

Seminář 9

with(plots) : with(DEtools) :

Příklad 1: a) Ukažte, že $x := t \rightarrow C \cdot \exp(-t) + \exp(t)/2$;

$$t \rightarrow C e^{-t} + \frac{1}{2} e^t$$

je pro libovolnou hodnotu konstanty C řešením diferenciální rovnice $x'(t) + x(t) = \exp(t)$.

$P = \exp(t)$; $L = \text{diff}(x(t), t) + x(t)$;

$$P = e^t$$

$$L = e^t$$

b) Ukažte, že $x := t \rightarrow C \cdot t^2$;

$$t \rightarrow C t^2$$

je pro libovolnou hodnotu konstanty C řešením diferenciální rovnice $t \cdot x'(t) = 2 \cdot x(t)$.

$P = 2 \cdot x(t)$; $L = t \cdot \text{diff}(x(t), t)$;

$$P = 2 C t^2$$

$$L = 2 C t^2$$

Najděte partikulární řešení procházející bodem (1; 2).

*solve(C * 1^2 = 2, C);*

Příklad 3: Řešte následující diferenciální rovnice:

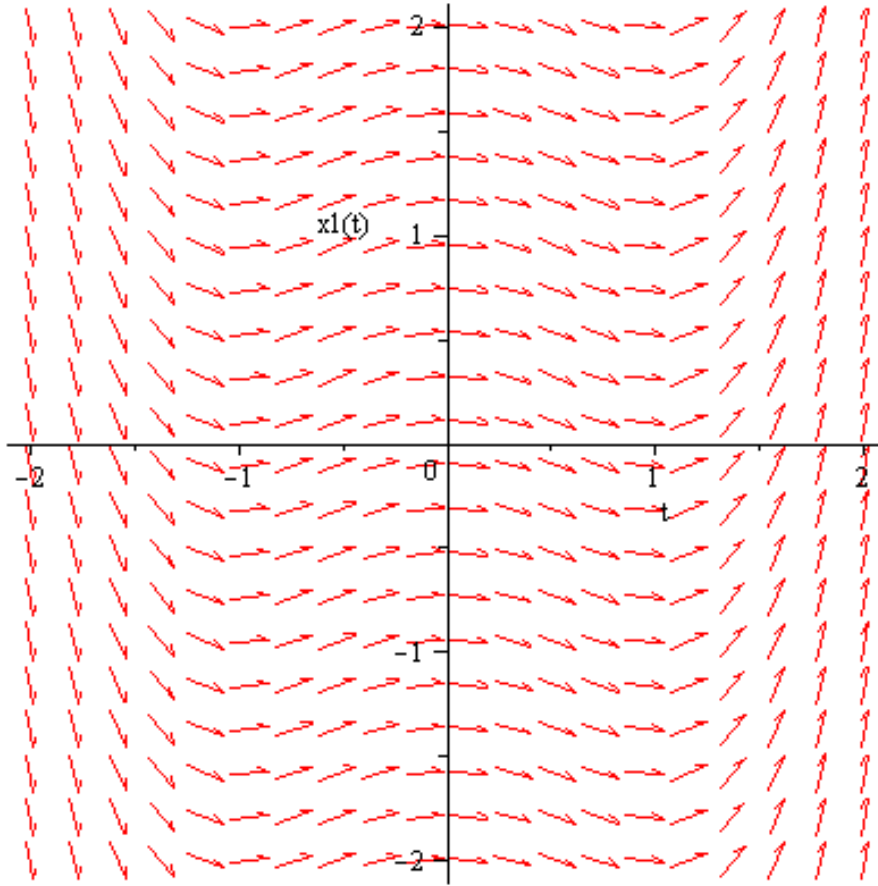
a) $ODE1 := \text{diff}(x1(t), t) = t^3 - t$;

$$\frac{d}{dt} x1(t) = t^3 - t$$

dsolve(ODE1, x1(t));

$$x1(t) = \frac{1}{4} t^4 - \frac{1}{2} t^2 + _C1$$

dfieldplot(ODE1, x1(t), t = -2..2, x1 = -2..2);



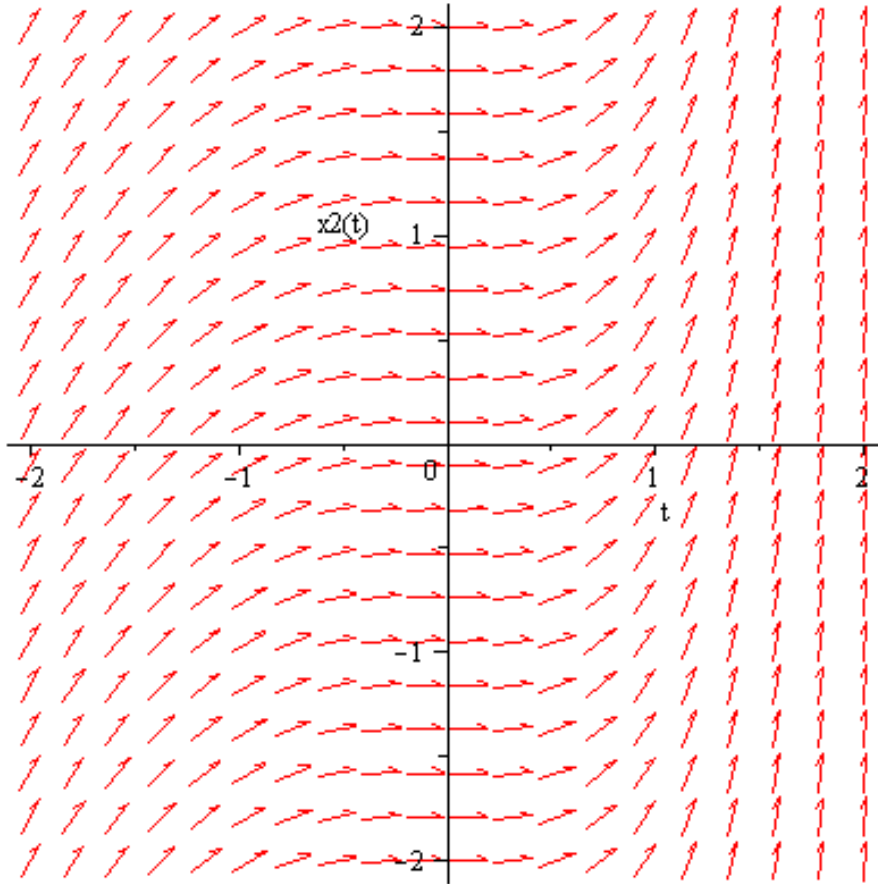
b) $ODE2 := \text{diff}(x2(t), t) = t \cdot \exp(t) - t;$

$$\frac{d}{dt} x2(t) = t e^t - t$$

$\text{dsolve}(ODE2, x2(t));$

$$x2(t) = t e^t - e^t - \frac{1}{2} t^2 + _C1$$

$\text{dfieldplot}(ODE2, x2(t), t=-2..2, x2=-2..2);$



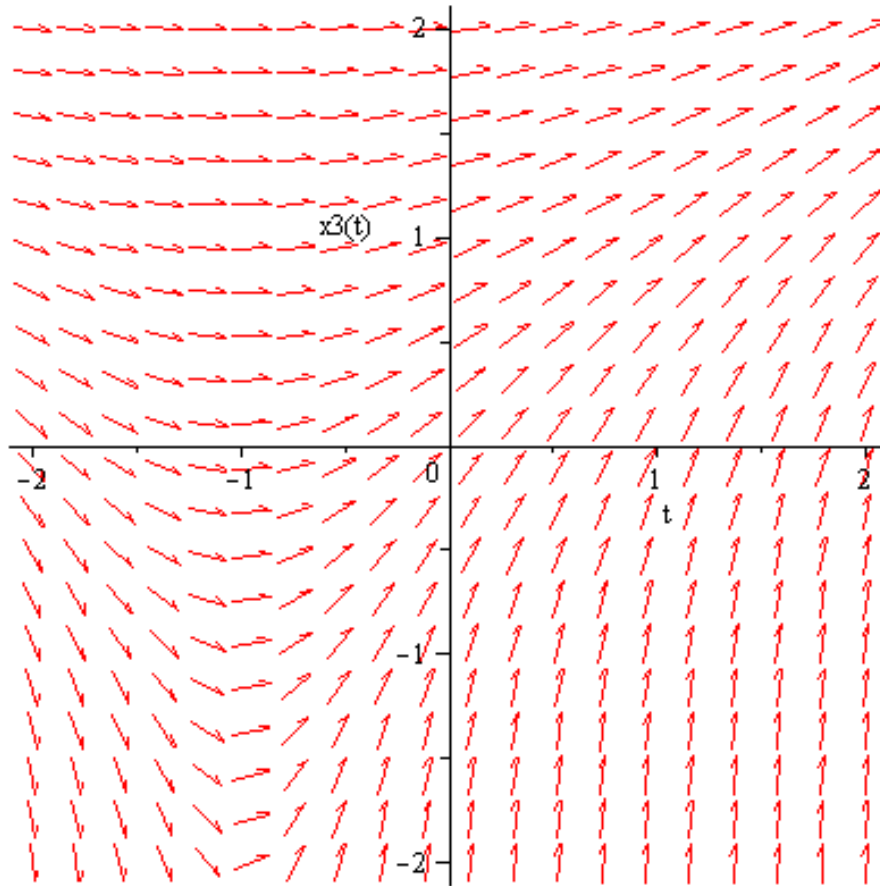
c) $ODE3 := \exp(x3(t)) \cdot \text{diff}(x3(t), t) = t + 1;$

$$e^{x3(t)} \left(\frac{d}{dt} x3(t) \right) = t + 1$$

$\text{dsolve}(ODE3, x3(t));$

$$x3(t) = \ln\left(\frac{1}{2} t^2 + t + _C1\right)$$

$\text{dfieldplot}(ODE3, x3(t), t = -2 .. 2, x3 = -2 .. 2);$



Příklad 4: Najděte obecné řešení následujících diferenciálních rovnic. Také najděte partikulární řešení procházející zadanými body.

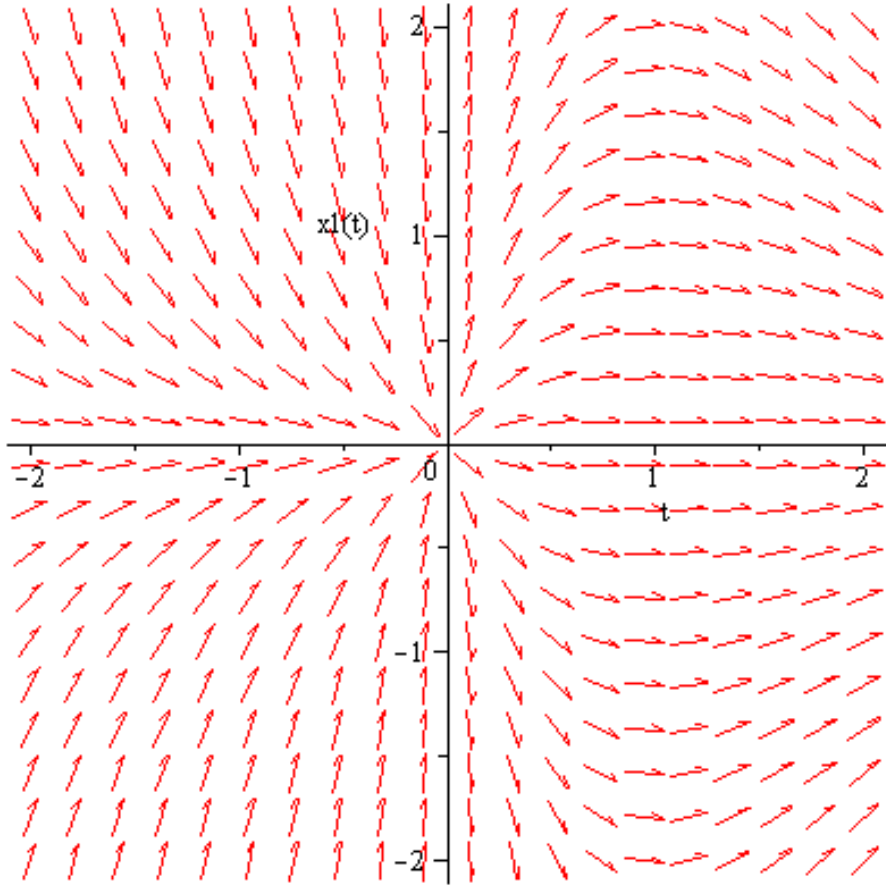
a) $ODE1 := t \cdot \text{diff}(x1(t), t) = x1(t) \cdot (1 - t);$

$$t \left(\frac{d}{dt} x1(t) \right) = x1(t) (1 - t)$$

$\text{dsolve}(ODE1, x1(t));$

$$x1(t) = _C1 t e^{-t}$$

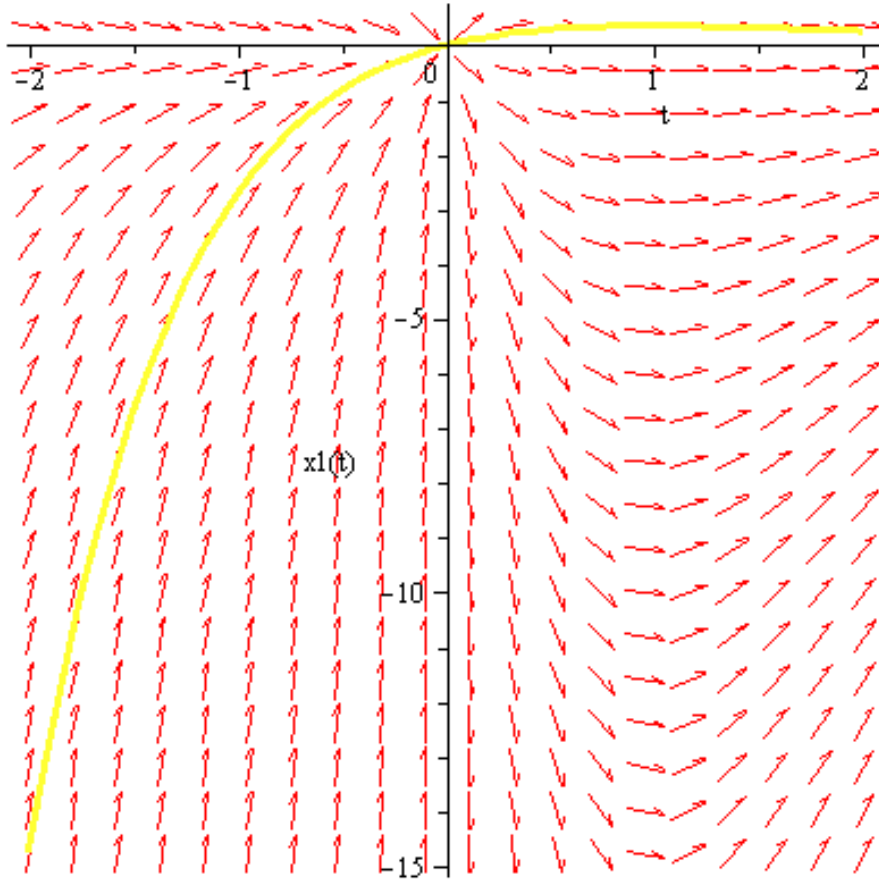
$\text{dfieldplot}(ODE1, x1(t), t = -2..2, x1 = -2..2);$



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dsolve({ODE1, x1(1) = exp(-1)}, x1(t));
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$$x1(t) = t e^{-t}$$

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DEplot(ODE1, x1(t), t=-2..2, [x1(1) = exp(-1)]);
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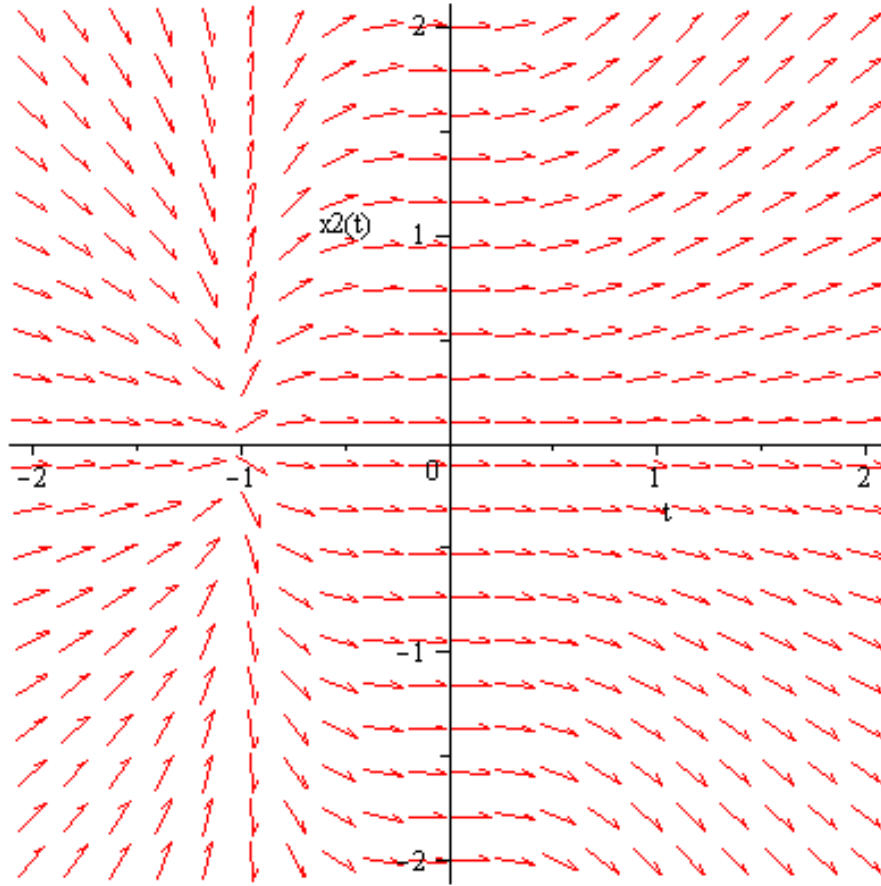


b) $ODE2 := (1 + t^3) \cdot \text{diff}(x2(t), t) = t^2 \cdot x2(t);$
 $(1 + t^3) \left(\frac{d}{dt} x2(t) \right) = t^2 x2(t)$

$\text{dsolve}(ODE2, x2(t));$

$$x2(t) = _C1 (1 + t^3)^{1/3}$$

$\text{dfieldplot}(ODE2, x2(t), t = -2 .. 2, x2 = -2 .. 2);$

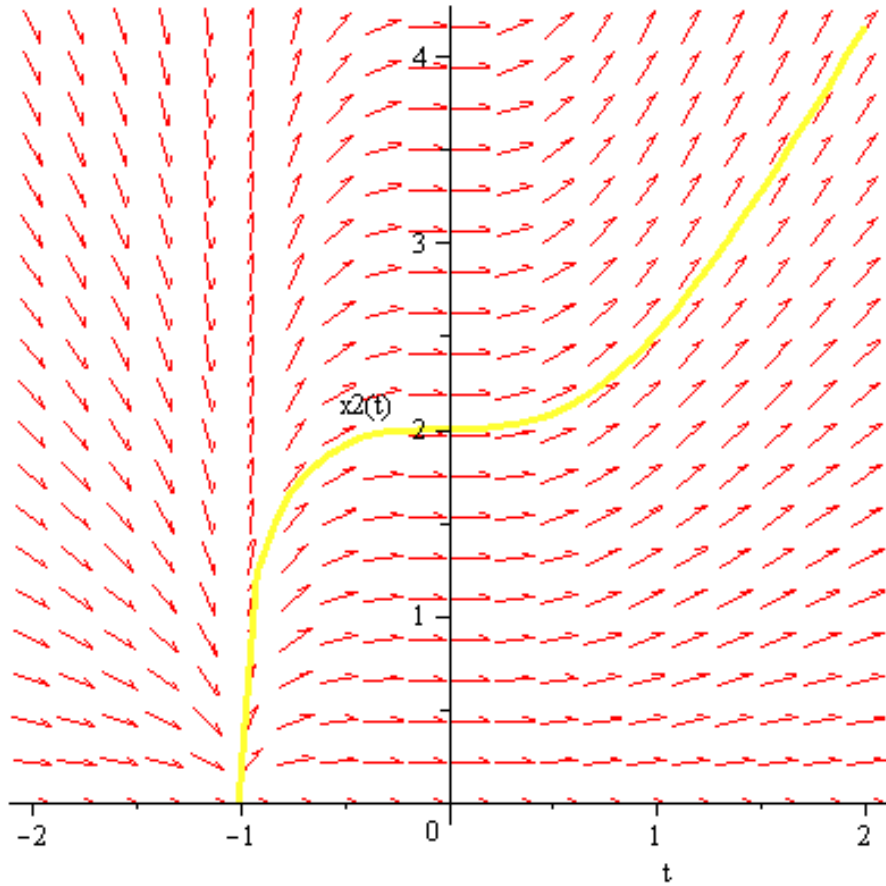


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dsolve({ODE2, x2(0) = 2}, x2(t));
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$$x_2(t) = 2(1 + t^3)^{1/3}$$

```
DEplot(ODE2, x2(t), t=-2..2, [x2(0) = 2]);
```

Warning, plot may be incomplete, the following errors(s) were issued:
cannot evaluate the solution further left of $-.99999999$, probably
a singularity



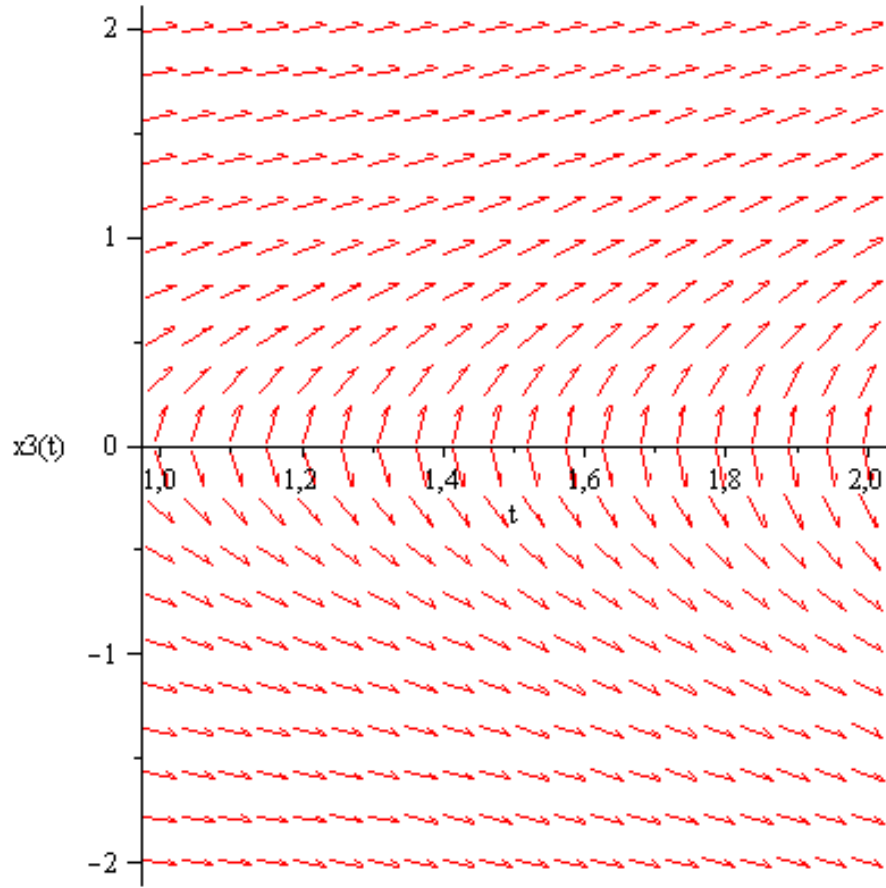
c) $ODE3 := x3(t) \cdot \text{diff}(x3(t), t) = t;$

$$x3(t) \left(\frac{d}{dt} x3(t) \right) = t$$

$\text{dsolve}(ODE3, x3(t));$

$$x3(t) = \sqrt{t^2 + _CI}, x3(t) = -\sqrt{t^2 + _CI}$$

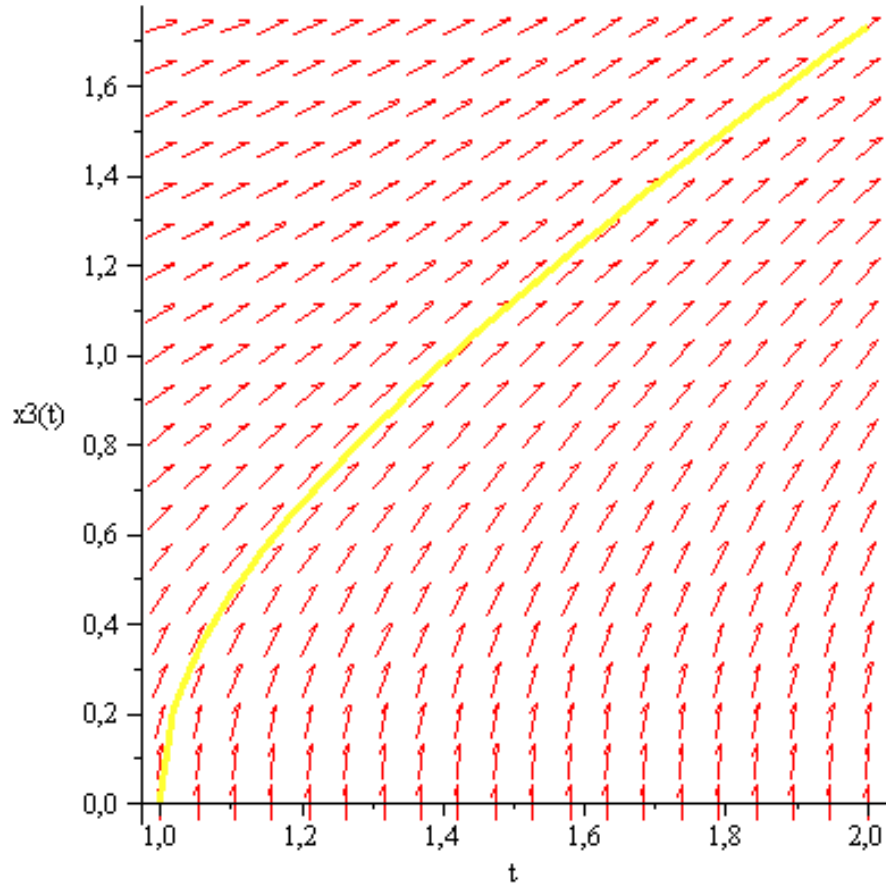
$\text{dfieldplot}(ODE3, x3(t), t = 1 .. 2, x3 = -2 .. 2);$



`dsolve({ODE3, x3(sqrt(2)) = 1}, x3(t));`

$$x3(t) = \sqrt{t^2 - 1}$$

`DEplot(ODE3, x3(t), t = 1..2, [x3(sqrt(2)) = 1]);`



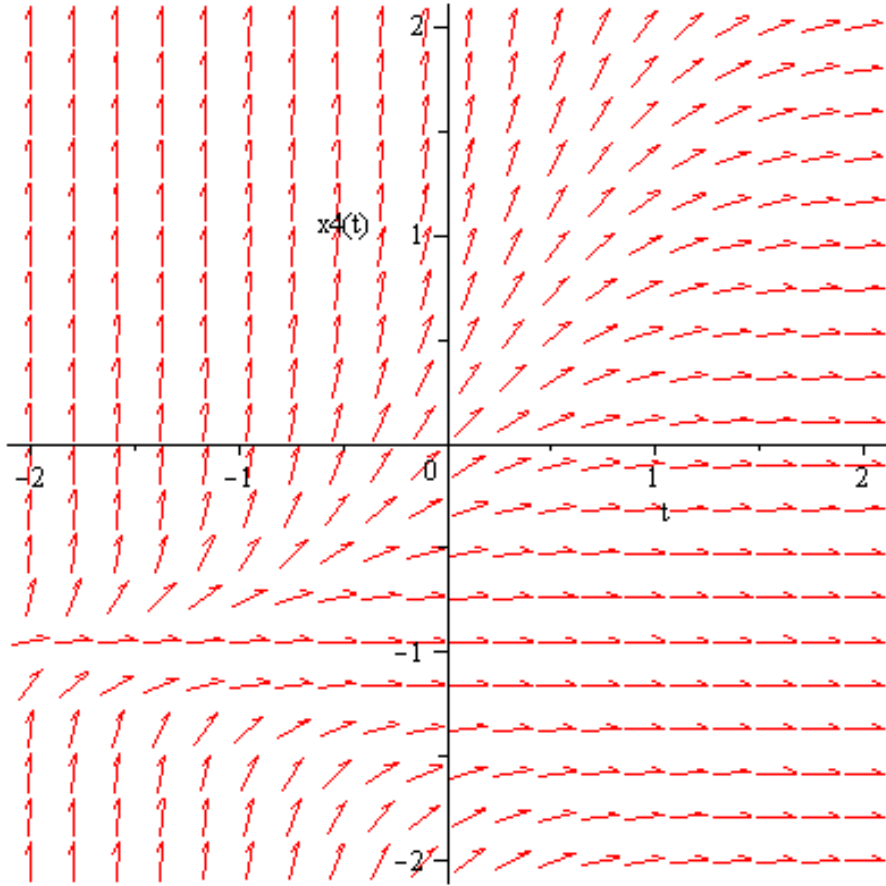
c) $ODE4 := \exp(2 \cdot t) \text{diff}(x4(t), t) - x4(t)^2 - 2 \cdot x4(t) = 1;$

$$e^{2t} \left(\frac{d}{dt} x4(t) \right) - x4(t)^2 - 2x4(t) = 1$$

$\text{dsolve}(ODE4, x4(t));$

$$x4(t) = -\frac{-e^{-2t} + 2 + 2_CI}{-e^{-2t} + 2_CI}$$

$\text{dfieldplot}(ODE4, x4(t), t=-2..2, x4=-2..2);$



`dsolve({ODE4, x4(0) = 0}, x4(t));`

$$x_4(t) = -\frac{e^{-2t} - 1}{1 + e^{-2t}}$$

`DEplot(ODE4, x4(t), t = -2 .. 2, [x4(0) = 0]);`

