

# Seminar on Master's Thesis Writing Mgr. Antonín Zita, M.A., PhD.





Class 1: Academic StyleWritten language is relatively more complex than spoken language. Written language has longer words, it is lexically denser and it has a more varied vocabulary. It uses more noun-based phrases than verb-based phrases. Written texts tend to be longer and the language has more grammatical complexity, including more subordinate clauses and more passives (Cooper, P.: 2011:2)



- Longer words
- Noun-based phrases
- Grammar complexity
- Subordinate clauses
- Passive voice



#### **Grammar**

- 3rd person rather than 1st person
- Emotionally neutral terms
  - "People suffering from dyslexia" vs. "People who have dyslexia"
- Be consistent in language use (BrE vs AmE)
- Passive voice
  - Draws attention to the thing/event described
  - Should not be overused



#### **Grammar (cont.)**

- Avoid bias word choice important!
- No contractions (can't, aren't, ...)
- Keep phrasal verbs to a minimum



### British English vs. American English

British	American
colour	color
neighbour	neighbor
behaviour	behavior
favour	favor
honour	honor
metre (unit)	meter
meter (device)	meter
centre	center
analogue	analog
practice (noun)	practise
maths	math
speciality	specialty



# Computer Science Writing Style

- Repetition ok, understand your words, avoid ambiguity
- Clear
  - Clear headings and presentation of ideas
- Compact
  - Say only what is necessary, avoid wordiness/long sentences or paragraphs



# Computer Science Writing Style (cont.) - Objective

- - Acknowledge sources!
  - Point out positives and negatives!
- Smooth
  - Logical progression from paragraph to paragraph and from chapter to chapter
- Know the writing style required by the university!
  - General writing guide
  - Writing style
  - International Writing style (IEEE)



- Useful present name lyze, apply, compare, demonstrate, illustrate, summarize, optimize,
  - minimize, maximize, conclude, list, define, report, model, implement,
  - design, consider, involve, simplify, generalize, perform, reduce, obey, fit, contain,
  - increase, decrease, evaluate, predict, assign, require, satisfy,
  - Several phrasal verbs useful:
    - consists of, scale up to, be based on sg., take into account sg., depend on sg,



## Frequent Irregular Verbs in CS choose – chose – chosen

- find found found
- hide hid hidden
- hold held held
- lead led led
- lose lost lost
- rise rose risen
- seek sought sought
- show showed shown
- spin spun spun
- split split split
- spread spread spread
- stick stuck stuck