

REVIEW TEST

PJI1A

IB: Unit 1

Name:			
Teacher:		TOTAL (60 points to pass)	MARK
Number of points (max. 100 points)			
I. Listening:		III. Grammar:	
II. Vocabulary:		IV. Translation:	

I. Listening: (max. 20 points) points

II. Vocabulary: (max. 34 points) points

A. Translate the following expressions into English: (2 points each)

předložit nabídku na převzetí – _____

spojení umožňující sdílet zdroje – _____

být si vědom chyb a vyhnout se jim – _____

zpomalit růst a mít/udělat ztrátu – _____

správný předpoklad vedoucí k úspěšné fúzi – _____

významný nárůst hodnoty akcií – _____

vstoupit na trh a stát se generálním ředitelem – _____

B. Write expressions the following definitions refer to: (2 points each)

1. an arrangement between two or more people or companies to work together to achieve something (general): _____
2. a person who owns a part of a company listed on stock exchange: _____

C. Complete the sentence with one of the following phrases; translate the selected phrase into Czech. (2 points each)

**HERD INSTINCT - DOT-COM BOOM - DIVERSE INVESTMENT
CORPORATE PARTNERSHIP – STRONGHOLD – GLOVES-OFF BUSINESS**

1. Many companies tried to weaken the risk and spread it by building portfolios with _____.
In Czech: _____
2. Some economists blame the bubble of the _____ of the 90's to be the main reason for the economic collapse in 2008.
In Czech: _____
3. The company has its _____ in Germany, the world's second-largest generics market, which is the main source of their profit.
In Czech: _____

D. Complete the sentences with correct forms of the following verbs; some verbs are not used: (1 point each)

**CLASH – COMPETE – PURCHASE – CONCERN –
GIVE UP – HIBERNATE - TURN DOWN**

1. If you want to succeed you can never stop _____ with your rivals.
2. There were lots of problems involved in the merger especially because the cultures _____.
3. I do not approve of the solution to _____ the offer.
We've lost a really good chance.
4. We've lost the market due to the undervalued part of the company we _____ a year before.

E. Complete each sentence with a word made from the word given in brackets. (1 point each)

1. Discussing the lost opportunity won't _____ help you find the right way. (**NECESSARY**)
2. This is a very _____ market, so make sure you know what you are doing. (**COMPETE**)
3. The top _____ decided this was the right marketing strategy. (**EXECUTE**)
4. The _____ confirmed the figure was wrong. (**ACCOUNT**)
5. The deal is _____ for us and we won't sign it. (**ACCEPT**)

III. Grammar: (max. 30 points)

points

A. Fill in the gaps with a suitable preposition or adverbial, if necessary: (1 point each)

1. There is no money on the market and the company is likely to go ____ business.
2. Have you noticed the improvement _____ the efficiency of the machine?
3. The manager presented the idea _____ behalf _____ the whole team.
4. The company can't succeed _____ acquiring a larger market share.
5. We expect the profits to grow _____ at least 2 percent a year.

B. Rewrite the sentences so that they mean the same as the sentence above. (3 points each)

1. My aunt started working here about a year ago.
My aunt has _____.
2. My boss started working at 6 a.m. I arrived an hour later.
By the time I _____.
3. I haven't spoken to my relatives since the family reunion in June.
It was in June, at the family reunion when I _____.

C. Fill the gaps with the appropriate form of the verbs in brackets. (1 point each)

It was announced in London this morning that the British Oil Corporation _____ (discovered) oil under the sea near the Welsh coast. The company, which _____ (drill) for oil in the area since 1990, _____ (find) small amounts of oil near Swansea last month, and since then _____ (discovered) larger amounts under the seabed. Last year the government _____ (lend) over £50 million to BOC and _____ (give) permission for the company to build an oil refinery in Wales. The reactions of local people to today's news _____ (be) mixed so far. Local MPs _____ (already welcome) the news, pointing out that the oil industry will bring jobs to the area. But local residents are worried about the danger of pollution. "Nobody _____ (ask) us yet what we want," said Anna Griffiths, leader of the Anti-Oil Campaign. "Look what _____ (happen) when they _____ (find) oil in Scotland in the 1960s. The oil companies got rich, not the local people. BOC _____ (not tell) us the truth about what this is going to mean for our people."

D. Choose A,B,C or D to complete the sentences with articles. The number of correct answers is 0-4. (2 points each)

1. After she _____ a few notes, she _____ the introduction to the Annual Report.
A: will make, will start writing B: had made, started writing
C: makes, will start writing D: made, started writing
2. The rain _____ by the time I _____ out of the taxi.
A: had stopped, got B: stops, get
C: stopped, had got D: will have stopped, get
3. I _____ late at nights but now I _____ my work in the early mornings.
A: was used to study, am getting used to do B: used to study, am getting used to doing
C: studied, am used to doing D: was used to studying, do

IV. Translation: (max. 16 points)

points

Translate the following sentences into English: (16 points)

Po mnoha týdnech vyjednávání podepsaly obě strany smlouvu. Zdálo se, že je to nejsnadnější cesta, jak zajistit růst, rozčlenit investiční portfolio a oslabit riziko, které představuje konkurence. Oba současní generální ředitelé jsou si vědomi překážek, které je potřeba odstranit, aby celá operace proběhla hladce, stejně jako toho, že jeden z nich se bude muset vzdát své pozice ve prospěch toho druhého.
