1) Explain the difference in meaning between the words in each of these groups.

Actually – at present – presently – nowadays

Alive – living – lively

Author – editor – printer – publisher

Destroy – ruin – spoil

Discussion – argument – row – quarrel

Elder – older – elderly

Guard – guardian – attendant

Husband – bridegroom – fiancé – fiancée

Leave – lie – let – lay

Marriage – wedding – engagement

2) Connect the following terms with their definitions:

Assembly language, beta, debugging, implementation, macro, multimedia authoring software, run-time error, visual programming language, web page authoring software

a) A series of statements that instructs an application how to complete a task.

b) The process of locating and correcting syntax and logic errors in a program.

c) A _____ is a language that uses a visual or graphical interface for creating all source code.

d) _____ is the second generation of programming languages and is used to write instructions using symbolic instruction codes

e) You can use _____ to create sophisticated Web pages that include images, video, audio, animation, and other effects.

f) _____ is a program that has most or all of its features and functionality implemented. Users test the program and send bug reports to the software company.

g) An error or event that occurs during the execution of a program and causes the program to stop running.

h) _____ allows programmers to combine text, graphics, animation, audio, and video in an interactive presentation. Program development life cycle (PDLC) guides computer programmers through the development of a program.

i) _____ of the design includes using a program development tool that assists the programmer by generating or providing some or all code, or includes writing the code that translates the design into a computer program and, if necessary, creating the user interface.

3) Look at the following groups of sentences. What is the difference in meaning between the sentences in each group?

1   *When we heard the song we started singing.*

   When we had heard the song we started singing.

2   *Did you enjoy your holiday?*   *Have you enjoyed your holiday?*

3   *I never enjoyed travelling alone.*   *I've never enjoyed travelling alone*

   I had never enjoyed travelling alone.   *I never enjoy travelling alone.*

4   *She lived abroad for two years.*   *She has lived abroad for two years.*

   She had lived abroad for two years.   *She still lives abroad after two years.*

4) Phrases and collocations: Write one word in each gap.

a) Could you _____ me a favor and ask Oliver to see me in my office?

b) I don't have many ambitions, but I'd like to graduate and then _____ a family.

c) As we walked down the street, Helen _____ pity on the beggar and gave him some money.

d) Nadia's hair looked awful, but I didn't _____ the courage to tell her.

e) My dad can't stand _____ an argument and always has to have the last word.

f) The new law seemed to _____ with everyone's approval.

g) Can you _____ care of your little sister for a minute while I go to the shop?

h) When you first _____ in love, the whole world seems a beautiful place.

i) I don't really _____ friends very easily because I'm quite shy.

j) I didn't recognize Ed when I saw him because he was _____ disguise.

k) You're in a very good _____ . Why are you so happy?

l) If you keep _____ your promises, people won't trust you anymore.

m) I _____ a really strange dream last night about my best friend.