

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{t} (f(x+tv) - f(x)) =$$

$$= \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{1}{t} (df(x)(tv) + o(t\|v\|))$$

$$\lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{r(t\|v\|)}{t} = \|v\| \cdot \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} \frac{r(t\|v\|)}{\|t\|v\|} = 0$$

$$\frac{r(\|v\|)}{\|v\|} = 0$$

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$$(x+y)^n = \sum_{k=0}^n \binom{n}{k} x^k y^{n-k} =$$

$$= \binom{n}{0} y^n + \binom{n}{1} x y^{n-1} + \dots + \binom{n}{n-1} x^{n-1} y + \binom{n}{n} x^n$$

$$(x+y)^n = (x+y) \dots (x+y) = \sum \binom{n}{k} x^k y^{n-k}$$

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Přibližnou hodnotu vypočteme pomocí Taylorova polynomu 2. stupně funkce $f(x, y) = e^{x^3+y}$ v bodě $[0, 0]$ s diferenciemi $v = (\xi, \eta) = (0, 05; -0, 02)$.

Parciální derivace jsou:

$$\frac{\partial f}{\partial x} = e^{x^3+y} \cdot 3x^2, \quad \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} = e^{x^3+y}, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} = e^{x^3+y} \cdot (3x^2 \cdot 3x^2 + 6x), \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial xy} = e^{x^3+y} \cdot 3x^2, \quad \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} = e^{x^3+y}.$$

Pak

$$T_2(0 + \xi, 0 + \eta) =$$

$$= f(0, 0) + df(0, 0) \cdot (\xi, \eta) + (\xi, \eta) \cdot d^2f(0, 0) \cdot \begin{pmatrix} \xi \\ \eta \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= 1 + \eta + \eta^2 \cdot \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x^2} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} \\ \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial x \partial y} & \frac{\partial^2 f}{\partial y^2} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \xi \\ \eta \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(\xi, \eta) \begin{pmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \xi \\ \eta \end{pmatrix} = (0, 1) \begin{pmatrix} \xi \\ \eta \end{pmatrix} = \eta^2$$

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kvadr. forma 2 prom.

$$(x, y) \begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ c & a \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} = (ax + cy \quad bx + ay) \begin{pmatrix} x \\ y \end{pmatrix} =$$

$$= ax^2 + cxy + bxy + dy^2 = ax^2 + (b+c)xy + dy^2$$

$$(x, y) \mapsto ax^2 + (b+c)xy + dy^2 \in \mathbb{R}$$

$$ax^2 + 2bxy + cy^2$$

mat. matice $\begin{pmatrix} a & b \\ b & c \end{pmatrix}$

indefinitní: $x^2 - y^2$ $\begin{matrix} (2,1) \mapsto 3 \\ (1,2) \mapsto -3 \end{matrix}$

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