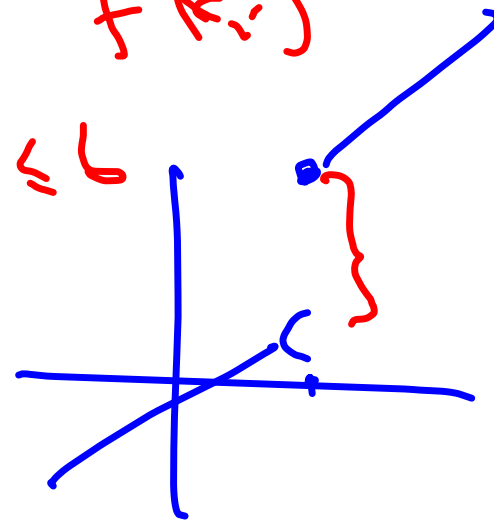


$$P(a < X \leq b) = \sum_{a < x_i \leq b} f(x_i)$$

$$dP = f dx$$



Riemann - Stieltjesov integrál.



$$\sum_i f(\xi_i) (x_{i+1} - x_i)$$

rovnice, $F: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$

$$\int f dF(x)$$

$$\sum_i f(\xi_i) (F(x_{i+1}) - F(x_i))$$

$$F(a, b) = \int_{-\infty}^a \int_{-\infty}^b f(x, y) dx dy$$

distr. f-o x, y

$$F(a, b) = G(a) H(b)$$

\Rightarrow X a Y jin stochasticky
nezavisle!

Číselná charakteristika

definice

$$g: \mathbb{R} \rightarrow \mathbb{R}$$

$$E_g(X) = \begin{cases} \sum_{i=1}^n g(x_i) \cdot f(x_i) \\ \int g(x) f(x) dx \end{cases}$$

Lemma: 1) $g = ah$ $a = \text{const}$ \uparrow sprítě

$$\Rightarrow E_g(X) = a E_h(X)$$

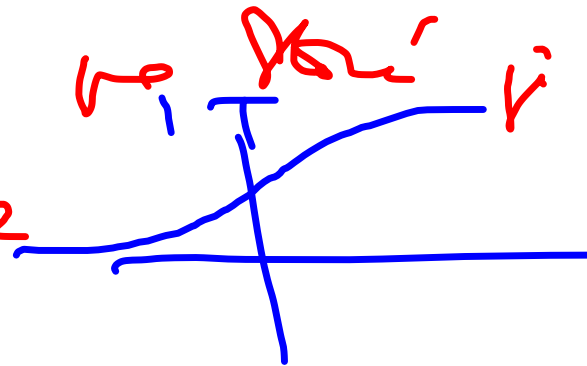
2) $g = \text{const} = a \Rightarrow E_g(X) = a$

3) $g = h + k \Rightarrow E_{h+k}(X) = E_h(X) + E_k(X)$

② Modus a Medián

modus = hodnota x pro kterou $f(x)$ maximum

medián = hodnota x pro kterou $F(x) = 1/2$



φ
distribuční f. ce

delší ...
 $F(x) = 1/4, 2/4, 3/4,$
 $1/10, 2/10, \dots$
 \rightarrow kvantily, percentily

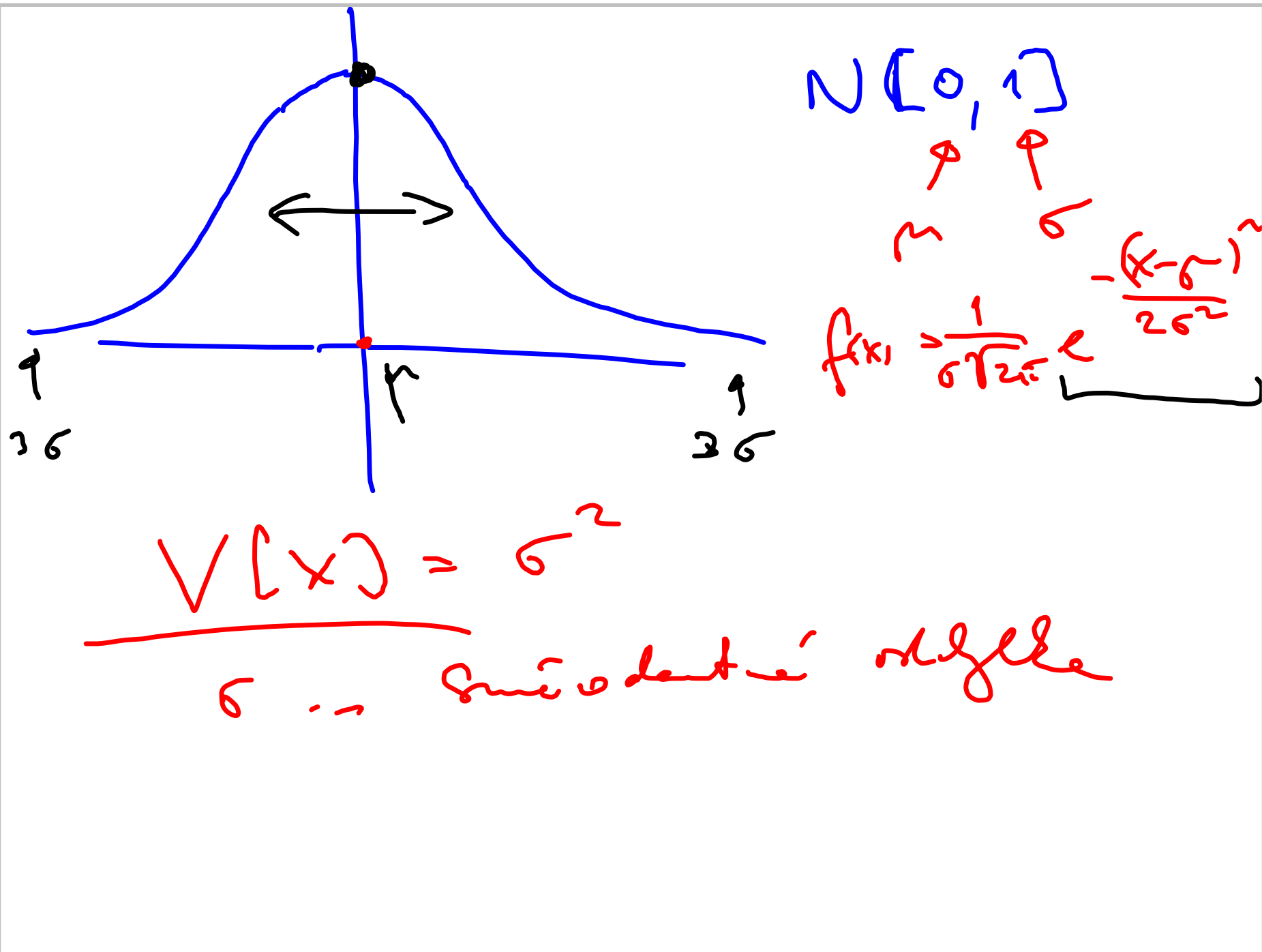
3) Průběh a mikrodata odjedu

variance

$$V[X] = E[(X - \mu)^2]$$
$$= \begin{cases} \sum_j (x_j - \mu)^2 f(x_j) \\ \int (x - \mu)^2 f(x) dx \end{cases}$$

Lemma a, b konstanty $\Rightarrow V(a) = 0$

$$V(aX + b) = a^2 V[X]$$



5

(Centrální) moment

$$\mu_k = E[X^k] \quad E[X^k]$$

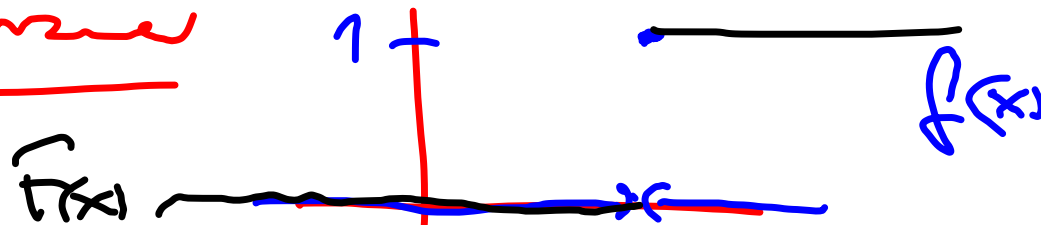
$$\mu_k = \begin{cases} \sum_j x_j^k f(x_j) \\ \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^k f(x) dx \end{cases}$$

$$\nu_k = E[(X - \mu)^k]$$

Trilobní typ rozdělení

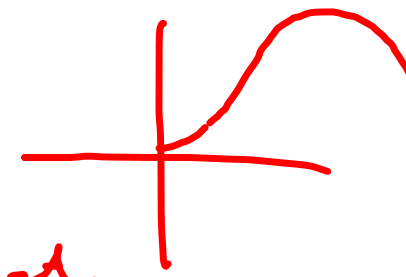
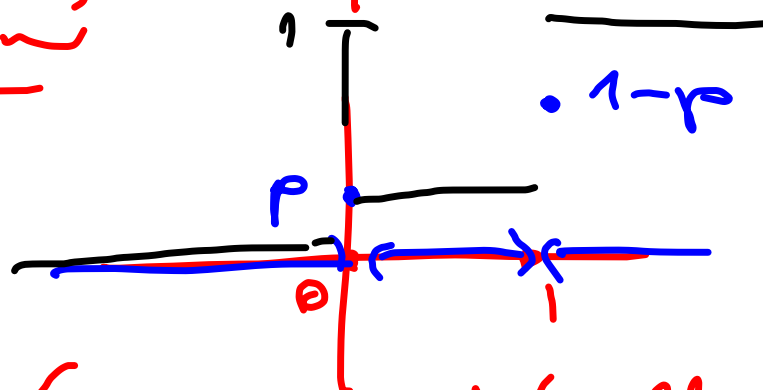
1) degenerováno

$D_0(\mu)$



2) alternativní

$A(p)$



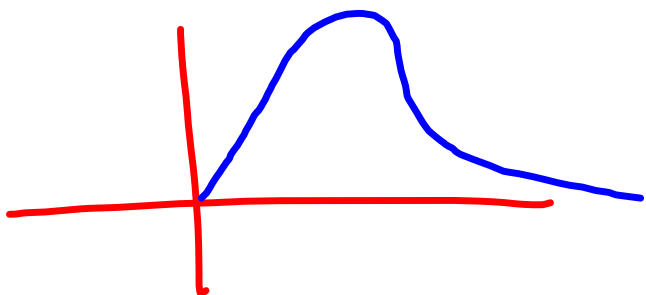
3) binomické n nezávislých alternativ.

$B_i(n, p)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \binom{n}{x} p^x (1-p)^{n-x} & x=0, \dots, n \\ 0 & \text{jinak} \end{cases}$$

4) Poisson
 $P_0(d)$

: počet událostí v
časovém intervalu
 λ je střední počet událostí
v daném intervalu



$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\lambda^x}{x!} e^{-\lambda} & x=0,1,\dots \\ 0 & \text{jinak} \end{cases}$$

typy

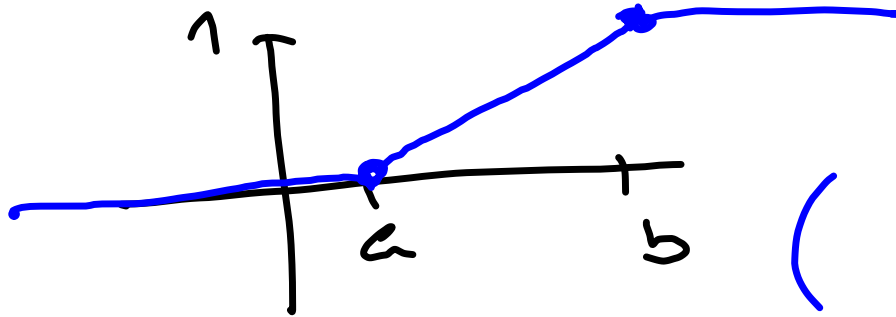
1) Normální (Gaussova) $N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

aproximující binomická: $n \rightarrow \infty, p$

Poissonova: $n \rightarrow \infty, p \rightarrow 0, n \cdot p = \lambda$

2) Rovinné rozdělení

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{b-a} & \text{pro } x \in (a, b) \\ 0 & \text{jinak} \end{cases}$$



$$\begin{aligned} E(X) &= \frac{a+b}{2} \\ &= \int_a^b \frac{1}{b-a} x dx = \\ &= \frac{1}{2(b-a)} [x^2]_a^b = \\ &= \frac{1}{2(b-a)} (b^2 - a^2) = \frac{(b+a)(b-a)}{2(b-a)} = \frac{a+b}{2} \end{aligned}$$

$$V(X) = \frac{(b-a)^2}{12}$$

$$\sigma = \frac{(b-a)}{2\sqrt{3}}$$

3) Chi square $\chi^2(\nu)$

$$f(x) = \begin{cases} \frac{1}{\Gamma(\nu/2) 2^{\nu/2}} x^{\nu/2-1} e^{-x/2} & \text{for } x > 0 \\ 0 & \text{for } x \leq 0 \end{cases}$$

for each $\nu > 0$

$$\chi^2(n) = \sum_{i=1}^n \frac{(X_i - \mu_i)^2}{\sigma_i^2}$$

χ^2 is
residual
& normal
distribution