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Concept of Sustainable Tourism & Application of its Principles

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- recall the key principles of sustainable development?
- three pillars of sustainable development?
- examples of sustainable practices in different sectors?



PowerPoint Presentation (un.org)

- The key principles of sustainable development

- *_____ensure that development meets the needs of the present without compromising the ability of future generations to meet their own needs*" (defined by the Brundtland Commission and multilaterally agreed by the UN Conference on Environment and Development Rio 1992)
- Universality: applicable to all countries, regardless of their level of development
- Leaving No One Behind: all people have access to the benefits of development
- Interconnectedness & Indivisibility: goals must be pursued together
- Inclusiveness: Engaging all stakeholders in the development process
- Multi-stakeholder Partnerships: Promoting collaboration across different sectors

-> principles as a part of 2030 Agenda for Sustainable Development,

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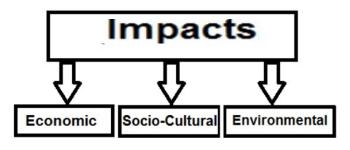
aimed at addressing global challenges

- Our activities can lead to economic, social (socio-cultural) and

environmental impacts

positive

negative





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 Sustainability principles refer to the environmental, economic, and socio-cultural aspects of tourism development, and a suitable balance must be established between these three dimensions

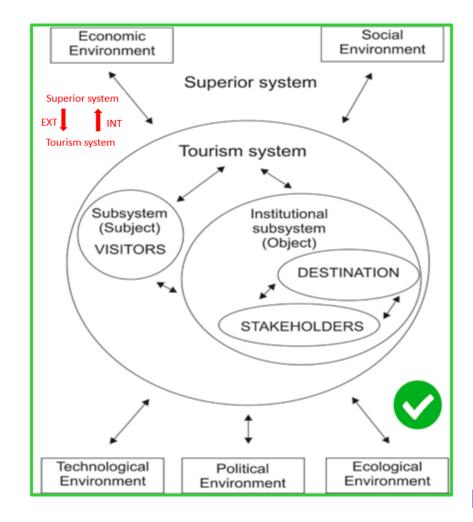
- Renewable Energy & Energy Efficiency: Utilizing solar, wind, and hydroelectric power to reduce reliance on fossil fuels; implementing energysaving technologies and practices
- Manufacturing: Designing products for reuse, recycling to minimize waste
- Construction: Using sustainable materials and energy-efficient designs to reduce the environmental impact of buildings, recycling construction waste
- Transportation: Enhancing public transportation systems to reduce the number of cars on the road, promoting the use of electric vehicles

Application to tourism

- The tourism industry has its impacts...
- Rapid growth of tourism
- Overexploitation of (not only) natural resources
- Environmental degradation
- Social and cultural disruption
- Economic imbalance
- Over-tourism in popular destinations
- Global calls for action and sustainability initiatives

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Concept of sustainable tourism

Sustainable tourism

- meets the needs of present tourists and host regions while protecting and enhancing opportunities for the future (UNWTO)
- tourism development which respects the environment, ensures long-term conservation of historical and cultural resources, and is socially and economically acceptable and equitable
- **NOT ONLY** about protecting the environment, it is also concerned with long-term economic viability and social justice

Related sustainable concepts

- Eco-tourism promoting and protecting natural values
- Community-based tourism increasing the involvement of the host community
- Pro-poor tourism generates net benefits for the poor



WHAT IS SUSTAINABLE TOURISM?

Respecting and A commitment to enhancing the heritage, preserve a destination's culture, traditions, and authenticity and not distinctiveness of become too "touristy" communities 71% 82% **Engaging residents** Increasing in deciding the role of tourism in their the number and quality of local jobs communities supported by tourism 64% 70% % Selecting Attribute as Meaning of Sustainability

Sustainable travelers are significantly more likely to stay 7 or more days, whereas the most recent trip of all others was less than 3 days.







Sustainable development goals (2015)

- SDGs launched by UN Secretary-General
- Aim: to eradicate poverty, address climate change and build peaceful, inclusive societies for all by 2030
- Institution responsible for sustainable tourism: UNWTO
 - Initiative TOURISM 4 SDGs

<u>Tourism for SDGs – Welcome To The</u> <u>Tourism For SDGs Platform!</u> (tourism4sdgs.org)

Institutions at the international level:







How can these institutions contribute to sustainable tourism?





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Role of international institutions:

- Policy development: guidelines and strategies for sustainable tourism
- Frameworks and standards for sustainable tourism practices, certifications
- Funding: programs for sustainable tourism initiatives
- Research, statistics, educational programs: enhance knowledge on tourism
- Educating stakeholders on sustainable tourism and environmental protection
- Collecting data on natural and cultural heritage protection
- Collaboration and networking to share expertise and resources
- Monitoring and reporting tourism impacts and reporting on sustainability progress

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Methodologies for assessing sustainability and managing resources

United Nations World Tourism Organization

- Specialized agency of the United Nations
- promoting sustainable and universally accessible tourism
- Key initiatives:
 - Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) for tourism
 - Global Code of Ethics for Tourism (1999)

Article 1: Tourism's contribution to mutual understanding and respect between peoples and societies

- Article 2: Tourism as a vehicle for individual and collective fulfilment
- Article 3: Tourism, a factor of sustainable development
- Article 4: Tourism, a user of the cultural heritage of mankind and contributor to its enhancement
- Article 5: Tourism, a beneficial activity for host countries and communities
- Article 6: Obligations of stakeholders in tourism development
- Article 7: Right to tourism
- Article 8: Liberty of tourist movements
- Article 9: Rights of the workers and entrepreneurs in the tourism industry
- Article 10: Implementation of the principles of the Global Code of Ethics for Tourism



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United Nations World Tourism Organization

- Publications: The Responsible Tourist and Traveller
- 2015: project Responsible tourism
- 2016: The tourism sector and the SDGs
- 2017: Tips for a Responsible Traveller on the occasion of International Year of Sustainable Tourism for Development





HONOUR YOUR HOSTS BE AN AND OUR INFORMED COMMON TRAVELLER HERITAGE

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- Engagement in Agenda 21 (1996): Focus on aligning tourism development with cultural, social, and environmental impacts
- Tourism for Tomorrow Awards: Recognition of excellence in sustainable tourism practices worldwide.
- Sustainable Tourism Project: Initiatives promoting long-term sustainability in the tourism sector.
- Blueprint for New Tourism (2003): A strategic document guiding responsible tourism growth and sustainability.

WTTC Blueprint (hospitalitynet.org)

Organisation for Economic Cooperation and Development

- Collecting data, statistics, conducting ratings



- Building the evidence base for sustainable tourism policies
- OECD Tourism Trends and Policies 2024
- Better Policies for 2030: An OECD Action Plan on the Sustainable

Development Goals

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United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization



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- cultural heritage preservation, environmental sustainability, and community engagement
- UNESCO World Heritage Convention: preservation of sites of outstanding universal value
- UNESCO Creative Cities of Literature, Music, and Arts: promote creativity for sustainable urban development, local artists and communities support while preserving cultural heritage
- UNESCO Global Geoparks: sustainable use of geological heritage
- UNESCO's Man and the Biosphere (MAB) Programme: establishing Biosphere Reserves that promote sustainable development through conservation, research, and education





- Mission: bring together government, businesses and civil society
 - to improve the state of the world
- Surveys, reports, policies, strategies
- T&T Competitivness index
- The Global Competitiveness Report



CIRCULAR ECONOMY

Creating a plastic-free tourism sector is a challenge. Here's why it's worth it

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Application of principles – assignment

- Explore the intersection between sustainability and tourism and think critically about how the industry can contribute to global development.
- Step 1: Choose an SDG.
- Step 2: Explain the SDG.
- Step 3: Apply the SDG to the tourism indust
- Step 4: Provide 2 real-world case studies.

