# PV178: Programming for .NET Framework Windows Communication Foundation

Vojtěch Forejt, forejt@fi.muni.cz Martin Osovský, osovsky@ics.muni.cz

Faculty of Informatics and Institute of Computer Science
Masaryk University

April 20, 2010

# Distributed Applications

- Applications composed of several processes.
- Processes usually communicate via a network.
- Java RMI, .NET Remoting, Web services. . .
- Each technology has slightly different purpose.
- The technologies are not compatible.
- Migrating from one technology to another requires a lot of effort.

#### Service Oriented Architecture

- Method of development in which systems provide functionality as loosely coupled services
  - Service mechanism providing access to one or more capabilities using a prescribed interface and consistent constraints and policies
- Each service implements one action (get a weather forecast, book a hotel room, get latest blog posts,...)
- Services communicate using predefined protocols.

## Basic inter-process communication

- named and anonymous pipes, mailslots
- rpc, lpc, apc...
- files
- memory mapped files



## Message Queuing

- public, private queues
- implemented via filesystem
- $\blacksquare$  accesible by name e.g. pocitac\jmeno
- methods Send, Peek, Receive
- all have asynchronous versions

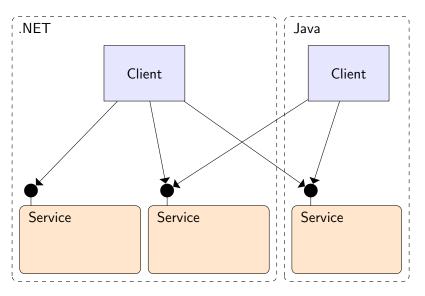
# .NET Remoting

- Allows creation of object shared by several applications
- Platform specific
- Similar to Java RMI

#### Web Services

- Services communicating over standard internet protocols
- Exact behaviour described by standards (SOAP, REST, WSDL, UDDI,...)
- Messages are mostly passed as XML files
- Communication between different languages and/or platforms

# Service Oriented Architecture - Diagram





#### Windows Communication Foundation

- Framework for building applications that inter-communicate.
- From .NET 3.0, under development in Mono.
- Follows principles of SOA.
- The underlying architecture may not be hard-coded, can be changed using config files.
- Namespace System.ServiceModel.



#### WCF Service

- Service is a CLR type that exposes a functionality via a set of methods accessible by remote clients
- **Endpoints** Specify the way in which service communicates with clients
  - Address URI
  - Binding protocols supported
  - Contract functionality supported (methods, types)



#### Address

- Says where the service is available.
- Address at which the service awaits incomming messages
- <scheme>://<domain>[:port]/[path]
  - Examples: http://example.com/ServiceA net.msmq://localhost
- Every endpoint must have unique address

## Binding

- Says how the service can be accessed
- Transport protocol TCP, HTTP, named pipe, MSMQ,...
- Message encoding XML, binary
- Other protocols for security, reliability.

## Binding cont.

- WCF provides classes for most commonly used binding types
- Web services BasicHttpBinding, WSHttpBinding, ...
- Binary NetTcpBinding, NetNamedPipeBinding,...

#### Service contract

- Says what the service provides
- Set of operations that the service exposes
- Provided via a class marked with ServiceContractAttribute and its methods with OperationContractAttribute.

## Proxy

- Used by clients to communicate with services
- Hide process of serialization from the client.
- Based on the service contract.

#### Channels

- Facilitate the communication between proxy and service
- Channel stack transport channel, message encoding channel, channels for security,...

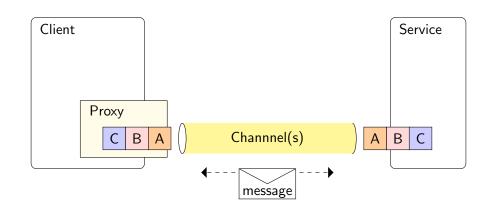
# Service hosting

- Service is made available through a host process
  - Internet Information Services
  - Windows Activation Services
  - Windows service
  - Windows Form
  - Console

#### ServiceHost class

- Used to host services not hosted by IIS
- Type of a service is passed in constructor
- Endpoint are created by AddServiceEndpoint method, or created from config file.
- Open and Close methods start and stop listening on the endpoint.

## WCF - Structure



# Example

SimpleWebService

#### **Data Contracts**

- The methods described by service contract may need to use "complex" types.
- Data contract describes how a complex type is serialized.
- DataContractAttribute is applied to the complex type to be serialized.
- DataMemberAttribute is applied to the serialized members.



#### WCF in Visual Studio

- Rich design time support
  - Editing of config files
  - Proxy generation
  - Service Testing
- Example