

Chapter special:

Authentication, Authorization, and Accounting

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Chapter Zero

0.0 Metody šifrování

Type 0 – bez šifrování

```
enable password cisco123
```

Type 7 – Vigeněrova řifra

ena password cisco123

service password-encryption

Type 5 na bázi MD5

```
enable secret 5 00271A5307542A02D22842
```

nebo

```
enable secret cisco123
```

Type 4 od IOS 15.3(3) – obecný SHA-256

enable secret 4 Rv4kArhts7yA2xd8BD2YTVbts

Type 8 od IOS 15.3(3) solený pbkdf2-hmac-sha256

```
R1(config)#enable algorithm-type sha256 secret cisco
```

```
R1(config)#do sh run | i enable
```

```
enable secret 8
```

```
$8$mTj4RZG8N9ZDOk$eIY/asfm8kD3iDmkBe3hD2r4xcA/0oWS5V3o  
s.O91u.
```

```
R1(config)# username dockal algorithm-type sha256 secret class
```

```
R1# show running-config | inc username
```

```
username dockal secret 8
```

```
$8$dsYGNam3K1SIJO$7nv/35M/qr6t.dVc7UY9zrJDWRVqncHub1PE  
9UIMQFs
```

Type 9 od IOS 15.3(3)- SHA256 pro hesla

SHA256, ale speciálně zaměřené na hesla

```
R1(config)#ena algorithm-type scrypt secret cisco
```

```
R1(config)#do sh run | i enable
```

```
enable secret 9
```

```
$9$WnArltcQHW/uuE$x5WTLbu7PbzGDuv0fSwGKS/KURsy5a3WC  
QckmJp0MbE:
```

```
R1(config)# username dockal algorithm-type scrypt secret cisco
```

```
R1# show running-config | inc username
```

```
username dockal secret 9
```

```
$9$nhEmQVczB7dqsO$X.HsgL6x1il0RxkOSSvyQYwucySCt7qFm4v  
7pqCxxKM
```


Chapter Outline

3.0 Introduction

3.1 Purpose of the AAA

3.2 Local AAA Authentication

3.3 Server-Based AAA

3.4 Server-Based AAA Authentication

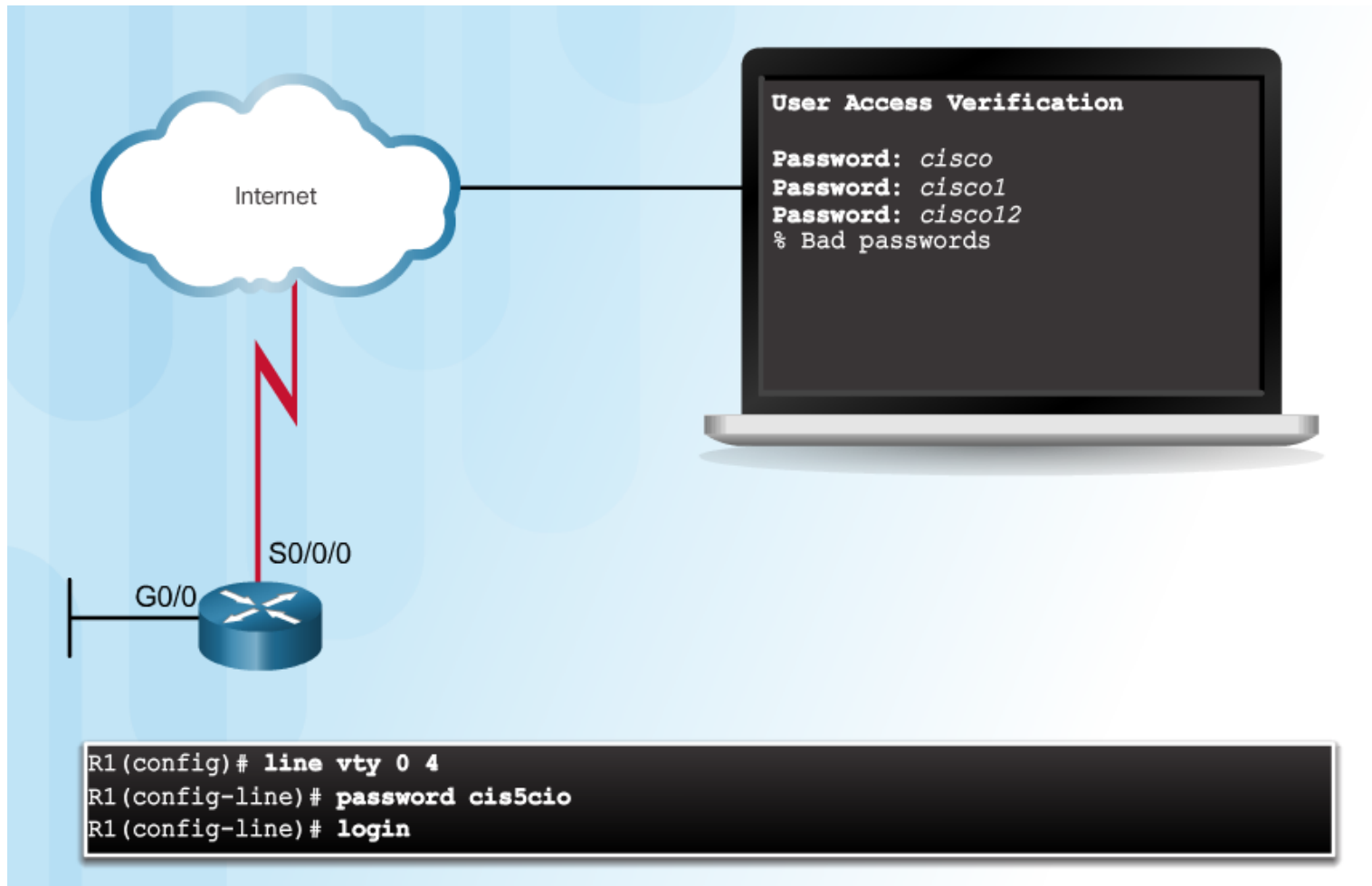
3.5 Server-Based Authorization and Accounting

3.6 Summary

Section 3.1: Purpose of the AAA

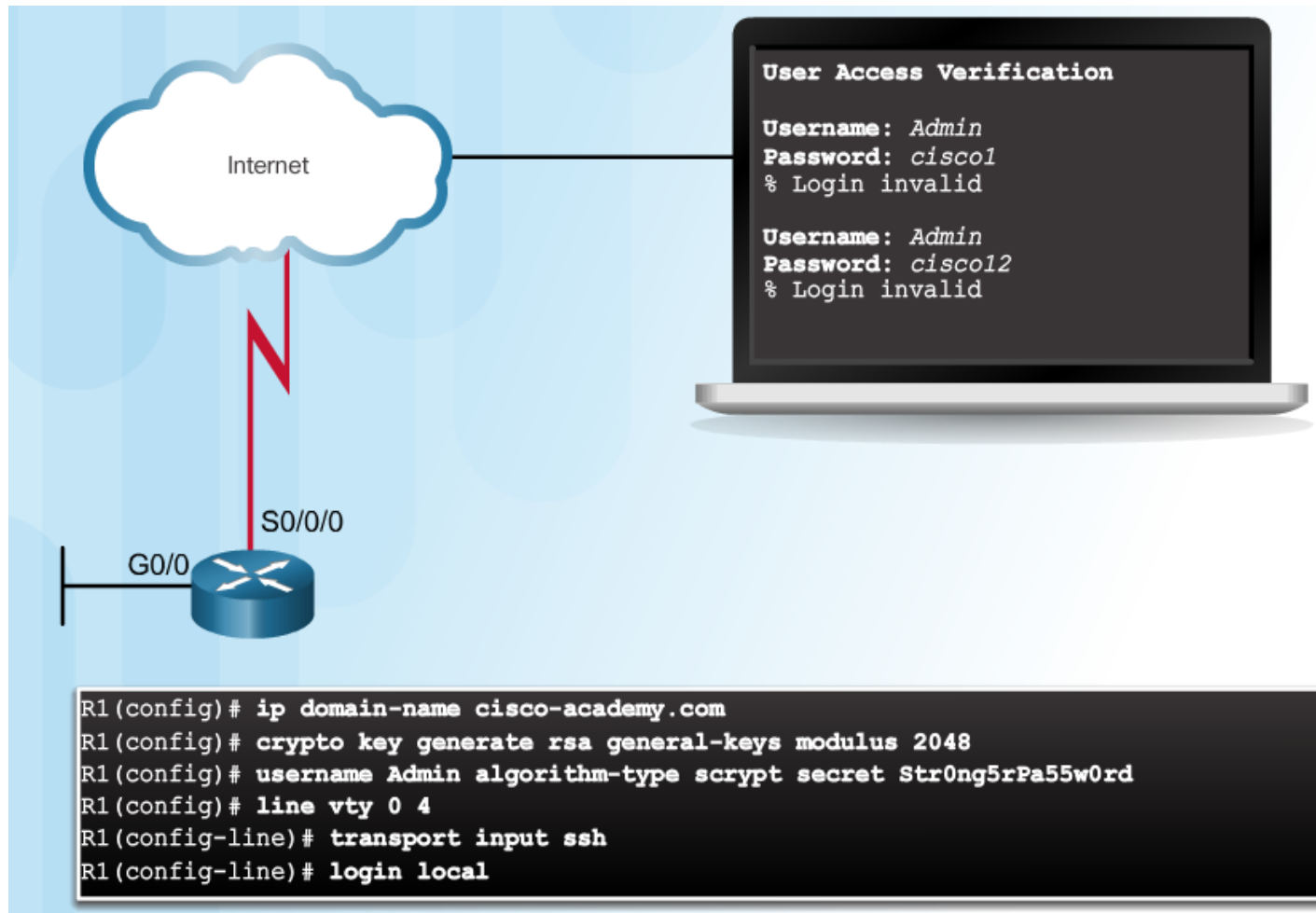
Authentication without AAA

Telnet is Vulnerable to Brute-Force Attacks



Authentication without AAA (Cont.)

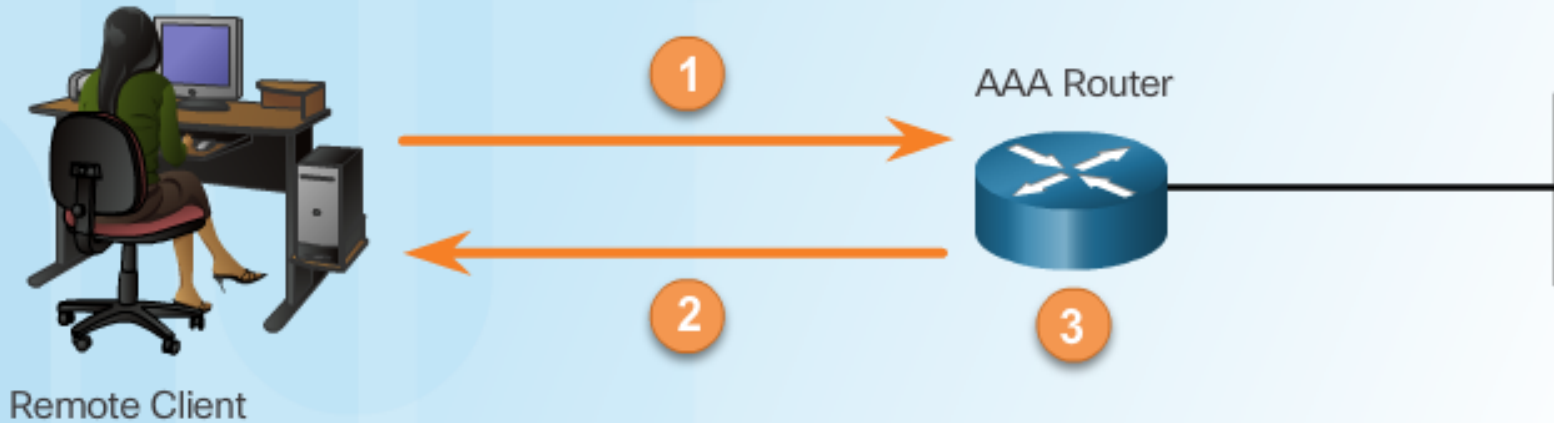
SSH and Local Database Method



Topic 3.1.2: AAA Characteristics

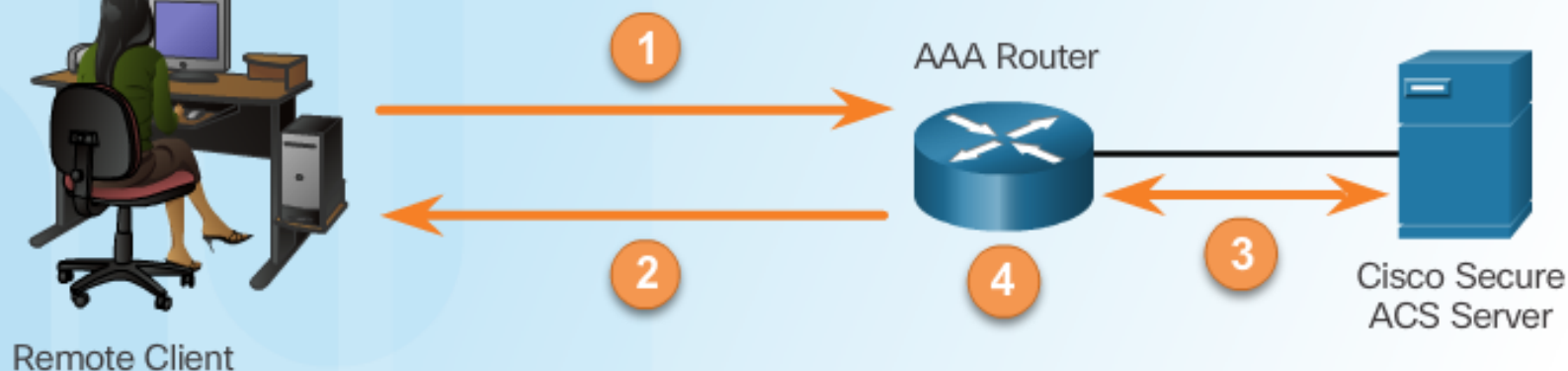


Local AAA Authentication



1. The client establishes a connection with the router.
2. The AAA router prompts the user for a username and password.
3. The router authenticates the username and password using the local database and the user is authorized to access the network based on information in the local database.

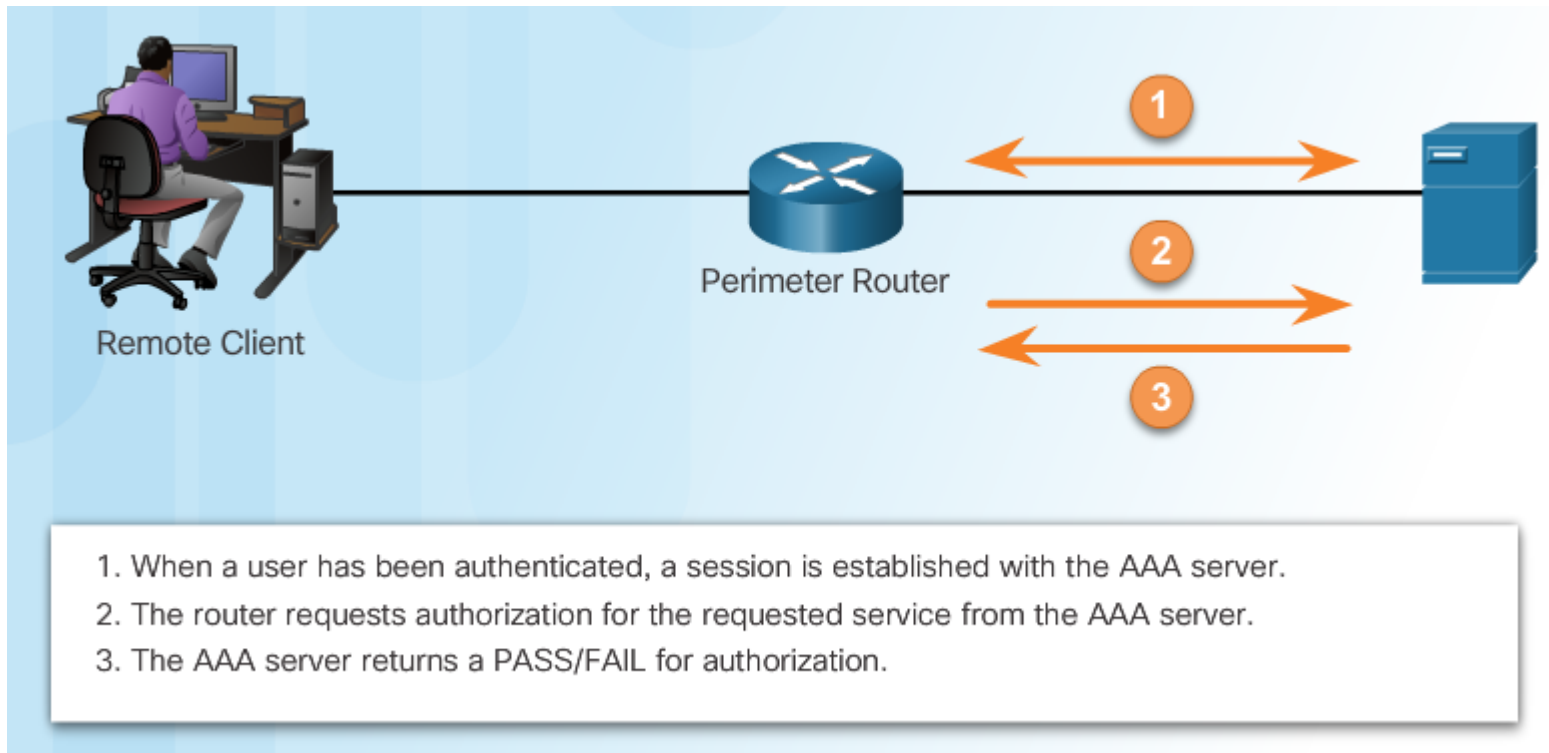
Server-Based AAA Authentication



1. The client establishes a connection with the router.
2. The AAA router prompts the user for a username and password.
3. The router authenticates the username and password using a remote AAA server.
4. The user is authorized to access the network based on information on the remote AAA Server.

Authorization

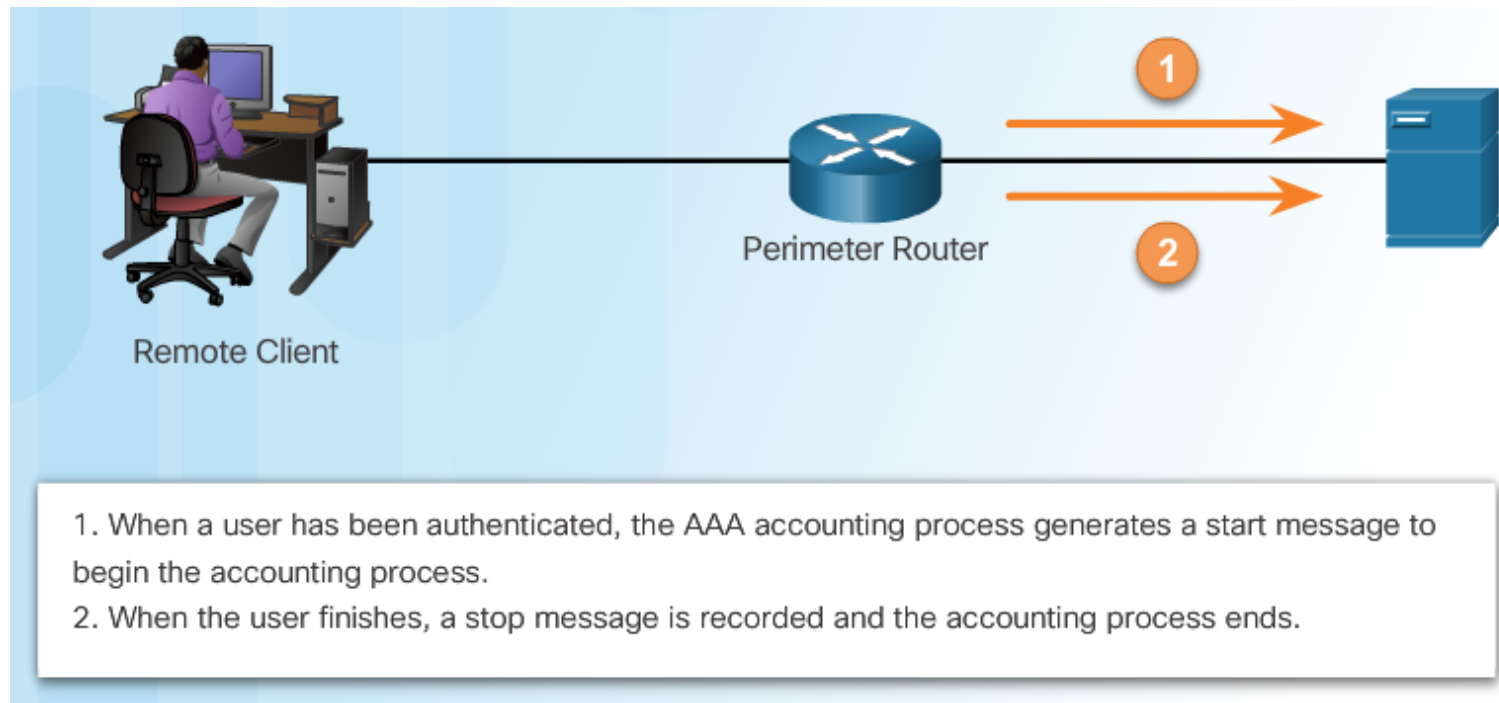
AAA Authorization



Accounting

Types of accounting information:

- Network
- Connection
- EXEC
- System
- Command
- Resource



Section 3.2:

Local AAA Authentication

Upon completion of this section, you should be able to:

- Configure AAA authentication, using the CLI, to validate users against a local database.
- Troubleshoot AAA authentication that validates users against a local database.

Topic 3.2.1: Configuring Local AAA Authentication with CLI





Authenticating Administrative Access

1. Add usernames and passwords to the local router database for users that need administrative access to the router.
2. Enable AAA globally on the router.
3. Configure AAA parameters on the router.
4. Confirm and troubleshoot the AAA configuration.

```
R1(config)# username JR-ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa55w0rd
R1(config)# username ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa55w0rd
R1(config)# aaa new-model
R1(config)# aaa authentication login default local-case
R1(config)#
```



Authentication Methods

Method	Type	Keywords	Description
<code>enable</code>			Uses the enable password for authentication.
<code>local</code>			Uses the local username database for authentication.
<code>local-case</code>			Uses case-sensitive local username authentication.
<code>none</code>			Uses no authentication.
<code>group</code>		<code>radius</code>	Uses the list of all RADIUS servers for authentication.
<code>group</code>		<code>tacacs+</code>	Uses the list of all TACACS+ servers for authentication.
<code>group</code>		<code>group-name</code>	Uses a subset of RADIUS or TACACS+ servers for authentication as defined by the <code>aaa group server radius</code> or <code>aaa group server tacacs+</code> command.

Authentication Command

```
router(config-line)#
```

```
aaa authentication login {default | list-name} method1...[method4]
```

Command

Description

default

Uses the listed authentication methods that follow this keyword as the default list of methods when a user logs in.

list-name

Character string used to name the list of authentication methods activated when a user logs in.

method1...[*method4*]

Identifies the list of methods that the AAA authentication process will query in the given sequence. At least one method must be specified. A maximum of four methods may be specified.



Default and Named Methods

Example Local AAA Authentication

```
R1(config)# username JR-ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa55w0rd
R1(config)# username ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa55w0rd
R1(config)# aaa new-model
R1(config)# aaa authentication login default local-case enable
R1(config)# aaa authentication login SSH-LOGIN local-case
R1(config)# line vty 0 4
R1(config-line)# login authentication SSH-LOGIN
```



Fine-Tuning the Authentication Configuration

Command Syntax

```
Router(config)#
```

```
aaa local authentication attempts max-fail [number-of-unsuccessful-attempts]
```

Command	Description
<i>number-of-unsuccessful-attempts</i>	Number of unsuccessful authentication attempts before a connection is dropped and the user account is locked.

Fine-Tuning the Authentication Configuration

Display Locked Out Users

```
R1# show aaa local user lockout
```

Local-user	Lock time
JR-ADMIN	04:28:49 UTC Sat Dec 27 2015

Fine-Tuning the Authentication Configuration

Show Unique ID of a Session

```
R1# show aaa sessions
Total sessions since last reload: 4
Session Id: 1
  Unique Id: 175
  User Name: ADMIN
  IP Address: 192.168.1.10
  Idle Time: 0
  CT Call Handle: 0
```

Topic 3.2.2: Troubleshooting Local AAA Authentication



Debug Options

Debug Local AAA Authentication

```
R1# debug aaa ?
accounting          Accounting
administrative      Administrative
api                 AAA api events
attr                AAA Attr Manager
authentication    Authentication
authorization        Authorization
cache               Cache activities
coa                 AAA CoA processing
db                  AAA DB Manager
dead-criteria       AAA Dead-Criteria Info
id                  AAA Unique Id
ipc                 AAA IPC
mlist-ref-count     Method list reference counts
mlist-state         Information about AAA method
                    list state change and notification
per-user            Per-user attributes
pod                 AAA POD processing
protocol            AAA protocol processing
server-ref-count    Server handle reference counts
sg-ref-count        Server group handle reference counts
sg-server-selection Server Group Server Selection
subsys              AAA Subsystem
testing             Info. about AAA generated test packets
```

Debugging AAA Authentication

Understanding Debug Output

```
R1# debug aaa authentication
113123: Feb 4 10:11:19.305 CST: AAA/MEMORY: create_user (0x619C4940) user=''ruser=''
      port='tty1' rem_addr='async/81560' authen_type=ASCII service=LOGIN priv=1
113124: Feb 4 10:11:19.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN/START (2784097690): port='tty1' list=''
      action=LOGIN service=LOGIN
113125: Feb 4 10:11:19.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN/START (2784097690): using "default" list
113126: Feb 4 10:11:19.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN/START (2784097690): Method=LOCAL
113127: Feb 4 10:11:19.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN (2784097690): status = GETUSER
113128: Feb 4 10:11:26.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN/CONT (2784097690): continue_login
      (user='(undef)')
113129: Feb 4 10:11:26.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN (2784097690): status = GETUSER
113130: Feb 4 10:11:26.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN/CONT (2784097690): Method=LOCAL
113131: Feb 4 10:11:26.305 CST: AAA/AUTHEN (2784097690): status = GETPASS
113132: Feb 4 10:11:28.145 CST: AAA/AUTHEN/CONT (2784097690): continue_login
      (user='diallocal')
113133: Feb 4 10:11:28.145 CST: AAA/AUTHEN (2784097690): status = GETPASS
113134: Feb 4 10:11:28.145 CST: AAA/AUTHEN/CONT (2784097690): Method=LOCAL
113135: Feb 4 10:11:28.145 CST: AAA/AUTHEN (2784097690): status = PASS
```

Section 3.3:

Server-Based AAA

Upon completion of this section, you should be able to:

- Describe the benefits of server-based AAA.
- Compare the TACACS+ and RADIUS authentication protocols.

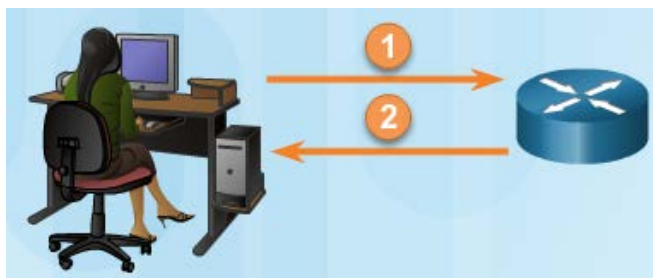
Topic 3.3.1: Server-Based AAA Characteristics



Comparing Local AAA and Server-Based AAA Implementations

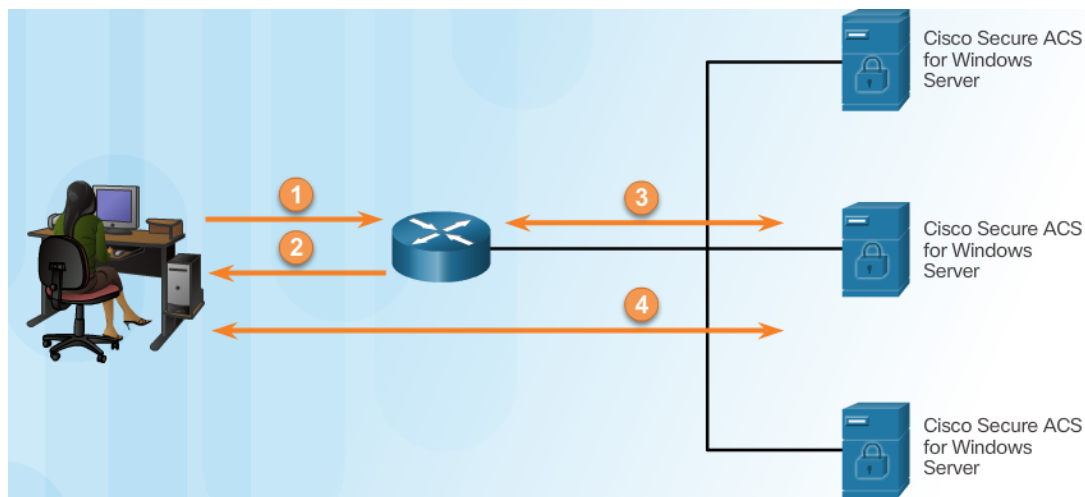
Local authentication:

1. User establishes a connection with the router.
2. Router prompts the user for a username and password, authentication the user using a local database.



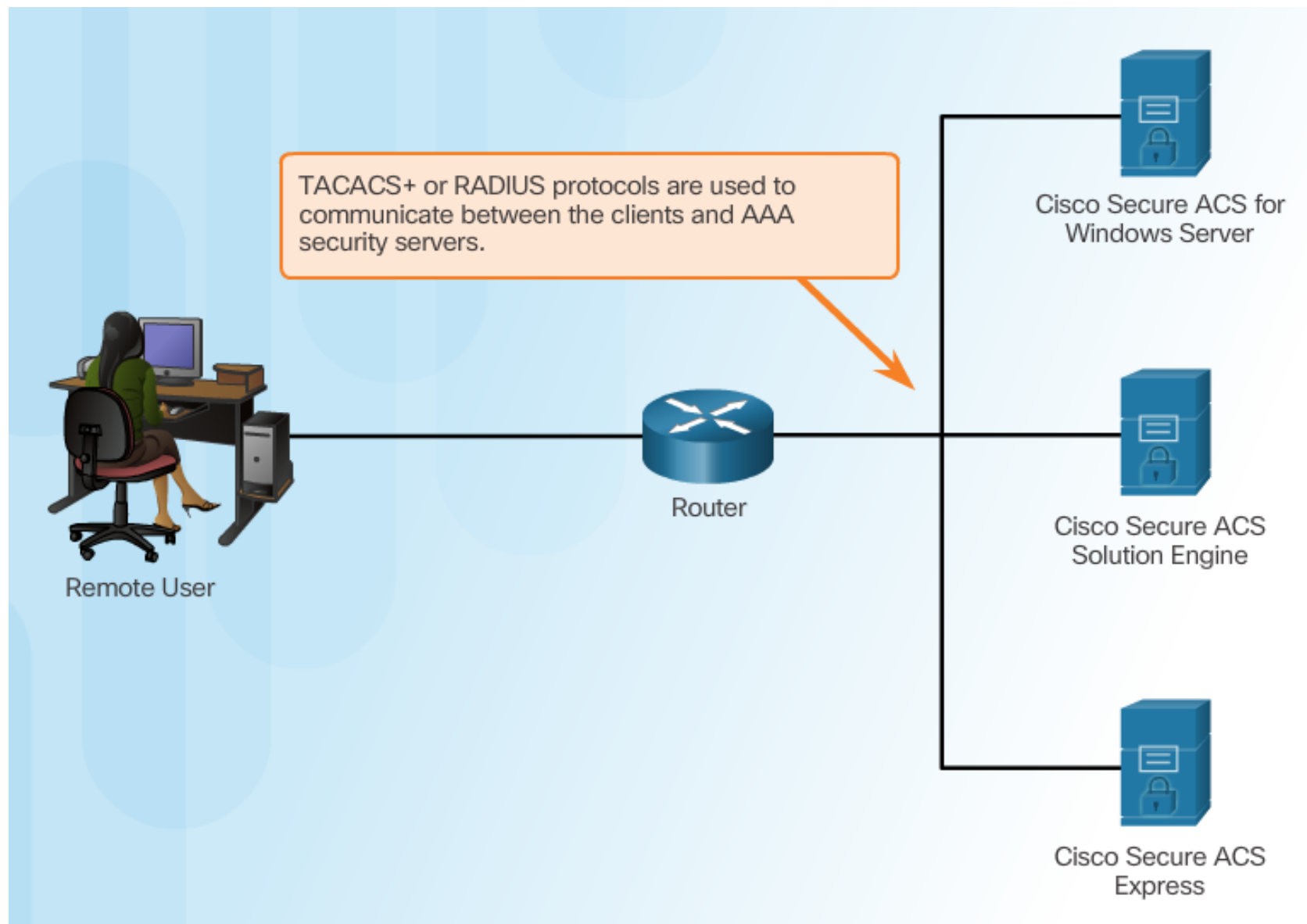
Server-based authentication:

1. User establishes a connection with the router.
2. Router prompts the user for a username and password.
3. Router passes the username and password to the Cisco Secure ACS (server or engine)
4. The Cisco Secure ACS authenticates the user.





Introducing Cisco Secure Access Control System



Topic 3.3.2: Server-Based AAA Communication Protocols





Introducing TACACS+ and RADIUS

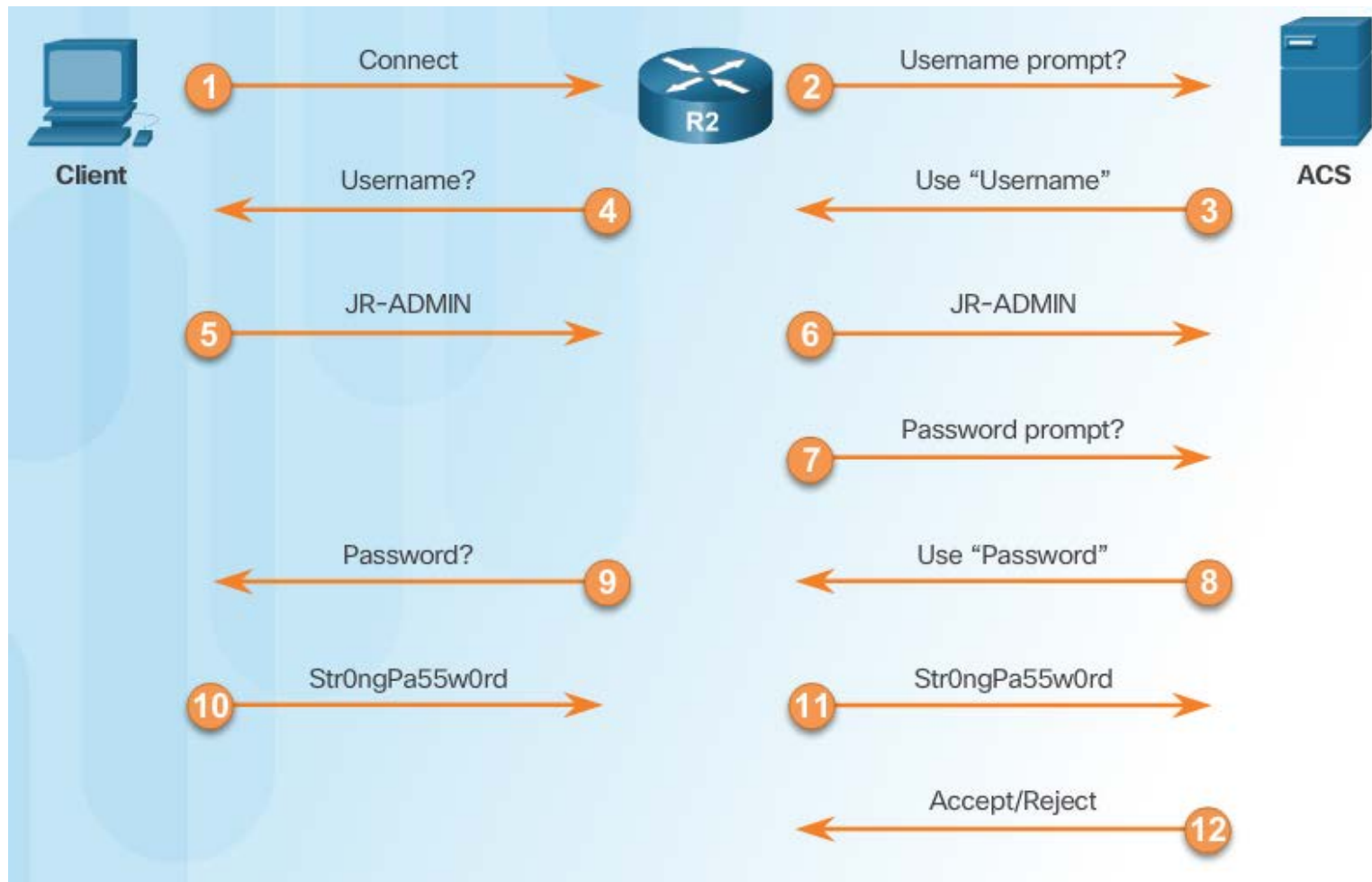
TACACS+

RADIUS

	TACACS+	RADIUS
Functionality	Separates AAA according to the AAA architecture, allowing modularity of the security server implementation	Combines authentication and authorization but separates accounting, allowing less flexibility in implementation than TACACS+
Standard	Mostly Cisco supported	Open/RFC standard
Transport Protocol	TCP	UDP
CHAP	Bidirectional challenge and response as used in Challenge Handshake Authentication Protocol (CHAP)	Unidirectional challenge and response from the RADIUS security server to the RADIUS client
Protocol Support	Multiprotocol support	No ARA, no NetBEUI
Confidentiality	Entire packet encrypted	Password encrypted
Customization	Provides authorization of router commands on a per-user or per-group basis	Has no option to authorize router commands on a per-user or per-group basis
Accounting	Limited	Extensive

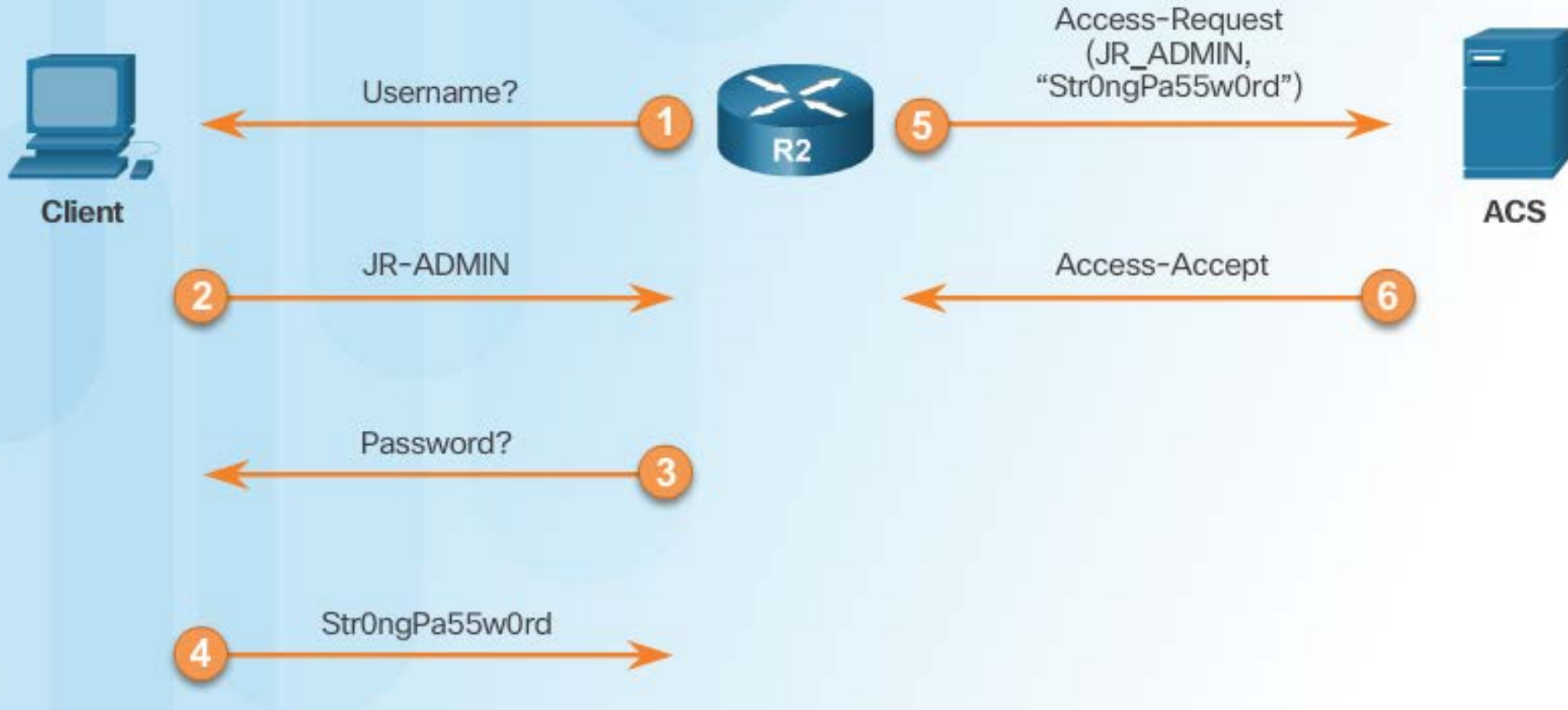
TACACS+ Authentication

TACACS+ Authentication Process



RADIUS Authentication

RADIUS Authentication Process



Integration of TACACS+ and ACS

Cisco Secure ACS

TACACS+ or RADIUS protocols are used to communicate between the clients and AAA security servers.



Remote User

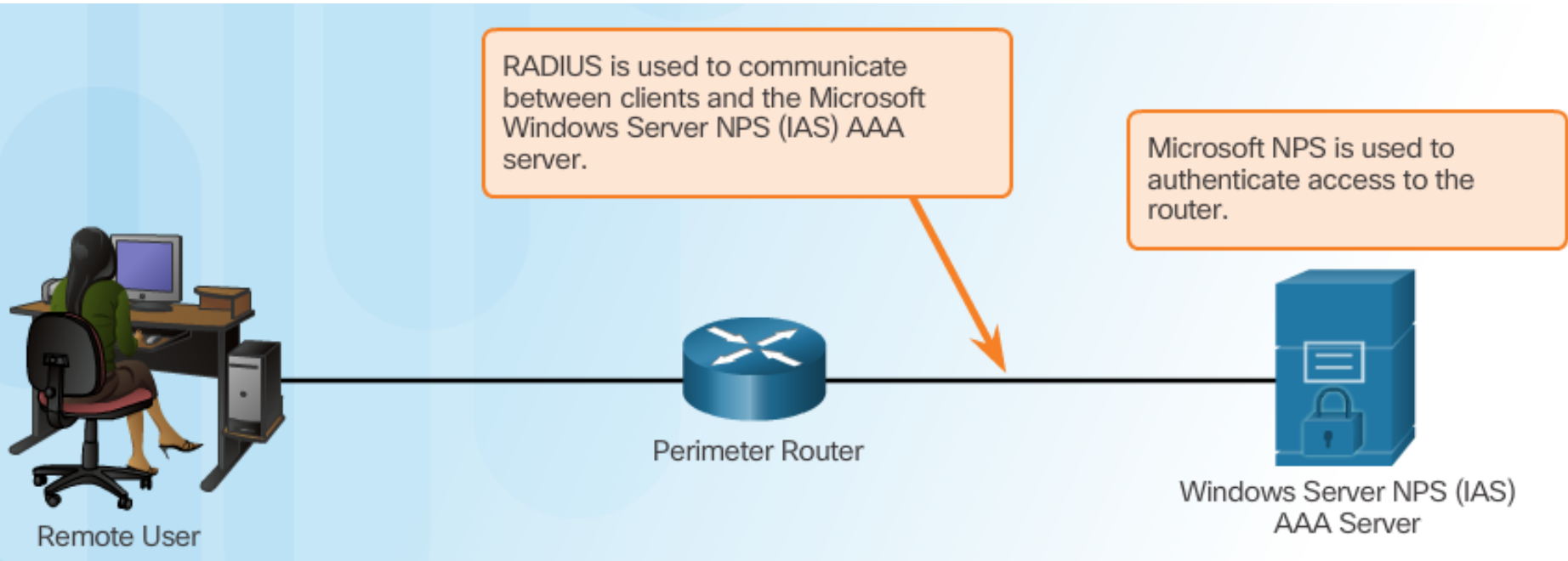


Perimeter Router



Cisco Secure ACS
for Windows Server

Integration of AAA with Active Directory



Internet Authentication Service (IAS) byl přejmenován na Network Policy Server (NPS).

Section 3.4:

Server-Based AAA Authentication

Upon completion of this section, you should be able to:

- Configure server-based AAA authentication, using the CLI, on Cisco routers.
- Troubleshoot server-based AAA authentication.

Topic 3.4.1: Configuring Server-Based Authentication with CLI



Steps for Configuring Server-Based AAA Authentication with CLI

1. Enable AAA.
2. Specify the IP address of the ACS server.
3. Configure the secret key.
4. Configure authentication to use either the RADIUS or TACACS+ server.

Configuring the CLI with TACACS+ Servers

TACACS+ or RADIUS protocols are used to communicate between the clients and AAA security servers.



192.168.1.100



Cisco Secure ACS
for Windows using
RADIUS

192.168.1.101



Cisco Secure ACS
Solution Engine
using TACACS+

[Cisco Access Control Server \(ACS\)](#) a [Cisco Identity Services Engine \(ISE\)](#)
ACS supports only network access/Device admin. ISE has a lot more services.

Configure a AAA TACACS+ Server

```
R1 (config) # aaa new-model
R1 (config) #
R1 (config) # tacacs server Server-T
R1 (config-server-tacacs) # address ipv4 192.168.1.101
R1 (config-server-tacacs) # single-connection
R1 (config-server-tacacs) # key TACACS-Pa55w0rd
R1 (config-server-tacacs) # exit
R1 (config) #
```



Configuring the CLI for RADIUS Servers

```
R1(config)# aaa new-model
R1(config)#
R1(config)# radius server SERVER-R
R1(config-radius-server)# address ipv4 192.168.1.100 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
R1(config-radius-server)# key RADIUS-Pa55w0rd
R1(config-radius-server)# exit
R1(config)#
```



Configure Authentication to Use the AAA Server

```
R1(config)# aaa authentication login default ?
cache          Use Cached-group
enable         Use enable password for authentication.
group          Use Server-group
krb5           Use Kerberos 5 authentication.
krb5-telnet    Allow logins only if already authenticated via Kerberos V
               Telnet.
line           Use line password for authentication.
local          Use local username authentication.
local-case     Use case-sensitive local username authentication.
none           NO authentication.
passwd-expiry  enable the login list to provide password aging support

R1(config)# aaa authentication login default group ?
WORD           Server-group name
ldap           Use list of all LDAP hosts.
radius         Use list of all Radius hosts.
tacacs+        Use list of all Tacacs+ hosts.
```



Configure Authentication to Use the AAA Server

```
R1(config)# aaa new-model
R1(config)#
R1(config)# tacacs server Server-T
R1(config-server-tacacs)# address ipv4 192.168.1.100
R1(config-server-tacacs)# single-connection
R1(config-server-tacacs)# key TACACS-Pa55w0rd
R1(config-server-tacacs)# exit
R1(config)#
R1(config)# radius server SERVER-R
R1(config-radius-server)# address ipv4 192.168.1.101 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
R1(config-radius-server)# key RADIUS-Pa55w0rd
R1(config-radius-server)# exit
R1(config)#
R1(config)# aaa authentication login default group tacacs+ group radius local-case
```

Topic 3.4.2: Troubleshooting Server-Based AAA Authentication





Monitoring Authentication Traffic

```
R1# debug aaa authentication
AAA Authentication debugging is on
R1#
14:01:17: AAA/AUTHEN (567936829): Method=TACACS+
14:01:17: TAC+: send AUTHEN/CONT packet
14:01:17: TAC+ (567936829): received authen response status = PASS
14:01:17: AAA/AUTHEN (567936829): status = PASS
```

Debugging TACACS+ and RADIUS

```
R1# debug radius ?
```

```
accounting      RADIUS accounting packets only
authentication  RADIUS authentication packets only
brief           Only I/O transactions are recorded
elog            RADIUS event logging
failover        Packets sent upon fail-over
local-server    Local RADIUS server
retransmit      Retransmission of packets
verbose         Include non essential RADIUS debugs
<cr>
```

```
R1# debug tacacs ?
```

```
accounting      TACACS+ protocol accounting
authentication  TACACS+ protocol authentication
authorization    TACACS+ protocol authorization
events          TACACS+ protocol events
packet          TACACS+ packets
<cr>
```

Debugging TACACS+

```
R1# debug tacacs
TACACS access control debugging is on
R1#

14:00:09: TAC+: Opening TCP/IP connection to 192.168.1.101 using source 10.116.0.79
14:00:09: TAC+: Sending TCP/IP packet number 383258052-1 to 192.168.1.101 (AUTHEN/START)
14:00:09: TAC+: Receiving TCP/IP packet number 383258052-2 from 192.168.60.15
14:00:09: TAC+ (383258052): received authen response status = GETUSER
14:00:10: TAC+: send AUTHEN/CONT packet
14:00:10: TAC+: Sending TCP/IP packet number 383258052-3 to 192.168.1.101 (AUTHEN/CONT)
14:00:10: TAC+: Receiving TCP/IP packet number 383258052-4 from 192.168.60.15
14:00:10: TAC+ (383258052): received authen response status = GETPASS
14:00:14: TAC+: send AUTHEN/CONT packet
14:00:14: TAC+: Sending TCP/IP packet number 383258052-5 to 192.168.1.101 (AUTHEN/CONT)
14:00:14: TAC+: Receiving TCP/IP packet number 383258052-6 from 192.168.60.15
14:00:14: TAC+ (383258052): received authen response status = PASS
14:00:14: TAC+: Closing TCP/IP connection to 192.168.60.15
```

Debugging TACACS+

```
R1# debug tacacs
TACACS access control debugging is on
R1#

13:53:35: TAC+: Opening TCP/IP connection to 192.168.1.101 using source 192.48.0.79
13:53:35: TAC+: Sending TCP/IP packet number 416942312-1 to 192.168.1.101 (AUTHEN/START)
13:53:35: TAC+: Receiving TCP/IP packet number 416942312-2 from 192.168.60.15
13:53:35: TAC+ (416942312): received authen response status = GETUSER
13:53:37: TAC+: send AUTHEN/CONT packet
13:53:37: TAC+: Sending TCP/IP packet number 416942312-3 to 192.168.1.101 (AUTHEN/CONT)
13:53:37: TAC+: Receiving TCP/IP packet number 416942312-4 from 192.168.60.15
13:53:37: TAC+ (416942312): received authen response status = GETPASS
13:53:38: TAC+: send AUTHEN/CONT packet
13:53:38: TAC+: Sending TCP/IP packet number 416942312-5 to 192.168.1.101 (AUTHEN/CONT)
13:53:38: TAC+: Receiving TCP/IP packet number 416942312-6 from 192.168.60.15
13:53:38: TAC+ (416942312): received authen response status = FAIL
13:53:40: TAC+: Closing TCP/IP connection to 192.168.60.15
```

Section 3.5: Server-Based AAA Authorization and Accounting

Upon completion of this section, you should be able to:

- Configure server-based AAA authorization.
- Configure server-based AAA accounting.
- Explain the functions of 802.1x components.

Topic 3.5.1: Configuring Server-Based AAA Authorization





Introduction to Server-Based AAA Authorization

Authentication vs. Authorization

- **Authentication** ensures a device or end-user is legitimate
- **Authorization** allows or disallows authenticated users access to certain areas and programs on the network.

TACACS+ vs. RADIUS

- **TACACS+** separates authentication from authorization
- **RADIUS** does **not** separate authentication from authorization



AAA Authorization Configuration with CLI

Command Syntax

```
R1(config)# aaa authorization (network | exec | commands level)  
{default | list-name) method1...[method4]
```

```
R1(config)# aaa authorization exec ?  
WORD      Named authorization list.  
default   The default authorization list.
```




AAA Authorization Configuration with CLI

Authorization Method Lists

```
R1(config)# aaa authorization (network | exec | commands level)
{default | list-name} method1...[method4]
```

```
R1(config)# aaa authorization exec default ?
cache          Use Cached-group
group          Use server-group.
if-authenticated Succeed if user has authenticated.
krb5-instance  Use Kerberos instance privilege maps.
local         Use local database.
none          No authorization (always succeeds).
```

```
R1(config)# aaa authorization exec default group ?
WORD          Server-group name
ldap         Use list of all LDAP hosts.
radius       Use list of all Radius hosts.
tacacs+      Use list of all Tacacs+ hosts.
```



AAA Authorization Configuration with CLI

Example AAA Authorization

```
R1(config)# username JR-ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa55w0rd
R1(config)# username ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa55w0rd
R1(config)# aaa new-model
R1(config)# aaa authorization exec default group tacacs+
R1(config)# aaa authorization network default group tacacs+
```

Topic 3.5.2: Configuring Server-Based AAA Accounting





AAA Accounting Configuration with CLI

Command Syntax

```
R1(config)#
```

```
aaa accounting (network | exec | connection) (default | list-name)  
{start-stop | stop-only | none } [broadcast] method1...[method4]
```

```
R1(config)# aaa accounting exec?
```

```
WORD      Named Accounting list.
```

```
default   The default accounting list.
```



AAA Accounting Configuration with CLI

Accounting Method Lists

R1 (config) #

```
aaa accounting (network | exec | connection) {default | list-name}
{start-stop | stop-only | none } [broadcast] method1...[method4]
```

```
R1 (config) # aaa accounting exec default start-stop?
```

```
broadcast Use Broadcast for Accounting
```

```
group Use Server-group
```

```
R1 (config) # aaa accounting exec default start-stop group?
```

```
WORD Server-group name
```

```
radius Use list of all Radius hosts.
```

```
tacacs+ Use list of all Tacacs+ hosts.
```



AAA Accounting Configuration with CLI

Example AAA Accounting

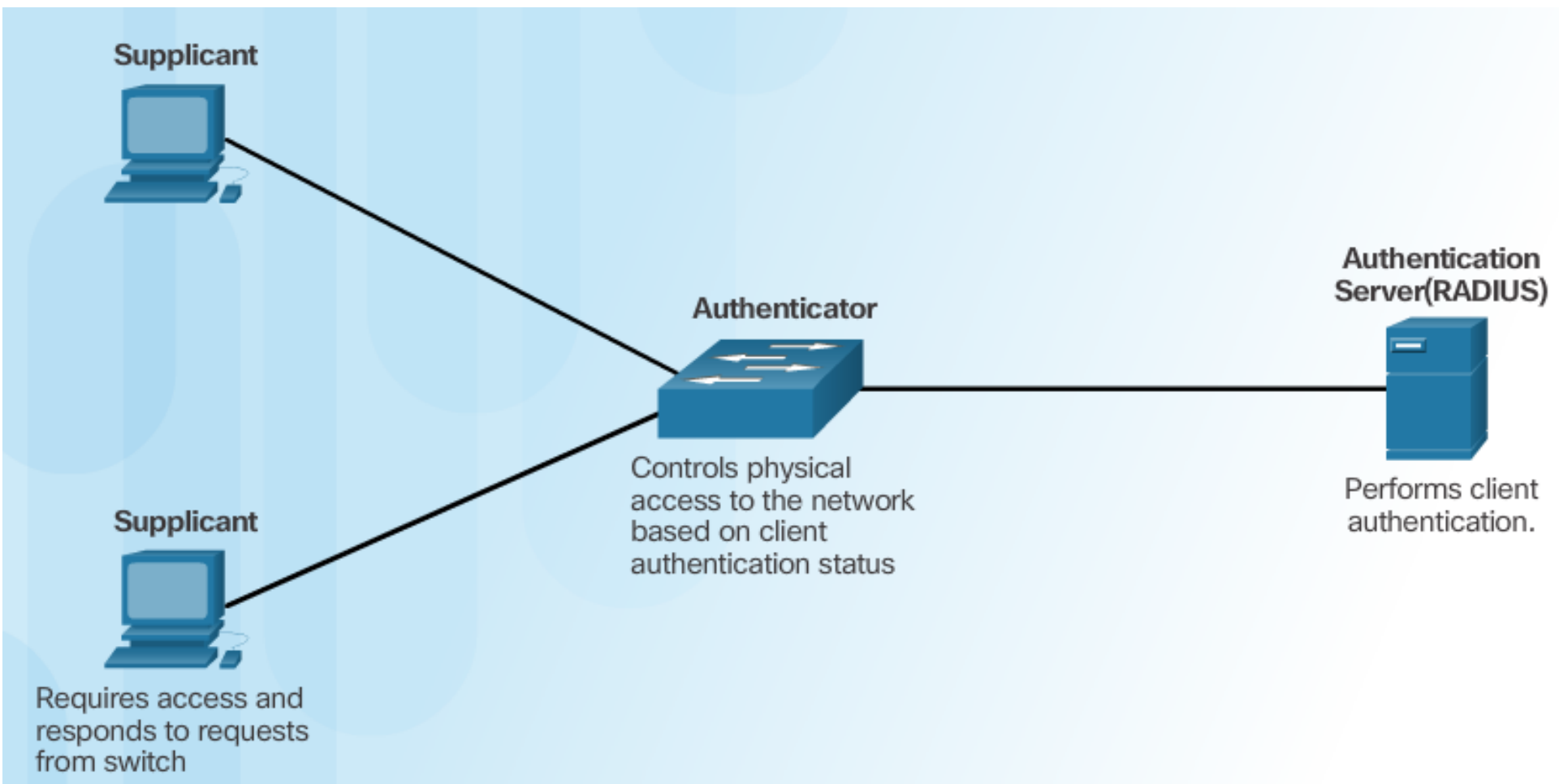
```
R1(config)# username JR-ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa5w0rd
R1(config)# username ADMIN algorithm-type scrypt secret Str0ng5rPa55w0rd
R1(config)# aaa new-model
R1(config)# aaa authentication login default group tacacs+
R1(config)# aaa authorization exec default group tacacs+
R1(config)# aaa authorization network default group tacacs+
R1(config)# aaa accounting exec default start-stop group tacacs+
R1(config)# aaa accounting network default start-stop group tacacs+
```

Topic 3.5.3: 802.1X Authentication





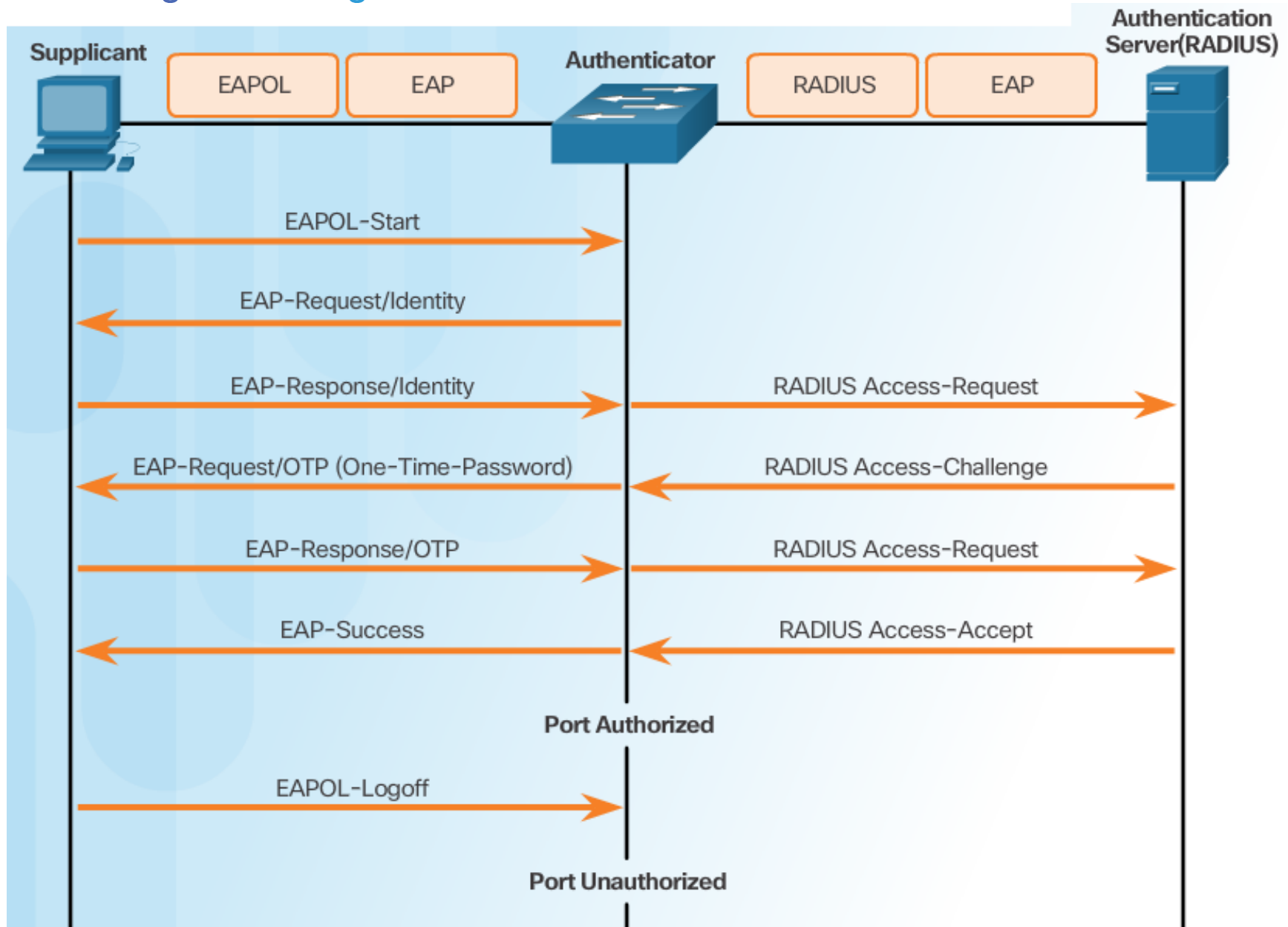
Security Using 802.1X Port-Based Authentication



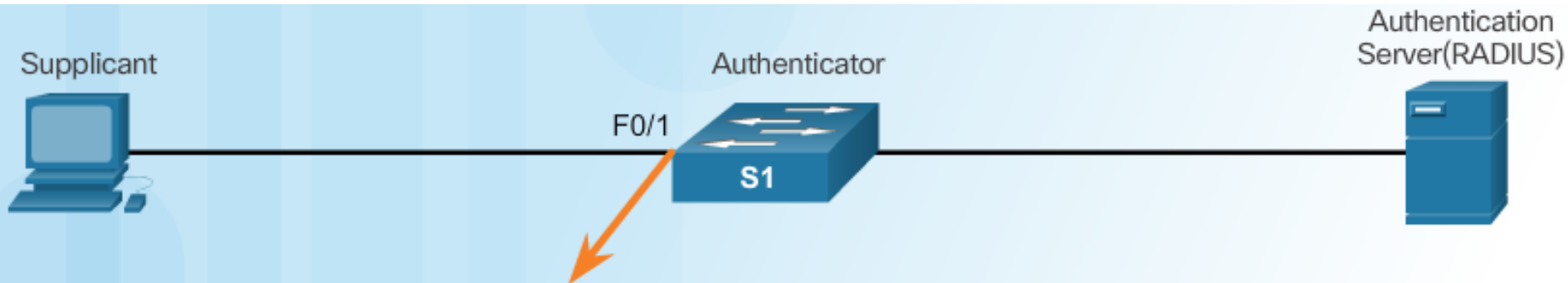


Security Using 802.1X Port-Based Authentication

802.1X Message Exchange



802.1X Port Authorization State



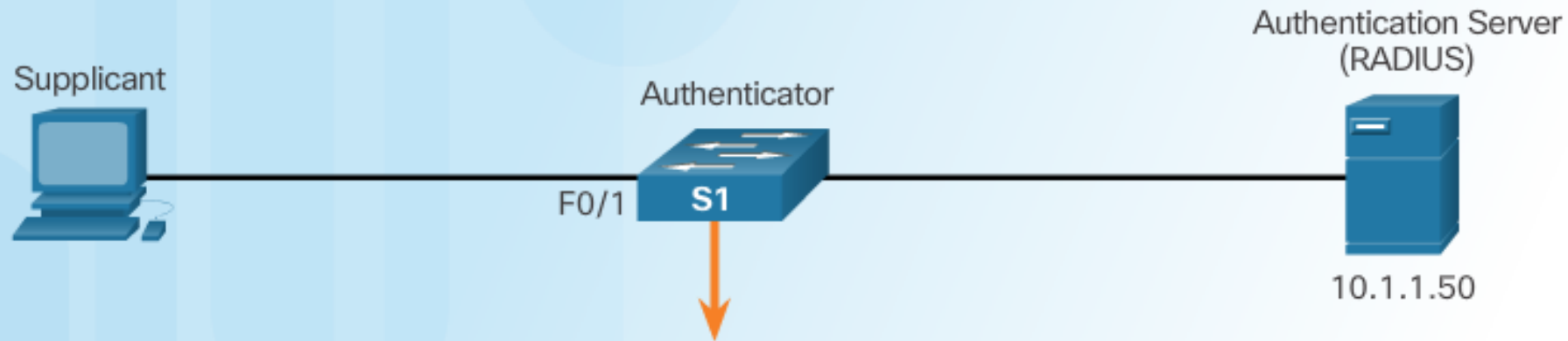
```
S1 (config-if) # authentication port-control {auto | force-authorized | force-unauthorized}
```

Parameter

Description

auto	Enables 802.1X port-based authentication and causes the port to begin in the unauthorized state, enabling only EAPOL frames to be sent and received through the port.
force-authorized	The port sends and receives normal traffic without 802.1x-based authentication of the client. This is the default setting.
force-unauthorized	Causes the port to remain in the unauthorized state, ignoring all attempts by the client to authenticate. The switch cannot provide authentication services to the client through the port.

Configuring 802.1X



```
S1(config)# aaa new-model
S1(config)# radius server CCNAS
S1(config-radius-server)# address ipv4 10.1.1.50 auth-port 1812 acct-port 1813
S1(config-radius-server)# key RADIUS-Pa55w0rd
S1(config-radius-server)# exit
S1(config)# aaa authentication dot1x default group radius
S1(config)# dot1x system-auth-control
S1(config)# interface F0/1
S1(config-if)# description Access Port
S1(config-if)# switchport mode access
S1(config-if)# authentication port-control auto
S1(config-if)# dot1x pae authenticator
```