

PA193 - Secure coding principles and practices



LAB: Static analysis of source code



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Disclaimer

- The slides for this seminar (and part of the lecture) are taken from newly created lecture for PV080.
 - (you will also see pv080 on screenshots)
- If you already absolved this course, try to enjoy it again 😊
- But new content was created only this autumn and most of you already absolved PV080 long before that (and GitHub introduced decent support for static analysis only in Summer 2020)
- (for next years, I will update accordingly)

Idea of the seminar

- Prepare repo with vulnerable code (IS->buggycode.zip)
- Enable automatic static analysis via GitHub Actions
 - Several providers of analysis environment (custom or standard tools)
- Trigger by commit, investigate warnings/errors found
- Fix it, review again
- (Analyze your own homework before submission)
- Warning: Code scanning Actions are relatively new to GitHub, they may be glitches, UI bugs and tool failures

Basic analysis of C/C++ source code with various tools

CODE SCANNING WITH GITHUB + ACTIONS + CODACY

Steps

1. Create repo on GitHub
2. Enable code analysis
3. Clone repo locally
4. Insert code with vulnerability, commit and push
5. Investigate results of analysis
6. Fix selected issue, rerun analysis
7. Repeat from step 5.



Create repo on GitHub

- Online at github.com
- Make repo public
 - GitHub Actions are free only for public ones
- Add readme, .gitignore, license
 - Generally good practice
- For start, don't mix languages
 - Put code of single lang in repo (e.g, c++)
 - Makes automatic analysis more difficult
 - E.g., 'pv080_test_cpp' & 'pv080_test_java'

Create a new repository


A repository contains all project files, including the revision history. Already have a project repository elsewhere?
[Import a repository.](#)


Owner *

 petrs / 

Great repository name. How about [curly-carnival?](#)

Description (optional)

 **Public**
Anyone on the internet can see this repository. You choose who can commit.


 **Private**
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Initialize this repository with:
Skip this step if you're importing an existing repository.

Add a README file
This is where you can write a long description for your project. [Learn more.](#)

Add .gitignore
Choose which files not to track from a list of templates. [Learn more.](#)

Choose a license
A license tells others what they can and can't do with your code. [Learn more.](#)

This will set  `main` as the default branch. Change the default name in your [settings](#).

Enable code scanning actions

- Online at github.com
- *Github* → *Repo* → *Security* → Set up code scanning
- Select Codacy Security Scan (scroll down in offered scans)
 - ‘Set up this workflow’ button

[petrs / pv080_test_cpp](#)

Code Issues Pull requests Actions Projects Wiki **Security** Insights Settings

- Overview
- Security policy
- Security advisories 0
- Dependabot alerts
- Code scanning alerts**

Security overview

- **Security policy**
Define how users should report security vulnerabilities for this repository [Set up a security policy](#)
- **Security advisories**
View or disclose security advisories for this repository [View security advisories](#)
- **Dependabot alerts**
Get notified when one of your dependencies has a vulnerability [Enable Dependabot alerts](#)
- **Code scanning alerts**
Automatically detect common vulnerability and coding errors [Set up code scanning](#)

Get started with code scanning

Automatically detect common vulnerabilities and coding errors

CodeQL Analysis
by GitHub

Security analysis from GitHub for C, C++, C#, Java, JavaScript, TypeScript, Python, and Go developers.

[Set up this workflow](#)

Security analysis from the Marketplace

42Crunch API Security Audit
by 42crunch

Use the 42Crunch API Security Audit REST API to perform static application security testing (SAST) on OpenAPI/Swagger files.

[Unwatch](#) 1 [Star](#) 0 [Fork](#) 0

Codacy Security Scan
by Codacy

Free, out-of-the-box, security analysis provided by multiple open source static analysis tools.

Commit configuration file for Codacy scan

- No changes required to `codacy_analysis.yml`
 - Start commit → Commit new file
 - Can be found at `/.github/workflows/ codacy_analysis.yml` for later edits

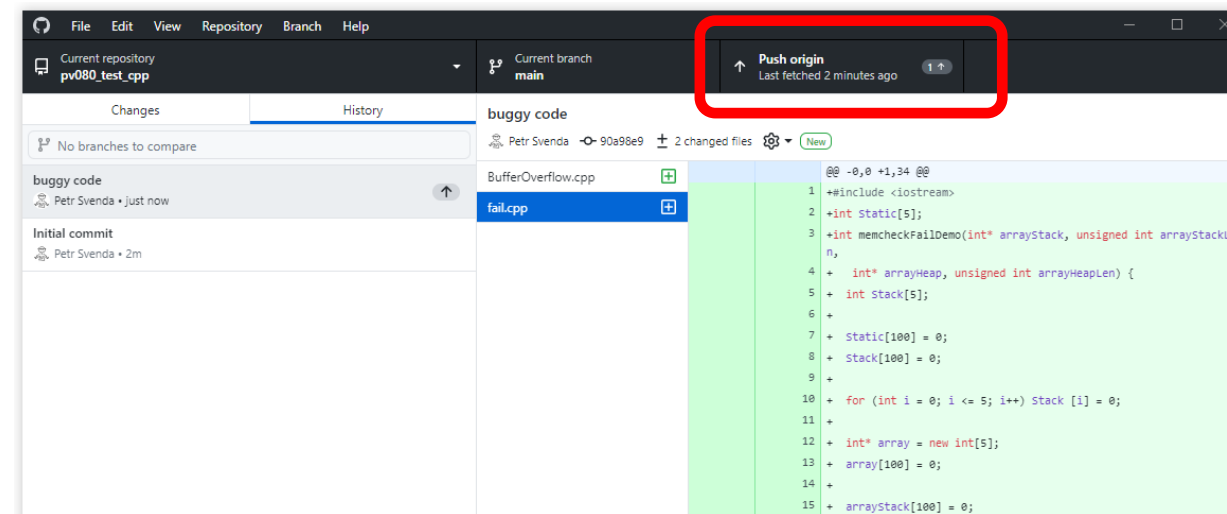
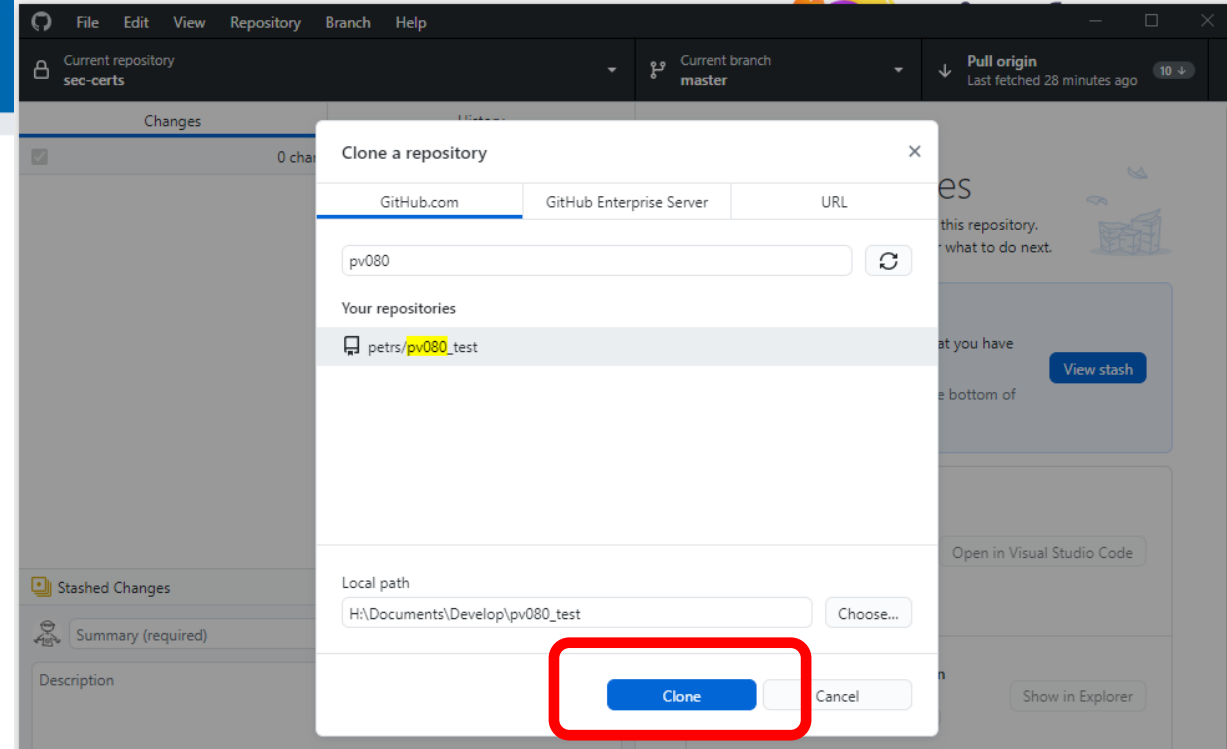
The screenshot shows the GitHub repository page for `petrs/pv080_test_cpp`. The file `codacy-analysis.yml` is being edited in the `/.github/workflows/` directory. The file content is as follows:

```
1 # This workflow checks out code, performs a Codacy security scan
2 # and integrates the results with the
3 # GitHub Advanced Security code scanning feature. For more information on
4 # the Codacy security scan action usage and parameters, see
5 # https://github.com/codacy/codacy-analysis-cli-action.
6 # For more information on Codacy Analysis CLI in general, see
7 # https://github.com/codacy/codacy-analysis-cli.
8
9 name: Codacy Security Scan
10
11 on:
12   push:
13     branches: [ main ]
14   pull_request:
15     branches: [ main ]
16
17 jobs:
18   codacy-security-scan:
19     name: Codacy Security Scan
20     runs-on: ubuntu-latest
21     steps:
22       # Checkout the repository to the GitHub Actions runner
23       - name: Checkout code
24         uses: actions/checkout@v2
25
26       # Execute Codacy Analysis CLI and generate a SARIF output with the security issues identified during the analysis
27       - name: Run Codacy Analysis CLI
```

The interface highlights the `Start commit` button and the `Commit new file` button. The `Commit new file` dialog is open, showing the file name `Create codacy-analysis.yml` and the commit message `Add an optional extended description...`. The commit is being made to the `main` branch.

Prepare repo content

- Locally on your PC
- Clone repository on your PC
 - GitHub Desktop File → Clone
 - git checkout your_repository.git
- Copy example buggy code into your repo and commit
 - IS → Study materials, buggycode.zip
 - Commit new files, push to repo (Push origin)



Analyze results I.

- Observe scheduled, running and finished actions
- Online at github.com
- *Github* → *Repo* → *Actions*
- Re-run jobs if desired
 - Done on same commit!
 - Useful if Action failed due to external service

The screenshot displays the GitHub Actions interface for a repository named 'petrs / pv080_test_cpp'. The 'Actions' tab is selected and highlighted with a red box. Below the repository name, a commit message 'Merge branch 'main' of https://github.com/petrs/pv08...' is visible. A job named 'Codacy Security Scan' is shown as completed with a green checkmark. A red box highlights the job name. To the right, a 'Re-run jobs' button is also highlighted with a red box. The job details panel is expanded, showing a list of steps: 'Set up job' (10s), 'Checkout code' (1s), and 'Run Codacy Analysis CLI' (45s). The 'Run Codacy Analysis CLI' step is expanded to show its log output, which includes the command 'Run codacy/codacy-analysis-cli-action@1.1.0' and the execution of 'https://raw.githubusercontent.com/codacy/codacy-analysis-cli/4.0.0/bin/codacy-analysis-cli.sh'. The log shows the process of resolving the script, connecting to the raw.githubusercontent.com server, and successfully downloading the script to the local environment.

Analyze results II.

- Online at github.com
- *Github* → *Repo* → **Security**
 - When actions are finished
- **Code scanning alerts**
 - Sorted by tool (e.g., Cppcheck)
- **Shown similarly to Issues**
 - Open, Closed
 - Can be filtered (severity...)
 - But visible only to repo developers

The screenshot shows the GitHub Security interface for the repository 'petrs / pv080_test_cpp'. The 'Security' tab is selected, showing 60 alerts. The 'Code scanning' section displays a list of alerts, with the following details:

- Filters: tool:"Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)" is:open
- Summary: 54 Open, 0 Closed
- Alerts:
 - Array index out of bounds; 'arrayStack' buffer size is 20 and it is accessed at offset 400. (file:///codacy/fail.cpp#L15)
 - Array 'Static[5]' accessed at index 100, which is out of bounds. (file:///codacy/fail.cpp#L7)
 - Array 'Stack[5]' accessed at index 100, which is out of bounds. (file:///codacy/fail.cpp#L8) - This alert is highlighted with a red box.
 - Array 'Stack[5]' accessed at index 5, which is out of bounds. (file:///codacy/fail.cpp#L10)
 - Memory leak: data_copy (file:///codacy/BufferOverflow.cpp#L118)
 - MISRA 17.7 rule (file:///codacy/BufferOverflow.cpp#L45)
 - MISRA 15.6 rule (file:///codacy/fail.cpp#L10)
 - MISRA 15.5 rule (file:///codacy/BufferOverflow.cpp#L118)
 - MISRA 17.7 rule

The left sidebar shows the 'Code scanning alerts' section with 60 alerts, broken down by tool: Cppcheck (54), Flawfinder (5), and Remark-lint (1). The 'Security' tab in the top navigation bar is also highlighted with a red box.

Update: 8.3.2021

- More bugs are reported currently (8.3.2021) than end of last year
 - More analysis tools were added in meantime (e.g., Bandit)

Overview	
Security policy	
Security advisories	0
Dependabot alerts	
Code scanning alerts	103
Bandit (reported by Codacy)	5
Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)	51
Flawfinder (reported by Codacy)	5
Prospector (reported by Codacy)	11
Pylint (reported by Codacy)	13
Pylintpython3 (reported by Codacy)	17
Remark-lint (reported by Codacy)	1

Code scanning


[Set up more code scanning tools](#)

Filters

5 Open 0 Closed

Branch Severity Rule Tag Sort

<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Consider possible security implications associated with subprocess module. file:///codacy/bad_pickle.py#L4 • Detected 4 minutes ago	main
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Consider possible security implications associated with subprocess module. file:///codacy/bad_pickle.py#L6 • Detected 4 minutes ago	main
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Consider possible security implications associated with cPickle module. file:///codacy/bad_pickle.py#L3 • Detected 4 minutes ago	main
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	subprocess call with shell=True identified, security issue. file:///codacy/bad_pickle.py#L12 • Detected 4 minutes ago	main
<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	Use of assert detected. The enclosed code will be removed when compiling to optimised byte code. file:///codacy/bad_pickle.py#L17 • Detected 4 minutes ago	main

 **ProTip!** You can run CodeQL locally from the command line. [Learn more](#)

Notes

- Standard Issues are used to report bugs or ask for / plan enhancements and new features (usually opened manually)
- Code scanning alerts are similarly treated, but opened automatically, visible only to developers
- Results from tool(s) are transformed to standardized 'OASIS Static Analysis Results Interchange Format (SARIF) TC', which GitHub can process, and display issues based on it

Analyze results III.

- Bug triage
 - atm, bug properties cannot be changed
 - (expect UI change in future)
- Can be dismissed (=> will not be fixed)
 - E.g., if False positive, not relevant...
 - Severity is set by original tools
 - Expect unification in future
 - **Dismiss only bugs you are sure about!**

Array index out of bounds; 'arrayStack' buffer size is 20 and it is accessed at offset 400.

Open Warning

branch: main

file:///codacy/fail.cpp

Preview unavailable
Sorry, we couldn't find this file in the repository.

Array index out of bounds; 'arrayStack' buffer size is 20 and it is accessed at offset 400.
Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)

Tool	Rule ID
Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)	cppcheck_ctuArrayIndex

No rule help available for this alert.

First appeared in commit 0d0ffeb 13 minutes ago

Merge branch 'main' of https://github.com/petrs/pv080_test_cpp into main ✓ 0d0ffeb

file:///codacy/fail.cpp#L15 on branch main

Fix bug(s)

- Locate reported bug in source code
 - (Note: for the moment, bug preview at Github is not working)
 - Use file and line number to locate (e.g., fail.cpp#L7 => line 7 in fail.cpp)
- Fix bug
 - E.g., Static[5]; → Static[101];
 - (Note: not proper fix, check length instead)
- Commit, Push
 - Will trigger analysis again
- Fixed issues are now in ‘Closed’ category
 - Introducing and fixing commit is visible in history

The screenshot shows a GitHub issue for a Cppcheck warning. The issue title is "Array 'Static[5]' accessed at index 100, which is out of bounds." The issue is currently in the "Warning" state, but it has been marked as "Fixed". The issue description shows the error message: "Array 'Static[5]' accessed at index 100, which is out of bounds." and "Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)". The issue is on the "main" branch of the file:///codacy/fail.cpp. The issue history shows that it first appeared in commit 0d0ffeb 34 minutes ago and was fixed in branch main with commit 68e89f2 1 minute ago.

Array 'Static[5]' accessed at index 100, which is out of bounds.

Open Warning

Dismiss

file:///codacy/fail.cpp

Preview unavailable
Sorry, we couldn't find this file in the repository.

Array 'Static[5]' accessed at index 100, which is out of bounds.
Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)

Branch: main

Dismiss

file:///codacy/fail.cpp

Preview unavailable
Sorry, we couldn't find this file in the repository.

Array 'Static[5]' accessed at index 100, which is out of bounds.
Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)

Tool	Rule ID
Cppcheck (reported by Codacy)	cppcheck_arrayIndexOutOfBounds

No rule help available for this alert.

First appeared in commit 0d0ffeb 34 minutes ago

Merge branch 'main' of https://github.com/petrs/pv080_test_cpp into main
file:///codacy/fail.cpp#L7 on branch main

Fixed in branch main with commit 68e89f2 1 minute ago

fix

Scanning of python source code with

ADDITIONAL SCANNING OF PYTHON CODE WITH SHIFTLIFT SCANNER

Scan

by ShiftLeft

Scan is a free open-source security tool for modern DevOps teams from ShiftLeft.

[Set up this workflow](#)

Setup ShiftLeft actions on repo

- Create new repository (or reuse previous), clone locally
- Enable code scanning actions
 - Set up more scanning tools – pick ‘Scan by ShiftLeft‘
- No need to change shiftright-analysis.yml before commit
- Copy buggy python code to repo, push, analyze results

The screenshot shows the GitHub Code Scanning interface. The 'Security' tab is highlighted in the top navigation bar. The 'Code scanning' section is active, displaying a search filter for 'tool:Python Security Analysis' and a list of alerts. One alert is highlighted with a red box: 'Improper Neutralization of Special Elements used in an OS Command ('OS Command Injection')' on the 'main' branch, detected 2 minutes ago. A 'Set up more code scanning tools' button is also highlighted in a red box.

Branch	Severity	Rule	Tag	Sort
main	High	Improper Neutralization of Special Elements used in an OS Command ('OS Command Injection')		

Notes

- ShiftLeft scan requires no special configuration (same as Codacy)
- Will find additional bug in Python code
- Provides better explanation of bug (results from tools are likely to improve in future)

Bit more advanced setup, CodeQL code analysis, configurable build steps

CODE SCANNING WITH GITHUB + ACTIONS + CODEQL

CodeQL basics

- Your source code → CodeQL code → rules executed on that canonical code
 - Adding support for new language (e.g., Go) => just convert Go source code to CodeQL canonical form and then use all already existing rules
- CodeQL uses own language to write analysis rules
 - Many existing security rules are already written, you don't need to learn this language or write own rules to use it
- CodeQL is integrated in GitHub Actions or can be run for external CI
 - We will use integrated option
 - <https://docs.github.com/en/free-pro-team@latest/github/finding-security-vulnerabilities-and-errors-in-your-code/enabling-code-scanning-for-a-repository>
- Note: difference between dedicated tool (e.g., cppcheck) and CodeQL
 - Single tool for single language – detection rules must be written again for new lang
 - CodeQL – detection rules are written for canonical code, new lang requires only to write conversion between lang code and canonical code

Setup CodeQL actions on repository

- Create new repository (e.g., pv080_test_python), clone locally
- Enable code scanning actions
 - Pick CodeQL (instead of Codacy)
- Check codeql-analysis.yml before commit
 - Modify set of target languages
 - language: ['cpp']
- Copy buggy code to repo, push

```

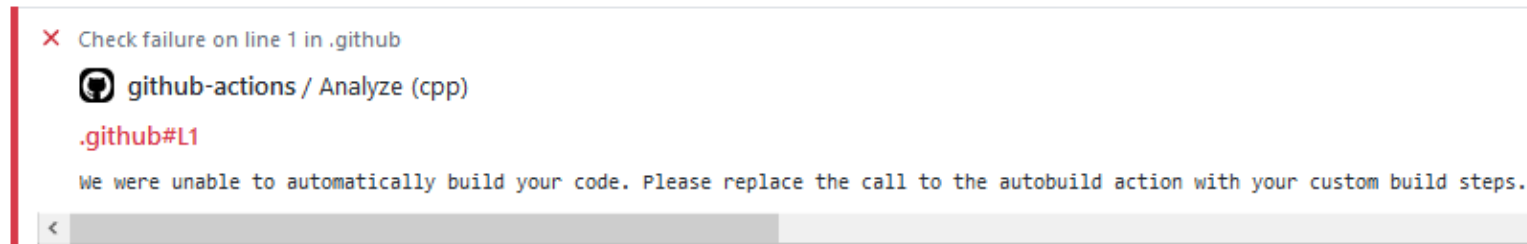
27 strategy:
28   fail-fast: false
29
30   matrix:
31     language: [ 'cpp', 'java', 'python' ]
32     # CodeQL supports [ 'cpp', 'csharp', 'go', 'java', 'javascript', 'py
33     # Learn more:
34     # https://docs.github.com/en/free-pro-team@latest/github/finding-seci
35
36 steps:
37   - name: Checkout repository

```

The screenshot shows the GitHub interface for a repository named 'petrs/pv080_test'. The 'Security' tab is active, displaying a sidebar with navigation options: Overview, Security policy, Security advisories (0), Dependabot alerts, and Code scanning alerts. The main content area features a 'Get started with code scanning' section with the text 'Automatically detect common vulnerabilities and coding errors'. A prominent 'CodeQL Analysis' card by GitHub is highlighted with a red border, containing a description of the tool and a 'Set up this workflow' button. Below this, there are cards for '42Crunch API Security Audit' and 'Codacy Security Scan'.

Fixing build for CodeQL

- CodeQL Action may fail with:



```
× Check failure on line 1 in .github
github-actions / Analyze (cpp)
.github#L1
We were unable to automatically build your code. Please replace the call to the autobuild action with your custom build steps.
```

- Reason
 - Analysis for some languages works on the compiled code/bytecode (e.g., Java)
 - Static analysis generally runs on unfinished code, but not always
 - One shall not commit broken code to repo anyway
- Fix: tell CodeQL how to build

Fixing build for CodeQL I.

- GitHub CodeQL tries to compile your code
 - But how it knows how to compile your project?
- Autobuild feature is only heuristic (=> can be wrong, can fail)
 - <https://docs.github.com/en/free-pro-team@latest/github/finding-security-vulnerabilities-and-errors-in-your-code/configuring-the-codeql-workflow-for-compiled-languages>
 - Depends on CI operating system
 - Search for .sln or .vcxproj (MS Visual Studio), then call MSBuild.exe
 - Search for build.bat, build.cmd, and build.exe, then run it
 - Search for Makefile, then call make
 - Starts in repo root, then try in subdirectories...
- Tip: Start with simplest example, make it work, then make more complicated

Fixing build for CodeQL II.

- The solution depends on build system for your project
 - Make, gradle, ant, maven...
 - We will only discuss simple direct build with g++ and makefile
- Option 1: Makefile into repo root (g++ fail.cpp)
 - Feel free to use improved makefile scripts
 - Generally better solution than option 2
- Option 2: Direct specification in codeql-analysis.yml
 - Disable autobuild by commenting it out with #
 - Insert conditional statement based on language
 - Example here for cpp and java
 - Python is left with autobuild
 - More flexibility in configuration, more changes to scripts

```
main:  
  g++ ./fail.cpp
```

```
50 # Autobuild attempts to build any compiled languages (C/C++, C#, or Java).  
51 # If this step fails, then you should remove it and run the build manually (see below)  
52 #- name: Autobuild  
53 # uses: github/codeql-action/autobuild@v1  
54  
55 - if: matrix.language == 'cpp'  
56   name: Build cpp  
57   run: |  
58     g++ ./fail.cpp  
59  
60 - if: matrix.language == 'java'  
61   name: Build Java  
62   run: |  
63     ant -f ./build.xml compile  
64  
65 - if: matrix.language == 'python'  
66   name: Build Python  
67   uses: github/codeql-action/autobuild@v1
```


Setup Action to observe new vulnerabilities in your dependencies, notify you and even propose automatic patch

CHECKING SECURITY OF DEPENDENCIES GITHUB + DEPENDABOT

Enable dependabot

- Enable Dependabot alerts
 - You will receive notification about vulnerable dependency
- Enable Dependabot security updates
 - You will receive automatic pull requests fixing vulnerable dependency
 - Always analyze automatic pull requests for correctness

The screenshot shows the 'Configure security and analysis features' page in a GitHub repository. On the left is a sidebar menu with options: Options, Manage access, Security & analysis (highlighted), Branches, Webhooks, Notifications, Integrations, and Deploy keys. The main content area has a title 'Configure security and analysis features' and a subtitle 'Security and analysis features help keep your repository secure and updated. By enabling these features, you're granting us permission to perform read-only analysis on your repository.' Below this are three sections: 'Dependency graph' (with a 'Disable' button), 'Dependabot alerts' (with an 'Enable' button, highlighted by a red box), and 'Dependabot security updates' (with an 'Enable' button, also highlighted by a red box).

The screenshot shows a GitHub pull request titled 'Bump junit from 4.12 to 4.13.1 in /CryptoOperationsExtractor #1'. It is marked as 'Merged' and shows a commit by 'dependabot' on Oct 13. A yellow banner states: 'This automated pull request fixes a security vulnerability. Only users with access to Dependabot alerts can see this message. Learn more about Dependabot security updates, opt out, or give us feedback.' Below the banner, the pull request details show 'Changes from all commits' and a 'Review changes' button. The commit message is: 'Bump junit from 4.12 to 4.13.1 in /CryptoOperationsExtractor'. The commit details show the dependency was updated from version 4.12 to 4.13.1. The diff view shows the change in the 'pom.xml' file:

```

47     <dependency>
48       <groupId>junit</groupId>
49       <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
50 -     <version>4.12</version>
50 +     <version>4.13.1</version>
51     <scope>test</scope>
52   </dependency>
53 </dependency>

```

Notes

- Dependabot is well established feature of GitHub
- GitHub checks for vulnerabilities in major libraries (dependencies) and notify you if your repo use it

Run cppcheck locally without Github Actions. Suitable for projects with proprietary code, troubleshooting, execution with non-standard parameters etc.

RUNNING TOOL(S) LOCALLY

Cppcheck for C++ files

- For small files, you may try cppcheck online
 - <https://cppcheck.sourceforge.net/demo/>
 - Paste fail.cpp into browser and Check
 - Compare with errors as reported by Codacy
- Run cppcheck from command line
 - Get latest release
 - <https://github.com/danmar/cppcheck/releases>
 - Run `cppcheck --enable=all fail.cpp`
- Run cppcheck via GUI
 - Allows for analysis of folders, sorting by severity...

Online Demo

Enter code: (max 1024 characters)

```
#include <jstream>
int Static[5];
int memcheckFailDemo(int* arrayStack, unsigned int arrayStackLen,
int* arrayHeap, unsigned int arrayHeapLen) {
int Stack[5];

Static[100] = 0;
Stack[100] = 0;

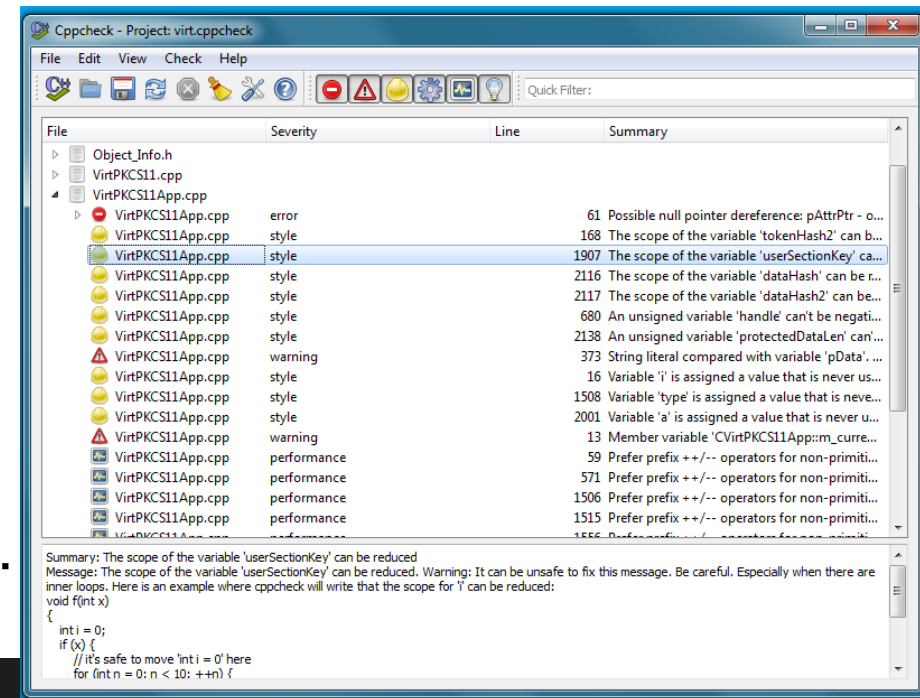
for (int i = 0; i <= 5; i++) Stack [i] = 0;

int* array = new int[5];
array[100] = 0;

arrayStack[100] = 0;
arrayHeap[100] = 0;

for (unsigned int i = 0; i <= arrayStackLen; i++) {
arrayStack[i] = 0;
}
for (unsigned int i = 0; i <= arrayHeapLen; i++) {
```

Check



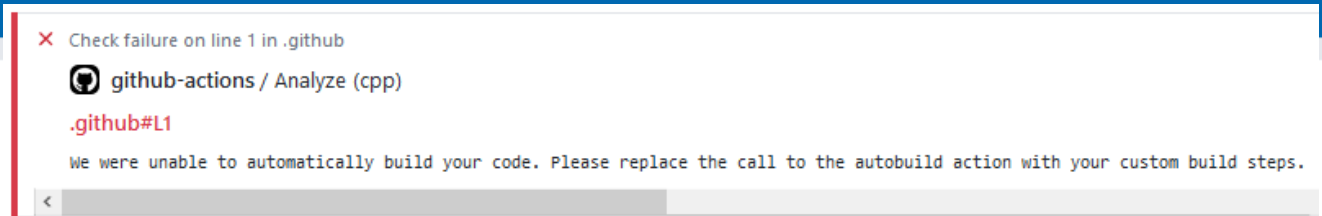
Other tools

- There are many tools for different languages
- Codacy Action is “just” running preconfigured tools
- Try it!

**STILL WANT MORE? TRY ON YOUR OLD
PB071 HOMEWORK 😊**

Some hints on common issues

TROUBLESHOOTING



Troubleshooting

- Analysis is not finished yet
 - Wait an hour, try to make another bogus commit (update file)
- Start from small working examples, then extend to larger project
 - E.g., simple main.java, only later large java project via ant
- Analyze failed to start for specific language
 - GitHub Actions usually requires code to be compilable
 - Analysis for some languages works on the compiled code/bytecode (e.g., Java)
 - (static analysis runs on unfinished code, but one shall not commit broken code to repo)
 - Github will invoke autobuild feature
 - Tries to build various languages as defined here
 - <https://docs.github.com/en/free-pro-team@latest/github/finding-security-vulnerabilities-and-errors-in-your-code/configuring-the-codeql-workflow-for-compiled-languages>
- Paths case sensitivity
 - Linux is case-sensitive for path names while Windows isn't
 - /java/ and /Java/ are the same on Windows, but not on Linux
- Clicking on log of 'Perform Code QL Analysis' shows nothing
 - Likely GitHub bug, click left on the Analyze (language), then again on 'Perform Code QL Analysis'
- Makefile requires tabs, not spaces

Some tips

- Setup scanning tools at the beginning of new project
 - And make sure all bugs are always fixed (similar to “compile cleanly” mantra)
- Look at the text logs produced by actions (click on named Action)
 - What tool was executed, what configuration...
- Tools will improve over the time (detected bugs, visualization on GitHub side)

**NO HOMEWORK ASSIGNMENT THIS
WEEK 😊**

CHECK-OUT



symmetry.physio

Checkout

- Which of the seminar parts you enjoyed most?
- Write three items you liked (ideally, single word)
- Write to sli.do when displayed

slido

Write a topic from the seminar you enjoyed most

 Start presenting to display the poll results on this slide.

**THANK YOU FOR COMING, SEE YOU
NEXT WEEK**