#### **PV204 Security technologies LABS**

JavaCard programming, Secure Multiparty Computation

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#### The masterplan for this lab

- Threshold ECDSA signature/decryption (MeeSign tool)
  - Large group, smaller groups
- Brainstorm interesting usages of MPC
- Manage and update JavaCard applications on smartcard



### Secure Multiparty Computation

#### **Preparation (every student)**

- Download and extract MeeSign client for your platform at <a href="https://meesign.crocs.fi.muni.cz/">https://meesign.crocs.fi.muni.cz/</a>
  - Alternatively use the provided VM <a href="http://is.muni.cz/go/meesign-vm">http://is.muni.cz/go/meesign-vm</a>
- Connect to university network => wlan-fi, eduroam, vpn esign
- Start MeeSign application
- Check that server is set to meesign.crocs.fi.muni.cz
- Set your name as 'pv204 0x your\_nick\_here' (replace x by number of your seminar group)
- Click Register





#### **Troubleshooting**

- Missing link to libssl.so 1.1 -<u>https://stackoverflow.com/questions/72133316/libssl-so-1-1-cannot-open-shared-object-file-no-such-file-or-directory</u>
- You can run multiple clients on single machine
  - Download binary from <a href="https://meesign.crocs.fi.muni.cz/">https://meesign.crocs.fi.muni.cz/</a>
  - Create first, second, third... new folder, extract binary there
  - Run meesign\_client from each folder

# symmetry physic

#### Task1: Signing as a larger group

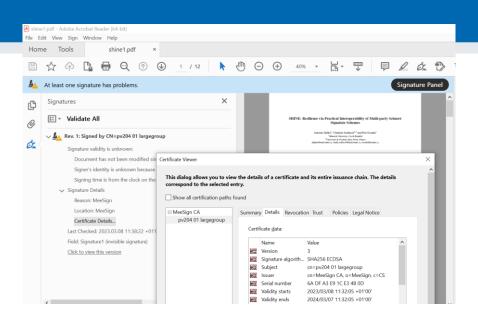
- New group 'PV204\_0x\_large' created by tutor
  - Threshold set to n-2
  - Students added by nickname (or QRCode)
- Confirm yourself in when prompted
- Tutor starts signing of document, wait for notification
- Open then sign pdf document shared, Sign afterwards
- Wait for the finalization (n-2 people needed)
- Check yourself properties of the resulting MPC signature
  - Adobe Acrobat Reader or <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/DSS/webapp-demo/validation">https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/DSS/webapp-demo/validation</a> (upload signed file, Detailed report -> Basic Building Blocks SIGNATURE)

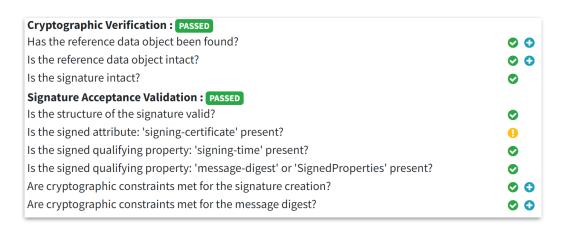


#### Verify pdf signature

- Check resulting signature
  - Adobe Acrobat Reader
  - pdfsig (poppler-utils)
  - Online <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/DSS/webapp-demo/validation">https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/DSS/webapp-demo/validation</a>

```
G pdfsig example.pdf
Digital Signature Info of: example.pdf
Signature #1:
    - Signer Certificate Common Name: Small Group (Jimmy & Joe)
    - Signer full Distinguished Name: CN=Small Group (Jimmy & Joe)
    - Signing Time: May 27 2022 09:05:26
    - Signing Hash Algorithm: SHA-256
    - Signature Type: adbe.pkcs7.detached
    - Signed Ranges: [0 - 106317], [125263 - 125849]
    - Total document signed
    - Signature Validation: Signature is Valid.
    - Certificate Validation: Certificate issuer isn't Trusted.
```





### Task 2: Signing in smaller group

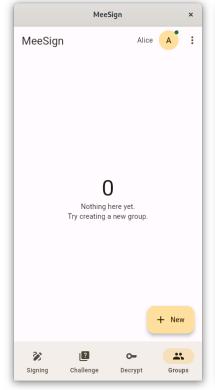
- Groups of 3-4 students (4 devices)
- Create new group with some unique name, add yourself and peers
  - Select purpose as 'Sign PDF'
  - Try to add peers via qrcode
    - Users display qrcode (upper right corner)
    - Group creator Add member → Scan
  - Set threshold to 3-of-4
- Initiate MPC signing, sign, view document
- Check yourself the resulting MPC signature
  - Adobe Acrobat Reader or <a href="https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/DSS/webapp-demo/validation">https://ec.europa.eu/digital-building-blocks/DSS/webapp-demo/validation</a>

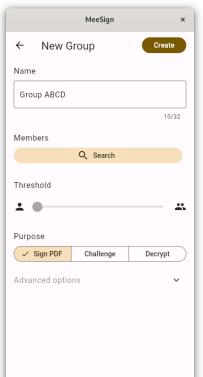




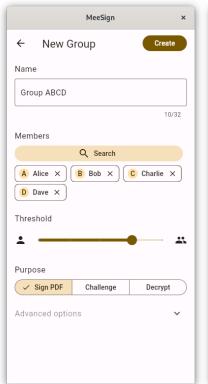
#### Task 2: Setting up a threshold

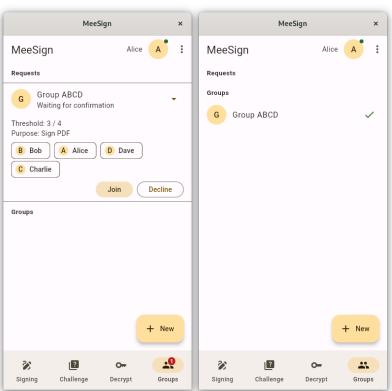
Create a 3-of-4 group for PDF signing





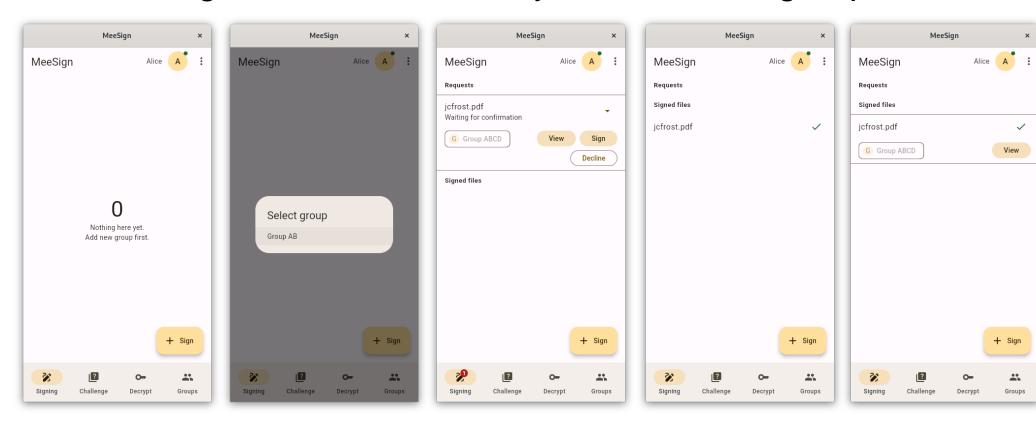






#### Task 2: Setting up a threshold

Create a signature of an arbitrary PDF with the group



#### **Task 2: Questions**

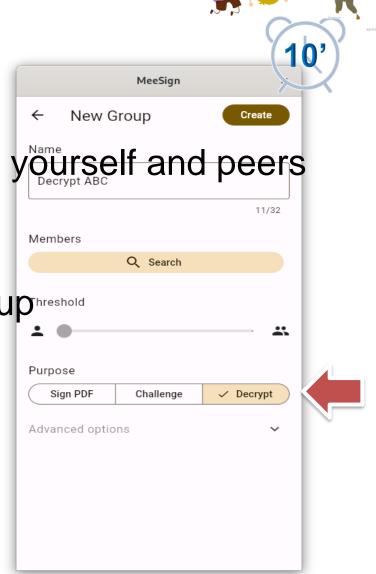
- How did the group creation behave?
  - Did all of you need to approve it? Why?
- How did the signing behave?
  - Did all of you need to approve it? Why?
- What do you think lawyers think about such signature?
  - Accountability?
- Can you set 1-of-n? Why not? What would it mean for the private key?
  - What does it provide beyond a regular single-party signature?
  - Do you have any ideas how it could be used?

#### **Task 2: Questions**

- What is difference between group 2-of-3 and 3-of-3? What is security advantage of the first and second one respectively?
- What if two people from the group refuses to sign?
- How many devices needs an attacker to compromise to forge signatures?
- What is the reason why Adobe Acrobat Reader displays warning about resulting signature?
- What is a public key of your group?

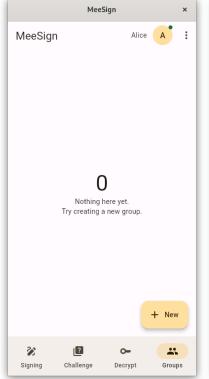
#### Task 3: Multiparty decryption

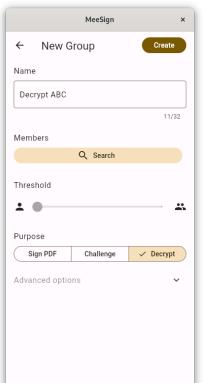
- Keep groups of 3-4 students (3 devices)
- Create new group with some unique name, add yourself and peers
  - Select purpose of group to 'Decrypt'
  - Set threshold 2-of-3
- One sends encrypted image or message to group treshold
- Others decrypt and view result



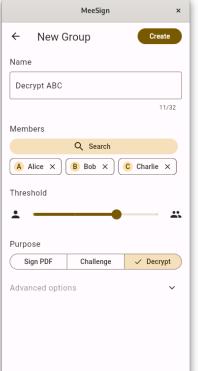
#### Task 3: Multi-party decryption

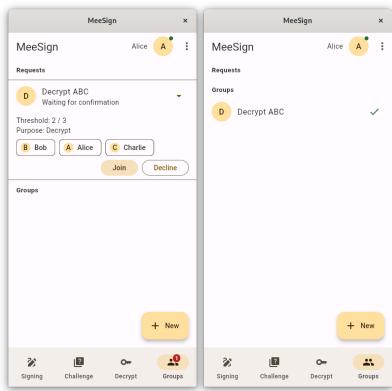
It is not just signing – create a decryption group











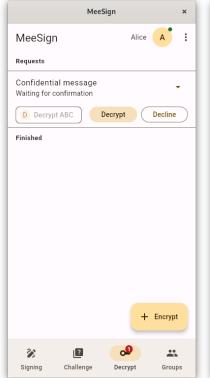
#### Task 3: Multi-party decryption

Send an encrypted image or message to the group











#### Task 3: Questions - Multi-party decryption

- Can everyone in the group see the decrypted message?
- Who can see the decrypted picture?

# ymostry.physio

#### Task: Brainstorm interesting usages for MPC

- Form groups of 3 students
- Brainstorm and write into Miro at least three concrete usage scenarios utilizing asymmetric cryptography where MPC can be used (be creative!)
  - https://miro.com/app/board/uXjVMf66usg=/?share\_link\_id=424368693160
  - Goals achieved, threshold configuration
- Pick the most interesting one and elaborate in more details
  - Describe process of group establishment, problems solved, comparison to single key scenario
- Some hints
  - RSA/ECDSA/Schnorr/EdDSA...
  - Document signing, authentication, collaborative decryption, key generation, PKI, single point of failure, unicorns, key distribution, ...
  - k-of-n threshold, combination with secure hardware, temporary signers, cold-storage signers
  - Human participant, automated participant with policy, redundant participants, multiple shares by one participant, only machine participants, asynchronous participants, timelocks...



## CONVERSION AND UPLOAD TO REAL CARD

We will compile, convert and install SimpleApplet.cap

#### Task: Create cap file and upload to card

- Navigate to SimpleApplet folder
  - src folder contains applet's source code in SimpleApplet.java
  - jcbuild.xml contains configuration for conversion with ant-javacard project

```
Path and name for resulting cap file

<target name="build" description="Builds the CAP file with SimpleApplet">

<javacard jckit="${JC222}">

<cap output="!uploader/SimpleApplet.cap" sources="src/" aid="73696d706c65">

<applet class="applets.SimpleApplet" aid="73696d706c6574"/>

</cap>
</javacard>
</javacard>
</javacard>
</javacard>
</javacard>
</javacard>
</javacard>
</javacard>

Applet main class

(including package name)

Applet AID
```

#### Task: Create cap file and upload to card

- Compile & Convert
  - Execute on cmd line: ant -f jcbuild.xml build

If OK, SimpleApplet.cap is created in !uploader folder

#### Task: Create cap file and upload to card

- <a href="http://github.com/martinpaljak/GlobalPlatformPro">http://github.com/martinpaljak/GlobalPlatformPro</a>
- 1. List already loaded applets

```
- java -jar gp.jar -list -d
```

- 2. Uninstall previous version of SimpleApplet
  - java -jar gp.jar -uninstall SimpleApplet.cap -d
- 3. Install SimpleApplet.cap
  - java -jar gp.jar -install SimpleApplet.cap -d
- 4. Use applet (commands in SimpleAPDU code)

#### Problem: what with other applets on card?

- 1. List already loaded applets
  - java -jar gp.jar -list -d
- 2. Find package\_AID and run:
  - java -jar gp.jar -deletedeps -delete package\_aid
  - The -deletedeps will also delete all applets from target package
- E.g., our SimpleApplet can be also removed by
  - gp -deletedeps -delete 73696d706c65

#### Be aware - real card can be blocked

Too many unsuccessful authentication requests

```
>ap --list -debug
# Detected readers from SunPCSC
[*] Alcor Micro USB Smart Card Reader 0
SCardConnect("Alcor Micro USB Smart Card Reader 0", T=*) -> T=0, 3BF71800008031F
E45736674652D6E66C4
SCardBeginTransaction("Alcor Micro USB Smart Card Reader 0")
A >> T = 0 (4 + 0000) 00A40400 00
A<< (0018+2) (56ms) 6F108408A00000003000000A5049F6501FF 9000
A>> T=0 (4+0008) 80500000 08 6265E168FB2639C1
A<< (0028+2) (118ms) 00003126960097543174010200103595AC1420213D2969EA8B8C41F3 90
openkms.gp.GPException: STRICT WARNING: Card cryptogram invalid!
Card: 3D2969EA8B8C41F3
Host: DB1E6E1E71958A15
!!! DO NOT RE-TRY THE SAME COMMAND/KEYS OR YOU MAY BRICK YOUR CARD !!!
    at openkms.gp.GlobalPlatform.printStrictWarning(GlobalPlatform.java:156)
    at openkms.gp.GlobalPlatform.openSecureChannel(GlobalPlatform.java:471)
    at openkms.gp.GPTool.main(GPTool.java:348)
```

#### Be aware – real card can be blocked

- Don't write script that executes many authentications at once (cycle, multiple commands)
- If unsuccessful one/two authentication is detected, then as for help, please!!!

#### **Questions**

- How can you list applets and packages available on card?
- How can you prevent people listing applets on your card?
- Why you need to remove applet first before installing updated version?



#### ADDING NEW JAVACARD FUNCTIONALITY

We will update, compile, convert and install SimpleApplet.cap

#### Tasks: add new "increment" method to applet

- Implement on-card Increment() method
  - All payload bytes from incoming apdu are incremented by one (separately)
  - Resulting array is returned back to host
- Add new constant for instruction INS\_INC
- Add new method void Increment(APDU apdu) and its implementation
  - setIncomingAndReceive(), for loop over array, setOutgoingAndSend()
- Add method call into switch inside process() method
- Debug functionality with simulated card
- Compile, convert and upload updated applet to real card
- Change from simulator to real card
  - runCfg.setTestCardType(RunConfig.CARD\_TYPE.PHYSICAL);
- Test functionality using real card



#### **NO ASSIGNMENT THIS WEEK ©**

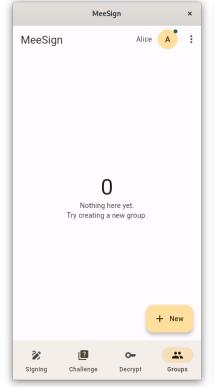


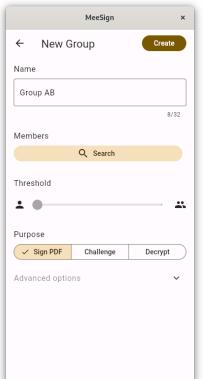


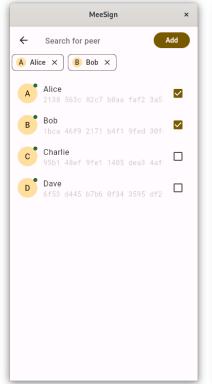
#### SIMPLE EXAMPLE 2-OF-2 GROUP

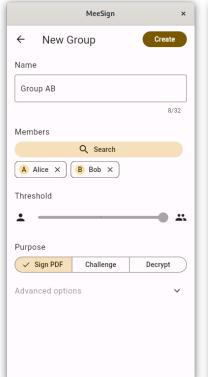
#### **Example: Multi-party PDF signing**

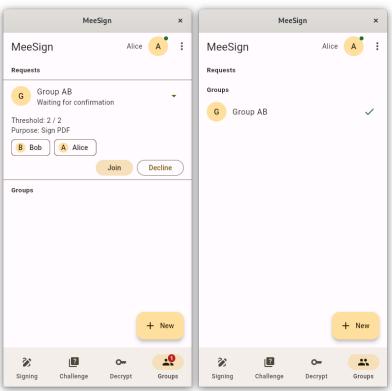
Create a 2-of-2 group for PDF signing





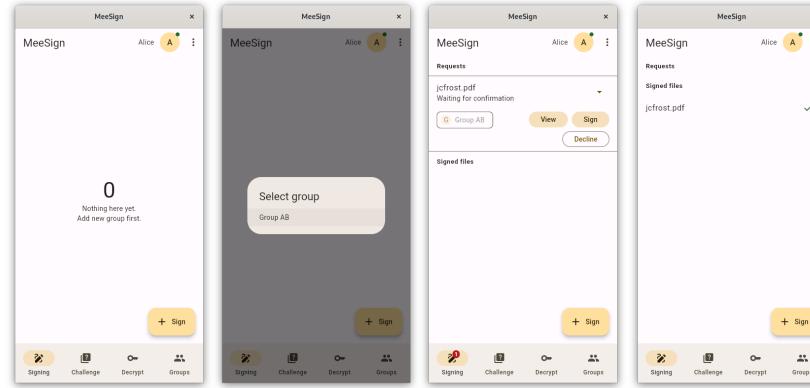


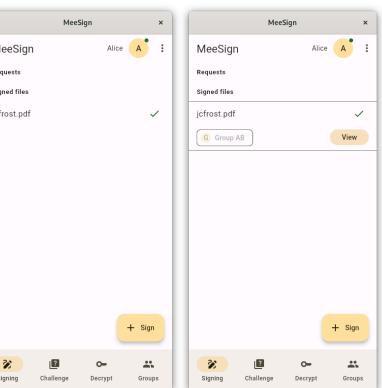




#### **Example: Multi-party PDF signing**

Create a signature of an arbitrary PDF with the group





#### **Example: Multi-party PDF signing**

- Verify the signature
  - Why is it not trusted?

```
Opdfsig jcfrost.signed.pdf
Digital Signature Info of: jcfrost.signed.pdf
Signature #1:
    - Signature Field Name: Signature1
    - Signer Certificate Common Name: Group AB
    - Signer full Distinguished Name: CN=Group AB
    - Signing Time: Mar 11 2024 14:04:38
    - Signing Hash Algorithm: SHA-256
    - Signature Type: adbe.pkcs7.detached
    - Signed Ranges: [0 - 932569], [951515 - 952103]
    - Total document signed
    - Signature Validation: Signature is Valid.
    - Certificate Validation: Certificate issuer isn't Trusted.
```