

# Vláknové programování

## část II

### Kvíz

Lukáš Hejmánek, Petr Holub  
{`xhejtman, hopet`}@ics.muni.cz



Laboratoř pokročilých síťových technologií

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# testandset

```
1
2
3 volatile int lock;
4
5 #define SET 1
6
7 int testandset(volatile int *l)
8 {
9     int old;
10    /* old = __sync_lock_test_and_set(l, SET); */
11    asm("xchgl_%l,_%0" : "=r"(old) : "m" (*l), "0" (SET));
12    return old==1;
13 }
```

# lock/unlock

```
1 volatile int lock;
2 pthread_t t1, t2, t3;
3
4 void
5 my_lock()
6 {
7     while(testandset(&lock)) {
8         sigsuspend(&set);
9         /* lze pouzit
10         * int i;
11         * sigwait(&set, &i) */
12     }
13 }
```

# lock/unlock

```
1 void
2 my_unlock()
3 {
4     pthread_t t;
5     lock=0;
6     t = pthread_self();
7     if(t != t1) {
8         pthread_kill(t1, SIGCONT);
9     }
10    if(t != t2) {
11        pthread_kill(t2, SIGCONT);
12    }
13    if(t != t3) {
14        pthread_kill(t3, SIGCONT);
15    }
16    // nebo kill(getpid(), SIGCONT);
17 }
```

# main

```
1 #include <stdio.h>
2 #include <pthread.h>
3 #include <unistd.h>
4 #include <signal.h>
5
6 int
7 main(void)
8 {
9     sigemptyset(&set);
10    sigfillset(&set);
11    sigprocmask(SIG_BLOCK, &set, NULL);
12    signal(SIGCONT, sigcont);
13    sigdelset(&set, SIGCONT);
14    pthread_create(&t1, NULL, foo, NULL);
15    pthread_create(&t2, NULL, foo, NULL);
16    pthread_create(&t3, NULL, foo, NULL);
17    x=1;
18    pthread_join(t1, NULL);
19    pthread_join(t2, NULL);
20    pthread_join(t3, NULL);
21    return 0;
22 }
```