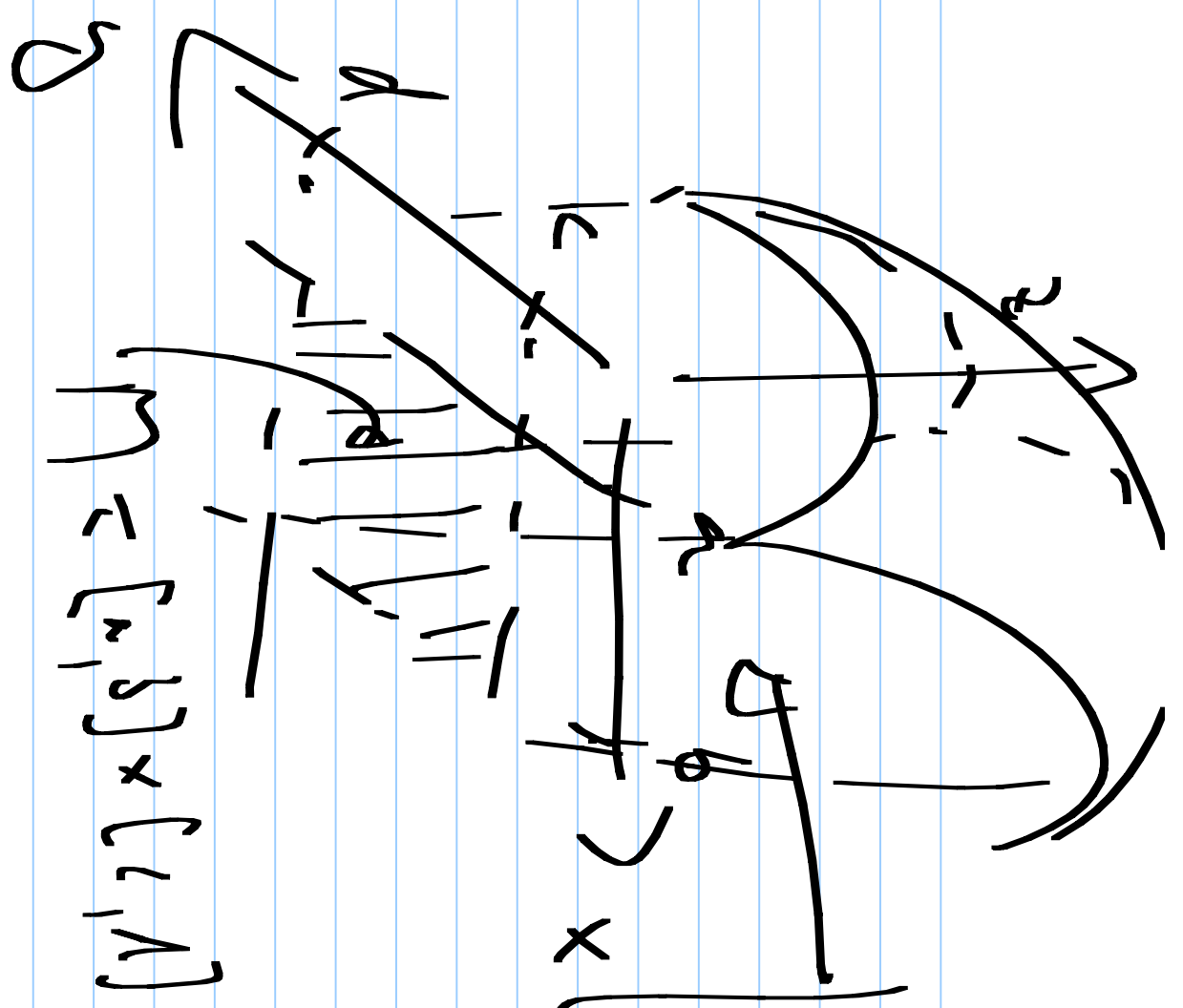


$$F'(x) = f(x)$$

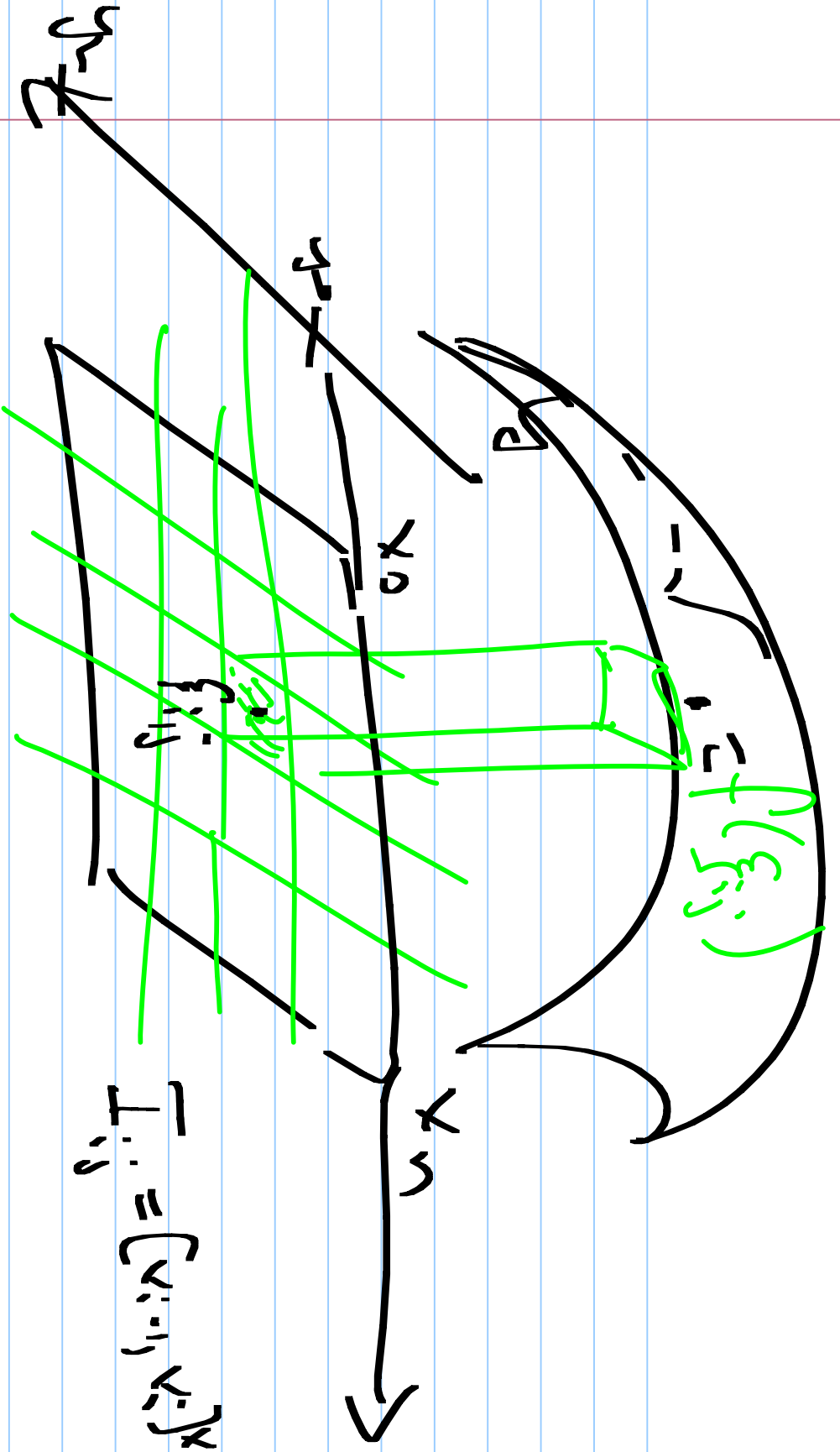
$$\int_a^b f(x) dx = F(b) - F(a)$$

$$z = f(x, y)$$

$$V = \int_M f(x, y) \, dx \, dy$$



$$M = [a, b] \times [c, d]$$



$$I_{yy} = \int_{-y}^{+y} x^2 \cdot dy$$

$$\left| \sum_{i=1}^n f(\xi_i, \bar{y})(x_i - x_{i-1}) - \sum_{i=1}^n f(\xi_i, \bar{y})(x_i - x_{i-1}) \right|$$

$$\leq \sum_{i=1}^n \underbrace{|f(\xi_i, \bar{y}) - f(\xi_{i+1}, \bar{y})|}_{\leq \epsilon} (x_i - x_{i-1})$$

$$\leq \epsilon (b-a) \quad \square$$

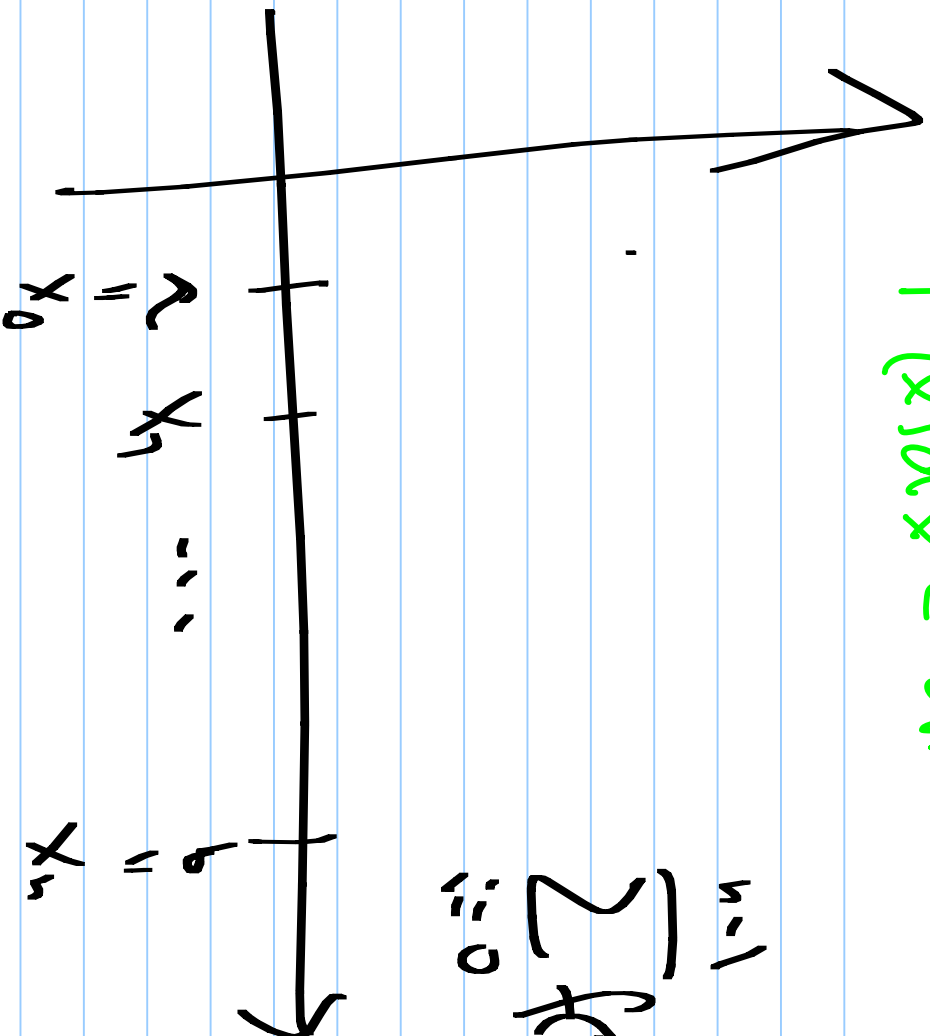
$$F'(x) dx = dF$$

$$f(x_i) \approx \frac{F(x_{i+1}) - F(x_i)}{x_{i+1} - x_i}$$

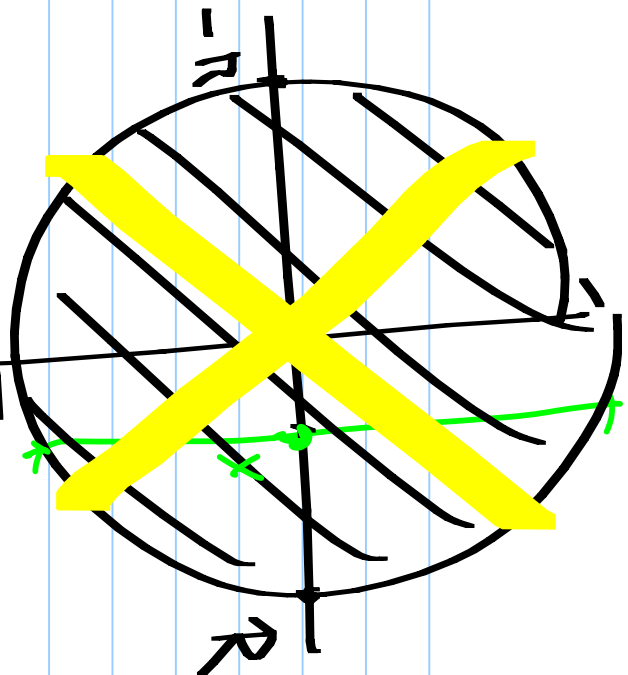
$$\sum_{i=0}^{n-1} f(x_i) (x_{i+1} - x_i) =$$

$$= \sum_{i=0}^{n-1} \frac{F(x_{i+1}) - F(x_i)}{\cancel{x_{i+1} - x_i}} (x_{i+1} - x_i)$$

$$= \underline{\underline{F(x_n) - F(x_0)}}$$



$$\Gamma \approx \{x^2 + y^2 \leq R^2\}$$



$$\int_{\Gamma} x y \, dx \, dy$$

$$0 = \int_{-R}^R x \cdot 0 \, dx = \int_{-R}^R x y \, dy \, dx$$

$$\int_{-R}^R \int_{-\sqrt{R^2-x^2}}^{\sqrt{R^2-x^2}} x y \, dy \, dx$$

$$\int_{-R}^R \left[\frac{1}{2} y^2 \right]_{-\sqrt{R^2-x^2}}^{\sqrt{R^2-x^2}} dx$$

$$I = [a, b] \times [c, d] \supset M = \{(x, y) \in I; y \in [y(x), \eta(x)]\}$$

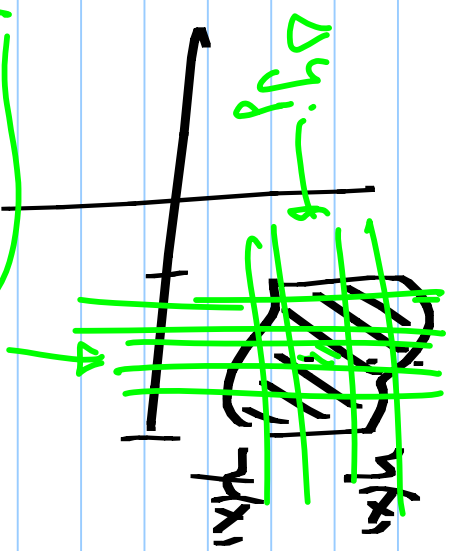
$$\sum_{i=1}^n f(\xi_i) \Delta x_i$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^n \left(\sum_j f(\xi_{ij}) \Delta y_j \right) \Delta x_i$$

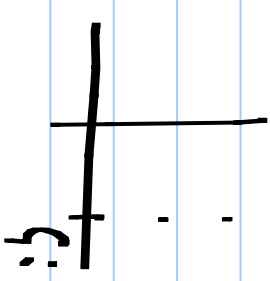
$$\approx \sum_{i=1}^n f(\xi_i, \eta) \Delta x_i = S_1$$

"max" ξ_i

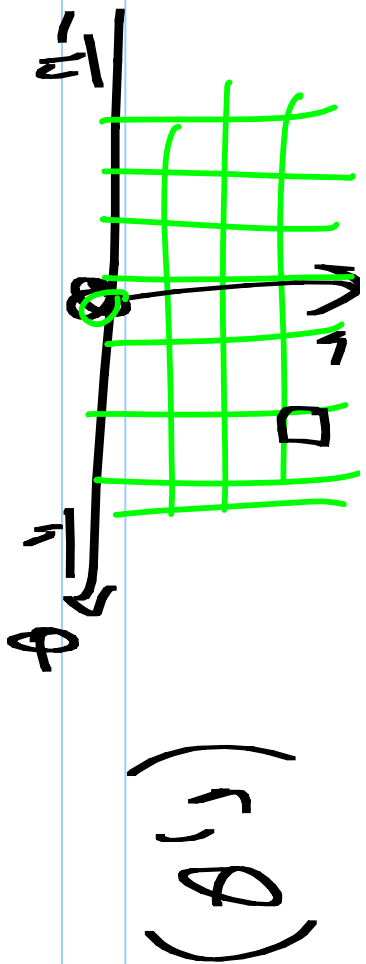
$$\Delta x_{ij} = \Delta x_i \Delta y_j$$



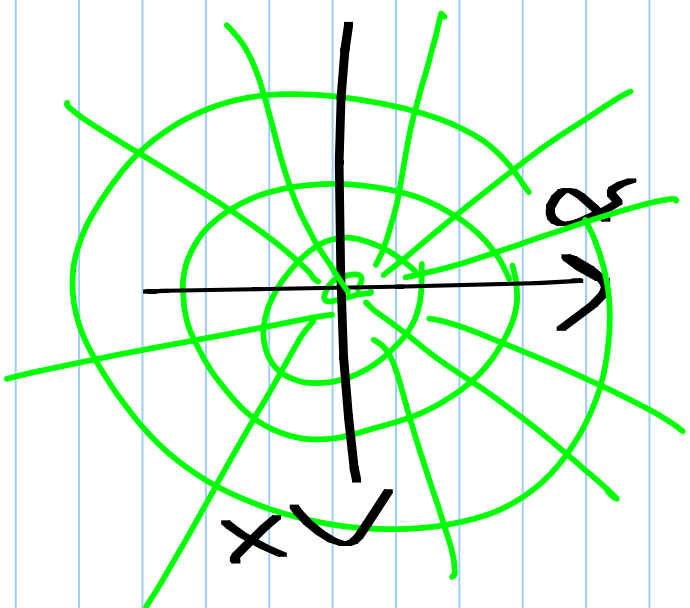
$$\sum_{i=1}^n \Delta x_i \rightarrow \int_a^b f(x, \eta(x)) dx$$



$$F \begin{cases} x = r \cos \theta \\ y = r \sin \theta \end{cases}$$

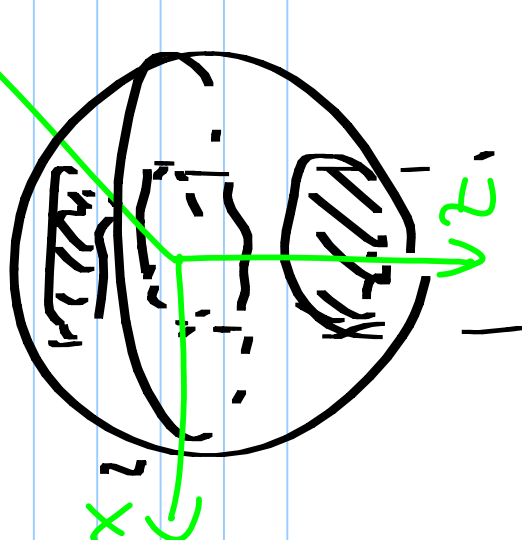


Def



$$\boxed{8.74.} \quad M = \begin{cases} x^2 + y^2 + z^2 \leq 4 \end{cases}$$

1) $8 \times \text{"1. Kugel"}$ M



$$\left. \begin{aligned} x &= r \cos \theta \\ y &= r \sin \theta \\ z &= z \end{aligned} \right\} \begin{aligned} r &\in [0, 2] \\ \theta &\in [0, \pi/2] \\ 0 \leq z &\leq \sqrt{4-r^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$D'V = \begin{pmatrix} \cdot & \cdot & \cdot \\ 0 & \cdot & \cdot \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$$

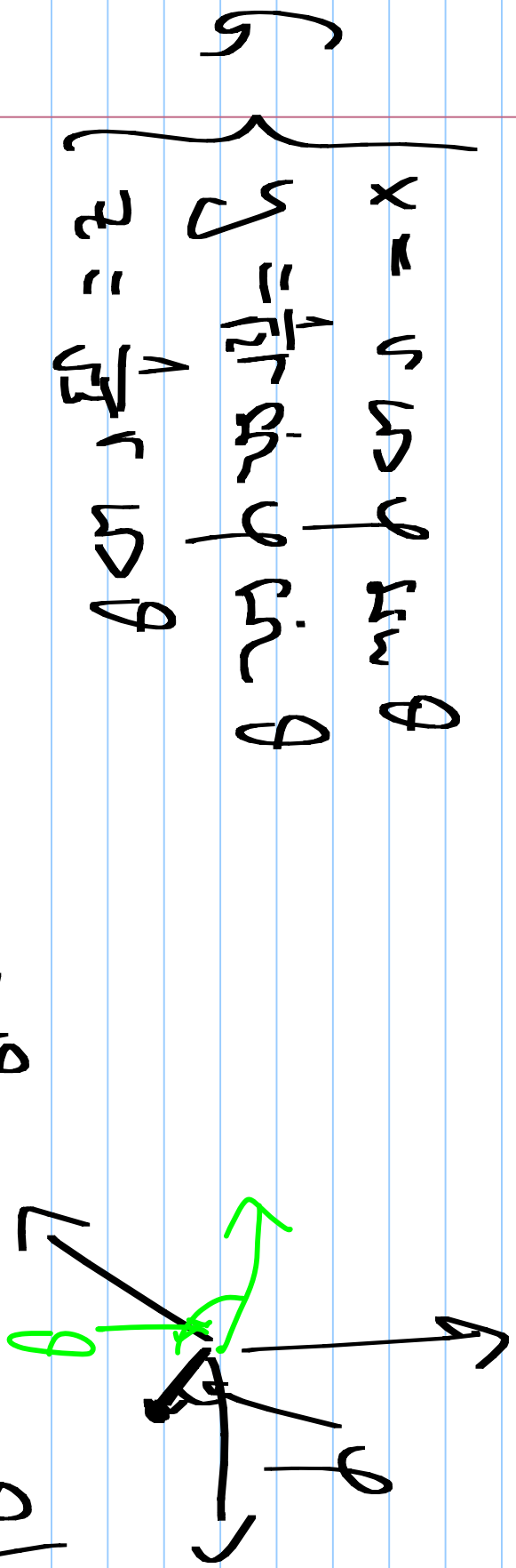
$$|D'V| = r$$

$$V = 8 \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^2 \int_0^{\sqrt{4-r^2}} r \, dz \, r \, d\theta = 8 \int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^2 r \sqrt{4-r^2} \, dr \, d\theta$$

$$= \frac{2}{3} (8 - 5\sqrt{5}) \pi \approx 0$$

0

$$8.78. \quad M: \sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + 3z^2} \leq 1$$



$$G \begin{cases} x = r \cos \varphi \sin \theta \\ y = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} r \sin \varphi \sin \theta \\ z = \frac{1}{\sqrt{3}} r \cos \theta \end{cases}$$

$$D'G = \begin{pmatrix} \cos \varphi \sin \theta - r \sin \varphi \sin \theta & -r \sin \varphi \cos \theta + r \cos \varphi \cos \theta \\ \dots & \dots \end{pmatrix}$$

$$|D'G| = \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} r^2 \sin \theta \quad \sqrt{=} \int_0^{\pi} \int_0^{2\pi} \int_0^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{6}} r^2 \sin \theta \, dr \, d\varphi \, d\theta$$