

$X \dots EX \text{ var } X$

② EX^2 für welche $\lambda \in \mathbb{N}$ λ -te moment

$$EX^2 = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} x^2 f(x) dx$$

$$e^{tx} = 1 + tx + \frac{(tx)^2}{2!} + \frac{(tx)^3}{3!} + \dots + \frac{(tx)^n}{n!}$$

$$E e^{tx} = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} e^{tx} f(x) dx \quad \lim_{t \rightarrow 0} (1 + \frac{tx}{1})^n = e^x$$

pro 4-13:59

Stichproben: x_1, \dots, x_n n Proben

gegeben x_1, \dots, x_n

$$\bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \sum X_i$$

$$S = \frac{1}{n-1} \sum (X_i - \bar{X})^2$$

$E \bar{X} = \bar{X} = EX$
 $\text{var } \bar{X} = \frac{1}{n} \text{var } X$

pro 4-14:27

$$\chi^2 \dots \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi}} x^{-1/2} e^{-x/2}$$

$$P(a,b) \dots \frac{b^a}{\Gamma(a)} x^{a-1} e^{-bx}$$

$$\Gamma(a,b) = \frac{b^a}{(b-t)^a}$$

$X_i \sim N(\mu, \sigma^2)$

$\bar{X} \sim N(\mu, \frac{1}{n} \sigma^2)$, $\frac{n-1}{\sigma^2} S^2 \sim \chi_{n-1}^2$

memorieren $\bar{X} \rightarrow \frac{\sqrt{n}(\bar{X} - \mu)}{\sigma}$

pro 4-14:42

$1 - \alpha = P(|Z| < z(\alpha/2))$

pro 4-15:15