

Marginalni hustoty

$$f_1(x) = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\pi^2} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \frac{1}{(1+y^2)} dy = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \left[ \operatorname{arctg}(\infty) - \operatorname{arctg}(-\infty) \right]$$
$$= \frac{1}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \cdot \left( \frac{\pi}{2} - \left( -\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$f_2(y) = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \frac{1}{(1+y^2)} dx = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \int_{-1}^1 \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \frac{1}{(1+y^2)} dx$$
$$= \frac{1}{(1+y^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{\pi^2} \cdot \left[ \operatorname{arcsin} \right]_{-1}^1 = \frac{1}{1+y^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\pi^2} \cdot \left[ \frac{\pi}{2} - \left( -\frac{\pi}{2} \right) \right] = \frac{1}{1+y^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\pi}$$

x a y nezávislé? Nejsme ověřit cč

$$f(x,y) = f(x) \cdot f(y) \quad \underline{\text{albo}} \quad F(x,y) = F_x(x) \cdot F_y(y)$$

$$f(x,y) = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{1}{(1+y^2)} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}$$

$$f_1(x) \cdot f_2(y) = \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{\pi} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1+y^2)} = \frac{1}{\pi^2} \cdot \frac{1}{\sqrt{1-x^2}} \cdot \frac{1}{(1+y^2)}$$

Si nezávislé.