

## C library functions

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- reading/writing from eeprom
- delay functions (in PRO compiler only)
- ... more to be found in compiler manual, see Appendix A
- ... details in include headers

## Fuses configuration

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```
#include <htc.h>
__CONFIG(data)
```

### Description

This macro is used to program the configuration fuses that set the device into various modes of operation. The macro accepts the 16-bit value it is to update it with. 16-Bit masks have been defined to describe each programmable attribute available on each device. These attribute masks can be found tabulated in this manual in the Features and Runtime Environment section. Multiple attributes can be selected by ANDING them together. Example

```
#include <htc.h>

// fuses
__CONFIG(MCLRE_OFF & WDTE_OFF & FOSC_INTRCIO);
```

### Predefined constants for PIC12F675

... see `pic12f675.h`.

```
// Config Register: CONFIG
#define CONFIG          0x2007
// Oscillator Selection bits
// RC oscillator: CLKOUT function on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT pin, RC on GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_EXTRCCLK   0x31FF
// RC oscillator: I/O function on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT pin, RC on GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_EXTRCIO   0x31FE
// INTOSC oscillator: CLKOUT function on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT pin, I/O function on GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_INTRCCLK  0x31FD
// INTOSC oscillator: I/O function on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT pin, I/O function on GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_INTRCIO   0x31FC
// EC: I/O function on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT pin, CLKIN on GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_EC        0x31FB
// HS oscillator: High speed crystal/resonator on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT and GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_HS        0x31FA
// XT oscillator: Crystal/resonator on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT and GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_XT        0x31F9
// LP oscillator: Low power crystal on GP4/OSC2/CLKOUT and GP5/OSC1/CLKIN
#define FOSC_LP        0x31F8
// Watchdog Timer Enable bit
// WDT enabled
#define WDTE_ON        0x31FF
// WDT disabled
#define WDTE_OFF       0x31F7
// Power-Up Timer Enable bit
// PWRT disabled
#define PWRTE_OFF     0x31FF
// PWRT enabled
#define PWRTE_ON      0x31EF
// GP3/MCLR pin function select
// GP3/MCLR pin function is MCLR
#define MCLRE_ON      0x31FF
// GP3/MCLR pin function is digital I/O, MCLR internally tied to VDD
#define MCLRE_OFF     0x31DF
// Brown-out Detect Enable bit
// BOD enabled
#define BOREN_ON      0x31FF
// BOD disabled
#define BOREN_OFF     0x31BF
// Code Protection bit
```

```
// Program Memory code protection is disabled
#define CP_OFF      0x31FF
// Program Memory code protection is enabled
#define CP_ON       0x317F
// Data Code Protection bit
// Data memory code protection is disabled
#define CPD_OFF     0x31FF
// Data memory code protection is enabled
#define CPD_ON      0x30FF
```

## Formatting & strings

```
// formatted output
#include<stdio.h>
unsigned char sprintf(char *buf, const char *fmt, ...);

// converting strings to number
#include <stdlib.h>
double atof (const char * s);
int atoi (const char * s);
long atol (const char * s);

// string manipulation
char * strcpy (char * s1, const char * s2);
char * strncpy (char * s1, const char * s2, size_t n);
char * strncat (char * s1, const char * s2, size_t n);
...
```

## Math

```
#include <stdlib.h>
int abs (int j);

#include<math.h>
double sqrt(double f);

// goinometric

double sin (double f);
double asin (double f);
double cos (double f);
double acos (double f);
double atan (double x);
double atan2 (double x, double x);

double cosh (double f)
double sinh (double f)
double tanh (double f)
```

## EEPROM handling

### EEPROM\_READ, EEPROM\_WRITE

#### Synopsis

```
#include <htc.h>
unsigned char eeprom_read (unsigned char addr);
void eeprom_write (unsigned char addr, unsigned char value);
```

**Description** These function allow access to the on-chip eeprom (when present). The eeprom is not in the directly accessible memory space and a special byte sequence is loaded to the eeprom control registers to access the device. Writing a value to the eeprom is a slow process and the eeprom\_write() function polls the appropriate registers to ensure that any previous writes have completed before writing the next datum. Reading data is completed in the one cycle and no polling is necessary to check for a read completion.

#### Example

```
#include <htc.h>
void main (void){

    unsigned char data;
    unsigned char address;
    address = 0x10;
    data = eeprom_read(address);

}
```

Note: It may be necessary to poll the eeprom registers to ensure that the write has completed if an `eeprom_write()` call is immediately followed by an `eeprom_read()`. The global interrupt enable bit (GIE) is now restored by the `eeprom_write()` routine. The EEIF interrupt flag is not reset by this function.

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