million by the end of the year. This (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ be good news for the government as unemployment is a very important issue in the country at the moment. By the time of the next election unemployment (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ even fall below 1 million - it all depends on the world



economy and is impossible to predict with any certainty. Unfortunately inflation is going up steadily. It (4) ......reach 6% by the end of the year. However, the government (5) ...... take panic measures as inflation is similar to

that of its trading partners and (6) ......return to levels of the 1980s when rates of 30% or 40% a year were quite common.

### Exercise 5 PT PT PT



Martin and Anne have arrived at check-in at Heathrow Airport. Complete their dialogue with *must, might,* can't, must have, might have or can't have. Use each word once only.

MARTIN: Oh no, I can't find my passport.

ANNE: You're joking.

MARTIN: No, really, it's not in my briefcase.

MARTIN: It's not there. Where on earth is it?

ANNE: Well, I don't know. Do you think you (2) .....left it at home?

left the house.

ANNE: OK, calm down. What about checking your coat pockets? You never know, it

(4) ..... be there.

MARTIN: No, it isn't. This is ridiculous. We're going to miss our flight.

ANNE: Look, you (5) ..... be looking in the right place.

CHECK-IN ATTENDENT: Excuse me, sir. Is that your passport there on the ground?

MARTIN: Oh, yes, so it is. Ah, I (6) ...... dropped it when I was looking for the tickets.

#### 14 Practice

Exercise	¢	M	Tej	

#### Underline the correct words.

- 1 I'm very busy. Would you mind to give/giving me a hand?
- 2 Would you/Should you help me carry these boxes, please?
- 3 Do you like/Would you like some more soup?
- 4 May I/Would I ask you a personal question?
- 5 How about we talk/talking to another supplier?
- 6 Are you having problems? Will I/Shall I help you?
- 7 Are you having problems? Let me/I shall help you.
- 8 Would I/Could I borrow your copy of the FT?
- 9 I think you should/you can spend less time playing golf.
- 10 Excuse me, could you/may you tell me which street this is?
- 11 Do you think could I/I could open the window?
- 12 Do you mind if I open/opened the window?
- 13 Would you mind if I open/opened the window?
- 14 Would you sign/Please to sign your name here?

#### Inerdise 2 🍱

	Landania (1)	
Ма	tch the forms 1–3 with the uses	a)-c).
1 2 3	Would you like a/some Would you like to Would you like me to	a) offering help b) offering something c) inviting somebody to do something
	ISPCESS 3 FT FD FT FT tch situations 1–6 with questions	s a)—f).
1 2 3 4 5 6	Making a request  Asking for permission  Offering help  Offering something  Inviting somebody  Making a suggestion	<ul> <li>a) Would you like a coffee?</li> <li>b) Would you like me to carry your coffee for you?</li> <li>c) Would you like to come with us for a coffee?</li> <li>d) Could you get me a cup of coffee from the canteer</li> <li>e) Shall we break for coffee now?</li> <li>f) Is it all right if I help myself to coffee?</li> </ul>
hel	o you.	
7 8	Agreeing to a request  Refusing a request	g) Actually, I think I'd rather have water if you don't min h) Of course, no problem.
9	Expressing a preference	i) Actually, I'm really busy at the moment.
10	Accepting an offer of help	j) I'm not sure that's a good idea.
11	Accepting a suggestion	k) OK, let's do that.
12	Rejecting an offer of help	l) Thanks, I'd really appreciate that.
13	Rejecting a suggestion	m) Thanks, but I can manage.

# 

52 A 475 = 15		,2		Market A
George	is	vis	itin	g F

George is v	visiting Fernando in São Paulo. Complete the dialogue with the phrases from the list below.
would	e shall we I should would you like would you like to would you like me to do you mind you mind I don't mind of course of course not I'd appreciate that
FERNANDO: GEORGE:	Please, come in. (1) Let me take your coat. It's good to see you!  It's very nice to be here in São Paulo. Thank you so much for your invitation to come and see your company. It was very kind.
FERNANDO:	Not at all. It's my pleasure. (2)
GEORGE:	I'd prefer mineral water, please.
FERNANDO:	Still or sparkling?
GEORGE:	Oh, (3) , either would be fine. (4) if I
	just make a quick call - I didn't get a chance earlier.
FERNANDO:	(5)
GEORGE:	Oh, there's no signal. Never mind. Um, you have a wonderful building here. It looks really
	impressive from the outside.
fernando:	It's very new - we only moved in last year. It's designed by one of our most famous
	architects, Cesar Pelli. (6)show you around later?
GEORGE:	Thanks. (7)
FERNANDO:	Now then, (8) get down to business? (9)
	telling me a little about your interest in our market? What exactly are your long-term
	objectives here in Brazil?
GEORGE:	Er, perhaps (10) begin by explaining a little about the history of
FERNANDO:	our company. I have a short presentation on my laptop. (11)see it (12)
	ollowing impolite dialogue between a hotel receptionist and a guest.
Receptioni	
	e your name. 2 It's Jessop.
3 Spell it	
-	our passport.  6 OK. I want an early morning call.
7 Of cou	
	n seven thirty until ten. 10 Also, I must leave a message for a colleague.
11 Do you	want a pen? 12 Thank you.
	the following lines from the dialogue. The words in brackets will help you.
	/have/name please) May I have your name, please?
	ld/spell/that/me please)
	uld/mind/your passport)
	think/book me/early morning)
	nder/you/tell me when)
	ould/mind if I/message/colleague)
	puld/like me/lend/a pen)