

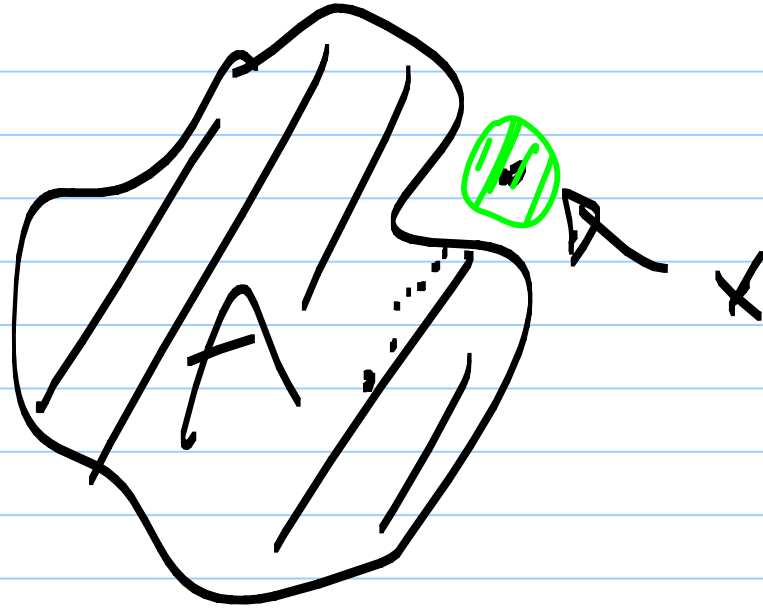
$$\|x - z\| = \|x - y + y - z\|$$

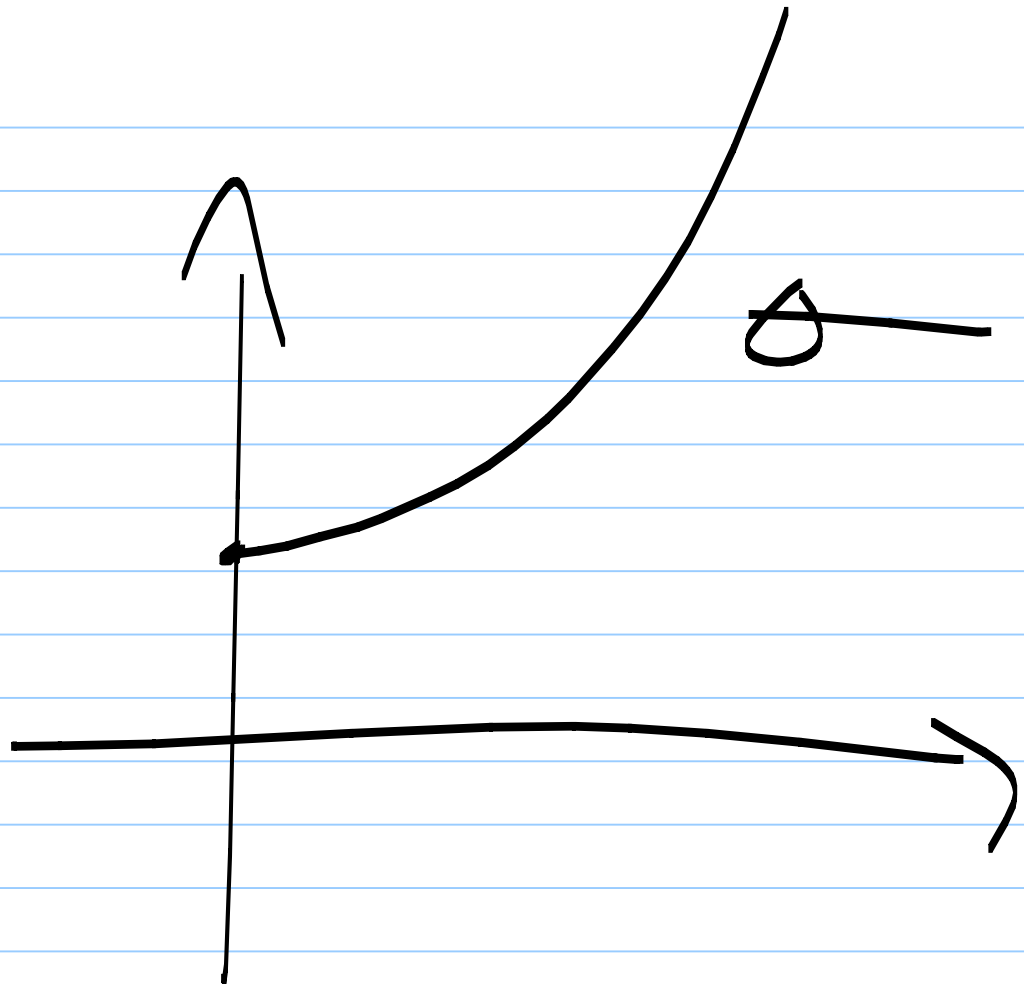
$$\leq \|x - y\| + \|y - z\|$$

$$\|f\|_2 = \left(\int_a^b |f(x)|^2 dx \right)^{1/2}$$

$$\|f\|_1 = \int_a^b |f(x)| dx \quad \text{opt. norme}$$

na $S[a, b]$





○ — KONVEX

$$X = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^p \right)^{1/p}$$

$$Y = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i^q \right)^{1/q}$$

$$x_i, y_i > 0$$

$$p^{-1} + q^{-1} = 1$$

$$x_i = X \cdot e^{2x_i/p}$$

$$y_i = Y \cdot e^{2y_i/q}$$

$$p^{-1} 2x_i + q^{-1} 2y_i$$

$$e^{2x_i/p + 2y_i/q}$$

$$\leq p^{-1} e^{2x_i} + q^{-1} e^{2y_i}$$

$$\|X - Y\|_1 \leq \|X\|_p + \|Y\|_q$$

$$\|X\|_p = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |x_i|^p \right)^{1/p}$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{i=1}^n |y_i|^q \right)^{1/q}$$

$$\|X\|_p = \left(\sum_{i=1}^n x_i^p \right)^{1/p}$$

$$+ \left(\sum_{i=1}^n y_i^q \right)^{1/q}$$

$$= \|X\|_p + \|Y\|_q$$



$X \cdot Y$

$$\left(\sum_{i=1}^s |x_i + y_i|^p \right)^{1 - 1/p} \approx 1/p$$