## Intelligent Business Upper-Intermediate Mini-Dictionary - French

**absenteeism** *n* [U] the problem of employees not being at work when they should be: [absentéisme] We have a high rate of absenteeism, which is mainly due to stress. – absent adj [absent]

**accomplish** v [T] to succeed in doing something: [réaliser] We accomplished all our goals on the last project. – accomplishment n [C] [réalisation] – accomplished adj [réalisé]

**acquisition** *n* [C,U] when one company buys another one or part of another one: [acquisition] Sales from a recent acquisition increased revenues to \$85m.

**alliance** n [C] an agreement between two or more organisations to work together: [alliance] The two companies agreed to form an alliance. allocate v [T] to decide officially that a particular amount of money, time, etc. should be used for a particular purpose: [allouer] Du Pont has allocated funds for the design of four plants. — allocation n [C,U] [allocation] alternative energy n [C] energy that is not derived from fossil fuels like petroleum and coal: [énergie de substitution] There is a growing number of firms engaged in alternative energy and power technologies. Synonym renewable energy n [C] [énergie renouvelable]

**analyst** n [C] a specialist in a particular market or industry who gives advice and provides forecasts for that sector: .[analyste] *The company's senior oil analyst said that OPEC may need to cut production to balance the market.* – analysis n [C] [analyse] – analyse v [T] [analyser]

**angel** n [C] a business angel is a private investor who puts money into new business activities: [investisseur providentiel, business angel] In the UK, business angels are a more important source of investment for start-ups than venture capital funds.

**assign** v [T] to give someone a particular job or task: [assigner] The team leader will assign tasks to all the members of the team. – assignment n [C] [assignation]

**attorney** n [C] AmE a lawyer, especially one who represents clients and speaks in court: [avocat] A company spokesperson said that they would be seeking the advice of their attorneys. Synonym lawyer n [C] BrE [avocat] auction n [C] a public or online meeting where things are sold to the person who offers the most money: [vente aux enchères] 70 per cent of ebay's sales are from auctions, and the remaining 30 per cent are from fixed price sales. — auction v [T] [vendre aux enchères] — auctioneer n [C] [commissaire-priseur]

**audience** *n* [C] the number or kind of people who receive a written or spoken message: [audience] The ad was broadcast on all major channels, giving it an audience of millions. Collocation target audience audit 1 *n* [C] an official examination of a person's or organisation's accounts by an expert, to check that they are true and honest: [audit] An audit of the company showed accumulated losses of \$1.5 billion. 2 an official examination of how an organisation behaves, how well it treats its





employees, the environment, etc.: [audit] The social audit of Ben & Jerry's commends the company, which gives 7.5 per cent of pre-tax profits to charity. – auditor n [C] [vérificateur] – audit v [T] [auditer] Collocations audit report, audit committee, ethical audit, external audit, social audit **barrier to entry** *n* [C] any factor which prevents new competition from entering an industry, for example the need for a lot of capital or strict government regulations: [barrière à l'entrée] The aircraft engine industry has high barriers to entry and requires a lot of technological capital. **bid** *n* [C] an offer to buy something at a stated price: [offre d'achat] They made a successful bid for an established company. bid v [I,T] [offrir] bidder *n* [C] [initiateur de l'offre] – bidding *n* [U] [offre] Synonym offer *n* [C] [offre] Collocations make a bid, accept a bid, reject a bid, takeover bid **billboard** *n* [C] a large sign, usually outdoors, used for advertising: [panneau d'affichage] The agency estimates that one million drivers pass their billboards every day. Synonym hoarding n [C] AmE [panneau] d'affichage]

**blue-chip shares** *n* [plural] shares in a well-managed company with a record of paying profits to shareholders during good and bad economic conditions: [actions de père de famille] *It's far less risky to buy blue-chip shares than to buy shares in a start-up.* Synonym blue-chip stock *n* [C,U] *AmE* [actions de premier ordre] Collocation *blue-chip company* **brokerage 1** *n* [C] a company or organisation that buys or sells securities, currencies, property, insurance, etc. for others: [courtage] *The credibility of a brokerage or bank can disappear overnight.* **2** [U] the work done by a brokerage: [courtage] *The electricity company saved \$520,000 in brokerage fees by selling the bonds directly to investors.* – broker *n* [C] [courtier] – broker *v* [T] [négocier en tant qu'intermédiaire] Collocation *broker-dealer* **budget** *n* [C] the amount of money that an organisation has to spend on a particular activity in a given period of time: [budget] *The service operates on a very tight budget.* – budget *v* [I,T] [budgétiser] – budgetary *adj* [budgétaire]

**business plan** *n* [C] a document produced by a company, especially a new company, giving details of expected sales and costs and how the business can be financed, and showing why the plan will make money: [plan d'affaires, business plan] The bank requires a three-year business plan from anyone applying for a loan for their company.

**campaign** *n* [C] a series of actions intended to achieve a particular result: [campagne] We are launching a campaign to promote the new product. – campaign v [I] [faire campagne] Collocation advertising campaign capital 1 n [U] money or property used to produce wealth: [capital] Countries around the world are hungry for capital and economic development. 2 money from shareholders and lenders that can be invested in assets in order to produce profits: [capital] Because Mr Blech is injecting new capital, Ecogen said it is no longer seeking a buyer. – capitalism n [U] [capitalisme] – capitalist n [C] [capitaliste] – capitalise v [T] [capitaliser] Collocations equity capital, fixed capital, issued capital, venture capital, working capital, capital equipment, capital gains, capital goods cartel n [C] a group of companies who agree to set the price of something





they produce at a fixed level in order to limit competition and increase their own profits: [cartel] The oil cartel, OPEC, has just had its first major success in forcing up oil prices.

**central bank** n [C] the official bank of a country, which is responsible for setting interest rates, controlling the money supply, producing bank notes and keeping the country's supply of foreign currency and gold, etc.: [banque centrale] China's central bank said that a decline in interest rates is unlikely. **chief technology officer** abbreviation **CTO** n [C] the manager with the most authority concerning technology: [directeur de la technologie] The Chief Technology Officer announced the company's intention to launch a new consumer electronics product next month.

**clearing bank** *n* [C] one of the high street banks that issues and accepts cheques and passes them through the banking system: [banque de compensation] *All cheques have to be authorised by the clearing bank before being accepted.* Synonym commercial bank *n* [C] [banque commerciale]

**collaborate** v [I] to work with someone on a project: [collaborer] *The two teams collaborated well.* — collaboration n [U] [collaboration] **collateral** n [U] assets promised by a borrower to a lender if the borrower cannot repay a loan: [garantie] *When the firm went bankrupt, he lost his home because he had used it as collateral for the business.* Synonym security n [U] [nantissement]

**commercial** *n* [C] an advertisement on television, radio, or at the cinema: [spot publicitaire] *The campaigns were designed to run as television or cinema commercials.* 

**commission 1** *n* [C] an amount of money paid to someone according to the value of goods, shares, bonds, etc. they have sold: [commission] He didn't charge a commission on trades, as other brokers do. **2** an official organisation that ensures that the law is obeyed in a particular activity: [commission] The Equal Opportunities Commission works to eliminate sex discrimination.

**commit** v [I,T] to agree to do something or say that someone else will do something: [s'engager] *Sorry, I've already committed myself to working on the other team.* – **commitment** n [U] [engagement] – **committed** adj [engagé] **competitive advantage** n [C] an advantage that makes a company more able to succeed in competing with others: [avantage concurrentiel] *Advanced Micro's chip carries the competitive advantage of using less power than Intel's.* Collocation comparative advantage

**component** *n* [C] **1** one part of something: [élément] *The microchip department is the main component of our technology division.* **2** one part used in making a piece of equipment: [composant] *TTPcom is a firm that designs and manufactures software components for satellite navigation systems.* 

**conglomerate** *n* [C] a large business organisation consisting of different companies that have joined together: [conglomérat] *TWE* is a cable *TV* and film subsidiary of the world's largest media conglomerate.

**contractor** *n* [C] a person or company that makes an agreement to do work or provide goods for another company: [prestataire, fournisseur] *The* 





company has no plans to expand its use of contractors. – contract n [C] [contrat]

**control** v [T] to limit something or prevent it from increasing too much; check that something is as it should be: [contrôler] *To help control costs, the company cut salaries by 12 per cent last month.* – control n [C] [contrôle] – controller n [C] [contrôleur]

**co-ordinate** v [T] to organise all the different parts of something to ensure an effective operation: [coordonner] *Your job is to co-ordinate the different aspects of the project.* – co-ordination n [U] [coordination] – co-ordinator n [C] [coordinateur]

**core business** *n* [C] the business that makes the most money for a company and that is considered to be its most important and central one: [cœur de métier] US car maker Chrysler is to sell off its \$1 billion technology arm to concentrate on its core business.

**corporate culture** *n* [C,U] the attitudes or beliefs that are shared by a particular organisation: [culture d'entreprise] Working late hours seems to be part of the corporate culture.

**corporate identity** *n* [C,U] the way in which a company uses similar designs and colours on all its products, advertisements, letters, etc. so that people will become familiar with the company: [identité d'entreprise] People throughout the world recognise our company thanks to our strong corporate identity.

**creative director** *n* [C] someone who is in charge of the work relating to producing advertisements and image campaigns for a company: [directeur de la création] The new creative director wants the communications department to start working on a whole new image of corporate social responsibility for the company.

**crude oil** *n* [U] oil in a natural condition, before it has been transformed in an industrial process in order to separate it into different products: [pétrole brut] 300 million tons of crude oil are exported every year. Synonym crude *n* [U] (when used in the context of the oil industry) [brut]

**customise** *v* [T] to make, build or adapt especially for a customer: [personnaliser] *Our training courses are customised to suit all our customers' specific needs.* 

**damages** *n* [plural] money that a court orders someone to pay someone else for harming them or their property, or causing them financial loss: [dommages-intérêts] *The group is facing claims for damages due to faulty components.* Synonym compensation *n* [U] [compensation]

data n [plural] information or facts about a particular subject that someone has collected: [données] We cannot tell you the results until we have looked at all the data. Collocations data bank, data management, data mining, data processing, data warehouse

**database** *n* [C] an organised set of information stored in a computer: [base de données] *A database of more than 14,000 training courses is being marketed by an information services company.* 

**deadline** *n* [C] a date or time by which you have to do or complete something: [date limite] *The team will never meet these deadlines; they're too tight!* 





**defendant** *n* [C] the person or organisation in a court of law accused of doing something illegal or of causing harm to another person: [défendeur] The defendant was accused of fraud and tax evasion.

**delay** *n* [C] the situation in which something does not happen or start when it should do: [retard] The government has been blamed for the delay in executing the project. – delay *v* [I,T] [retarder]

**delegate** *n* [C] someone who has been chosen by their company to attend a conference, meeting or training course: [délégué] We sent several delegates on a new management training course. – delegate *v* [T] [déléguer]

**differentiate** v [T] when a company differentiates its products, it shows how they are different from each other and from competing products: [différencier] The only viable strategy was to differentiate Citibank credit cards from all the low-cost alternatives. — differentiation n [U] [différenciation]

**display** *n* [C] an attractive arrangement of objects for people to look at or buy, for example in a shop: [présentation] *There was a wide range of goods on display.* – display *v* [T] [afficher, présenter]

**distribution** *n* [U] the actions involved in making goods available to customers after they have been produced, for example, moving, storing and selling the goods: [distribution] The company plans to establish a network of central warehouses to make product distribution more efficient. Collocations distribution chain / channel / network

**dividend** *n* [C] a part of the profits of a company for a particular period of time paid to the shareholders for each share that they own: [dividende] The company has announced a dividend of 25 cents per ordinary share.

Collocations annual dividend, interim dividend, share dividend, dividend yield, dividend payment

**download** v [T] to move computer software or information from one computing device to another: [télécharger] *You can now download music and video clips from the internet onto your mobile phone.* – download n [C] [téléchargement]

**economies of scale** *n* [plural] the advantages that a big factory, shop, etc. has over a smaller one because it can spread its fixed costs over a larger number of units and therefore produce or sell things more cheaply: [économies d'échelle] *Toys 'R' Us buys massive quantities directly from manufacturers and has gigantic stores with huge economies of scale.* **end user** *n* [C] the person who actually uses a particular product, rather than someone involved in its production or sale: [utilisateur final] *End users can often choose who they buy their electricity from.* 

**entrepreneur** *n* [C] someone who starts a company, arranges business deals and takes risks in order to make a profit: [entrepreneur] *State* governments had sought to promote economic growth by working closely with local entrepreneurs. – entrepreneurship *n* [U] [entrepreneuriat] – entrepreneurial adj [entrepreneurial]

**equity 1** *n* [U] the capital that a company has from shares rather than from loans: [capitaux propres] The strong market will encourage companies to use equity to finance acquisitions. Collocation shareholder equity **2** [plural]





the shares of a company listed on the Stock Exchange: [actions] *Investors* are placing funds in equities as they look for higher returns on their investments.

**estimate** v [I,T] to calculate what you think the value, size, amount, etc. of something will probably be: [estimer] *The value of the deal is estimated at* £12m. – estimate n [C] [estimation] – estimation n [C] [estimation]

**exchange rate** *n* [C] the price at which one currency can be bought with another: [taux de change] If the euro-dollar exchange rate remains at its current level, US exporters could lose \$5 billion in business annually.

Collocations fixed exchange rates, floating exchange rate

**exclusivity** *n* [U] the fact that a product is so expensive that not many people can afford to buy it: [exclusivité] Porsche highlighted its exclusivity by aiming at the high end of the luxury-car segment. – exclusive adj [exclusif]

**exhibition** *n* [C] a public event where businesses and other organisations show their products or services: [exposition] Exhibitions and trade shows are expensive but effective ways to promote products.

**facilitator** n [C] someone who helps a team to work together effectively: [animateur de groupe, facilitateur] A facilitator should remain neutral and ensure everyone follows the agreed ground rules. – facilitate v [T] [faciliter] **fee** n [C] an amount of money paid to a professional person or organisation for their services: [frais, honoraires] Legal fees for registering a company range from \$500 to \$1,000.

**feedback** *n* [U] advice or criticism about how someone is doing their job: [retour d'information] *I'm* sure he'll improve if he gets positive feedback after each task.

**forecast** n [C] a description of what is likely to happen in the future, based on information that is available now: [prévision] *The figures for 2015 are forecasts, the others are actuals.* – **forecast** v [I,T] [prévoir] Synonyms prediction n [C] [prédiction] – projection n [C] [projection] Collocations economic forecast, profit forecast, sales forecast, to make a forecast, forecast growth

**fortune** *n* [C] a very large amount of money: [fortune] He made a fortune by investing on the stock exchange.

**fossil fuel** *n* [C] a fuel such as coal, gas or oil that is produced by the gradual decay of animals or plants over millions of years: [combustible fossile] Fossil fuels currently account for about 90 per cent of world energy consumption.

**fraud** *n* [U] a method of illegally getting money from a person or an organisation, often using clever and complicated methods: [fraude] The external auditor discovered the firm was involved in massive fraud. – fraudulent adj [frauduleux]

**fuel** n [C,U] a substance such as coal, gas or oil that can be burned to produce heat or energy: [combustible] The rising cost of fuel has prompted protests across Europe. – fuel v [T] [alimenter]

**gasoline** abbreviation **gas** *n* [U] *AmE* a liquid obtained from petroleum, used mainly for producing power for the engines of motor vehicles: [essence] *The US alone consumes well over a hundred billion gallons of* 





gasoline per year. Synonym petrol n [U] BrE [essence]

**gather** v [T] to collect information, ideas, etc.: [collecter] Successful market research depends on the quality of the information that is gathered. **goal** n [C] something that you hope to achieve in the future: [objectif] Our goal is to meet all the team's requirements. Synonyms aim n [C] [but] – objective n [C] [objectif]

hardware *n* [U] computer machinery and equipment: [matériel] *The* continued evolution of computer hardware imposes new challenges.
incentive *n* [C] something which is used to encourage people, especially to make them work harder and produce more: [incitation] *Training* opportunities for staff can be more of an incentive than financial bonuses. information *n* [U] facts or details that tell you about something or someone: [informations] *Corporations are making more financial information available to investors.* Collocations inside information, information system, information technology

**ingredient** *n* [C] a component or element that is added to form a compound or mixture: [ingrédient] *Mineral oil and petroleum are the basic ingredients in many cosmetic products.* 

**initial public offering** abbreviation **IPO** n [C] an occasion when a company offers shares on a stock market for the first time: [premier appel public à l'épargne] The government will sell 40 per cent of the company through an initial public offering.

**intelligence** *n* [U] information that is collected about the activities of an organisation or individual: [renseignements] We provide confidential reports and intelligence for companies operating in the biotechnology sector.

Collocations business intelligence, competitive intelligence interest 1 n [U] an amount paid by a borrower to a lender, for example by a bank to someone who saves money with them: [intérêt] Any spare cash is best put in a savings account where it can earn interest. 2 the rate of interest at which a particular sum of money is borrowed or lent: [intérêt] Small businesses have to pay interest at 12 per cent and upwards if they go through microfinance institutions. Collocations interest rate / rate of interest invention n [C] 1 a new product that was not available before: [invention] The paperclip was one of the most useful inventions of the twentieth

century! **2** [U] when something is made or designed for the first time: [invention] Mobile phones have changed considerably since their invention. – inventor n [C] [inventeur] – inventive adj – [inventif]

**investment bank** n [C] a bank that buys stocks and shares and then sells them to members of the public, and offers financial advice to businesses: [banque d'investissement] *JPMorgan is a leading US investment bank specialising in asset management.* Synonyms corporate bank n [C] [banque d'affaires]— merchant bank n [C] [banque d'affaires]—

**issue** v [T] to make securities such as bonds and shares available for people to buy: [émettre] *In January, AMR issued five million new shares.* – issue n [C] [émission] Collocation share issue

**launch** v [I,T] to show or make a new product available for sale for the first time: [lancer] *The company is launching a new range of perfumes.* – launch n [C] [lancement]





**lawsuit** n [C] a charge, claim or complaint against a person or an organisation that is made in a court of law by a private person or company, not by the police or state: [poursuite] *Local residents have filed a lawsuit over water pollution.* Synonym court case n [C] [procès]

**legal action** n [C,U] the process of taking a case or a claim against a person or organisation to a court of law: [action en justice] The European Commission is threatening to take legal action in order to protect the environment. Synonym litigation n [U] [litige]

**legal department** *n* [C] the service in a company or organisation that looks after all matters relating to questions of law: [service juridique] *Our legal department is preparing the new licensing agreement.* 

**litigate** v [I,T] to take a claim or complaint against a person or organisation to a court of law: [intenter une action en justice] *Angry consumers have announced that they will litigate.* – litigant n [C] [partie plaignante] – litigation n [U] [litige] – litigious adj [litigieux]

**lucrative** *adj* an activity, project, job, etc. that is lucrative makes a lot of money: [lucratif] *Investing in the Euro tunnel wasn't as lucrative as investors thought it would be.* Synonym profitable *adj* [rentable]

**market share** *n* [C,U] the proportion of the total market that is supplied by a particular company: [part de marché] If the two companies' market shares are combined, they'll have 28 per cent of the US market.

**mass consumption** *n* [U] buying and using products and services on a large scale: [consommation de masse] *Mass consumption has transformed not only industry but society as a whole.* 

mass market n [U] the market for standardised consumer products: [marché de masse] We access the mass market by selling our clothing range in department stores.

**measurement** n [C] the result of an evaluation of the size or dimension of something: [mesure] *Precise measurements of business performance enable managers to make better decisions.* 

**media** *n* [plural] the (mass) media are all the different ways of entertaining and giving information to the public and advertising goods, for example, television, radio, newspapers and the internet: [médias] The company is keen to get its views across in the media.

**merger** n [C] the creation of a new company by joining two separate companies: [fusion] The merger between the two biggest supermarket chains will have to be approved by the authorities. — merge v [I,T] [fusionner]

**model** n [C] a particular type or design of a machine or device: [modèle] This is the most expensive model in our range of luxury watches. **monetary policy** n [C] the way a central bank controls the amount of money in the economy at a particular time, for example by changing interest rates: [politique monétaire] – Unless the Bank of Japan relaxes monetary policy and makes borrowing easier, the stock market is unlikely to improve. **monopoly** n [C,U] a situation where a business activity is controlled by only one company or by the government and other companies do not compete with it: [monopole] Many national airlines used to be monopolies, but this is no longer the case. – monopolist n [C] [monopolisateur] – monopolise v [T]





## [monopoliser]

**motivation** n [U] willingness, eagerness or desire to do something without being forced to do it: [motivation] Some of the staff seem to lack motivation. – motivate v [motiver] [T] – motivated adj [motivé] – motivational adj [de motivation] Collocations highly motivated, motivational skills, motivational techniques

**multinational** *adj* a multinational organisation has offices, factories, activities, etc. in many different countries: [multinational] *Big multinational companies can earn huge profits.* 

**nanotechnology** *n* [U] a science that combines computer technology and chemistry to build things from atoms: [nanotechnologie] Nanotechnology could allow us to invent devices that manufacture at almost no cost, by replicating atoms in the way that computers produce information.

**network** *n* [C] a group of people or organisations that are connected or that work together: [réseau] *It is important to build up a network of professional contacts.* – **networking** *n* [U] [réseautage] – **network** *v* [I] [réseauter, constituer des réseaux]

**network** *n* [C] a set of computers which are connected to each other and operate as part of the same system, able to exchange information and messages: [réseau] *Incoming orders are processed automatically by the computer network.* 

**nuclear power** *n* [U] the energy, usually in the form of electricity, that is produced by a nuclear reactor: [énergie nucléaire] *The expansion of nuclear power depends substantially on politics*.

**outsource** v [T] to transfer work to an outside supplier: [externaliser] *The company outsourced all their financial operations to an accounting consultant.* – **outsourcing** n [U] [externalisation] Synonym subcontract v [T] [sous-traiter]

**portfolio 1** *n* [C] a collection of shares owned by a person or a company: [portefeuille] Over 50 per cent of his portfolio is in European shares and the rest is in American and Asian investments. **2** all the products or services offered by a business: [portefeuille] The company has struck a deal with a biotechnology company of similar size and product portfolio. Collocations portfolio management, portfolio manager, portfolio mix

**positioning** *n* [U] the way people think about a product in relation to the company's other products and to competing products, or the way that the company would like them to think about it: [positionnement] A price reduction may have the effect of damaging the brand's image and positioning.

**power plant** *n* [C] a factory or building that generates electricity, usually by the burning of fossil fuels: [centrale électrique] The new power plant will generate enough power to meet the annual residential needs of nine million people.

**pricing** *n* [U] the prices of a company's products or services in relation to each other and in relation to those of competitors, and the activity of setting them: [prix, fixation des prix] *Aggressive pricing helped increase our sales.* Collocations pricing agreement, pricing policy / strategy, pricing structure, discount pricing





**procedure** *n* [C] the accepted method and order of doing something in a formal situation: [procédure] We are currently reviewing our procedures for invoicing our customers.

**process** v [T] to put information into a computer to be examined and to produce a particular result: [traiter] *The accounts are processed by the central system.* – process n [C] [processus] – processor n [C] [processeur] Collocations (electronic) data processing, word processing product demonstration n [C] an act of explaining and showing how a product works or how something is done: [démonstration de produit] *We organise weekly, live product demonstrations.* 

**product placement** *n* [C,U] when the maker of a product arranges for it to appear or be used in a film or television programme, as a form of advertising: [placement de produit] *Product placement in video games is part of a new strategy by advertisers eager to reach the young consumer.* **production 1** *n* [U] The process of making or growing things to be sold as products, usually in large quantities: [production] *Toshiba is increasing production of its popular line of laptop computers.* **2** an amount of something that is produced: [production] *In August, production of passenger cars climbed 12 per cent from a year earlier.* – **produce** *v* [T] [produire] – **productive** *adj* [productif] Collocations *just-in-time production, mass production, production costs, production line, production manager, production plant, production process* 

**profit margin** *n* [C] the difference between the price of a product or service and the cost of producing it, or between the cost of producing all of a company's products or services and the total sum they are sold for: [marge bénéficiaire] *Slow sales have cut profit margins in the industry.* 

**project** *n* [C] an important and carefully planned piece of work that will create something new or improve a situation: [projet] British Aerospace expected the project to be completed by 2005. Collocations project finance, project management, project manager, pilot project

**promotion** n [C] an activity such as special advertisements or free gifts intended to sell a product or service: [promotion] ABC has announced a joint promotion with Mullen. – promote v [T] [promouvoir] – promotional adj [promotionnel] Collocations seasonal promotion, promotional campaign, promotional price

**public relations** abbreviation **PR** *n* [plural] the activity of telling the public about an organisation, person, product, etc. so that people think of them in a good way: [relations publiques] Good public relations is always good for a business. Collocations public relations officer (PRO), public relations agency

**publicise** *v* [T] to give information about something to the public, so that they know about it: [annoncer, publiciser] *Car makers are publicising a new generation of fuel-efficient vehicles.* – publicity *n* [U] [publicité] – publicist *n* [C] [publicitaire]

**reserve** *n* [C] an amount of something valuable such as oil, gas, etc., kept for future use: [réserve] Most countries have a strategic reserve of petroleum which they can use if supply is interrupted.

**revolution** *n* [C] a complete change in ways of thinking, methods of





working, etc.: [révolution] *Computer technology has caused a revolution in working practices.* – revolutionise v [T] [révolutionner] – revolutionary adj [révolutionnaire]

**Sarbanes-Oxley Act** *n* US government legislation introduced to ensure honest accountancy and corporate governance practices in US companies: [loi Sarbanes-Oxley] The USA's response to Enron and other scandals was to introduce strict financial controls through the Sarbanes-Oxley Act. **scarce** *adj* if something is scarce, there is not enough of it available: [rare] Demand is up, supply is dwindling and new finds are scarce. – scarcity *n* [U] [rareté]

**schedule** *n* [C] a plan of what someone is going to do and by when they are going to do it: [calendrier d'exécution] We are running several weeks behind schedule. – schedule v [T] [planifier] Collocation time schedule Securities Exchange Commission abbreviation SEC *n* [U] the US agency responsible for stock market regulation: [commission de contrôle des opérations de bourse des Etats-Unis, SEC] The SEC is looking into a large US corporation's investment arrangements, as it thinks they may be illegal. seminar *n* [C] a fairly informal meeting of a group of people, who share information and ideas and often discuss matters relating to work: [séminaire] The people attending the management training seminar were all from accountancy firms.

**settlement** *n* an agreement to resolve a dispute before it is taken to court: [règlement à l'amiable] The two companies refused to disclose the financial details of their out-of-court settlement.

**share** *n* [C] a unit of the capital of the company. Shares in listed companies can be bought and sold on the stock exchange: [action] *Investors are having to pay a higher price for the company's shares.* – **shareholder** *n* [C] [actionnaire] – **stockholder** *n* [C] *AmE* [actionnaire] – **shareholding** *n* [C] [participation] Synonym stock *n* [C] *AmE* [action] Collocations *share capital, share certificate, share dealing, share issue, share price* 

**shortage** *n* [C,U] a situation in which there is not enough of something that people need or want: [pénurie] *Illegal exports and high world oil prices are the main causes of the current fuel shortage.* 

**software** *n* [U] sets of programs put into a computer to perform particular tasks: [logiciel] *There's plenty of good software on the market to help us improve security.* 

**specifications** *n* [usually plural] a detailed description of how something should be designed or made: [caractéristiques techniques] They delivered parts that did not conform to contract specifications. Collocation job specifications

**speculate** v [I] to buy goods, shares, property, etc. in the hope that their value will increase so that they can be sold for a profit: [spéculer]— Many individuals are now speculating on the stock exchange through special savings schemes provided by their banks. — speculation n [U] [spéculation] — speculative adj [spéculatif]

**sponsor** v [T] to give money to pay for a television programme, a sports or arts event, training, etc., in exchange for advertising or to get public attention: [sponsoriser, parrainer] *Eagle Star Insurance sponsored the* 





charity's first TV campaign. – sponsor n [C] [sponsor, parrain]– sponsorship n [U] [parrainage]

**spreadsheet** *n* [C] a computer program that can show rows of figures and perform calculations with them. Spreadsheets are often used to work out sales, taxes, profits and other financial information: [tableur] *Most spreadsheets can transform data and figures into graphs and charts.* **staff loyalty** n [U] if staff are loyal to their company, they enjoy working for it, they keep company secrets and tend to stay for a long time: [fidélité du personnel] *The Human Resources department has built up staff loyalty by ensuring good working conditions, awarding regular bonuses and providing in-company training.* 

**stakeholder** *n* [C] a person or group of people who are considered to be an important part of an organisation because they have responsibility within it or receive advantages from it: [partie prenante] When a company is new and small it can stay close to its stakeholders – staff, customers and suppliers.

**stock exchange** *n* [C] a market where company shares are traded: [bourse] Companies listed on the Madrid stock exchange dropped about 3 per cent this year.

**strategic alliance** *n* [C] an alliance formed as part of a plan with important aims: [alliance stratégique] Singapore airlines and Lufthansa have announced a strategic alliance with broad implications for competition. **stress** *n* [U] continuous feeling of worry about your work or personal life that prevents you from relaxing: [stress] He has been under a lot of stress at work recently, due to tight deadlines and staff shortages. - stressful adj [stressant] Collocations stress-related (illness), stress management **subcontractor** *n* [C] a person or company who is paid to do part of the work of another person or company: [sous-traitant] Always check whether a contractor is using subcontractors, and who is liable if things go wrong. **sue** v[I,T] to make a legal claim against someone, especially for an amount of money, because you have been harmed in some way. [poursuivre en justice] The company was sued for non payment by their supplier. **surveillance** *n* [U] the act of monitoring a person or group of people: [surveillance] Employees must be notified if they are under surveillance at their workplace.

**sustainable** *adj* an action or process that is sustainable can continue or last for a long time: [durable] *The benefits from sustainable fuels would be enormous.* – **sustainability** *n* [U] [durabilité] Synonym renewable *adj* [renouvelable] Collocation *sustainable development* **switch** *v* [I,T] to change from one thing to another, usually suddenly: [changer de, passer à] *Consumers are switching to more affordable brands.* 

**synergy** *n* [C,U] additional advantages, profits, etc. that are produced by two people or organisations combining their ideas and resources: [synergie] The companies could benefit from cost savings, as well as synergies from combining their manufacturing activities. – synergistic adj [synergique] **target** *n* [C] a limited group of people or area that a plan, idea, etc. is aimed at: [cible] The main target for Gucci's watches is successful businessmen





and women. – target v [T] [cibler] Collocations target audience / customers / group, sales target

**task** *n* [C] **1** a piece of work that has to be done, especially one that has to be done regularly: [tâche] *Scheduling is a key task for team leaders.* **2** a piece of work that is very difficult but important: [tâche] *The team is facing the difficult task of installing a new accounting procedure.* 

**team** *n* [C] a group of people who work together to do a particular job: [équipe] We have recruited an excellent management team. Collocations team leader, team player, team spirit, teamwork

**telecommunications** *n* [plural] the process or business of sending and receiving information by telephone, television, the internet, etc.: [télécommunications] Telecommunications is one of the fastest growing industries today.

**telemarketing** n [U] the practice of telephoning people in order to sell things: [télémarketing] *Telemarketing can be used to update your client database.* – telemarketer n [C] [télévendeur]

**trader** *n* [C] someone who deals in shares, bonds, currencies, commodities (= oil, metal and farm products), etc. on a market, either for themselves or for a financial institution: [négociateur, opérateur en bourse] *Traders are predicting that the dollar will rise in European markets.* – trade *v* [I,T] [négocier]

**training** n [U] the process of teaching someone or being taught the skills and knowledge for a particular job: [formation] When the new software system was installed, we had to provide training for all the staff in how to use it.— trainer n [C] [formateur] — trainee n [C] [employé en formation, stagiaire] Collocations assertiveness training, computer-based training, management training

**upload** v [T] to move computer software or information from one computing device to another especially from a local computer to a central server or network: [télécharger vers le serveur] If you are uploading big files, you'll need a high-speed internet connection. — upload n [C] [téléchargement vers le serveur]

**venture** *n* [C] a new business activity or project that involves risk: [société à capital-risque] *Investors are always looking for business ventures that they think will show a healthy profit.* Collocation *venture capital* 

**Wall Street 1** *n* [U] The New York Stock Exchange, situated in Wall Street in Manhattan. [Wall Street] **2** American financial institutions and investors in general: [Wall Street] *Wall Street analysts predicted that the issue would sell at 96 cents a share.* 

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