



PV198 – One-chip Controllers

GPIO – LED & Button

Content

1. **What is GPIO**
2. What is it used for
3. How does it work
 1. Switch debouncing
4. Application
 1. Output – LED using SDK example
 2. Input – Button using Config Tools

What is GPIO

- **GPIO** – **G**eneral **P**urpose **I**nput **O**utput
- Direct control of pins of the MCU
- Basic interaction with external world
- Can be programmed as Input or Output
- Has only 2 states (logic 0, logic 1)

Content

1. What is GPIO
- 2. What is it used for**
3. How does it work
 1. Switch debouncing
4. Application
 1. Output – LED using SDK example
 2. Input – Button using Config Tools

What is it used for

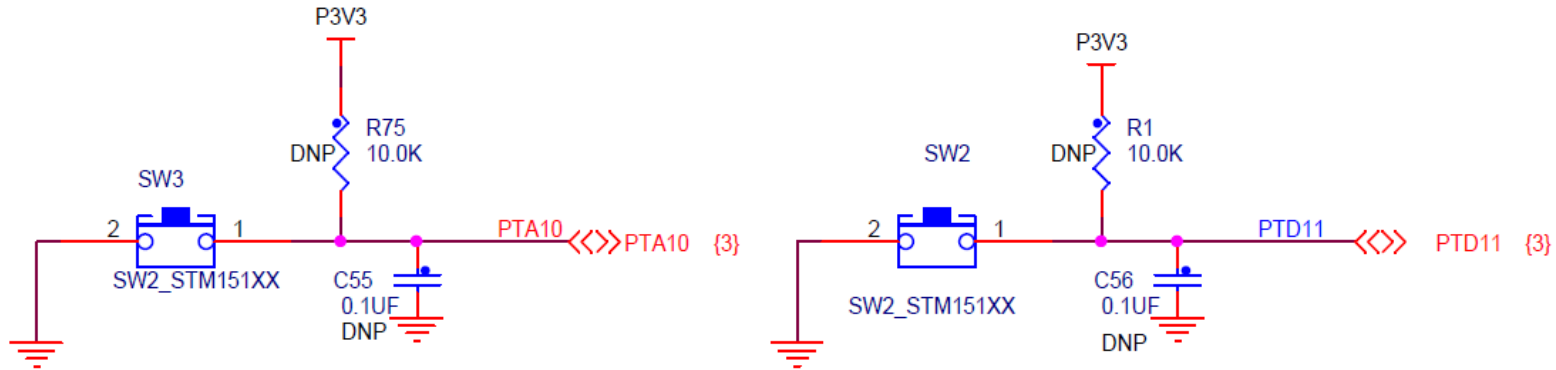
- Anything that works with 2 states – on/off
- LED
- Buttons
- Sensors
- And used by more sophisticated peripherals

Content

1. What is GPIO
2. What is it used for
- 3. How does it work**
 1. Switch debouncing
4. Application
 1. Output – LED using SDK example
 2. Input – Button using Config Tools

How buttons on the board work

- Connects pin to ground (logic 0) or to voltage (logic 1)



How does it work – Switch debouncing

- Bouncing
 - Looks like button is pressed multiple times
 - Cause by mechanical contact of the switch

How does it work – Switch debouncing

- Bouncing
 - Looks like button is pressed multiple times
 - Cause by mechanical contact of the switch
- Solution
 - HW debounce(add capacitor)
 - SW debounce(wait few miliseconds)

Content

1. What is GPIO
2. What is it used for
3. How does it work
 1. Switch debouncing
- 4. Application**
 1. Output – LED using SDK example
 2. Input – Button using Config Tools

Application

Steps required to create an application:

- Initialize(MCUXpresso Configuration Tools help here)
 - Pin
 - Clocks
 - Peripherals
- Write application code

Application

1. Write everything from scratch

- Error-prone , time demanding, tedious

2. USE SDK example

- Works out-of-box
- More difficult to modify

3. USE Config Tools

- Easy to use and modify

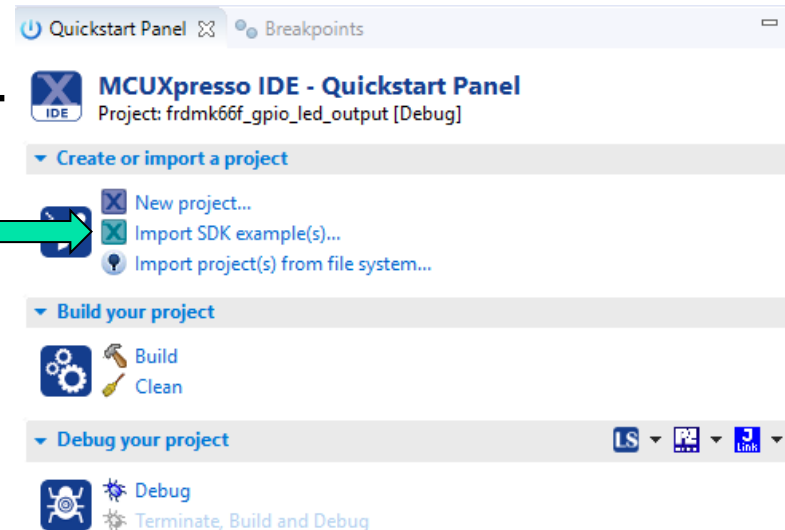
Content

1. What is GPIO
2. What is it used for
3. How does it work
 1. Switch debouncing
- 4. Application**
 - 1. Output – LED using SDK example**
 2. Input – Button using Config Tools

Application – LED using SDK example

Import SDK example “gpio_led_output”

- Select import SDK examples(s)...



Application – LED using SDK example

- In the SDK wizard unfold the K6x, select the MK66FN2... and click on the board image

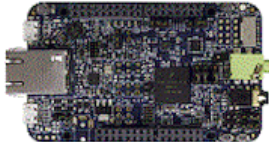
X Board and/or Device selection page

SDK MCUs
MCUs from installed SDKs

NXP MK66FN2M0xxx18
> K2x
▼ K6x
MK64FN1M0xxx12
MK66FN2M0xxx18
> KL0x
> LPC5411x
> LPC546xx
> LPC55xx

Available boards
Please select an available board for your project.

Supported boards for device: MK66FN2M0xxx18

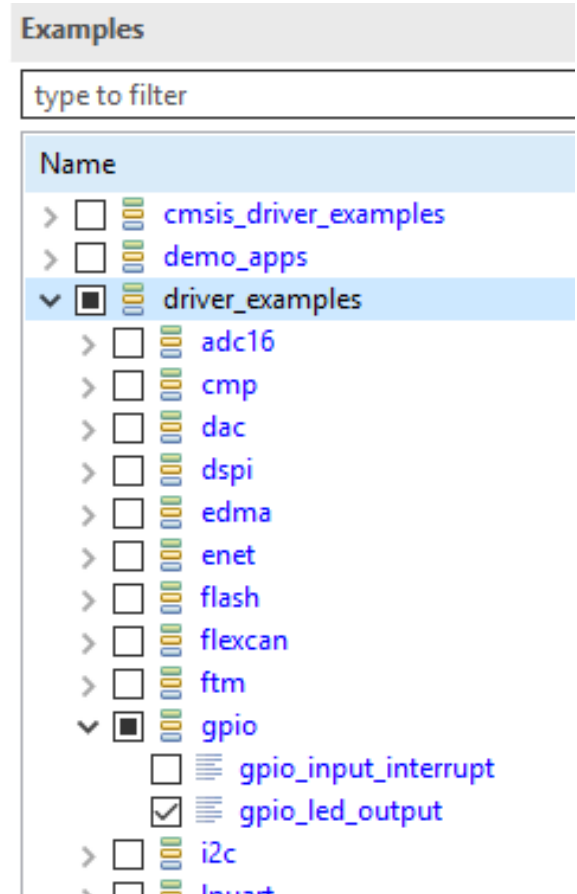


SDK

[frdmk66f](#)

Application – LED using SDK example

- Unfold *driver_examples* -> *gpio*
- Select “*gpio_led_output*” example
- Click Finish



Application – LED using SDK example

- Go through code together in detail
 - Pins, clocks are already configured
 - GPIO_PinInit
 - GPIO_PortToggle

Content

1. What is GPIO
2. What is it used for
3. How does it work
 1. Switch debouncing
- 4. Application**
 1. Output – LED using SDK example
 - 2. Input – Button using Config Tools**

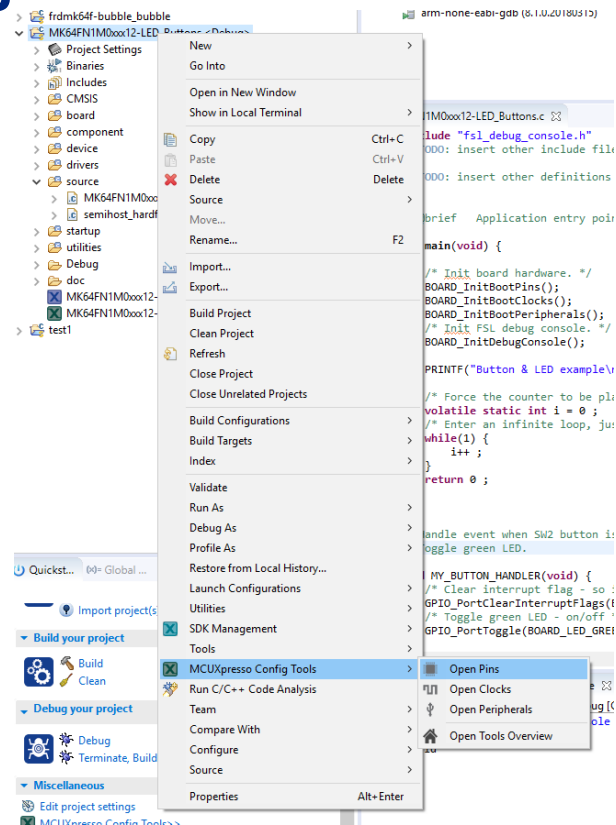
Application – Button using Config Tools

Goal:

- Press SW2 button to print text into console

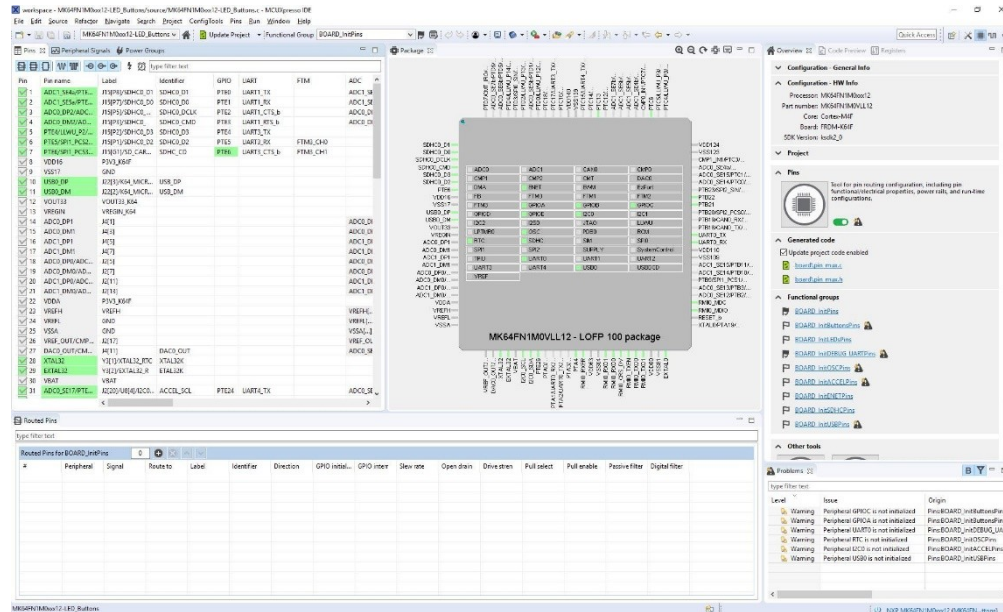
Application – Button using Config Tools

- Create new project
- Open Config Tools



Application – Button using Config Tools

- You should see Pin tool now:



The screenshot shows the MikroC IDE interface with the Pin tool configuration window open. The Pin tool window displays a list of pins and their configurations, including Pin name, Label, Identifier, GPIO, I/O, and Drive strength. The 'Routed Pins' window is also visible, showing the routing status for the selected pins.

Pin	Pin name	Label	Identifier	GPIO	I/O	Drive
1	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_01	SDMC0_01	PTM0	UART1_TX
2	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_02	SDMC0_02	PTM1	UART1_RX
3	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_03	SDMC0_03	PTM2	UART1_CTS_B
4	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_04	SDMC0_04	PTM3	UART1_PCS_B
5	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_05	SDMC0_05	PTM4	UART1_TX
6	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_06	SDMC0_06	PTM5	UART1_RX
7	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_07	SDMC0_07	PTM6	UART1_CTS_B
8	AD0C154A0PTE		J18P01/DMCCL_08	SDMC0_08	PTM7	UART1_PCS_B
9	VSS17	GND				
10	VDD18P	A010V18A	US0_0P			
11	VDD18M	A020V18M	US0_0M			
12	VDD18L	VDD18L				
13	VDD18N	VDD18N				
14	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT1				AD0C154
15	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT2				AD0C154
16	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT3				AD0C154
17	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT4				AD0C154
18	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT5				AD0C154
19	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT6				AD0C154
20	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT7				AD0C154
21	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT8				AD0C154
22	VDDA	P10V330P				
23	VDDH	VDDH				
24	VDDN	GND				
25	VSSA	GND				
26	VDD18L	VDD18L				
27	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT1				AD0C154
28	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT2				AD0C154
29	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT3				AD0C154
30	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT4				AD0C154
31	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT5				AD0C154
32	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT6				AD0C154
33	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT7				AD0C154
34	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT8				AD0C154
35	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT9				AD0C154
36	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT10				AD0C154
37	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT11				AD0C154
38	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT12				AD0C154
39	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT13				AD0C154
40	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT14				AD0C154
41	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT15				AD0C154
42	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT16				AD0C154
43	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT17				AD0C154
44	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT18				AD0C154
45	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT19				AD0C154
46	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT20				AD0C154
47	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT21				AD0C154
48	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT22				AD0C154
49	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT23				AD0C154
50	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT24				AD0C154
51	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT25				AD0C154
52	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT26				AD0C154
53	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT27				AD0C154
54	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT28				AD0C154
55	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT29				AD0C154
56	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT30				AD0C154
57	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT31				AD0C154
58	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT32				AD0C154
59	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT33				AD0C154
60	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT34				AD0C154
61	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT35				AD0C154
62	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT36				AD0C154
63	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT37				AD0C154
64	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT38				AD0C154
65	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT39				AD0C154
66	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT40				AD0C154
67	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT41				AD0C154
68	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT42				AD0C154
69	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT43				AD0C154
70	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT44				AD0C154
71	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT45				AD0C154
72	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT46				AD0C154
73	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT47				AD0C154
74	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT48				AD0C154
75	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT49				AD0C154
76	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT50				AD0C154
77	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT51				AD0C154
78	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT52				AD0C154
79	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT53				AD0C154
80	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT54				AD0C154
81	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT55				AD0C154
82	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT56				AD0C154
83	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT57				AD0C154
84	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT58				AD0C154
85	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT59				AD0C154
86	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT60				AD0C154
87	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT61				AD0C154
88	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT62				AD0C154
89	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT63				AD0C154
90	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT64				AD0C154
91	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT65				AD0C154
92	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT66				AD0C154
93	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT67				AD0C154
94	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT68				AD0C154
95	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT69				AD0C154
96	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT70				AD0C154
97	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT71				AD0C154
98	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT72				AD0C154
99	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT73				AD0C154
100	AD0C154A0PTE	ACT74				AD0C154

Application – Initialization

How configuration tools can help us:

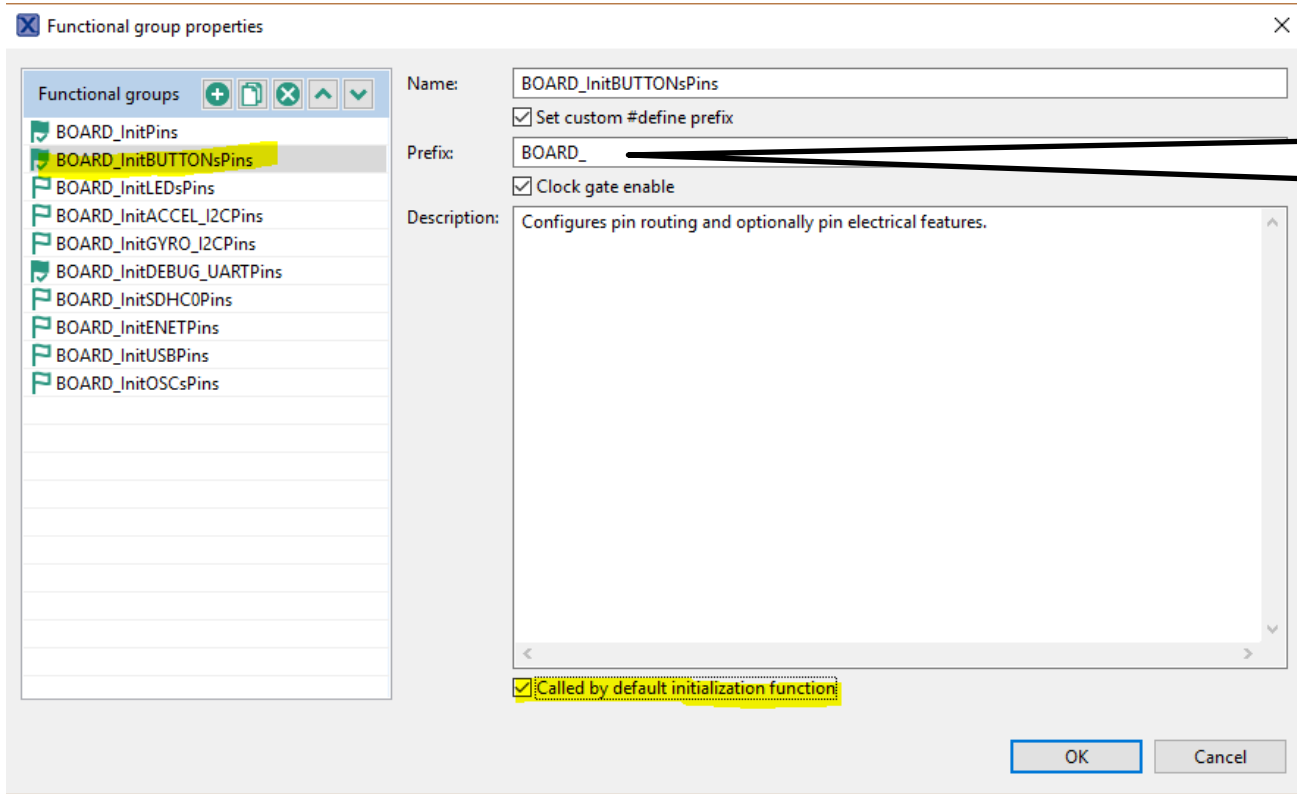
- Modify settings easily
- Visual representation of a configuration
- Great for custom boards (our board already has a lot of useful DEFINES, which is not a case when new board is created)

Application – Button using Config Tools

- Pins tool contains predefined configurations
- Open dialog with functional groups by clicking on the icon

Application – Button using Config Tools

- Dialog with predefined functional group appears
- Set checkbox at the bottom of the dialog for functional group: “BOARD_InitButtonsPins” to call initialization code for the group in default initialization function



Prefix used
in generated
code

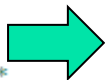
Application – Button using Config Tools

- Code preview is updated
- Initialization function now calls 1 more function

```

Overview Code Preview Registers
pin_mux.c pin_mux.h
171 #include pin_mux.h
172
173 /* FUNCTION *****
174 *
175 * Function Name : BOARD_InitBootPins
176 * Description   : Calls initialization functions.
177 *
178 * END *****
179 void BOARD_InitBootPins(void)
180 {
181     BOARD_InitPins();
182     BOARD_InitDEBUG_UARTPins();
183 }
184

```



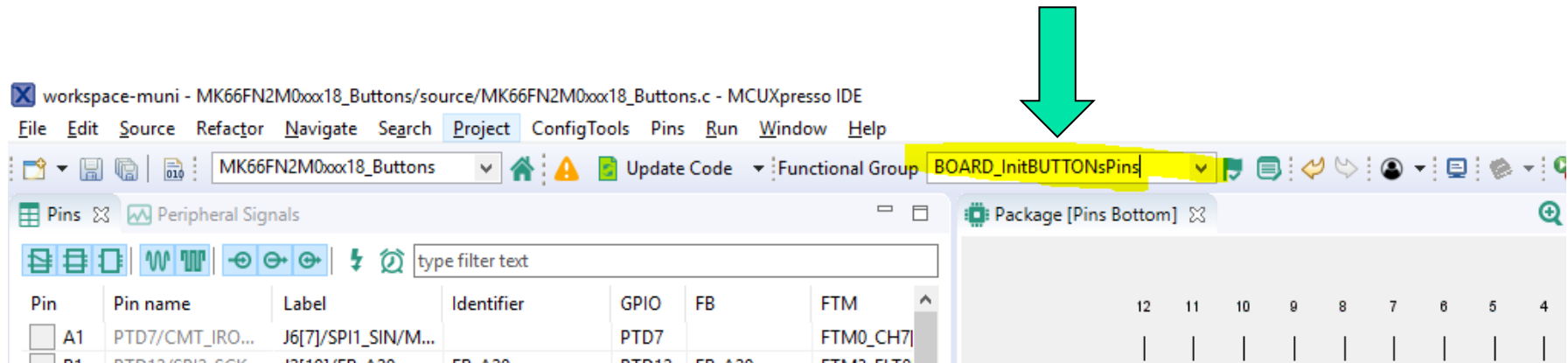
```

Overview Code Preview Registers
pin_mux.c pin_mux.h
172
173 /* FUNCTION *****
174 *
175 * Function Name : BOARD_InitBootPins
176 * Description   : Calls initialization functions.
177 *
178 * END *****
179 void BOARD_InitBootPins(void)
180 {
181     BOARD_InitPins();
182 +| BOARD_InitBUTTONsPins();
183     BOARD_InitDEBUG_UARTPins();
184 }
185

```

Application – Button using Config Tools

- Select “BOARD_InitBUTTONsPins” functional group from a combo-box



The screenshot shows the MCUXpresso IDE interface. The 'Functional Group' dropdown menu is highlighted in yellow and set to 'BOARD_InitBUTTONsPins'. A green arrow points to this dropdown menu. Below the dropdown, the 'Pins' table is visible, showing columns for Pin, Pin name, Label, Identifier, GPIO, FB, and FTM. The 'Package [Pins Bottom]' window is also visible, showing a grid of pins.

Pin	Pin name	Label	Identifier	GPIO	FB	FTM
A1	PTD7/CMT_IRO...	J6[7]/SPI1_SIN/M...		PTD7		FTM0_CH7
B1	PTD13/CMT_CCK...	J6[13]/SPI1_SIN/M...		PTD13		FTM0_CH7

14. Push Button Switches

Two push button switches, SW2 and SW3, are available on the FRDM-K66F board. SW2 is connected to PTD11 and SW3 is connected to PTA10. Beside the general purpose IO function, both SW2 and SW3 can be used as a low-leakage wakeup (LLWU) source.

Table 9. Push button GPIO function

Switch	K66F switches connection
SW2	PTD11/LLWU_P25/SPI2_PCS0/SDHC0_CLKIN/LPUART0_CTS/FB_A19
SW3	PTA10/LLWU_P22/FTM2_CH0/MII0_RXD2/FTM2_QD_PHA/TPM2_CH0/TRACE_D0

Freedom FRDM-K66F Development Platform User's Guide, User's Guide, Rev. 0, 02/2016

16

NXP Semiconductors

Routed Pins

type filter text

Routed Pins for BOARD_InitBUTTO... 2

#	Peripheral	Signal	Route to	Label	Identifier	Direction
B2	GPIOD	GPIO_11	PTD11	SW2	SW2	Input
M9	GPIOA	GPIO_10	PTA10	SW3	SW3	Input

GPIO signal is routed to "PTD11"

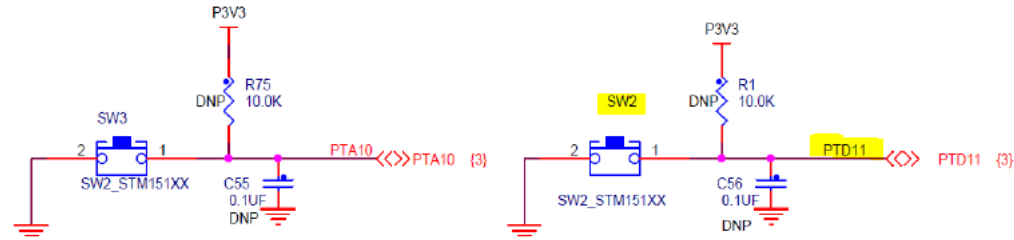


Figure 17. Push button switches

Routed Pins

type filter text

Routed Pins for BOARD_InitBUTTO... 2

#	Peripheral	Signal	Route to	Label	Identifier	Direction
B2	GPIOD	GPIO, 11	PTD11	SW2	SW2	Input
M9	GPIOA	GPIO, 10	PTA10	SW3	SW3	Input

User-friendly Label – specific for our board

Identifier used in generated code

Prefix used in generated code

User friendly Label – specific for our board

```

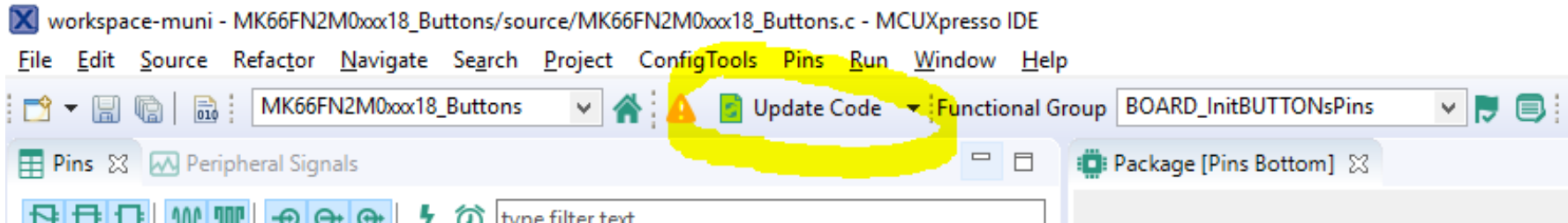
pin_mux.c pin_mux
40  /*! @name RTD11 (coord B2), SW2
41  @{ */
42  #define BOARD_SW2_GPIO GPIOD /*!<@brief GPIO device name: GPIOD */
43  #define BOARD_SW2_PORT PORTD /*!<@brief PORT device name: PORTD */
44  #define BOARD_SW2_PIN 11U /*!<@brief PORTD pin index: 11 */
45  /* @} */
46

```

Identifier used in generated code

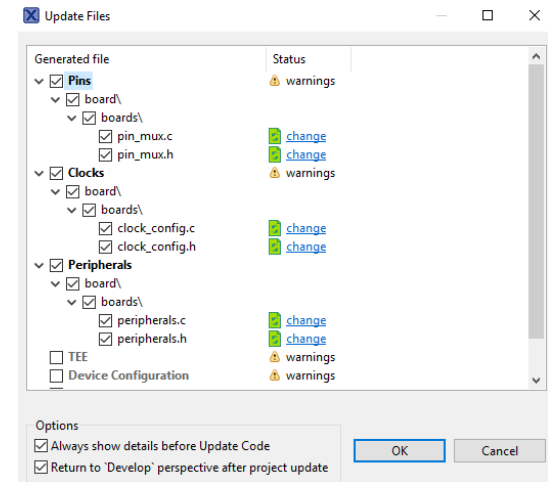
Application – Button using Config Tools

- Your project needs to be updated by newly generated code now – this action is done automatically
- Whenever generated code does not match the code in your project, it is displayed by changed color of the icon in the toolbar



Application – Button using Config Tools

- Update Project Files dialog should appear
- You can view changes to each file by clicking on the “change” text in the “Status” column
- Press “OK” to update your project



Application – Button using Config Tools

- Clocks tool – preconfigured, you can view clock settings
- Peripherals tool – no need for now

Application – Button using Config Tools

- Write application code
 - Read current state of the GPIO(button)
 - Detect button press

Print text into console

Application – Button using Config Tools

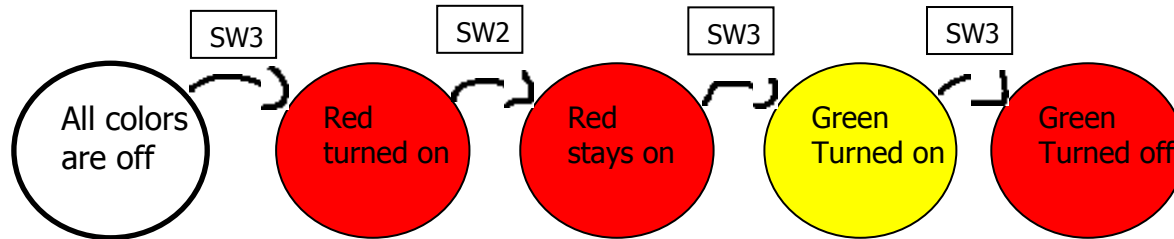
- When you press the button, text is printed more than once
- Why?
- How to resolve this issue?

Work Progress

- Write an applications that toggles **GREEN** LED when **SW3** button is pressed
- Fix the issue with button press being registered more than once
- Make LED change color every time it is turned on (there are 3 LEDs on the board: Red, Green, Blue)

Homework

- Write an applications that reacts to both buttons
- SW3 turns on/off selected color
- SW2 changes selected color (R -> G -> B -> R ...)
- At start all colors are turned off, and RED is selected



Homework - git

- Git Branch- “Week_02”
- Git tag – “Submission_02_x”