

linear:  $x \mapsto ax = y$   
 $x = \frac{1}{a} \cdot y$   
 $a \neq 0$   
 $dy = a \cdot dx$

$F: \mathbb{R}^m \rightarrow \mathbb{R}^n$

$A = (a_{ij})$   
 $x \mapsto A \cdot x$   
 $DF = \left( \frac{\partial F_i}{\partial x_j} \right)_{i,j}$   
 $DF^{-1} = A^{-1}$

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$F(x, y) = 0$   
 $x \in \mathbb{R}^m, y \in \mathbb{R}^n$

$F = (x-s)^2 + (y-t)^2 = r^2$        $x^2 + y^2 = r^2$

$\Rightarrow y = y(x)$

$F_y = 2(y-t)$   
 $y = t \quad x = s \pm r$   
 $\Rightarrow \boxed{F_y = 0}$

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$f(x) = t + \sqrt{(x-s)^2 - r^2}$   
 $f'(x) = \frac{1}{2}((x-s)^2 - r^2)^{-1/2} \cdot 2(x-s) = \frac{x-s}{y-t}$

$F(x, y) = F(x, f(x)) = 0$

$x \mapsto (x, f(x)) \mapsto F(x, f(x))$        $F_y \neq 0$

$0 = dF = F_x dx + F_y f'(x) dx$   
 $= (F_x + F_y \cdot f'(x)) dx \Rightarrow f'(x) = -\frac{F_x}{F_y}$

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$m$        $n$  ( $x_1, \dots, x_m, y_1, \dots, y_n$ )

$n$        $n$

$D_x^1 F$        $D_y^1 F$        $m \times n$  - matrix

regulär

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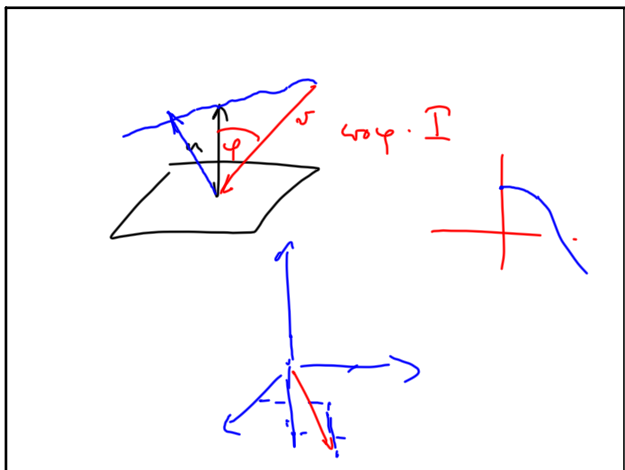
$F(x, y, z) = x^2 + y^2 + z^2$   
 $F(x, y) = r^2$

$c(t) = (x(t), y(t), z(t))$

$\frac{dF(c(t))}{dt} = (F_x \cdot x' + F_y \cdot y' + F_z \cdot z')(t)$

$d_v F = 0 \quad \forall v \in \text{tangent plane}$

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$$D^1 f^i = \left( \frac{\partial f^i}{\partial x_1}, \dots, \frac{\partial f^i}{\partial x_{n+m}} \right)$$

$$i = 1, \dots, n$$

$$\underbrace{m+n+m}_{\text{total}} \quad \begin{matrix} \text{points } x_1, \dots, x_{m+n} \\ \text{---} \\ m+n+m \\ \uparrow \\ \text{dim} = 2n \end{matrix}$$

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grad  $h = (3x^2, 3y^2, 3z^2)$   
 under  $h$  with:  $\langle (2x, 2y, 2z) \rangle$   
 grad  $h = \lambda \nabla h$

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