

Př. 2.

V. studijních materiálech (anglické zbirky)
příklad 10.E.10. (str. 688)

Př. 3.

$$f(x, y, z) = \begin{cases} c \cdot (x + y + z) & \text{pro } 0 \leq x \leq 1, 0 \leq y \leq 2, 0 \leq z \leq 3 \\ 0 & \text{jinak} \end{cases}$$

z definice $\iiint_{-\infty-\infty-\infty}^{\infty\infty\infty} f(x, y, z) dx dy dz = 1$

Teď

$$c \cdot \int_0^3 \int_0^2 \int_0^1 (x + y + z) dx dy dz = \int_0^3 \int_0^2 \left[\frac{x^2}{2} + yx + zx \right]_0^1 dy dz =$$

$$= \int_0^3 \int_0^2 \left[\frac{1}{2} + y + z \right] dy dz = \int_0^3 \left[\frac{y}{2} + \frac{y^2}{2} + zy \right]_0^2 dz =$$

$$= \int_0^3 (1 + 2 + 3z) dz = \left[3z + \frac{3z^2}{2} \right]_0^3 = 9 + 9 = \underline{\underline{18}}$$

$c = \frac{1}{18}$ \Rightarrow aby $\int \int \int f(x, y, z) = 1$

$f(x, y, z) = \frac{1}{18} \cdot (x + y + z)$ pro ...

$$P(0 \leq x \leq \frac{1}{2}, 0 \leq y \leq \frac{1}{3}, 0 \leq z \leq \frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{18} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} \int_0^{\frac{1}{3}} \int_0^{\frac{1}{2}} (x + y + z) dx dy dz =$$

$$= \dots = \frac{13}{576} \cdot \frac{1}{18}$$