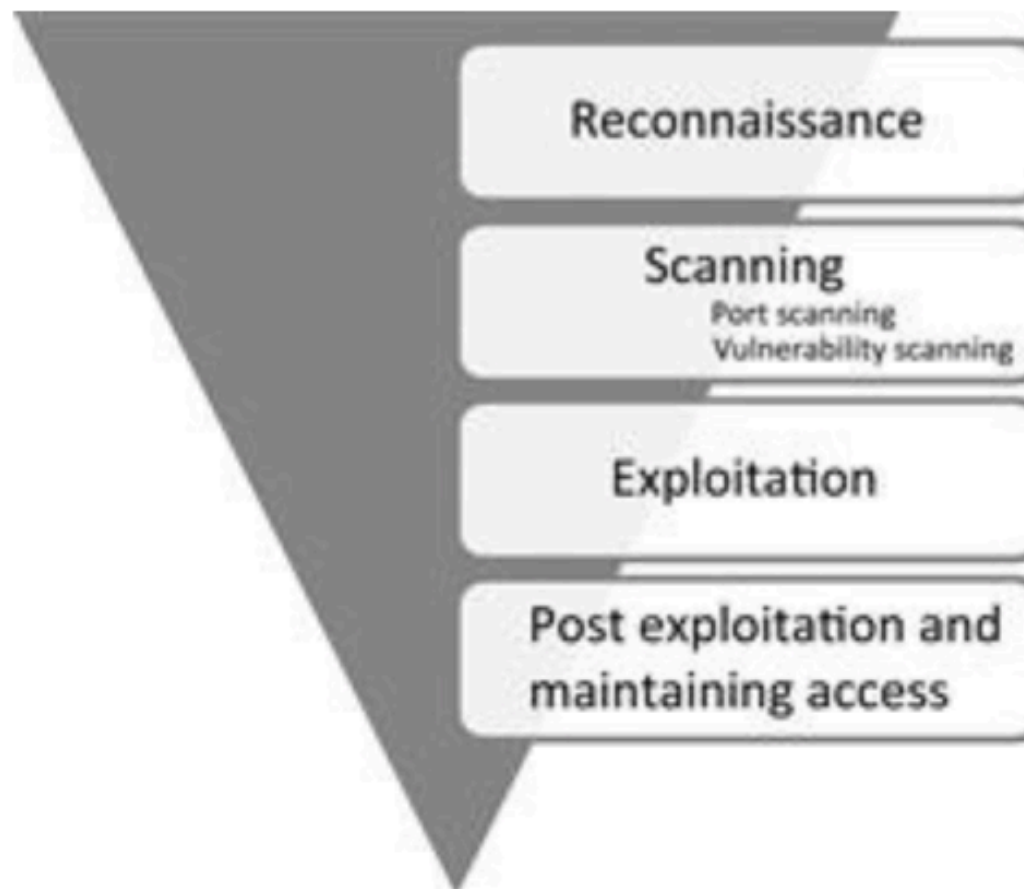


CYBER WARZONE

A BRIEF INTRODUCTION TO THE ATTACK-DEFENSE CTF
29.03.2017

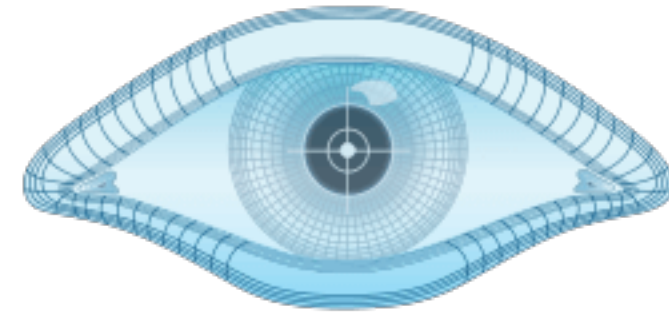
Ján Masarik, Tomáš Jirsík

Attack



nmap

- Network exploration tool and security / port scanner



NMAP

- Usage: `$ nmap [Options] {target ip}`
- Example: `$ nmap -p- 10.1.33.7`
- Useful params:
 - `-p <port ranges>`: Only scan specified ports (`-p-` for all ports)
 - `-T<0-5>`: Set timing template (higher means faster scan)

```
root@kali:~# nmap -p- -T5 192.168.56.101

Starting Nmap 7.01 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2017-0
mass_dns: warning: Unable to determine any DNS se
Try using --system-dns or specify valid servers
Warning: 192.168.56.101 giving up on port because
Nmap scan report for 192.168.56.101
Host is up (0.00036s latency).
Not shown: 65519 closed ports
PORT      STATE      SERVICE
22/tcp    open      ssh
80/tcp    open      http
111/tcp   open      rpcbind
1337/tcp  open      waste
2049/tcp  open      nfs
5432/tcp  open      postgresql
5821/tcp  filtered  unknown
```



hydra

- a very fast network logon cracker for many different services
- Usage: `$ nmap [Options] {target ip} {target service}`
- Example:

```
$ hydra -L usernames.txt -P passwords.txt 10.1.33.7 ssh
```

- lots of noise (trying every possible username/password combination from given input lists), but lots of times it works

netcat

- nc - TCP/IP swiss army knife

- Usage:

```
$ nc [options] {ip address} {port(s)} # to connect
```

```
$ nc -l [options] {port(s)} # to listen on given port
```

- Example:

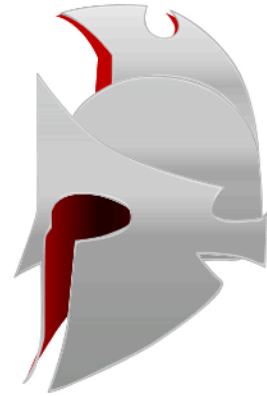
```
$ nc 10.1.33.7 42 # will connect to host 10.1.33.7 on port 42
```

```
$ nc -vl 1337 # starts listening for connections on port 1337
```



More tools

- sqlmap
- sparta
- metasploit / armitage
- burpsuit
- wireshark
- and many more...



SPARTA

Network Infrastructure Penetration Testing Tool



KALI LINUX™

Defense

- Ensure that your users have strong password
- Check for unnecessary running services
- Check for unnecessary active users
- Update OS and software
- Fire up Firewall
- Strike faster than your enemy

User Management

- Enabled root user is a bad idea, use sudo instead
- `$ sudo passwd -u / -l user` # enable / disable user
- `$ cut -d: -f1 /etc/passwd` # list of all users
- `$ sudo adduser / deluser` # add / remove user

Firewall

- **\$ sudo ufw status** # get current status of firewall
- **\$ sudo ufw enable** # enable firewall
- **\$ sudo ufw default deny incoming** # deny all incoming traffic
- **\$ sudo ufw allow 22** # allow tcp connections on port 22
- **\$ sudo ufw reload** # reload firewall
- **\$ sudo ufw reset** # reset to default rules



FIGHT

**YOU HAVE 10 MINUTES TO SECURE YOUR DEFENSE SERVER
ANY ATTACK DURING THIS TIME IS STRICTLY FORBIDDEN**

EVERY 12 MINUTES NEW HINT APPEARS

”Invincibility lies in the defence; the possibility of victory in the attack.”

- Sun Tzu

Hints

- what is running on port 1337?

Hints

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- `$ hydra -l smith -P 100_worst_passwords.txt <target ip> ssh`

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- both teams have same defense server

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- what is running on port 1337? # “tiny webserver in C”
- `$ hydra -l smith -P 100_worst_passwords.txt <target ip> ssh`
- `$ psql -h <target ip> -u postgres` # then crackstation.net
- both teams have same defense server
- have you tried connecting to target ip in browser?

SURVEY

<http://bit.ly/2npHX9n>

Q&A

<https://www.vulnhub.com>

free CTF games

<https://news.ycombinator.com>

hacker news

<https://www.wikileaks.org>

lots of useful info:)

<https://crackstation.net>

free hash cracker

<https://apsdehal.in/awesome-ctf/>

info about CTF games