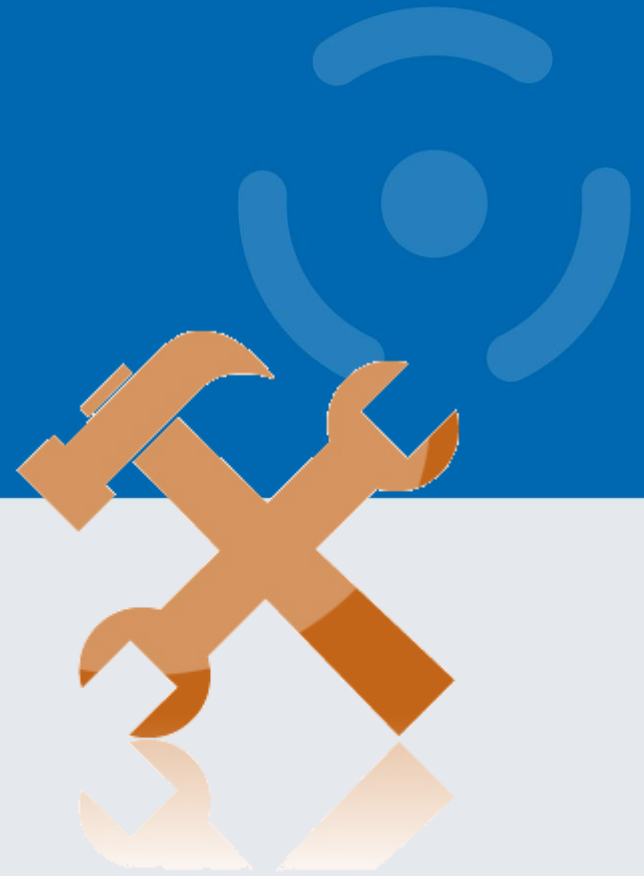


# *PA193 - Secure coding principles and practices*

Dynamic analysis, fuzzing



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# LAB

## Static and Dynamic analysis combined

- Download problematic code `buggy.cpp` from IS
- Perform operation and observe output
- Comment out problems found and note tool name
  - only that found by the particular tool
- Compilation only
  - Compile with `MSVC /W4`
  - Compile with `g++ -Wall -Wextra -g`
- Compile and run
  - `MSVC /RTC /GS` (on by default)
  - `g++ -fstack-protector-all`

# Windows vs. Linux

- For Windows tools use Visual Studio
- For Linux tools
  - ssh aisa.fi.muni.cz
  - Compile with g++
  - Use -g flag
  - Run valgrind's memcheck and exp-sgcheck

## Static and Dynamic analysis combined (2)

- Run static analysis

- Run Cppcheck
- Run PREfast

- Run dynamic analysis

```
valgrind --tool=memcheck --leak-check=full ./yourprogram
```

```
valgrind --tool=exp-sgcheck ./yourprogram
```

## Decide for every tool

- What type of issues were detected?
- What are the limitations of tool?
- *Stack vs. heap vs. static* memory issues detected
- *Local vs. global* (function) issues detected
- *Static analysis vs. dynamic analysis*

# FUZZING

## Pre-prepare

- Download zip with all binaries and data from IS
- Optional: if you need WinDbg, use:
  - Standalone Debugging Tools for Windows (WinDbg) is enough
  - <https://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/windows/hardware/hh852365>



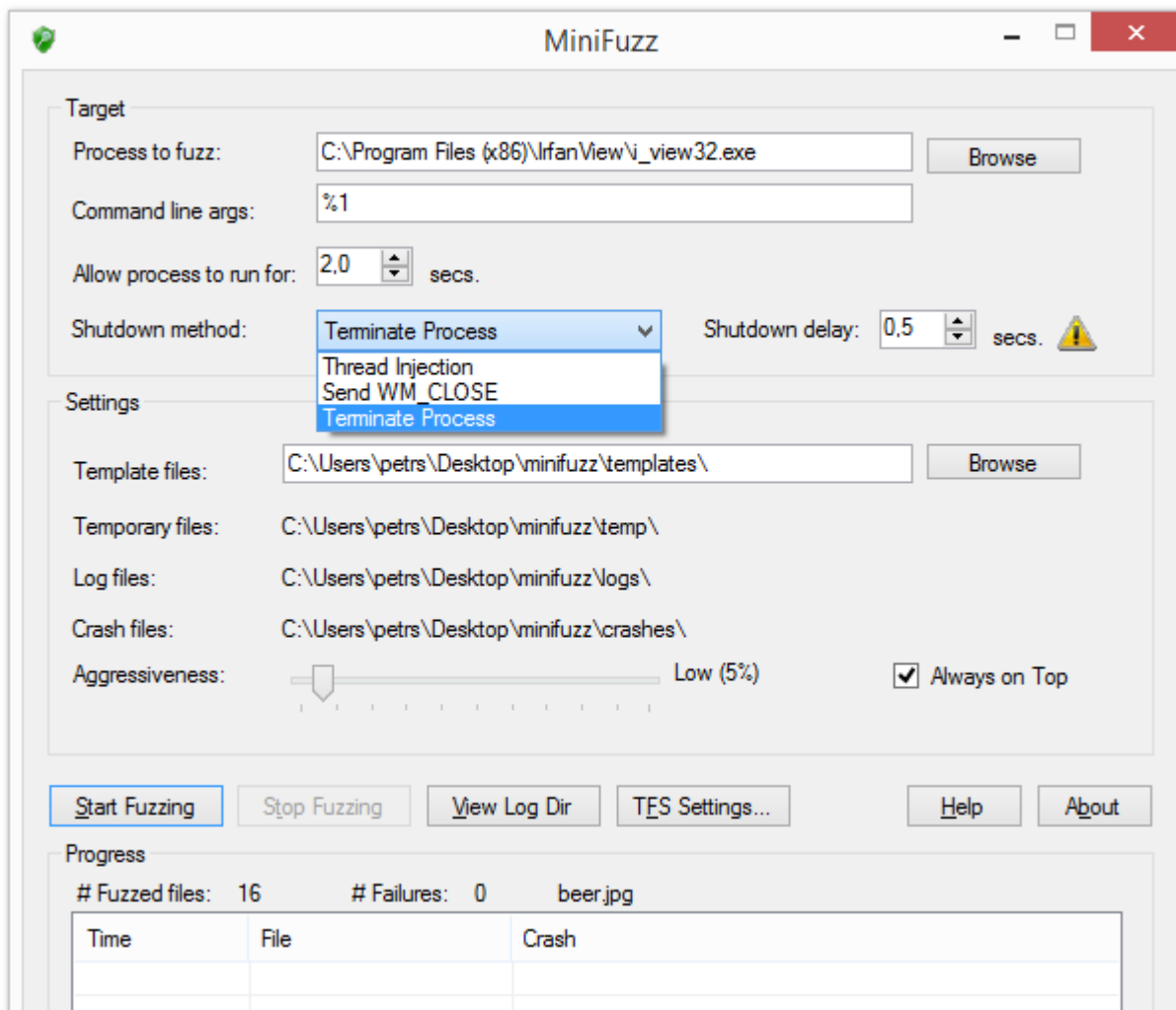


# Microsoft's SDL MiniFuzz File Fuzzer

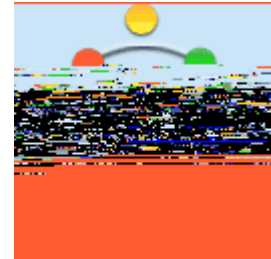
- Application input files fuzzer
  - <http://www.microsoft.com/en-us/download/details.aspx?id=21769>
- Templates for valid input files (multiple)
- Modify valid input file (randomly, % aggressiveness)
- Run application with partially modified inputs
- Log resulting crash (if happen)
  - exception, CPU registers...
- Video overview
  - <http://msdn.microsoft.com/en-us/security/gg675011.aspx>



# Microsoft's SDL MiniFuzz File Fuzzer



## Play with SDL MiniFuzz



- Goal: crash IrfanView v1.75 (1996)
  - Image file goes as first argument
- 1. Select target executable (`bin\I_VIEW32_1.75.exe`)
- 2. Gather at least one input file into template folder
  - Template files directory, `copy data\Icon_ManBig_128.GIF` from zip file
- 3. Set proper shutdown method (experiment)
- 4. Run and observe crashes (log, crashing images)

## Play with SDL MiniFuzz – bonus tasks

- Where can you find crashing images?
- Bonus: Can you increase the speed of testing?
- Bonus: What is the impact of aggressiveness?
- How can you test your application?
  
- Note: MS SDL requires 100k runs without failure



## Radamsa fuzzer

- “...easy-to-set-up general purpose shotgun test to expose the easiest cracks...”
  - <https://code.google.com/p/ouspg/wiki/Radamsa>
- Just provide input files, all other settings automatic
  - **cat** file | radamsa > **file.fuzzed**

```
>echo "1 + (2 + (3 + 4))" | radamsa --seed 12 -n 4
1 + (2 + (2 + (3 + 4?))
1 + (2 + (3 +?4))
18446744073709551615 + 4)))
1 + (2 + (3 + 170141183460469231731687303715884105727)))
```

# Radamsa as file fuzzer (XML example)

- **radamsa** -o fuzz\_%n.xml -n 10 \*.xml
  - Takes file template from \*.xml file(s)
  - Generates given number (10) of fuzzed files (-n 10)
- Testing you application
  1. Collect valid input file(s) for target app into \*.xml file(s)
  2. Run Radamsa to create large number of fuzzed files
  3. Run your application with fuzzed input file and monitor
    - Custom code for monitoring (e.g., crash detected by success in acquire of named mutex)
    - WinDbg for monitoring, parse output log file
- Example:
  - use **data\books.xml** as template
  - generate 10 fuzzed variants and inspect result in text editor

# Radamsa as fuzzing client – test server

- `radamsa ip:80 -n 10 -o fuzz_%n.http-req samples/*.http-req`
  - Connects as client to server at ip:80, runs infinitely (-n inf)
  - Takes template inputs from `/*.http-req` file(s)
  - Send fuzzed input to server and store it into `fuzz_%n.http-req` files
- Testing you server
  1. Capture valid request for your client to server (e.g., GET request) and store into `/*.http-req` file(s)
  2. Run (repeatedly) Radamsa as TCP client
  3. Monitor behaviour of your server under Radamsa requests
- Test against `astrolight.cz` (use `data\astrolight.http-req`)
- **Important: always tests only your servers or with owner consent!!!**

# Radamsa as fuzzing server – test client

- **radamsa -o fuzz\_%n.http-resp :8888 -n inf samples/\*.http-resp**
  - Starts as server on port 8888, runs infinitely (-n inf)
  - Takes template inputs from **/\*.http-resp** files
  - Return fuzzed input to connecting client
- Testing you client
  1. Capture valid responses from your server (e.g., HTML page) and store into **/\*.http-resp** file(s)
    - Use **data\string.http-resp** as template
  2. Run Radamsa as server (**see above**)
  3. Run your client (repeatedly, **browser**) and monitor its behaviour



## Questions for Radamsa

- In what is SDL MiniFuzz better than Radamsa?
- Why is Radamsa better in fuzzing text files?
- Can you fuzz vulnserver.exe?
  - 127.0.0.1:9999
- How to test server/client in stateful protocol?

# OPTIONAL – PEACH FRAMEWORK

## Vulnerable server (vulnServer.exe)

- Only for Windows
  - for Linux, consider OWASP Mutillidae
- Vulnerable server inside VulnServer.zip
- Run it – waits for connection
- Connect via telnet (putty)
  - host=localhost port=9999
- Type HELP
  
- Server is vulnerable, we will try to crash it by fuzzing

# Peach – fuzzing vulnerable network server

1. Prepare Peach Pit file (example `hter_pit.xml`)
  - data model, state model, agent...
2. Run Peach Agent (first terminal)
  - `peach -a tcp`
3. Run Peach fuzzing (second terminal)
  - `Peach hter_pit.xml TestHTER`
  - Wait for detected crash (fault)
4. Inspect directory with crash logs
  - `Logs\hter_pit.xml_TestHTER_???\Faults\EXPLOITABLE_???\`
5. Debug crash using fuzzed data from crash log
  - E.g., `1.Initial.Action.bin`, `2.Initial.Action_1.bin...`

```
<DataModel name="DataHTER">
  <String value="HTER " mutable="false" token="true"/>
  <String value="" />
  <String value="\r\n" mutable="false" token="true"/>
</DataModel>
```

Model of input data  
'HTER anything \r\n'

```
<StateModel name="StateHTER" initialState="Initial">
  <State name="Initial">
    <Action type="input" ><DataModel ref="DataResponse"/></Action>
    <Action type="output"><DataModel ref="DataHTER"/></Action>
    <Action type="input" ><DataModel ref="DataResponse"/></Action>
  </State>
</StateModel>
```

1. Read any string
2. Send fuzzed input
3. Read any string

```
<DataModel name="DataResponse">
  <String value="" />
</DataModel>
```

Agent responsible for starting  
target application with  
debugger connected

```
<Agent name="RemoteAgent" location="tcp://127.0.0.1:9001">
  <!-- Run and attach windbg to a vulnerable server. -->
  <Monitor class="WindowsDebugger">
    <Param name="CommandLine" value="vulnserver.exe"/>
    <Param name="WinDbgPath" value="c:\Program Files (x86)\Windows Kits\8.1\Debuggers\x64\" />
  </Monitor>
</Agent>
```

Test scenario with specified  
settings

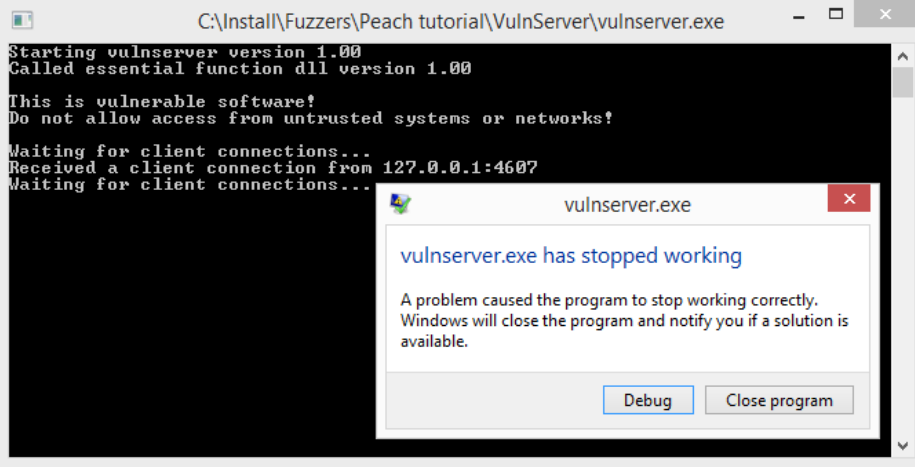
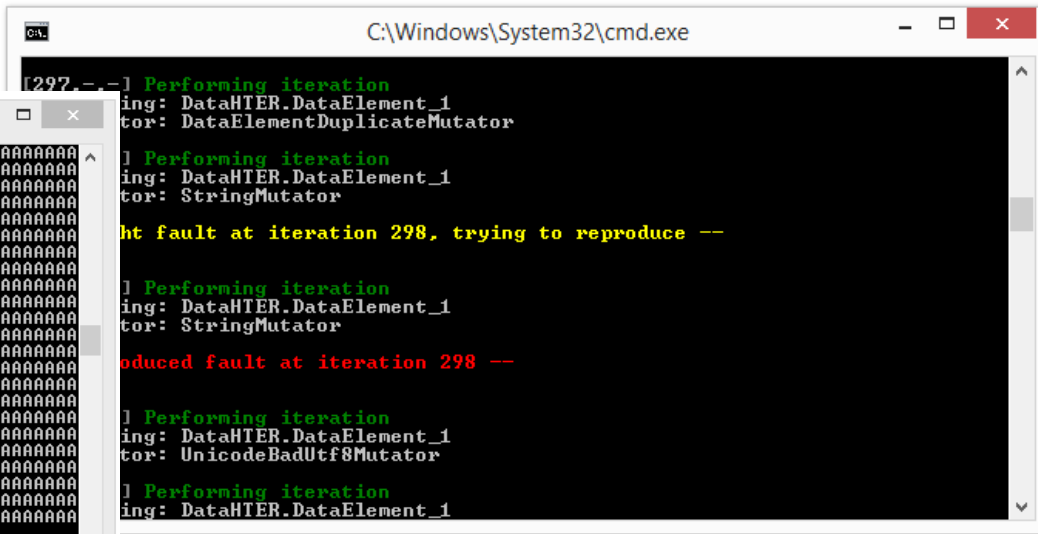
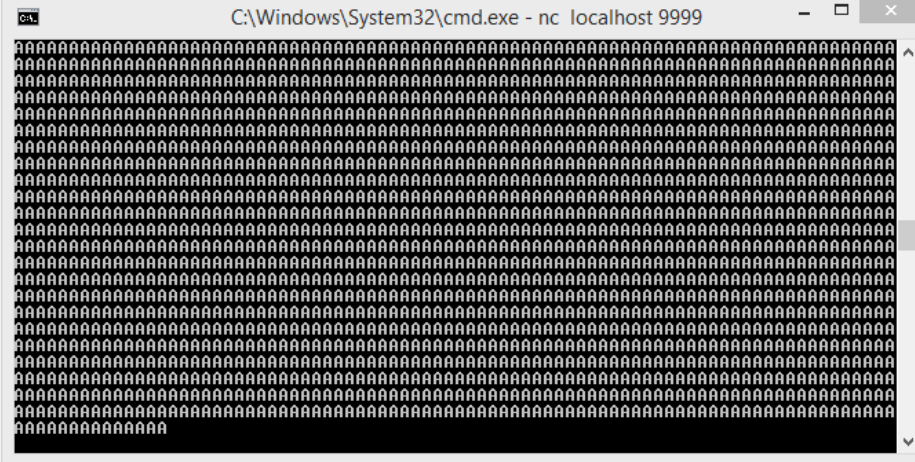
```
<Test name="TestHTER">
  <Agent ref="RemoteAgent" />
  <StateModel ref="StateHTER" />
  <Publisher class="TcpClient">
    <Param name="Host" value="127.0.0.1"/>
    <Param name="Port" value="9999"/>
  </Publisher>
```

How to communicate with  
target application

```
<Logger class="File">
  <Param name="Path" value="Logs"/>
</Logger>
```

How to store results

```
<DataModel name="DataHTER">
  <String value="HTER " mutable="false" token="true"/>
  <String value=""/>
  <String value="\r\n" mutable="false" token="true"/>
</DataModel>
```



```
al\VulnServer\vulnserver.exe" />
its\8.1\Debuggers\x64\ " />
```

Example from <http://rockfishsec.blogspot.ch/2014/01/fuzzing-vulnserver-with-peach-3.html>

## Questions for Peach

- Is Peach able to fuzz stateful protocols?
- Is Peach able to specify custom data format?
- Does Peach monitor only application crash?

# Homework

- Create your own C/C++ compile-able program
  - 1kB size at maximum
  - including main function, must compile under both gcc & MSVC
- Insert as many different vulnerabilities like buffer overflow, string format problems, memory corruptions (stack / heap) as you can
  - principally different bugs will be counted
  - document bugs inserted/found in separate report
- Run various static and dynamic checkers on your program
  - Compiler, CppCheck, PReFast, suitable fuzzer
  - create report from these tools, showing real problems detected, false positives, false negatives
- Deadline for submission is 5.11. 23:59 (groups 1-3), 10.11. 23:59 (group 4)



