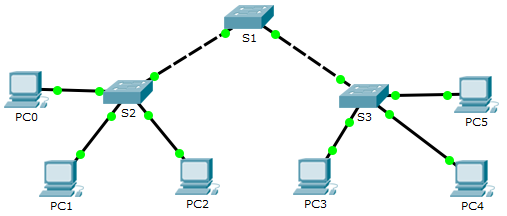
Packet Tracer – Configure VLANs, VTP and DTP

1. Topology



1. Addressing Table

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| Device | Interface | IP Address | Subnet Mask |
| PC0 | NIC | 192.168.10.1 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC1 | NIC | 192.168.20.1 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC2 | NIC | 192.168.30.1 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC3 | NIC | 192.168.30.2 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC4 | NIC | 192.168.20.2 | 255.255.255.0 |
| PC5 | NIC | 192.168.10.2 | 255.255.255.0 |
| S1 | VLAN 99 | 192.168.99.1 | 255.255.255.0 |
| S2 | VLAN 99 | 192.168.99.2 | 255.255.255.0 |
| S3 | VLAN 99 | 192.168.99.3 | 255.255.255.0 |

1. Objectives

Part 1: Configure and Verify DTP

Part 2: Configure and Verify VTP

1. Background / Scenario

As the number of switches in a network increases, the administration necessary to manage the VLANs and trunks can be challenging. To ease some of the VLAN and trunking configurations, VLAN trunking protocol (VTP) allows a network administration to automate the management of VLANs. Trunk negotiation between network devices is managed by the Dynamic Trunking Protocol (DTP), and is automatically enabled on Catalyst 2960 and Catalyst 3560 switches.

In this activity, you will configure trunk links between the switches. You will configure a VTP server and VTP clients in the same VTP domain. You will also observe the VTP behavior when a switch is in VTP transparent mode. You will assign ports to VLANs and verify end-to-end connectivity with the same VLAN.

1. Configure and Verify DTP

In Part 1, you will configure trunk links among the switches, and you will configure VLAN 999 as the native VLAN.

* + 1. Verify VLAN configuration.

Verify the configured VLANs on the switches.

* + - 1. On S1, click the **CLI** tab. At the prompt, enter **enable** and enter the **show vlan brief** command to verify the configured VLANs on S1.

S1# **show vlan brief**

VLAN Name Status Ports

---- -------------------------------- --------- -------------------------------

1 default active Fa0/1, Fa0/2, Fa0/3, Fa0/4

Fa0/5, Fa0/6, Fa0/7, Fa0/8

Fa0/9, Fa0/10, Fa0/11, Fa0/12

Fa0/13, Fa0/14, Fa0/15, Fa0/16

Fa0/17, Fa0/18, Fa0/19, Fa0/20

Fa0/21, Fa0/22, Fa0/23, Fa0/24

Gig0/1, Gig0/2

99 Management active

999 VLAN0999 active

1002 fddi-default active

1003 token-ring-default active

1004 fddinet-default active

1005 trnet-default active

* + - 1. Repeat step a. on S2 and S3. What VLANs are configured on the switches?

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* + 1. Configure Trunks on S1, S2, and S3.

Dynamic trunking protocol (DTP) manages the trunk links between Cisco switches. Currently all the switchports are in the default trunking mode, which is dynamic auto. In this step, you will change the trunking mode to dynamic desirable for the link between switches S1 and S2. For the link between switches S1 and S3, the link will be set as a static trunk. Use VLAN 999 as the native VLAN in this topology.

* + - 1. On switch S1 and switch S2, configure the trunk link to dynamic desirable on the GigabitEthernet 0/1 interface. The configuration of S1 is shown below.

S1(config)# **interface g0/1**

S1(config-if)# **switchport mode dynamic desirable**

* + - 1. For the trunk link between S1 and S3, configure a static trunk link on the GigabitEthernet 0/2 interface.

S1(config)# interface g0/2

S1(config-if)# switchport mode trunk

S3(config)# interface g0/2

S3(config-if)# switchport mode trunk

* + - 1. Verify trunking is enabled on all the switches using the **show interfaces trunk** command.

S1# **show interfaces trunk**

Port Mode Encapsulation Status Native vlan

Gig0/1 desirable n-802.1q trunking 1

Gig0/2 on 802.1q trunking 1

Port Vlans allowed on trunk

Gig0/1 1-1005

Gig0/2 1-1005

Port Vlans allowed and active in management domain

Gig0/1 1,99,999

Gig0/2 1,99,999

Port Vlans in spanning tree forwarding state and not pruned

Gig0/1 none

Gig0/2 none

What is the native VLAN for these trunks currently?

* + - 1. Configure VLAN 999 as the native VLAN for the trunk links on S1.

S1(config)# **interface range g0/1 - 2**

S1(config-if-range)# **switchport trunk native vlan 999**

What messages did you receive on S1? How would you correct it?

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* + - 1. On S2 and S3, configure VLAN 999 as the native VLAN.
      2. Verify trunking is successfully configured on all the switches. You should be able ping one switch from another switch in the topology using the IP addresses configured on the SVI.

1. Configure and Verify VTP

S1 will be configured as the VTP server and S2 will be configured as a VTP client. All the switches will be configured to be in the VTP domain **CCNA**and use the VTP password **cisco**.

VLANs can be created on the VTP server and distributed to other switches in the VTP domain. In this part, you will create 3 new VLANs on the VTP server, S1. These VLANs will be distributed to S2 using VTP. Observe how the transparent VTP mode behaves.

* + 1. Configure S1 as VTP server.

Configure S1 as the VTP server in the **CCNA** domain with the password **cisco**.

* + - 1. Configure S1 as a VTP server.

S1(config)# **vtp mode server**

Setting device to VTP SERVER mode.

* + - 1. Configure **CCNA** as the VTP domain name.

S1(config)# **vtp domain CCNA**

Changing VTP domain name from NULL to CCNA

* + - 1. Configure **cisco** as the VTP password.

S1(config)# **vtp password cisco**

Setting device VLAN database password to cisco

* + 1. Verify VTP on S1.
       1. Use the **show vtp status** command on the switches to confirm that the VTP mode and domain are configured correctly.

S1# **show vtp status**

VTP Version : 2

Configuration Revision : 0

Maximum VLANs supported locally : 255

Number of existing VLANs : 7

VTP Operating Mode : Server

VTP Domain Name : CCNA

VTP Pruning Mode : Disabled

VTP V2 Mode : Disabled

VTP Traps Generation : Disabled

MD5 digest : 0x8C 0x29 0x40 0xDD 0x7F 0x7A 0x63 0x17

Configuration last modified by 0.0.0.0 at 0-0-00 00:00:00

Local updater ID is 192.168.99.1 on interface Vl99 (lowest numbered VLAN interface found)

* + - 1. To verify the VTP password, use the **show vtp password** command.

S1# **show vtp password**

VTP Password: cisco

* + 1. Add S2 and S3 to the VTP domain.

Before S2 and S3 will accept VTP advertisements from S1, they must belong to the same VTP domain. Configure S2 as a VTP client with **CCNA** as the VTP domain name and **cisco**as the VTP password. Remember that VTP domain names are case sensitive.

* + - 1. Configure S2 as a VTP client in the **CCNA** VTP domain with the VTP password **cisco**.

S2(config)# **vtp mode client**

Setting device to VTP CLIENT mode.

S2(config)# **vtp domain CCNA**

Changing VTP domain name from NULL to CCNA

S2(config)# **vtp password cisco**

Setting device VLAN database password to cisco

* + - 1. To verify the VTP password, use the **show vtp password** command.

S2# **show vtp password**

VTP Password: cisco

* + - 1. Configure S3 to be in the **CCNA**VTP domain with the VTP password **cisco**. Switch S3 will be set in VTP transparent mode.

S3(config)# **vtp mode Transparent**

S3(config)# **vtp domain CCNA**

Changing VTP domain name from NULL to CCNA

S3(config)# **vtp password cisco**

Setting device VLAN database password to cisco

* + - 1. Enter **show vtp status** command on all the switches to answer the following question.

Notice that the configuration revision number is 0 on all three switches. Explain.

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* + 1. Create more VLANs on S1.
       1. On S1, create VLAN 10 and name it Red.

S1(config)# **vlan 10**

S1(config-vlan)# **name Red**

* + - 1. Create VLANs 20 and 30 according to the table below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| VLAN Number | VLAN Name |
| 10 | Red |
| 20 | Blue |
| 30 | Yellow |

* + - 1. Verify the addition of the new VLANs. Enter **show vlan brief** at the privileged EXEC mode.

Which VLANs are configured on S1?

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* + - 1. Confirm configuration changes using the **show vtp status** command on S1 and S2 to confirm that the VTP mode and domain are configured correctly. Output for S2 is shown here:

S2# **show vtp status**

VTP Version : 2

Configuration Revision : 6

Maximum VLANs supported locally : 255

Number of existing VLANs : 10

VTP Operating Mode : Client

VTP Domain Name : CCNA

VTP Pruning Mode : Disabled

VTP V2 Mode : Disabled

VTP Traps Generation : Disabled

MD5 digest : 0xE6 0x56 0x05 0xE0 0x7A 0x63 0xFB 0x33

Configuration last modified by 192.168.99.1 at 3-1-93 00:21:07

How many VLANs are configured on S2? Does S2 have the same VLANs as S1? Explain.

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* + 1. Observe VTP transparent mode.

S3 is currently configured as VTP transparent mode.

* + - 1. Use **show vtp status** command to answer the following question.

How many VLANs are configured on S3 currently? What is the configuration revision number? Explain your answer.

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How would you change the number of VLANs on S3?

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* + - 1. Change VTP mode to client on S3.

Use show commands to verify the changes on VTP mode. How many VLANs exists on S3 now?

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**Note**: VTP advertisements are flooded throughout the management domain every five minutes, or whenever a change occurs in VLAN configurations. To accelerate this process, you can switch between Realtime mode and Simulation mode until the next round of updates. However, you may have to do this multiple times because this will only forward Packet Tracer’s clock by 10 seconds each time. Alternatively, you can change one of the client switches to transparent mode and then back to client mode.

* + 1. Assign VLANs to Ports

Use the **switchport mode access** command to set access mode for the access links. Use the **switchport access vlan** *vlan-id* command to assign a VLAN to an access port.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| Ports | Assignments | Network |
| S2 F0/1 – 8  S3 F0/1 – 8 | VLAN 10 (Red) | 192.168.10.0 /24 |
| S2 F0/9 – 16  S3 F0/9 – 16 | VLAN 20 (Blue) | 192.168.20.0 /24 |
| S2 F0/17 – 24  S3 F0/17 – 24 | VLAN 30 (Yellow) | 192.168.30.0 /24 |

* + - 1. Assign VLANs to ports on S2 using assignments from the table above.

S2(config-if)# **interface range f0/1 - 8**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport mode access**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport access vlan 10**

S2(config-if-range)# **interface range f0/9 -16**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport mode access**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport access vlan 20**

S2(config-if-range)# **interface range f0/17 - 24**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport mode access**

S2(config-if-range)# **switchport access vlan 30**

* + - 1. Assign VLANs to ports on S3 using assignment from the table above.
    1. Verify end to end connectivity.
       1. From PC0 ping PC5.
       2. From PC1 ping PC4.
       3. From PC2 ping PC3.