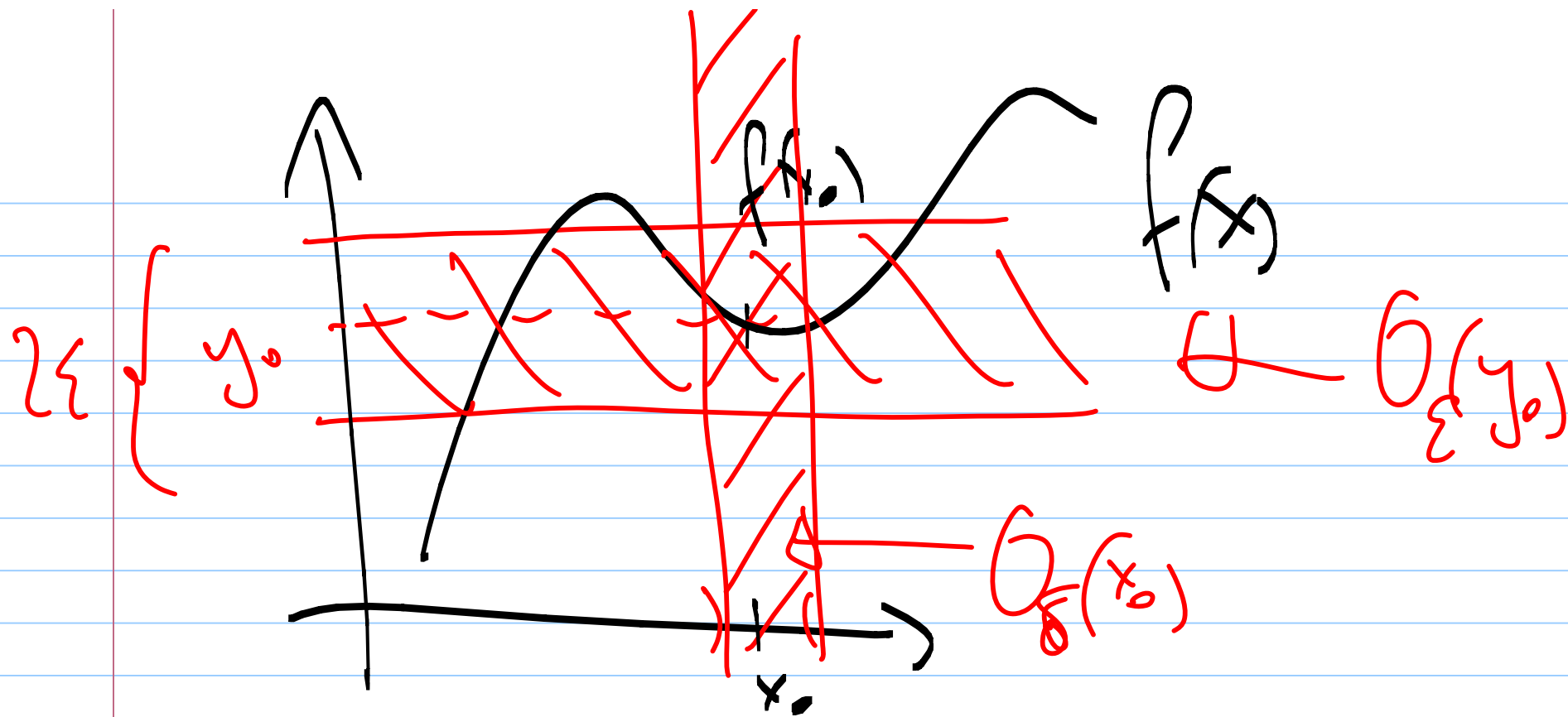


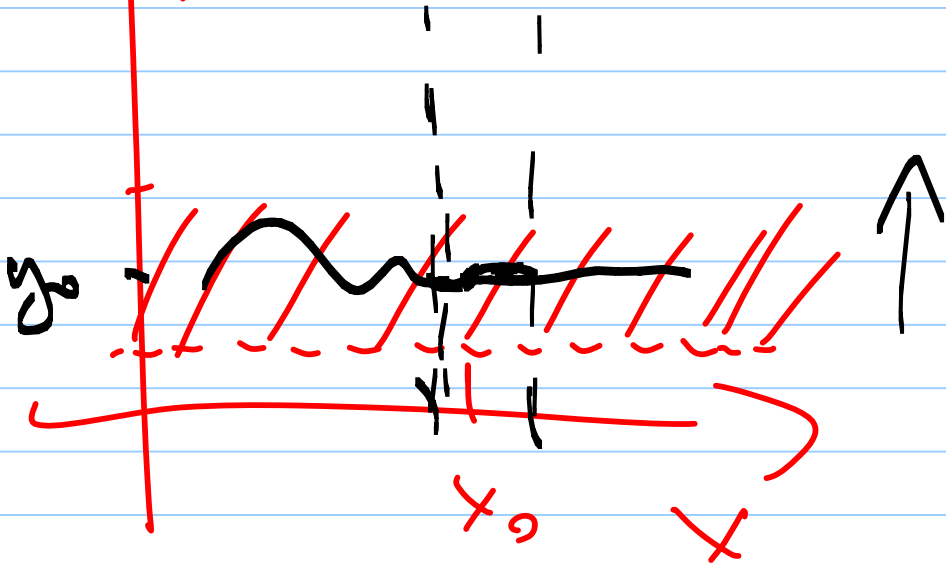
Společně limit  $x \rightarrow x_0$

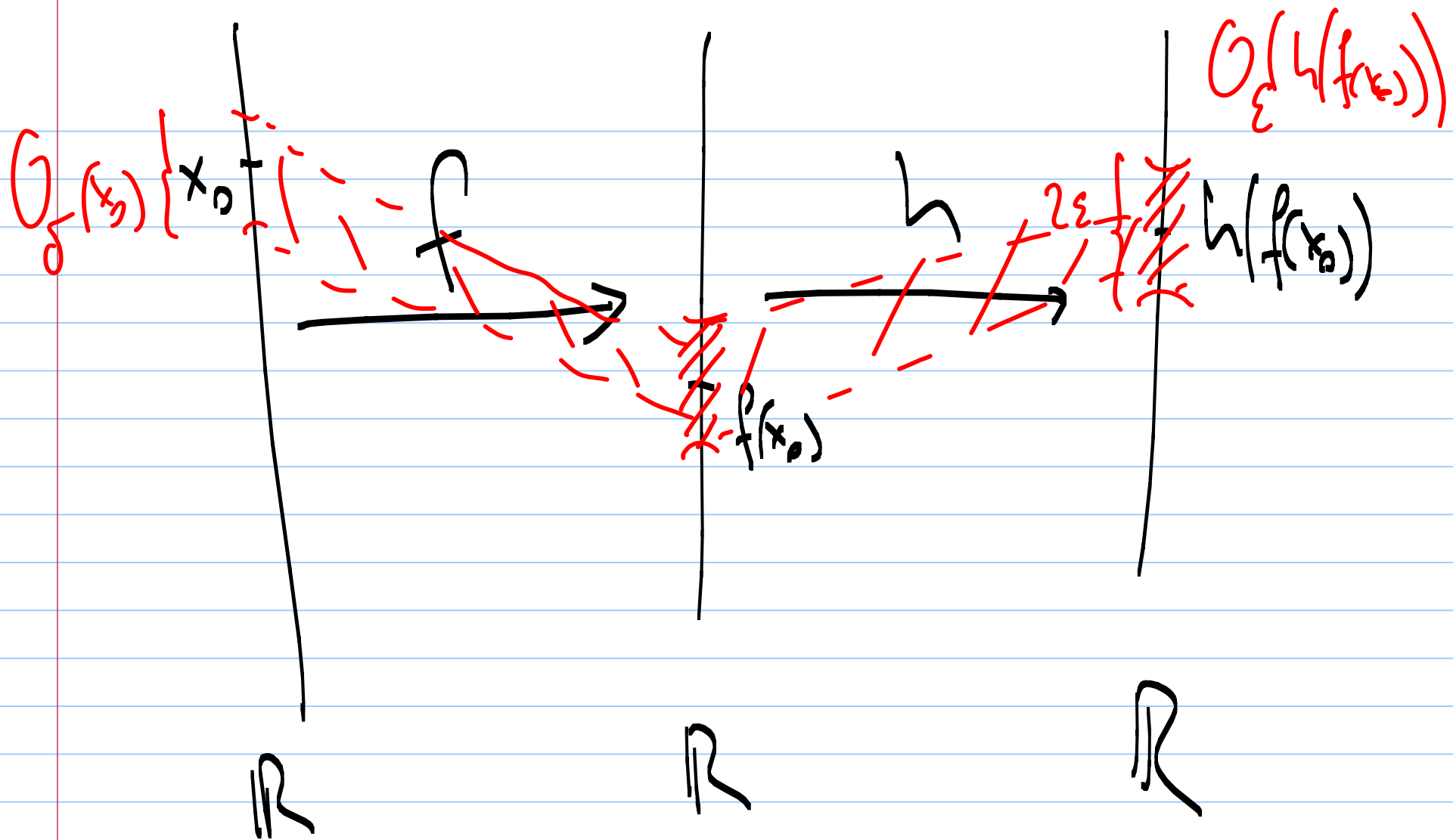


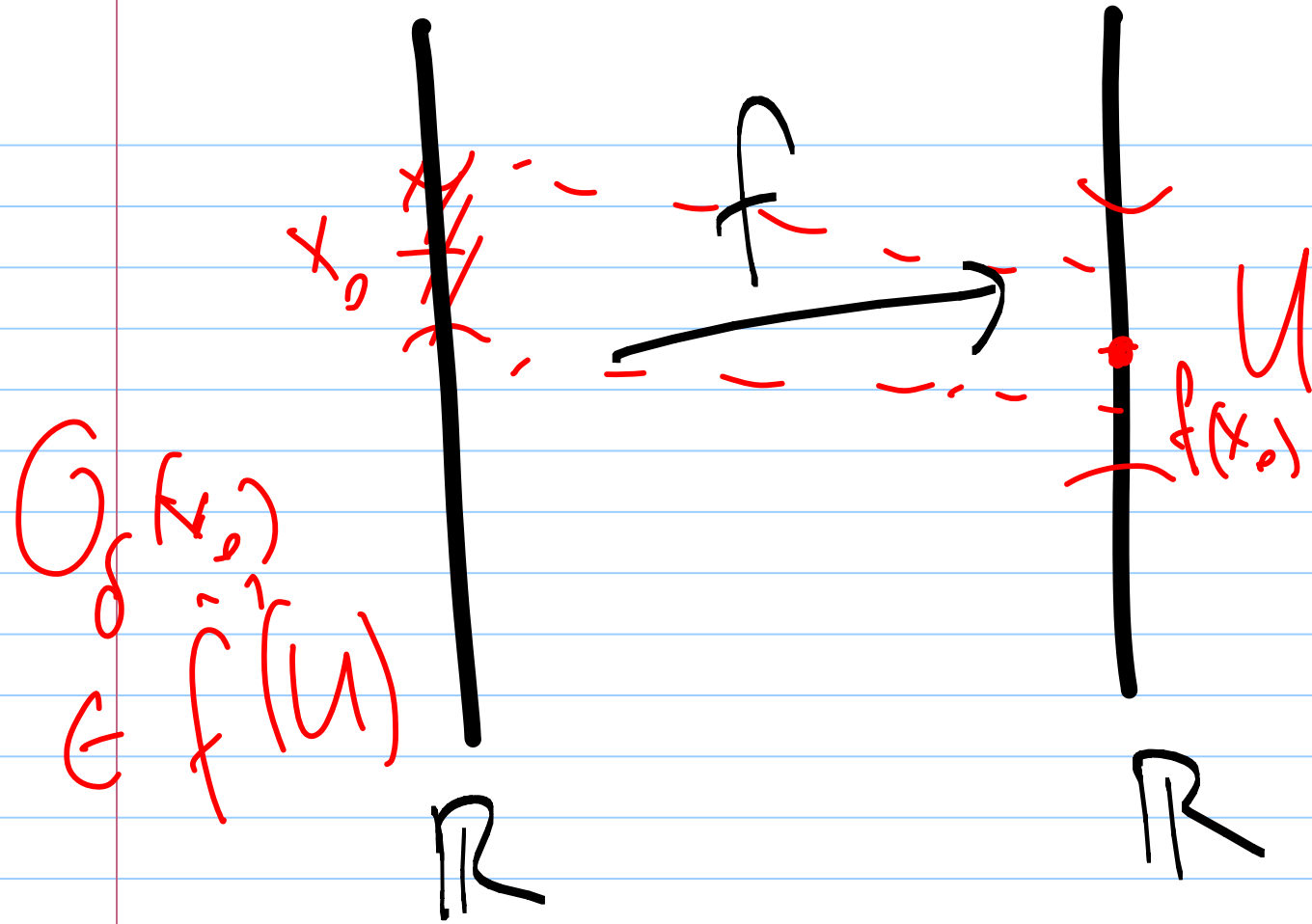
$$f(x_0) = \lim_{x \rightarrow x_0} f(x)$$



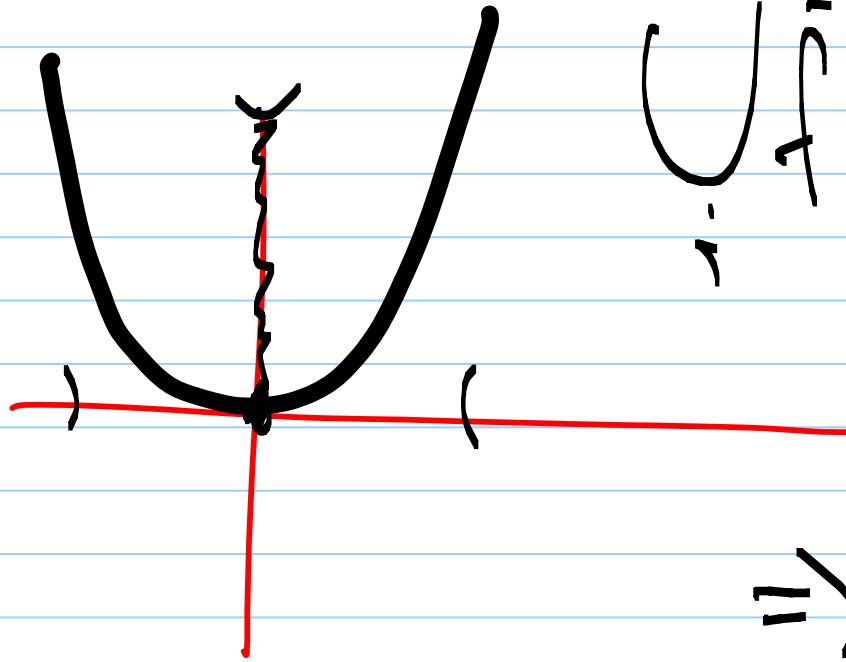
$$y = g(x)$$







$$f(x) = x^2$$



$$f(K) \subset \bigcup_i U_i$$

$$\bigcup_i f^{-1}(U_i) \supset K$$

$$\Rightarrow \bigcup_{j=1}^n U_j \supset K$$

$$\Rightarrow \bigcup_{i=1}^n U_i \supset f(K)$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin^2 x}{x} =$$

$$= \lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \left( \sin x \cdot \frac{\sin x}{x} \right) = 0$$

↓                      ↓

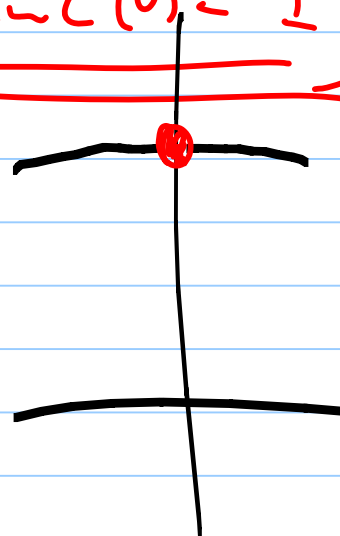
0                      1

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

$$\lim_{x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\sin x}{x} = 1$$

↓

$$\begin{aligned} \sin C(x) &= \frac{\sin x}{x} \\ \sin C(0) &= 1 \end{aligned}$$



$$f(x) = (x^2 - 1) \frac{2x-1}{x^2-1} \quad x \neq \pm 1$$

ex. limite  $f(x)$  :  $x \rightarrow \pm 1$  ?

$$\boxed{\lim_{x \rightarrow 1} f(x) = 0}$$

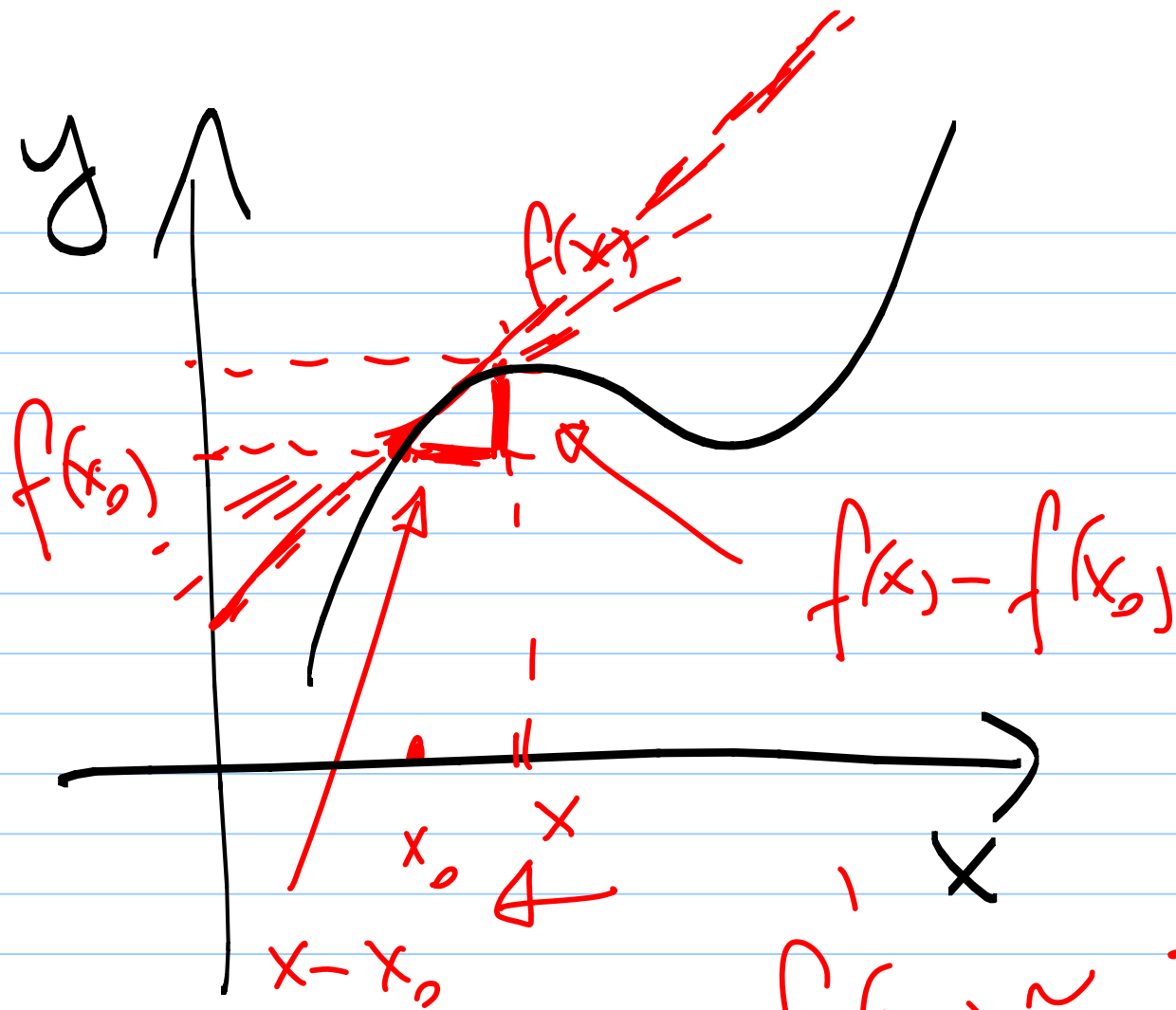
$$\left| \frac{2x-1}{x^2-1} \right| \leq 1 \Rightarrow$$

$$-|x^2-1| \leq f(x) \leq |x^2-1|$$

$$\downarrow_{x \rightarrow \pm 1}$$
$$0$$

$$\downarrow_{x \rightarrow \pm 1}$$
$$0$$





$$f'(x_0) \approx \frac{f(x) - f(x_0)}{x - x_0}$$