

$$F_X(x) = P(X \leq x)$$



$$F_{*}(x_1, \dots, x_n) = P(X_1 \leq x_1, \dots, X_n \leq x_n)$$



$$F_{x_n}(x_n) = P(X_n \leq x_n)$$

marginalni distrib. funkce

$$i \neq j \quad F_{x_i, x_j}(x_i, x_j) = P(X_i \leq x_i, X_j \leq x_j)$$

$$P(x_i) = P(X = x_i) = \sum_{j=1}^8 P(X=x_i, Y=y_j)$$

nezavisost

$$P(X_1 = x_1, \dots, X_n = x_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n P(X_i = x_i)$$

↖ $(x_1, \dots, x_n) \in \mathbb{R}^n$

↘ $F_{X_n}(x_1, \dots, x_n) = F_{X_1}(x_1) \cdots F_{X_n}(x_n)$

$Y \setminus X$	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	margin. Y
0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	0	1	6
1	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	10
2	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	8
3	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	6
4	0	0	0	0	2	0	2	0	0	0	0	4
5	0	0	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	2
margin. X	1	2	3	4	5	6	5	4	3	2	1	36

$E(X, Y) = (\dots, \frac{2}{3})$

nezavisle! ? Nejsou $P(X=7, Y=2) \stackrel{?}{=} P(X=7) \cdot P(Y=2)$
 $0 \neq \frac{1}{6} \cdot \frac{2}{9}$

$$D(X) = E((X - E(X))^2)$$

$$D(X) = E(X^2) - E(X)^2$$

$$C(X, Y) = E((X - E(X))(Y - E(Y)))$$

$$D(X) = C(X, X)$$

$$C(X, Y) = E(XY) - E(X) \cdot E(Y)$$

X, Y nezavisle $\Rightarrow C(X, Y) = 0$

$$R(X, Y) = \frac{C(X, Y)}{\sqrt{D(X)} \cdot \sqrt{D(Y)}}$$
$$|R(X, Y)| \leq 1$$

$x \backslash y$	0	1
0		$P(X=1, Y=0)$
1		$P(X=1, Y=1)$
	$1 - P(X=1)$	$P(X=1)$

$1 - P(Y=1)$
 $P(Y=1)$

$$* = P(X=1) - P(X=1, Y=1)$$

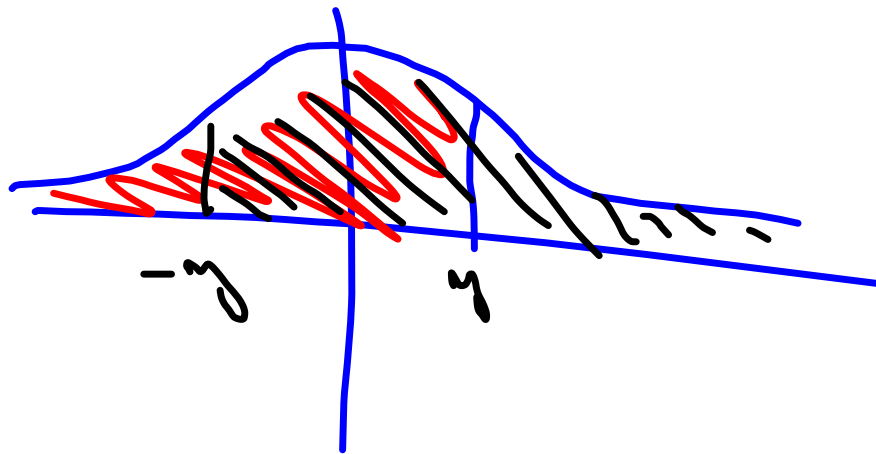
$$\begin{aligned}
 P(X=1, Y=0) &= \\
 &= P(X=1) - P(X=1, Y=1) \\
 &= P(X=1) - P(X=1) \cdot P(Y=1) \\
 &= P(X=1) [1 - P(Y=1)] \\
 &= P(X=1) \cdot P(Y=0)
 \end{aligned}$$

$$E(XY) = P(X=1, Y=1)$$

$$E(XY) = \sum_{(x_i) \in \{0,1\}^2} x_i y_i \cdot P(X=x_i, Y=y_i) = P(X=1, Y=1)$$

$$\underline{P(X < y) = \Phi(y)}$$

$$\underline{P(X < y) = P(X > -y) = 1 - \Phi(-y) = \Phi(y)}$$



$$X \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$A = A(1/2) \dots 1, -1$$

$$Y = A \cdot X$$

$$\Downarrow Y \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$C(X, Y)$$

$$E(A \cdot X^2) = E(A) \cdot E(X^2)$$

$$P(X \stackrel{0}{\leq} 1, Y = 0) \neq P(X = 1) \cdot P(Y = 0)$$

$$X \sim N(0, 1)$$

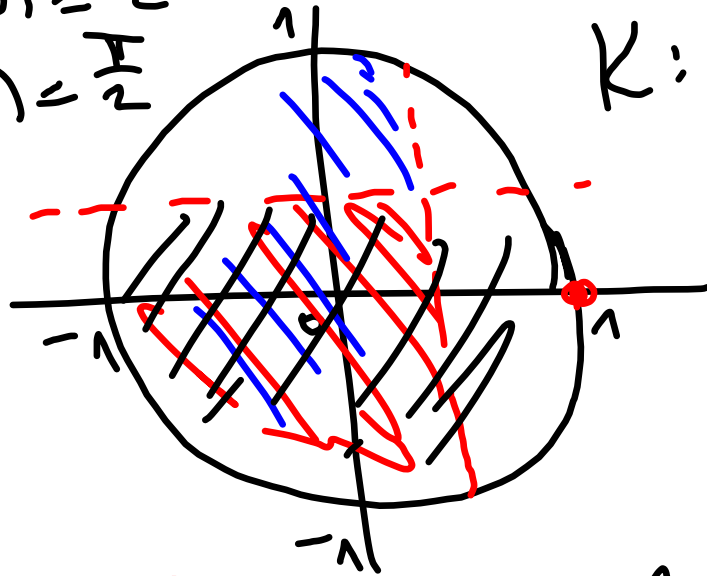
$$X^2 \sim \chi^2(1)$$

$$E(X^2) = 1$$

$$P(X \geq 0, Y \geq 0) = \frac{\pi}{4} \quad \pi \neq \frac{\pi}{2} \cdot \frac{\pi}{2}$$

$$P(X > 0) = \frac{1}{2}$$

$$P(Y > 0) = \frac{1}{2}$$



$$K: x^2 + y^2 \leq 1$$

$$\int_0^1 \int_x^1 \frac{f(x,y)}{c} dx dy = 1$$

$$1 = \int_0^1 \int_x^1 c dx dy$$

$$P\left(X \leq \frac{1}{2}, Y \leq \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\stackrel{?}{=} P\left(X \leq \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$\cdot P\left(Y \leq \frac{1}{2}\right)$$

$$c \cdot S_K = 1$$

$$\text{přičemž } S_K = \pi$$

$$c = \frac{1}{\pi}$$

$$F_{(x,y)} \neq F_x \cdot F_y$$

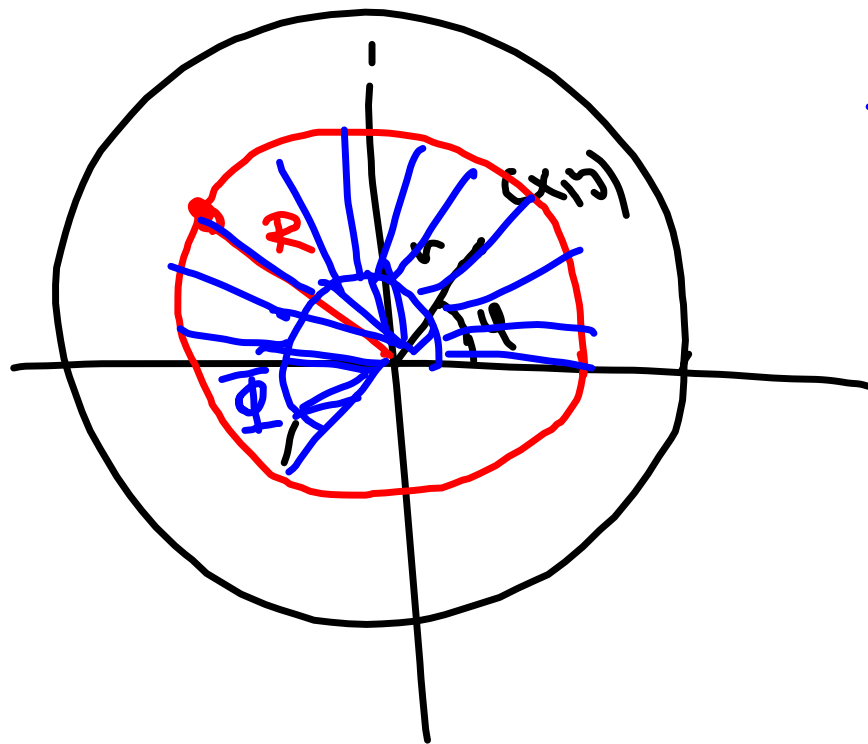
$$X=1 \dots \rightarrow Y=0$$

$$(x, y) \mapsto (r, \varphi)$$

$$x = r \cos \varphi$$

$$y = r \sin \varphi$$

$$r = \sqrt{x^2 + y^2}$$



$$P(r \leq R, \varphi \leq \Phi) \\ = \frac{\pi R^2}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{\Phi}{2\pi}$$

$$E(\Phi) = \int_0^{2\pi} \varphi \cdot h(\varphi) d\varphi = \left[\frac{\varphi^2}{2} \right]_0^{2\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{2\pi} = \pi$$

$$h(\varphi) = \frac{1}{2\pi} \quad \text{na } \langle 0, 2\pi \rangle$$

$$D(\Phi) = E(\Phi^2) - E(\Phi)^2$$

$$E(\Phi^2) = \int_0^{2\pi} \varphi^2 \cdot h(\varphi) d\varphi = \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \left[\frac{\varphi^3}{3} \right]_0^{2\pi} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{2\pi} \cdot \frac{8\pi^3}{3} = \frac{4\pi^2}{3}$$

$$D(\Phi) = \frac{4\pi^2}{3} - \pi^2 = \frac{\pi^2}{3}$$

n. veličina X

$$D(a + b \cdot X) = b^2 \cdot D(X)$$

náh. vektor X

$$\text{var}(a + B \cdot X) = B \cdot \text{var}(X) \cdot B^T$$

$$U = a + B \cdot Z$$

$$U = \mu + \sigma \cdot Z$$

$$E(U) = a$$

$$\text{Var}(U) = V = B \cdot B^T$$

$$f(u) = \frac{1}{(\sqrt{2\pi})^m \sqrt{|V|}}$$

$$E(U) = \mu$$

$$D(U) = \sigma^2$$

$$f(x) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi\sigma^2}} \cdot e^{-\frac{(x-\mu)^2}{2\sigma^2}}$$

$$D(X) = E \left((X - E(X))^2 \right)$$

rovn.
rozdělení
dist

$$\frac{1}{n} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \underbrace{E(X)}_{\frac{1}{n} \sum x_i})^2$$

$$S^2 = \frac{1}{n-1} \cdot \sum_{i=1}^n (x_i - \mu)^2$$