



UDSMP*rot*: universal deep sequence models for protein classification

Tomáš Pavlík

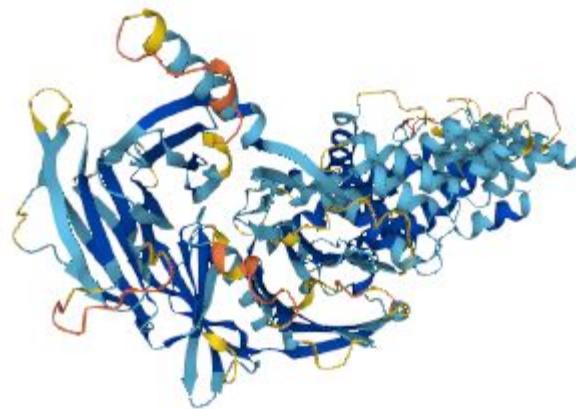
In this presentation...

- Motivation and background
- Used algorithms
- Results
- Discussion

Our goal

Cellular Component	trans-Golgi network	 Source:UniProtKB
Molecular Function	amyloid-beta binding	 Source:UniProtKB
Biological Process	positive regulation of amyloid-beta formation	 Source:UniProtKB
Biological Process	regulation of proteolysis	 Source:UniProtKB

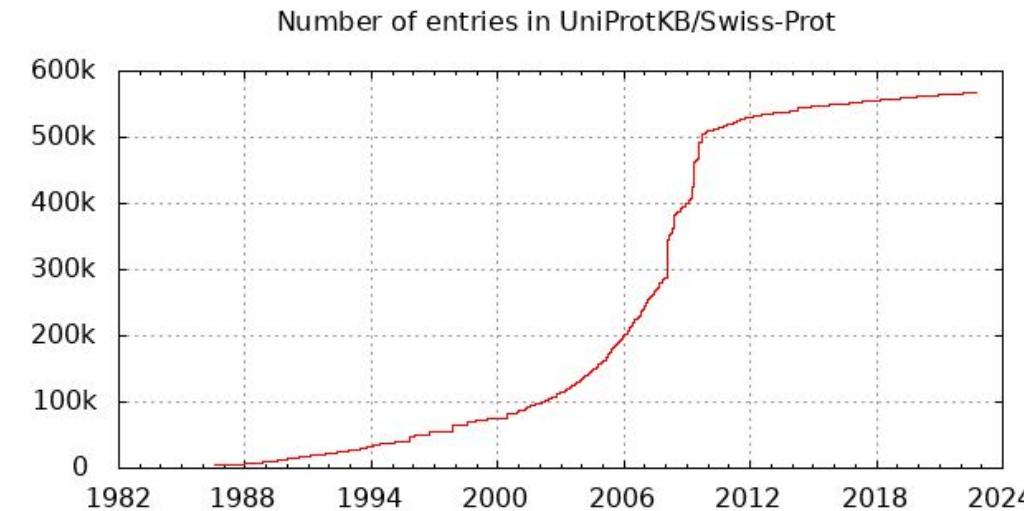
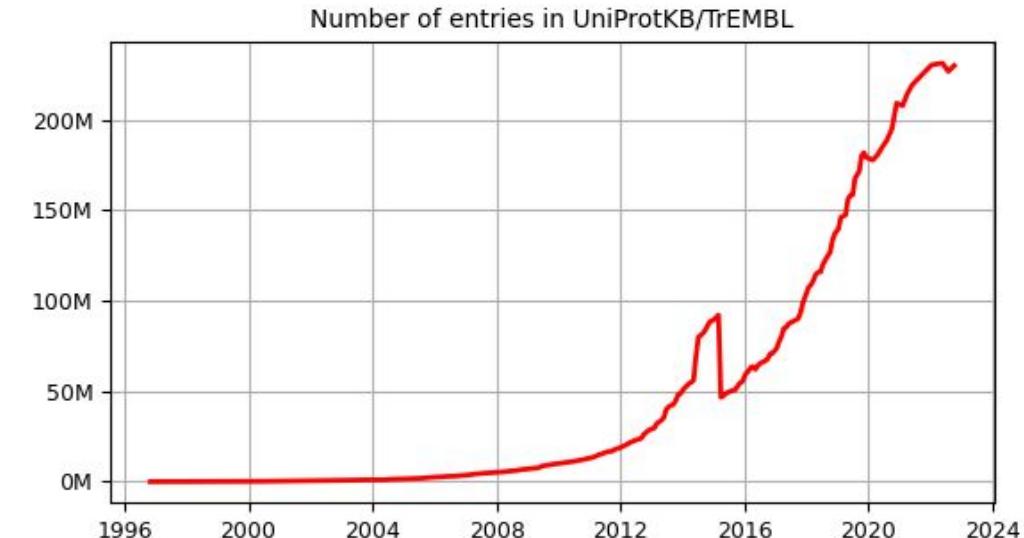
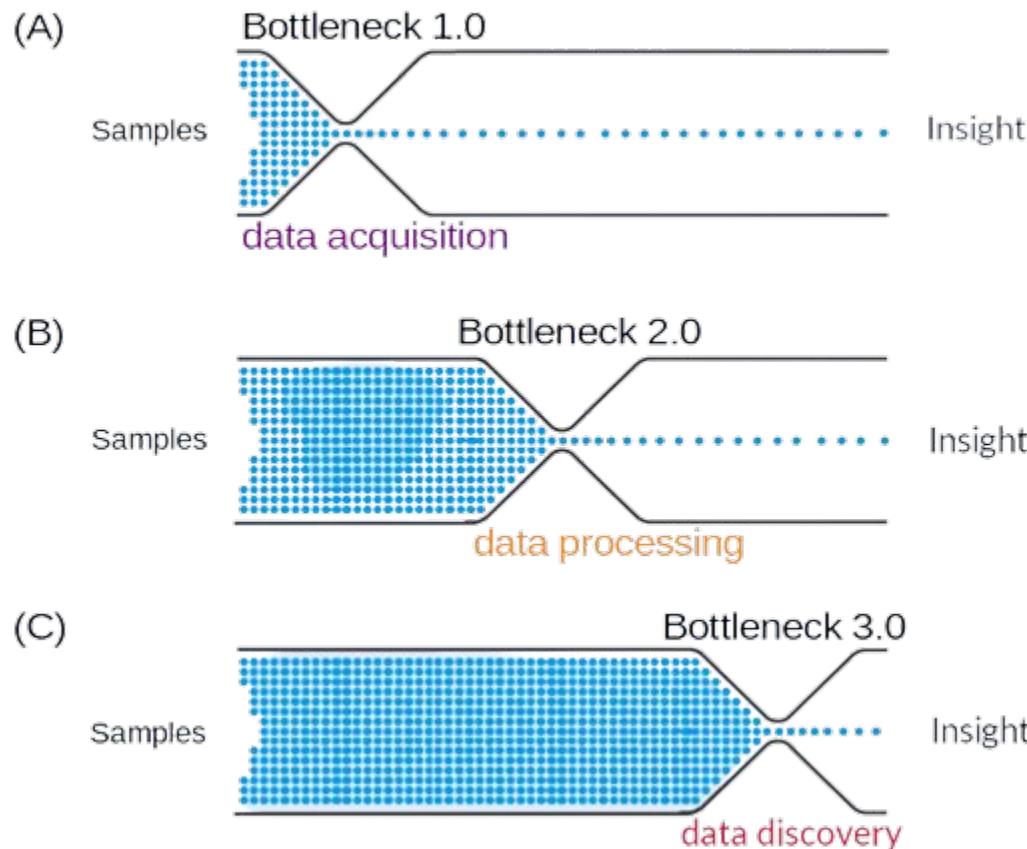
SQ SEQUENCE 854 AA; 97802 MW; D7B4A3A95E2E8C3B CRC64;
CLDCEKMAAL HCALYCGQGA QFLEAQIIQW ISENVSACHS
SNMDKLLPHS SVLTWNTEIP GITLVTEDIA LPLMKVLSFK
HYNNSVVRRE WHNLISEEKKT GKRRSAAYVR NILDNAVKVI
SHQRLLMGLM VSELKDHFLR HLQGVEKKKI EQMVLDYISK
WVLHFNSRGS AAEFAVFHIM TRILEATNSL FLPLPPGFHT



post-translational modifications, interactions, expression...

<https://www.uniprot.org/uniprotkb/A4D1B5/entry>

The bottleneck

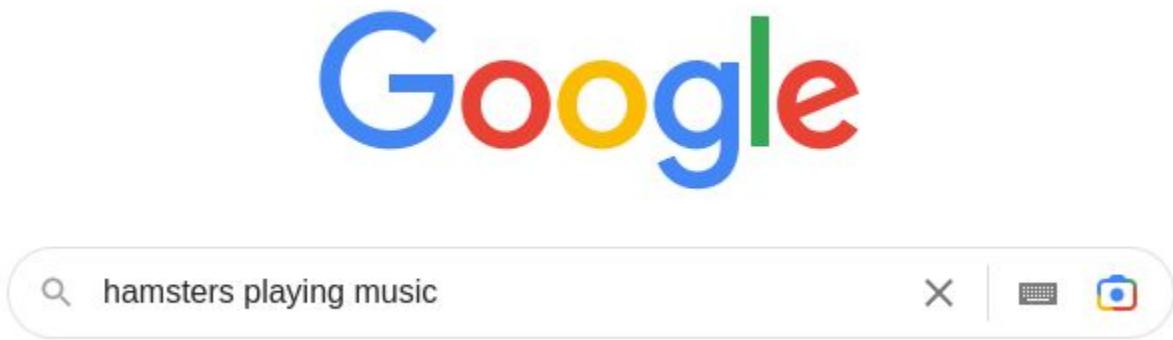


<https://bigomics.ch/blog/the-current-bottleneck-in-omics-data-analysis/>
<https://www.ebi.ac.uk/uniprot/TrEMBLstats>
<https://web.expasy.org/docs/relnotes/relstat.html>

The way we used to analyse

Primary sequence similarity	$O(n)$
Hand-crafted features	inaccurate
Experiments	manpower
...	

Out-of-the-box idea?



Google stock images

The language of genome

Dvanásťi sokoli, sokolovia Tatier,
akoby ich bola mala jedna mater;
jedna mater mala, v mlieku kúpavala,
zlatým povojníčkom bola povíjala.

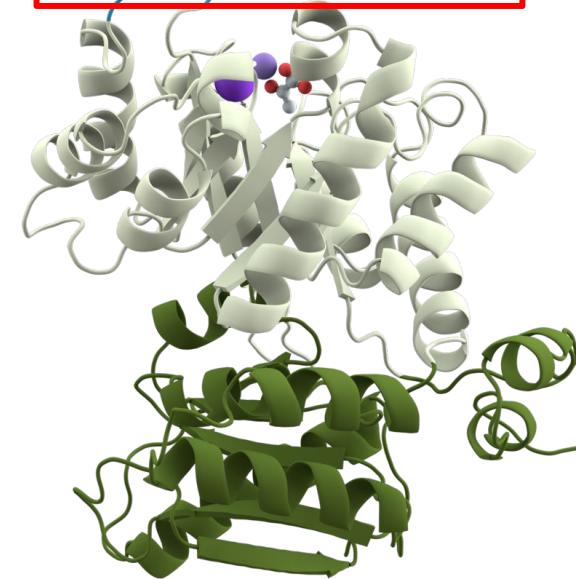
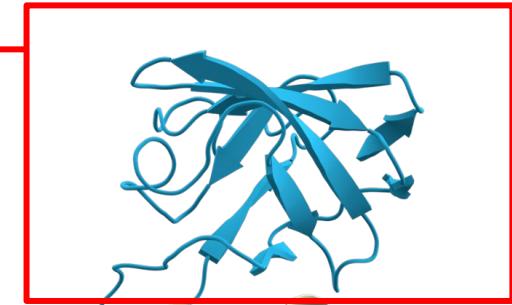
To sa chlapci, to sa jak oltárne sviece,
ked' idú po háji, celý sa trbliece.

SQ SEQUENCE 854 AA; 97802 MW;
CLDCEKMAAL HCALYCGQGA QFLEAQIIQW
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The language of genome

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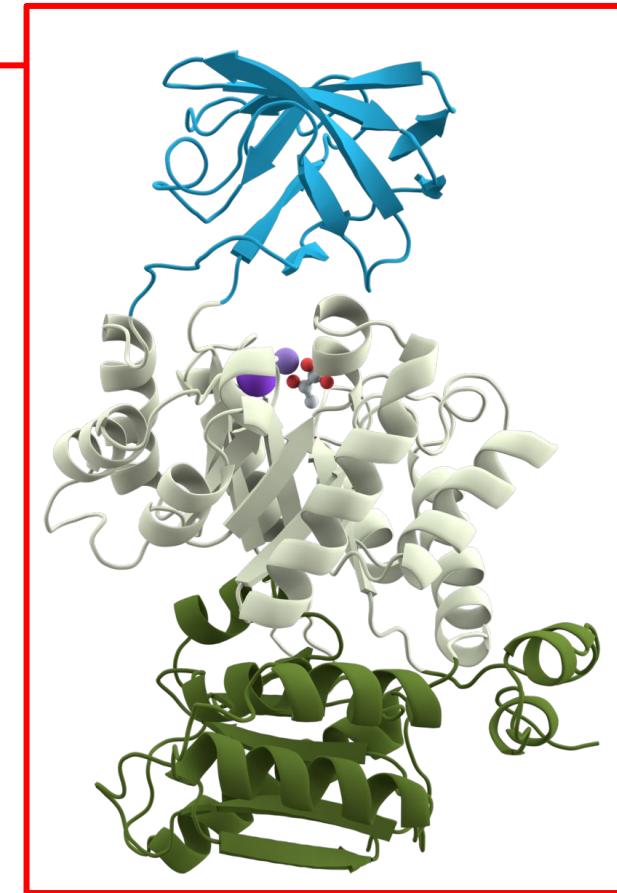


https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Protein_domain#/media/File:Pyruvate_kinase_protein_domains.png

The language of genome

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https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Protein_domain#/media/File:Pyruvate_kinase_protein_domains.png

The language of genome

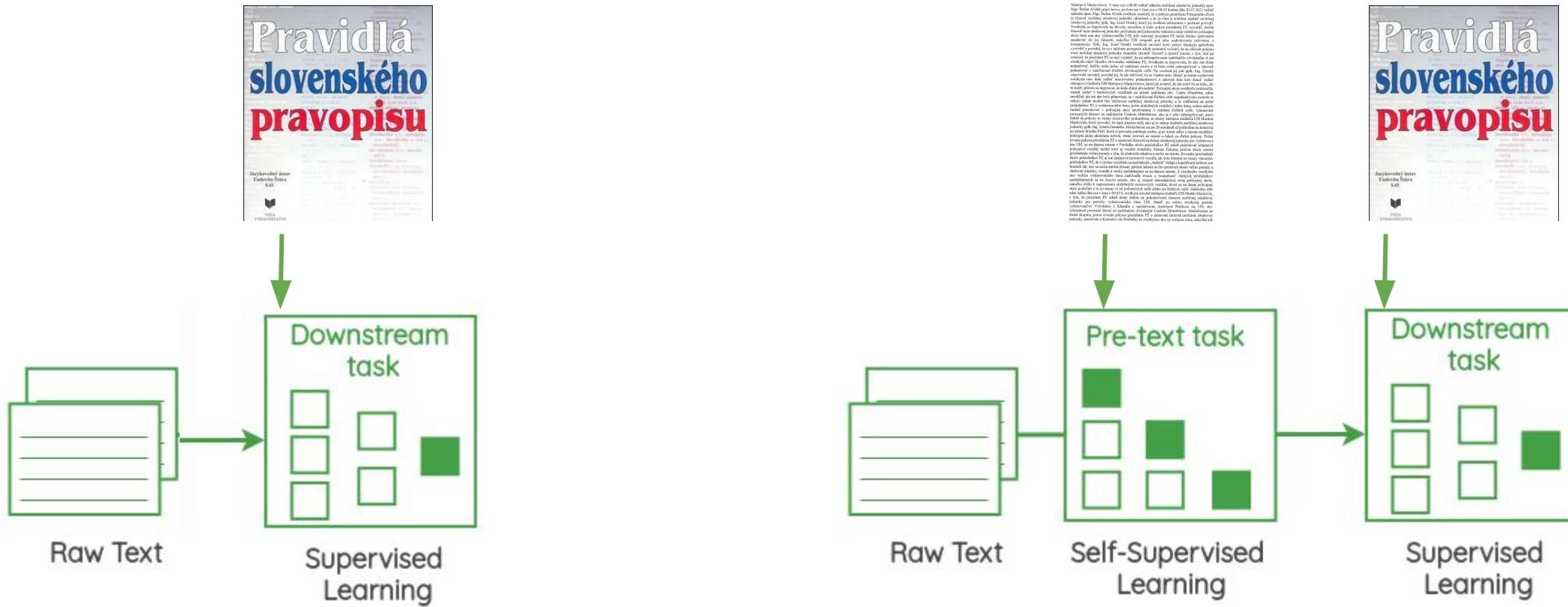
global protein classification tasks → text classification tasks

protein annotation tasks → text annotation

The language of genome

grammar?

The language of genome



<https://amitness.com/2020/05/self-supervised-learning-nlp/>

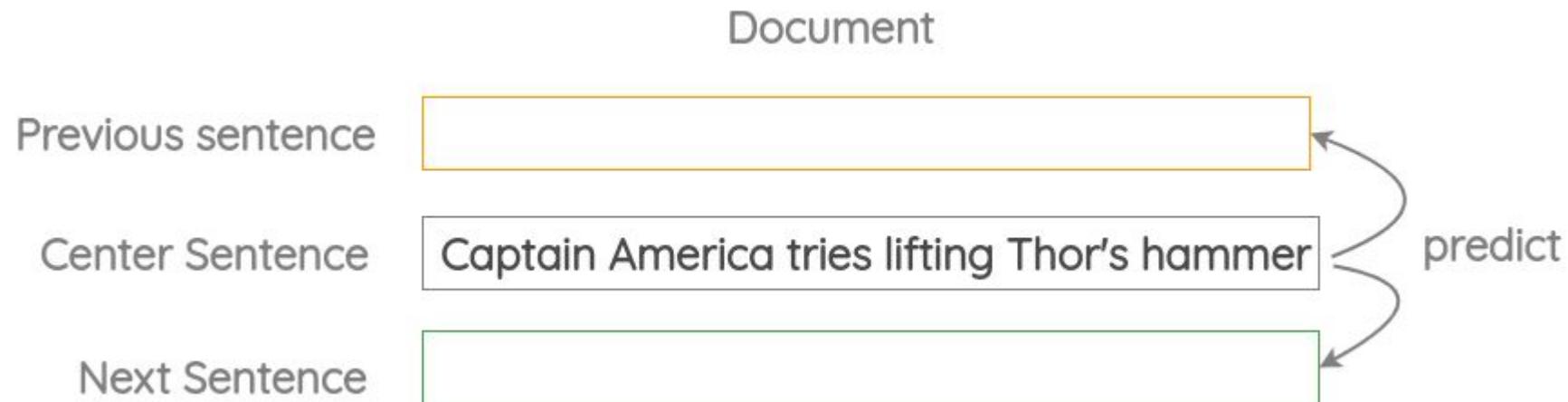
NLP | Self-supervised learning



A quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog

NLP | Self-supervised learning

A quick brown fox jumps over the lazy dog



NLP | Self-supervised learning

Nothing is _____

UDSMProt



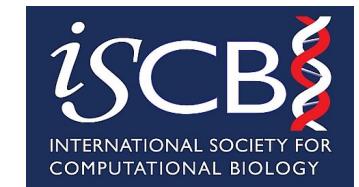
Nils Strodtmann

Patrick Wagner

Markus Wenzel

Wojciech Samek

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10587, Germany



UDSMProt

Universal deep sequence model

pre-training: Swiss-Prot

fine-tuning: specific tasks

Benchmarked tasks:

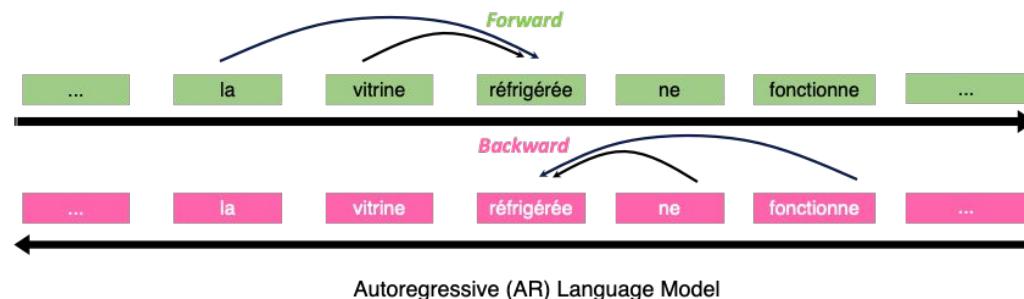
enzyme class prediction

gene ontology prediction

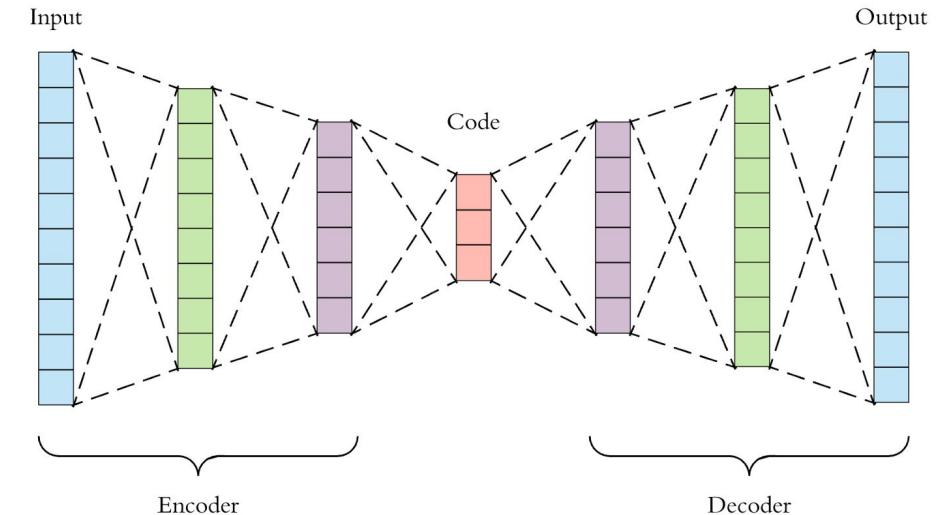
remote homology, fold detection

Self-supervised pre-training | How-to?

Autoregressive language modeling



Autoencoding



Self-supervised pre-training | How-to?

Autoregressive language modeling

less resources
faster
less data needed

... less accurate



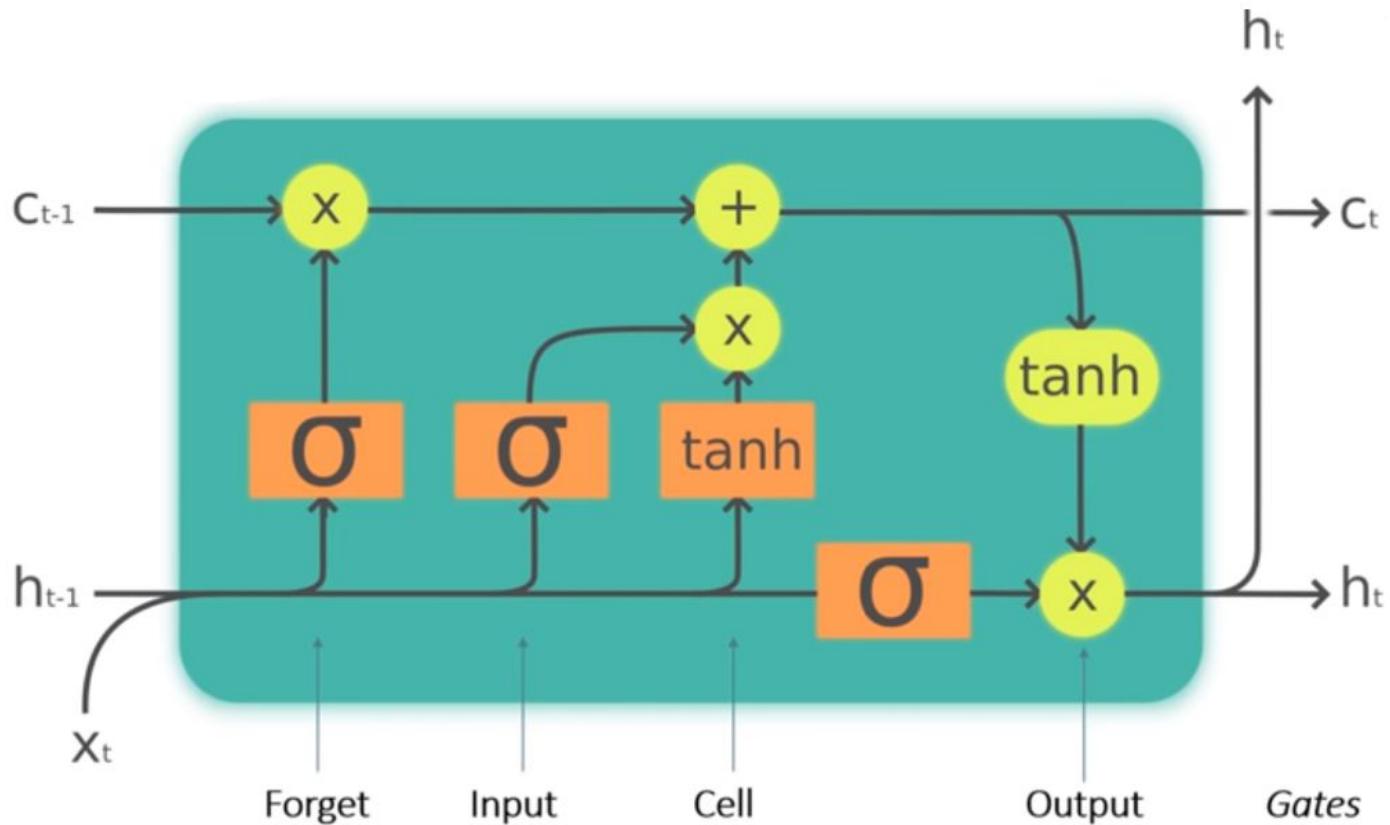
Autoencoding

way more resources
significantly slower
markedly more data

better! but not by much



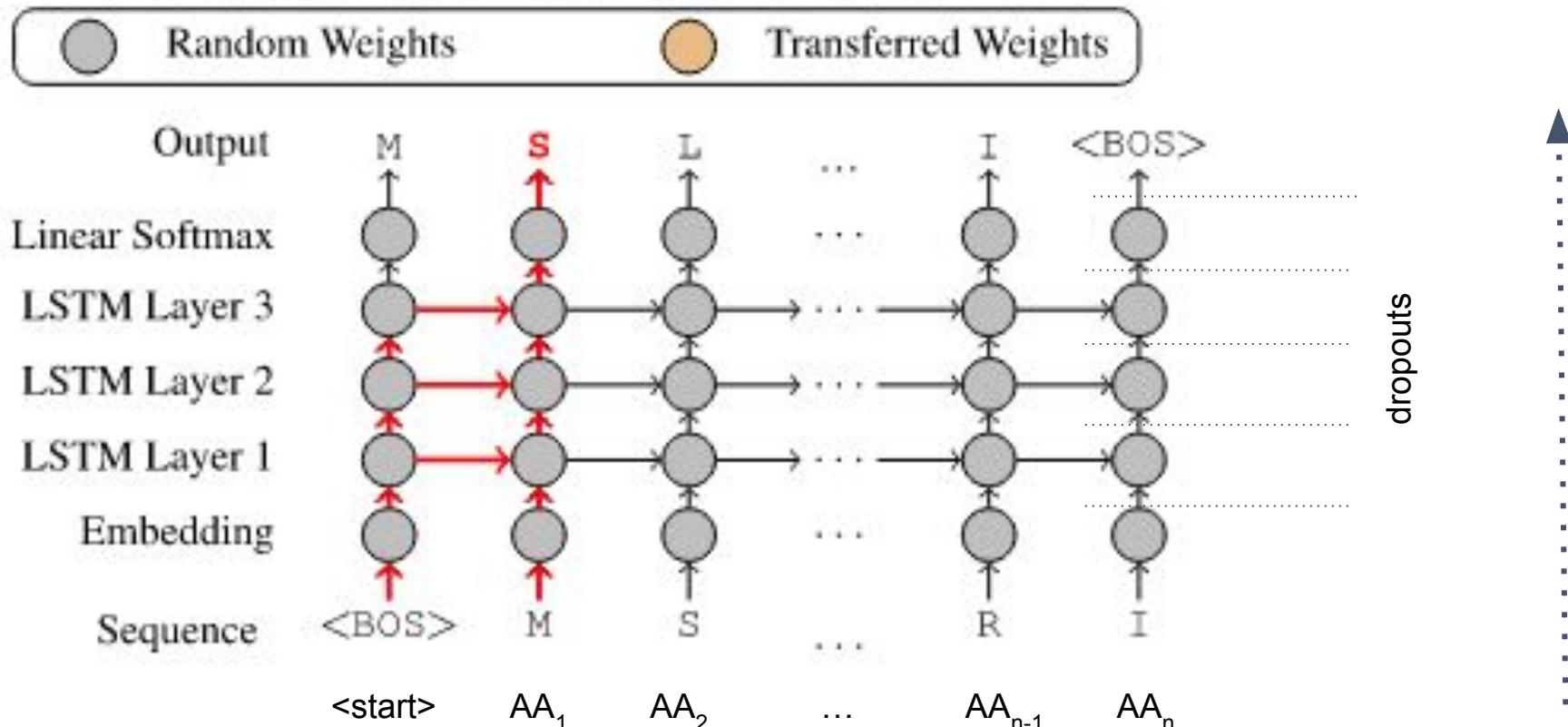
The model



google images

... simplified

1. Language Model Pretraining on Swiss-Prot

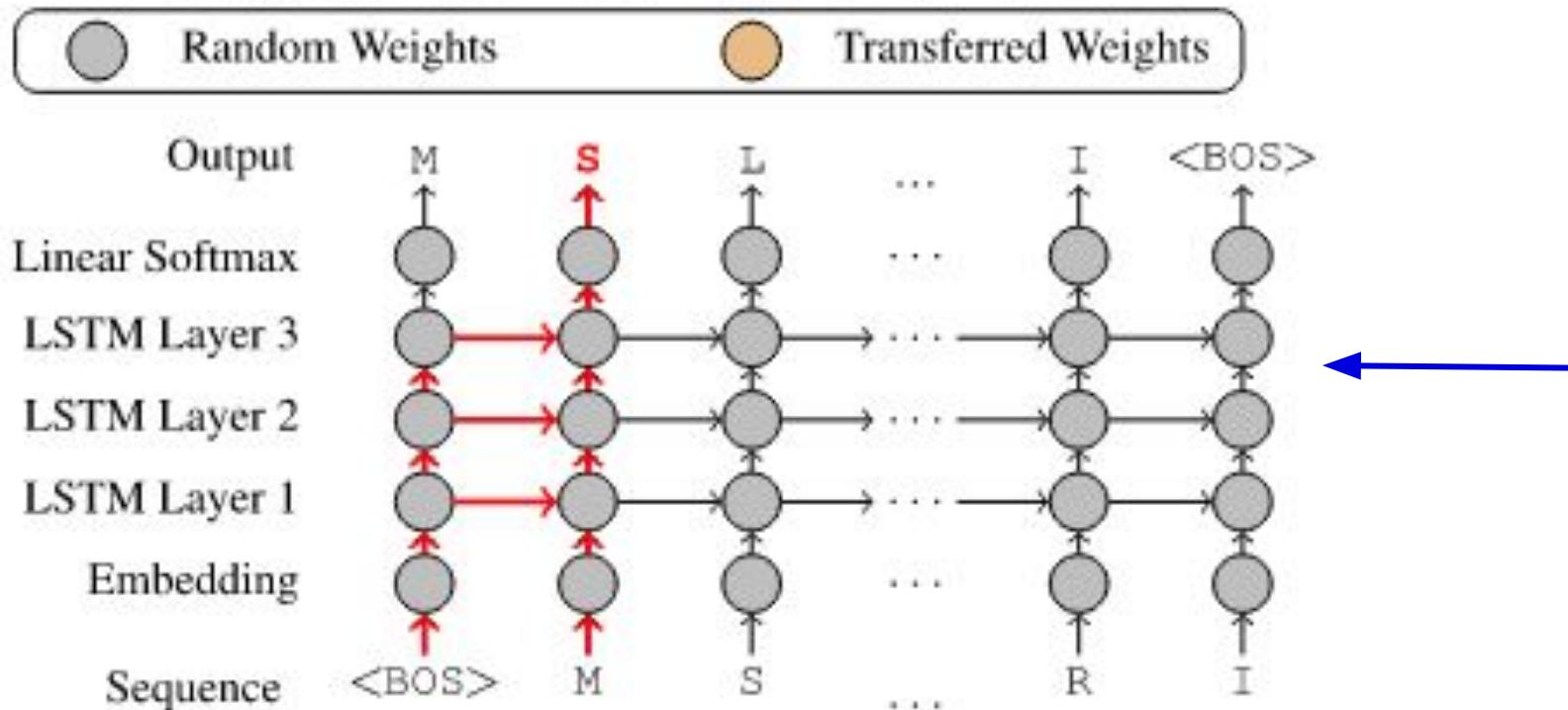


... simplified

Parameter	Value
Joint parameters	
Number of hidden units	1150
Number of layers	3
Embedding dimension	400
Backpropagation through time (bptt)	70
Gradient clipping	0.25
Weight decay	1e-7
Language-model-specific parameters	
Dropout (p_o, p_h, p_i, p_e, p_w)	$0.5 \cdot (0.25, 0.1, 0.2, 0.02, 0.15)$
Classifier-specific parameters	
Dropout (p_o, p_h, p_i, p_e, p_w)	$0.5 \cdot (0.4, 0.2, 0.6, 0.1, 0.5)$
Max. length (context size)	1024
Number of hidden units (head)	50

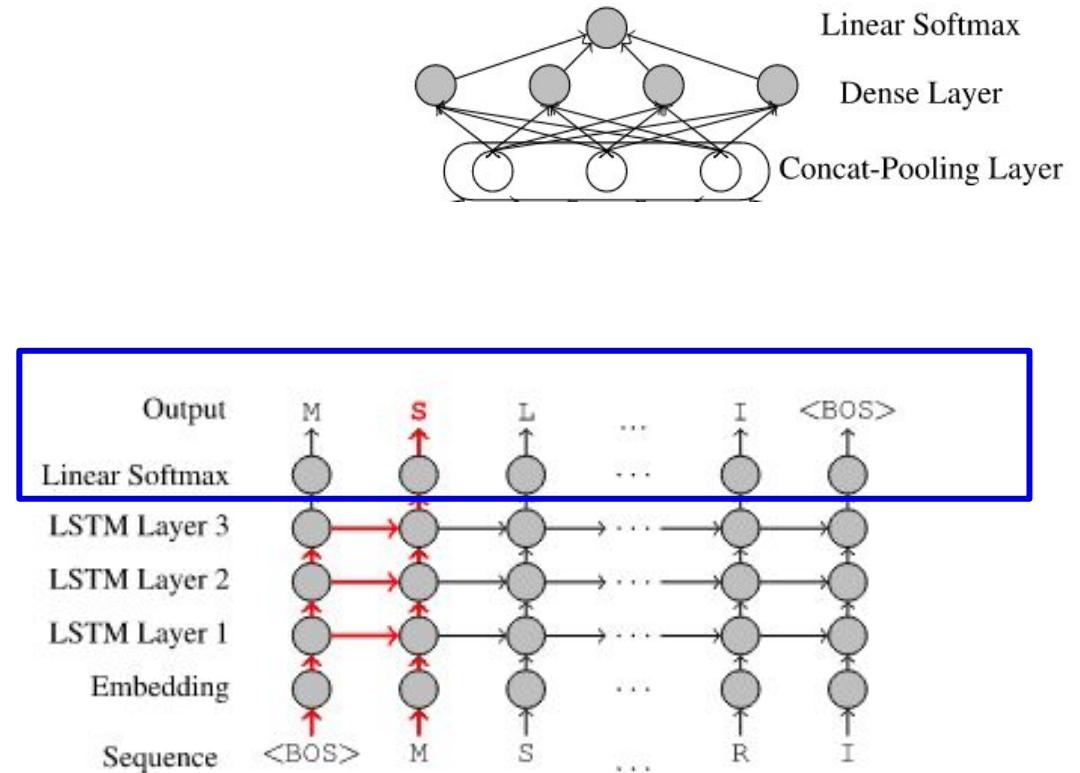
... simplified

1. Language Model Pretraining on Swiss-Prot



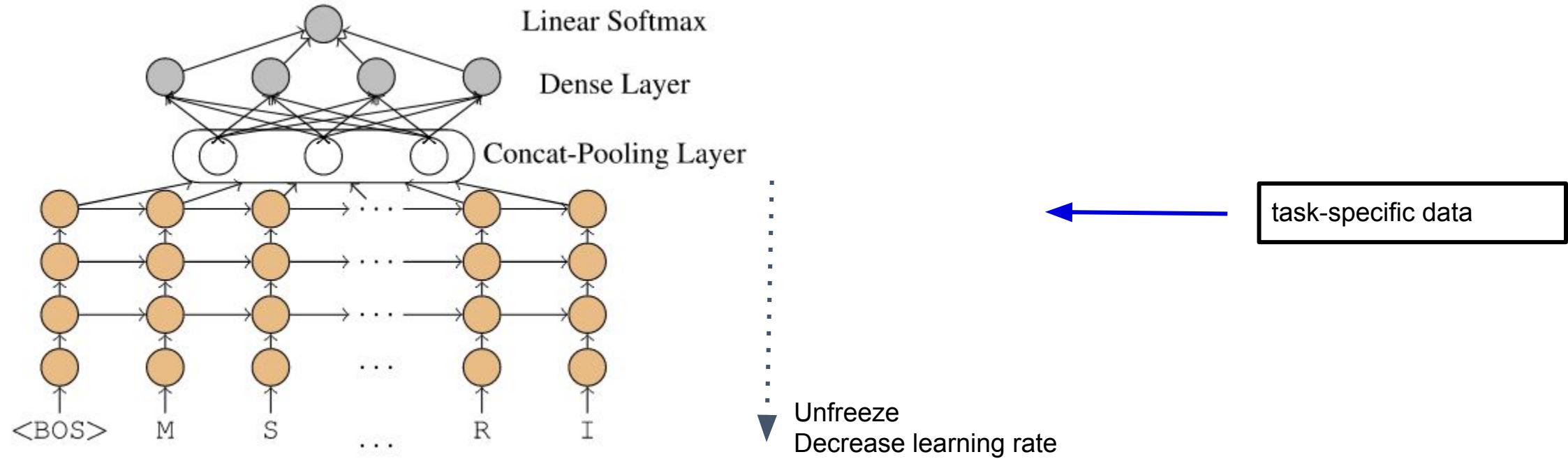
swissprot

... simplified

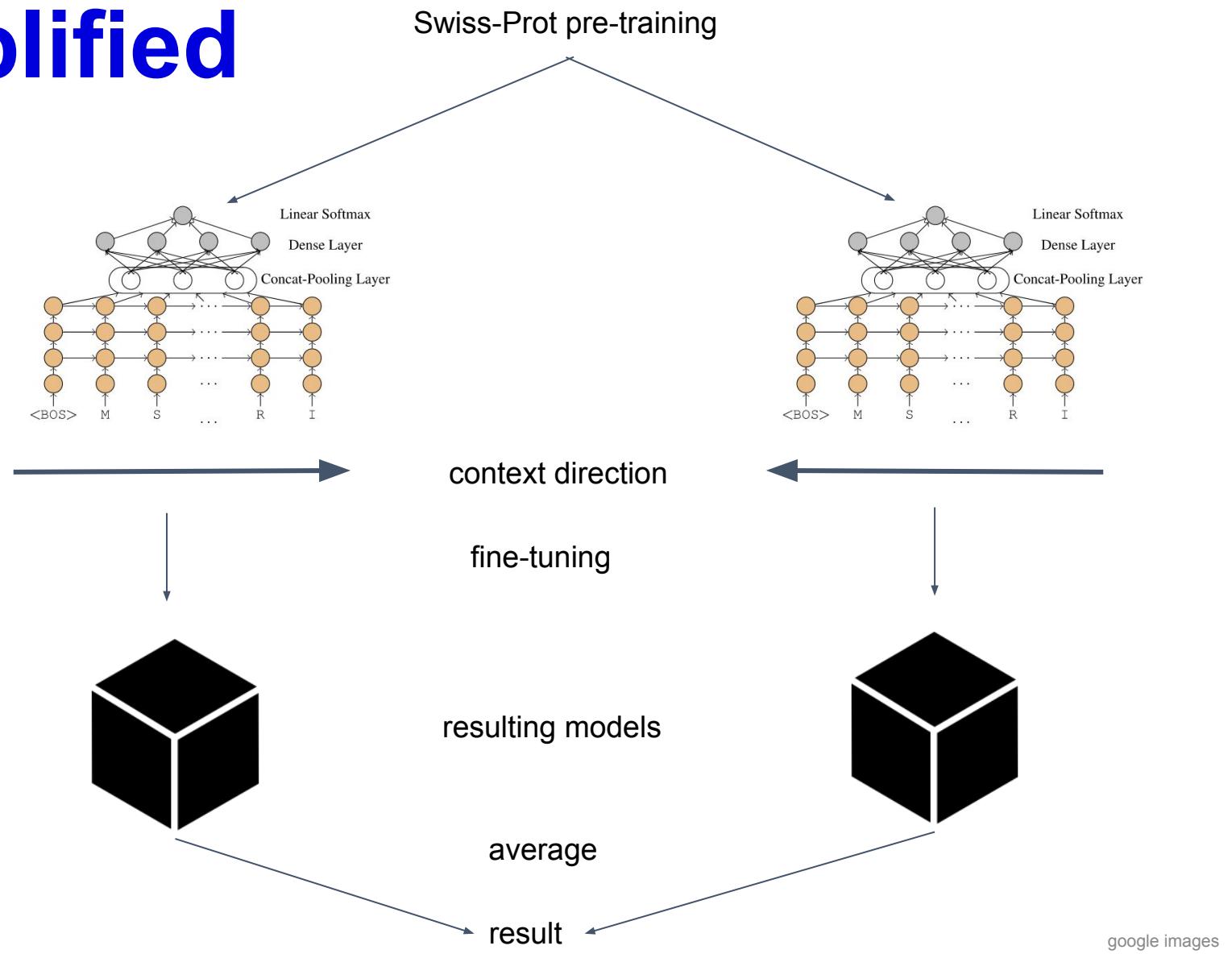


google stock

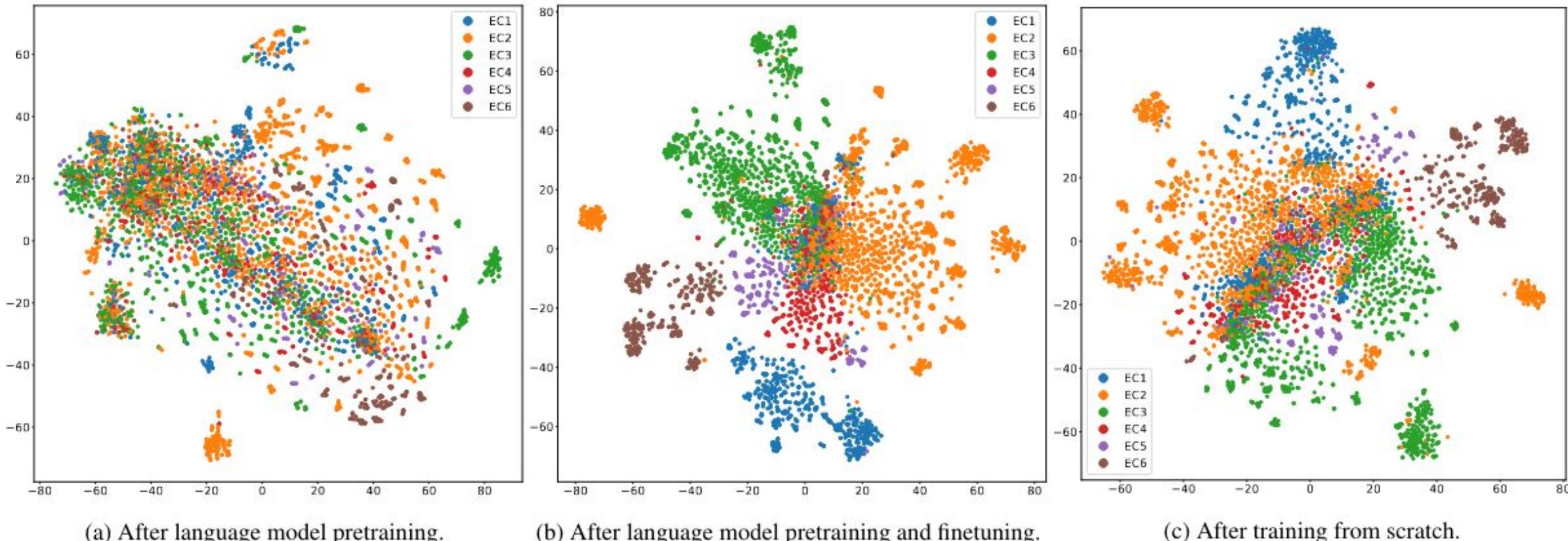
... simplified



... simplified



... simplified



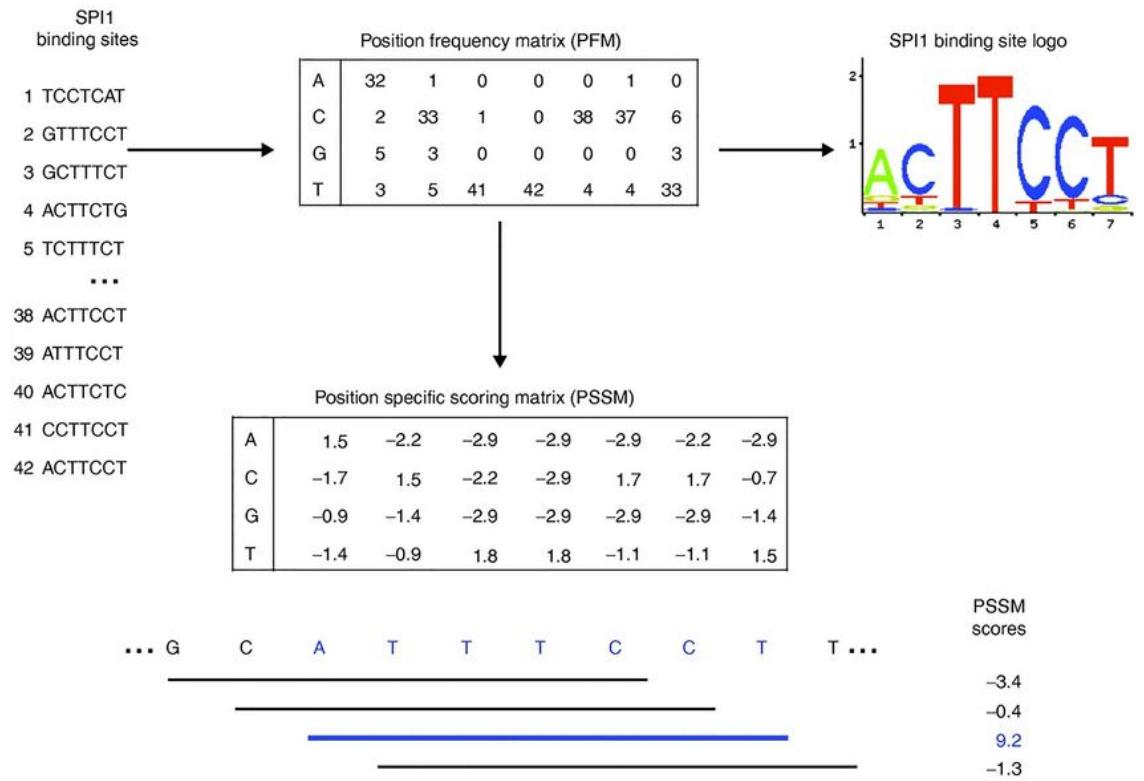
(a) After language model pretraining.

(b) After language model pretraining and finetuning.

(c) After training from scratch.

The baseline model

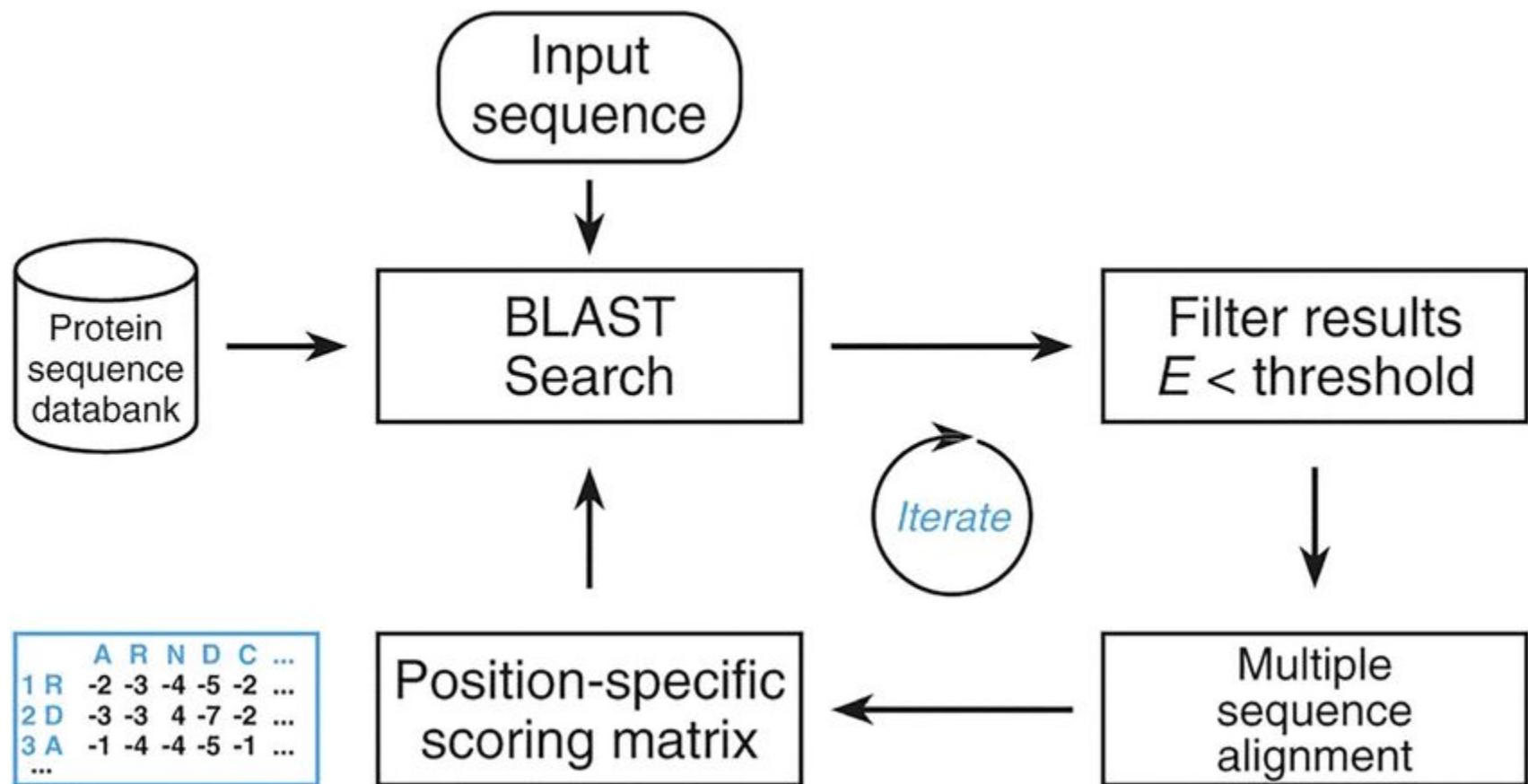
- Best state-of-the-art methods
 - PSSMs (motifs)



https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Position_weight_matrix

https://www.researchgate.net/publication/345667774_A_survey_on_deep_learning_in_DNARNA_motif_mining

The baseline model



https://www.researchgate.net/publication/354444464_Protein_active_site_prediction_for_early_drug_discovery_and_designing

Results

Tasks:

Language modelling

Enzyme class prediction

Gene ontology

Remote homology and fold detection

Language modeling

The problem of similarity threshold

Next character accuracy on

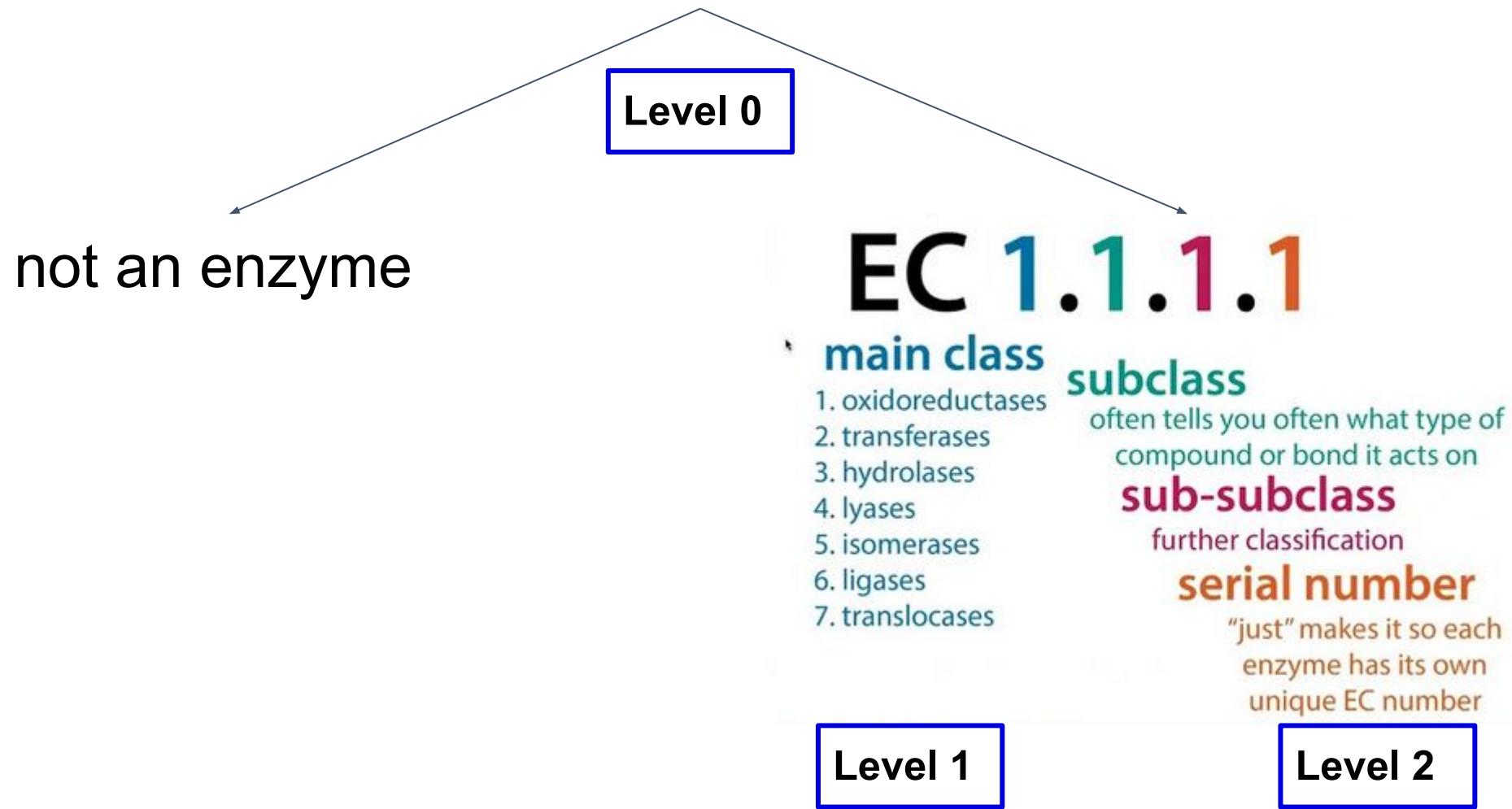
random split: .409

cluster-based split: .244

random guessing: .04

... still not a problem

Enzyme class prediction



<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=8yO1XEzoVIE>

Enzyme class prediction

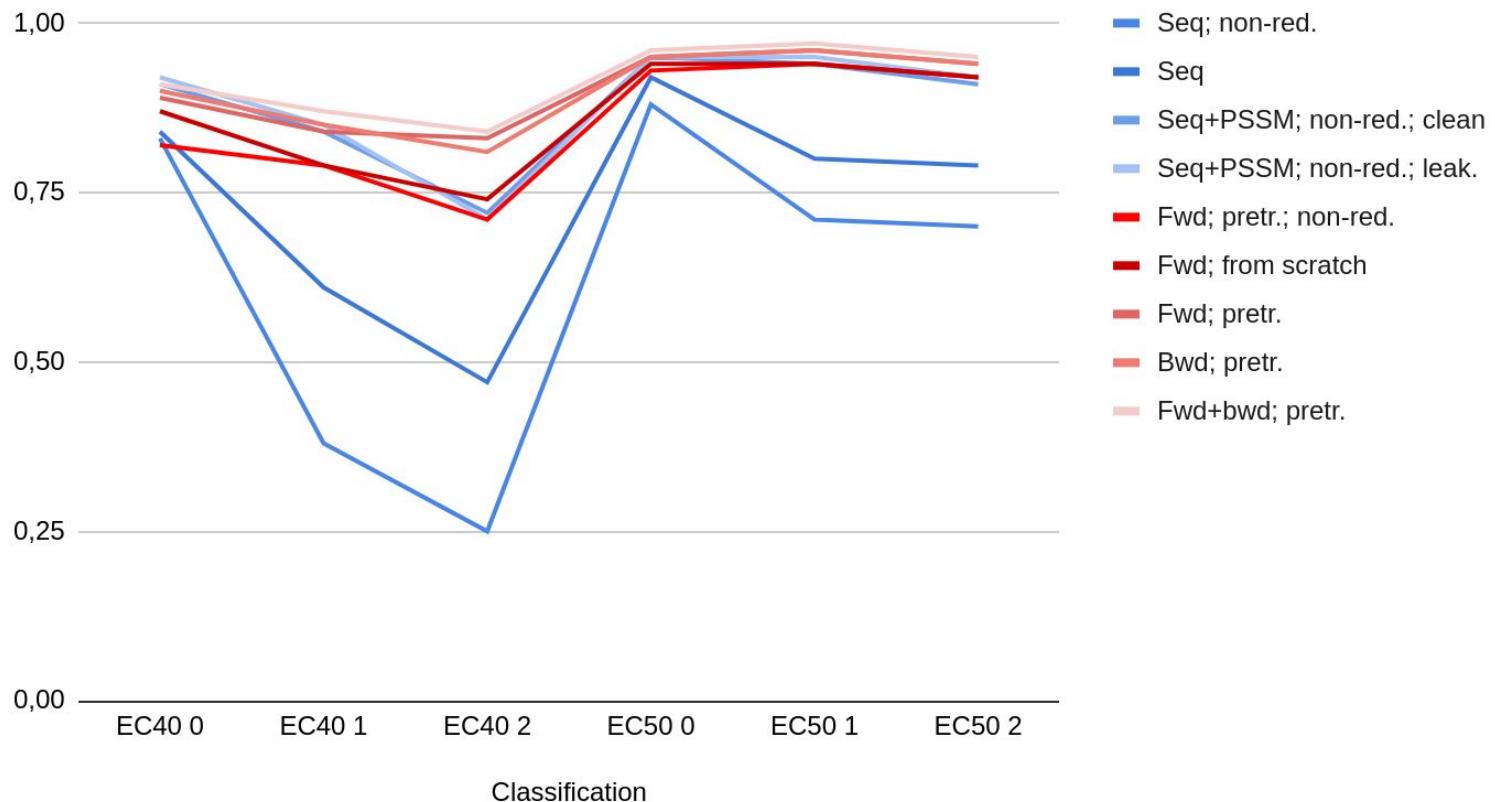
Level		EC40			EC50		
		0	1	2	0	1	2
Baseline	Seq; non-red.	0.83	0.38	0.25	0.88	0.71	0.70
	Seq	0.84	0.61	0.47	0.92	0.80	0.79
	Seq+PSSM; non-red.; clean	0.91	0.84	0.72	0.95	0.94	0.91
	Seq+PSSM; non-red.; leak.	0.92	0.85	0.71	0.95	0.95	0.92
<i>UDSMProt</i>	Fwd; pretr.; non-red.	0.82	0.79	0.71	0.93	0.94	0.92
	Fwd; from scratch	0.87	0.79	0.74	0.94	0.94	0.92
	Fwd; pretr.	0.89	0.84	0.83	0.95	0.96	0.94
	Bwd; pretr.	0.90	0.85	0.81	0.95	0.96	0.94
	Fwd+bwd; pretr.	0.91	0.87	0.84	0.96	0.97	0.95

Note: The best-performing classifiers are marked in bold face.

Fwd/bwd, training in forward/backward direction; seq, raw sequence as input; non-red, training on non-redundant sequences, i.e. representatives only; pretr., using language model pre-training; leak., leakage PSSM features computed on the full dataset.

Enzyme class prediction

Enzyme classification accuracy on dataset + classification levels



Dataset	Best	Accuracy
EC40 0	Baseline	0,92
EC40 1	UDSMProt	0,87
EC40 2	UDSMProt	0,84
EC50 0	UDSMProt	0,96
EC50 1	UDSMProt	0,97
EC50 2	UDSMProt	0,95

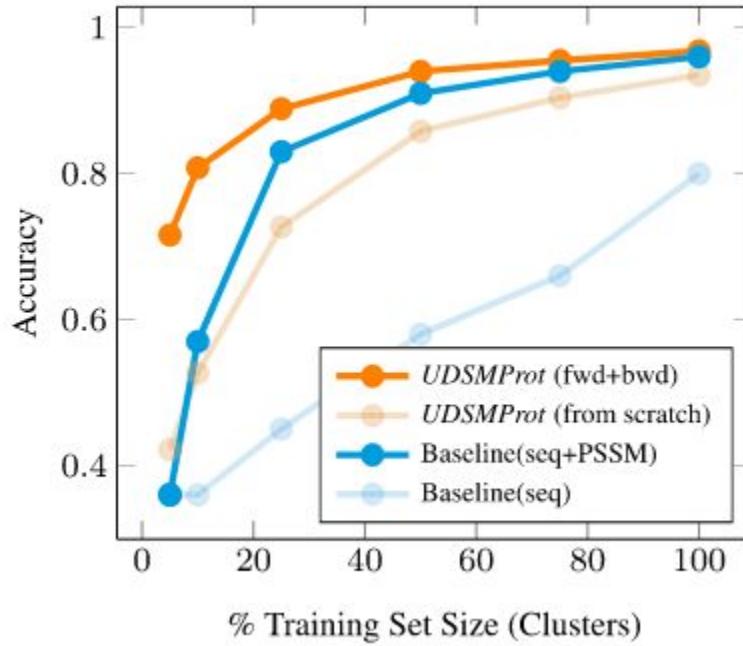
Enzyme class prediction

Level	DEEPre (acc.)			ECPred (mean F ₁)	
	0	1	2	0	1
<i>ECPred</i>	—	—	—	0.96	0.96
<i>DEEPre</i> (seq+PSSM)	0.88	0.82	0.43	—	—
Baseline ^a (seq+PSSM)	0.91	0.84	0.59	0.97	0.94
<i>UDSMProt^a</i>	Fwd; pretr.	0.86	0.81	0.75	0.95
	Bwd; pretr.	0.86	0.83	0.73	0.97
	Fwd+bwd; pretr.	0.87	0.84	0.78	0.97
	Fwd; pretr.; red.	—	—	—	0.97
	Bwd; pretr.; red.	—	—	—	0.97
	Fwd+bwd; pretr.; red.	—	—	—	0.98

Note: Results on the *DEEPre* dataset were evaluated using 5-fold cross-validation.

Fwd/bwd, training in forward/backward direction; seq, raw sequence as input; pretr., using language model pre-training.

Training dataset size



Gene Ontology prediction

Cellular Components (CCOs)

Molecular Functions (MFOs)

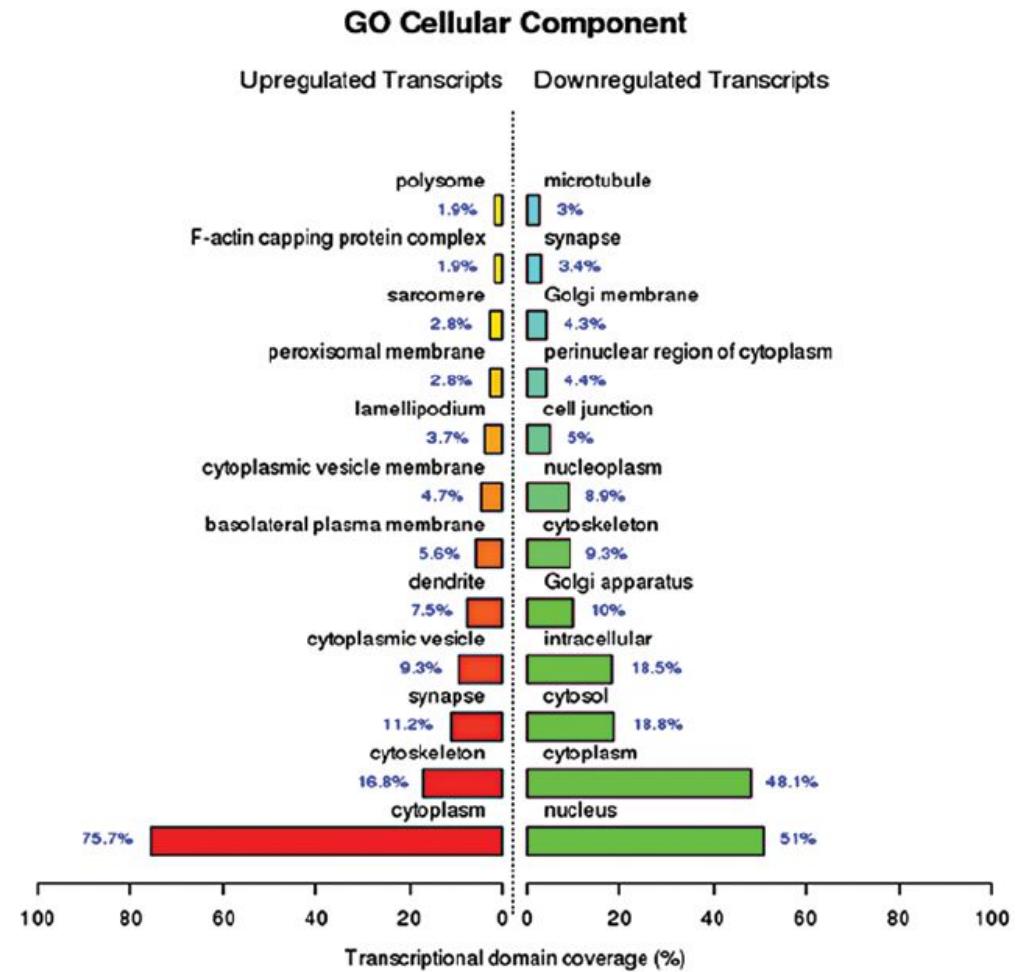
Biological Processes (BPOs)

Gene Ontology prediction

Cellular Components (CCOs)

Molecular Functions (MFOs)

Biological Processes (BPOs)



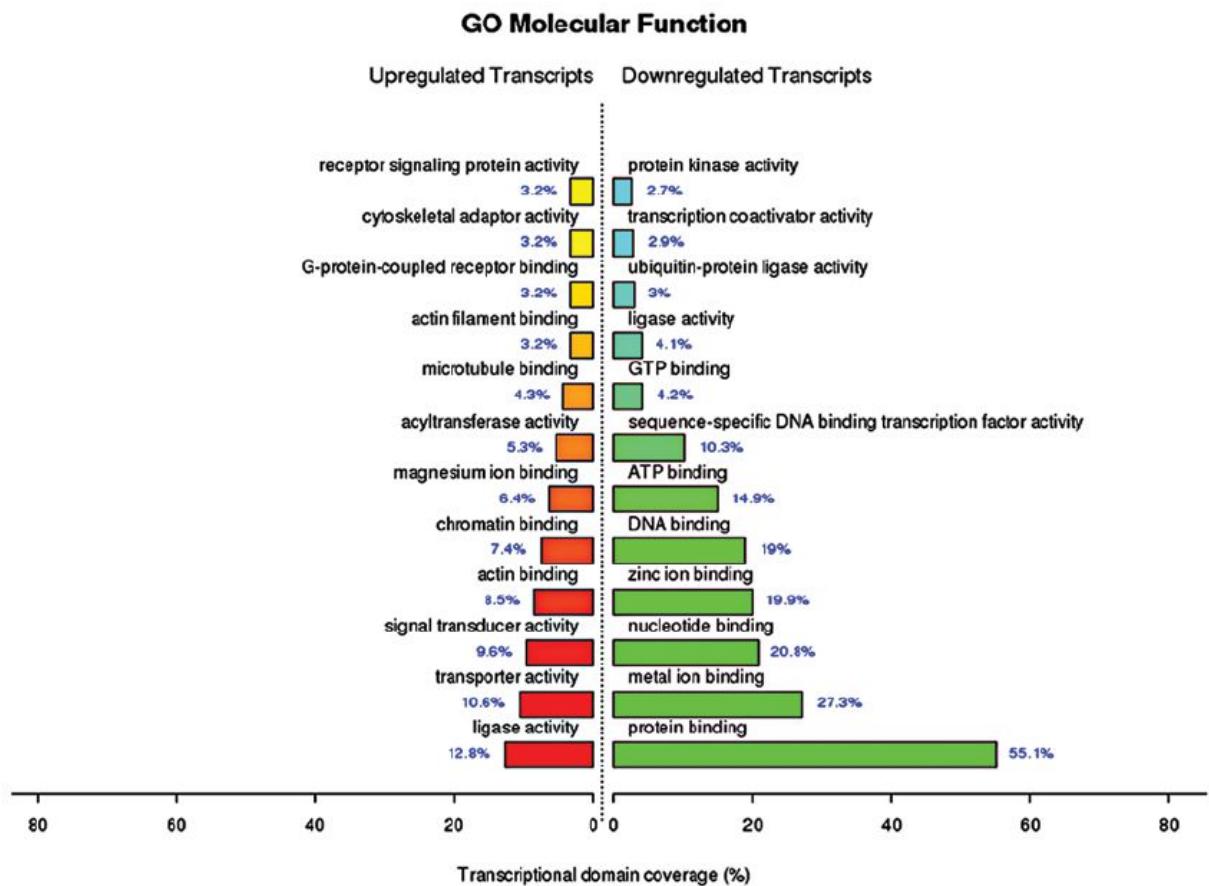
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/261187744_Expression_analysis_of_serum_microRNAs_in_idiopathic_pulmonary_fibrosis

Gene Ontology prediction

Cellular Components (CCOs)

Molecular Functions (MFOs)

Biological Processes (BPOs)



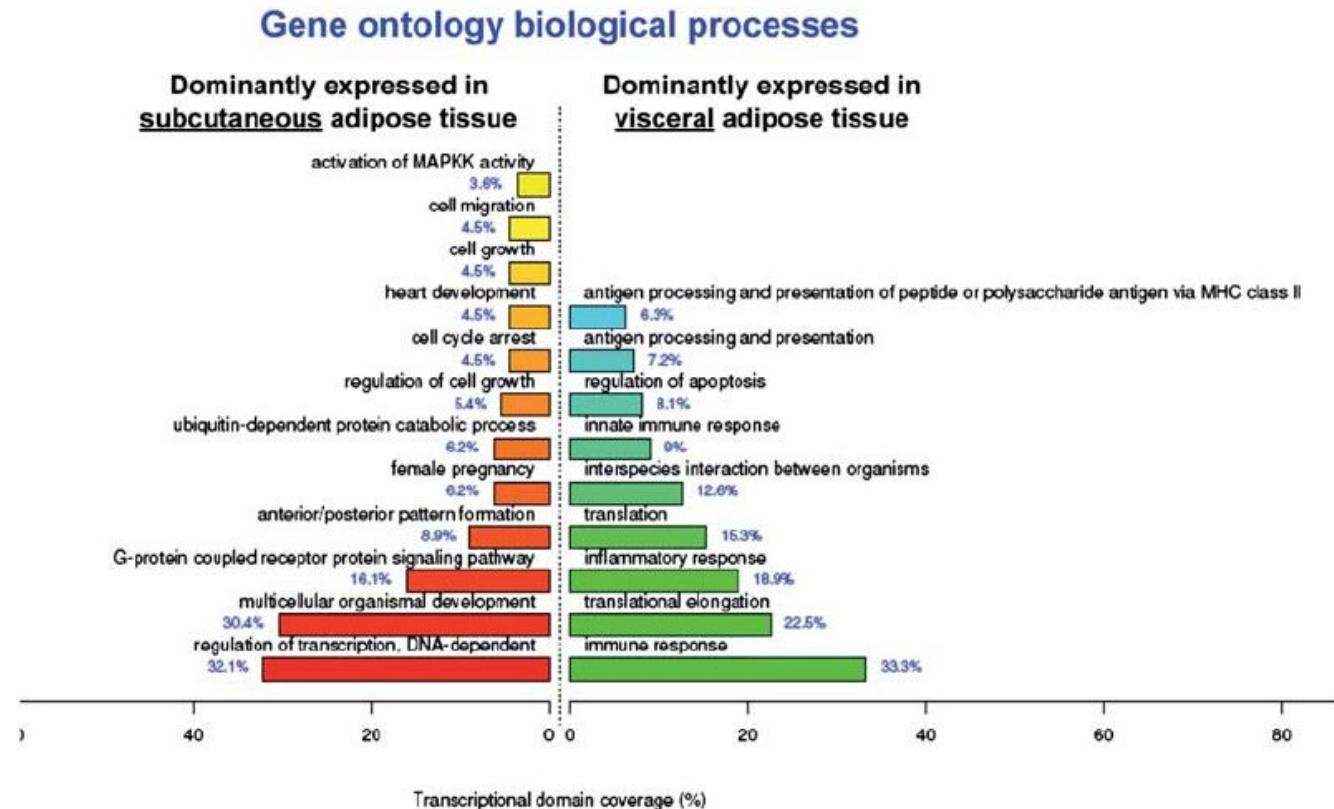
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Gene Ontology prediction

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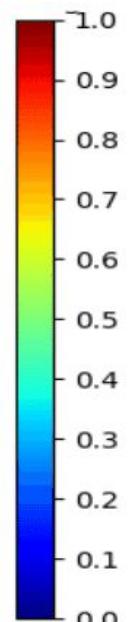
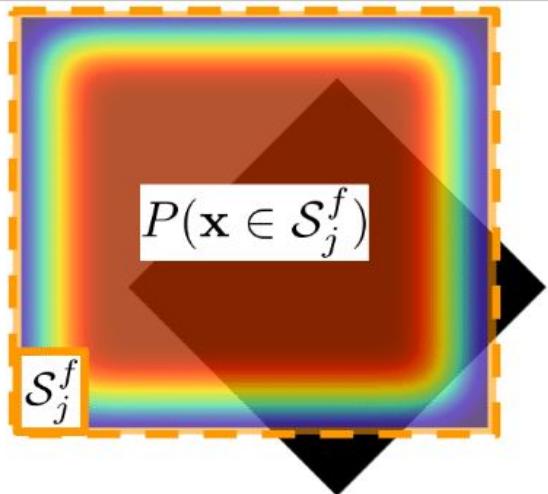
https://www.researchgate.net/publication/261187744_Expression_analysis_of_serum_microRNAs_in_idiopathic_pulmonary_fibrosis

Gene Ontology prediction

	Methods	F_{\max}			S_{\min}			AUPR		
		MFO	BPO	CCO	MFO	BPO	CCO	MFO	BPO	CCO
Single	<i>Naive</i>	0.306	0.318	0.605	12.105	38.890	9.646	0.150	0.219	0.512
	<i>DiamondScore</i>	<u>0.548</u>	<u>0.439</u>	0.621	<u>8.736</u>	<u>34.060</u>	7.997	0.362	0.240	0.363
	<i>DeepGO</i>	<u>0.449</u>	0.398	0.667	<u>10.722</u>	35.085	<u>7.861</u>	0.409	0.328	0.696
	<i>DeepGOCNN</i>	0.409	0.383	0.663	<u>11.296</u>	<u>36.451</u>	8.642	0.350	0.316	0.688
Ensemble	<i>DeepText2GO</i>	0.627	0.441	0.694	5.240	17.713	4.531	0.605	0.336	0.729
	<i>GOLabeler</i>	0.580	0.370	0.687	5.077	15.177	5.518	0.546	0.225	0.700
	<i>DeepGOPplus</i>	0.585	0.474	0.699	8.824	33.576	7.693	0.536	0.407	0.726
UDSMProt ^a	Fwd; from scratch	0.418	0.303	0.655	14.906	47.208	12.929	0.304	0.284	0.612
	Fwd; pretr.	0.465	0.404	0.683	10.578	36.667	8.210	0.406	0.345	0.695
	Bwd; pretr.	0.465	0.403	0.664	10.802	36.361	8.210	0.414	0.348	0.685
	Fwd+bwd; pretr.	0.481	0.411	<u>0.682</u>	10.505	36.147	8.244	<u>0.472</u>	<u>0.356</u>	<u>0.704</u>
	Bwd+bwd; pretr. + <i>DiamondScore</i>	0.582	0.475	0.697	8.787	33.615	7.618	0.548	0.422	0.728

F_{\max} , S_{\min} , AUPR

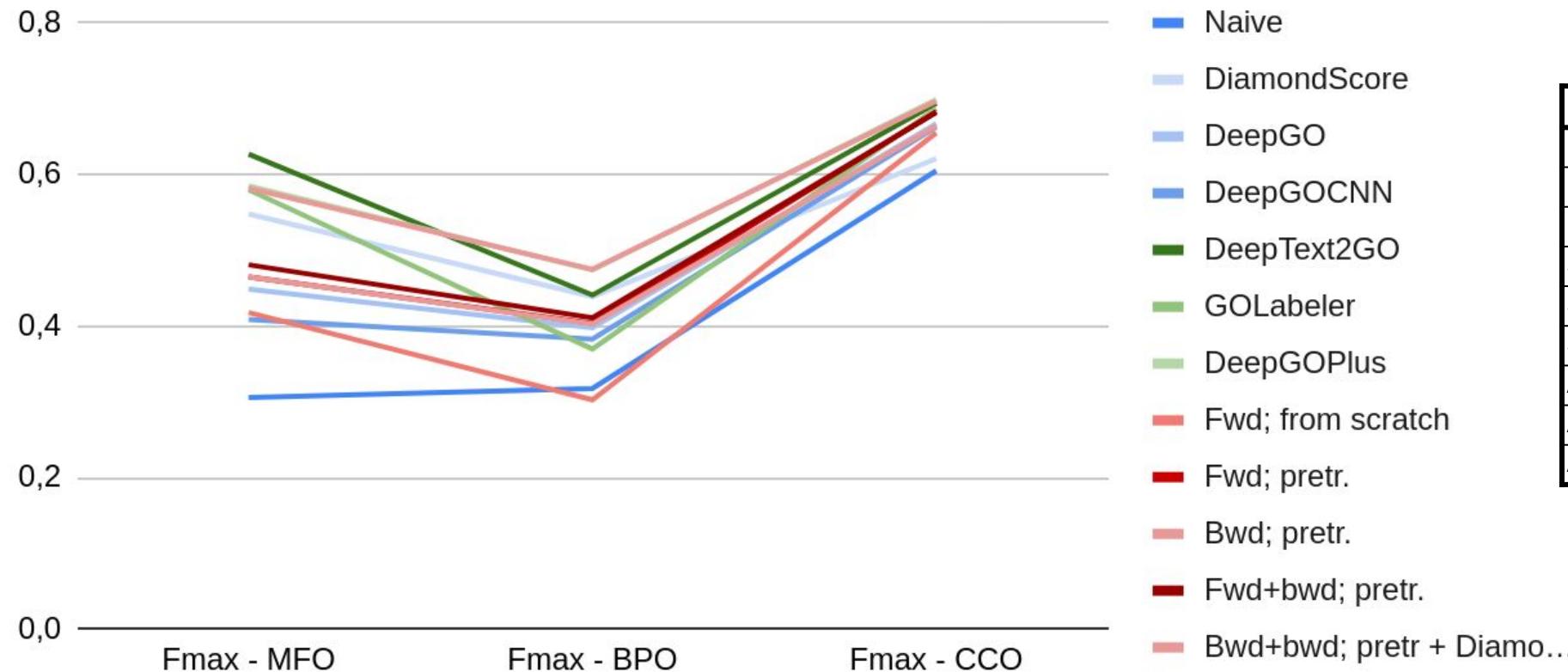
$\mathbf{l}_j^f = [0.8 \text{ diamond}, 0.2 \text{ square}]$



https://www.researchgate.net/publication/261187744_Expression_analysis_of_serum_microRNAs_in_idiopathic_pulmonary_fibrosis
<https://www.pinterest.co.uk/pin/692991461400478556/>

Gene Ontology prediction

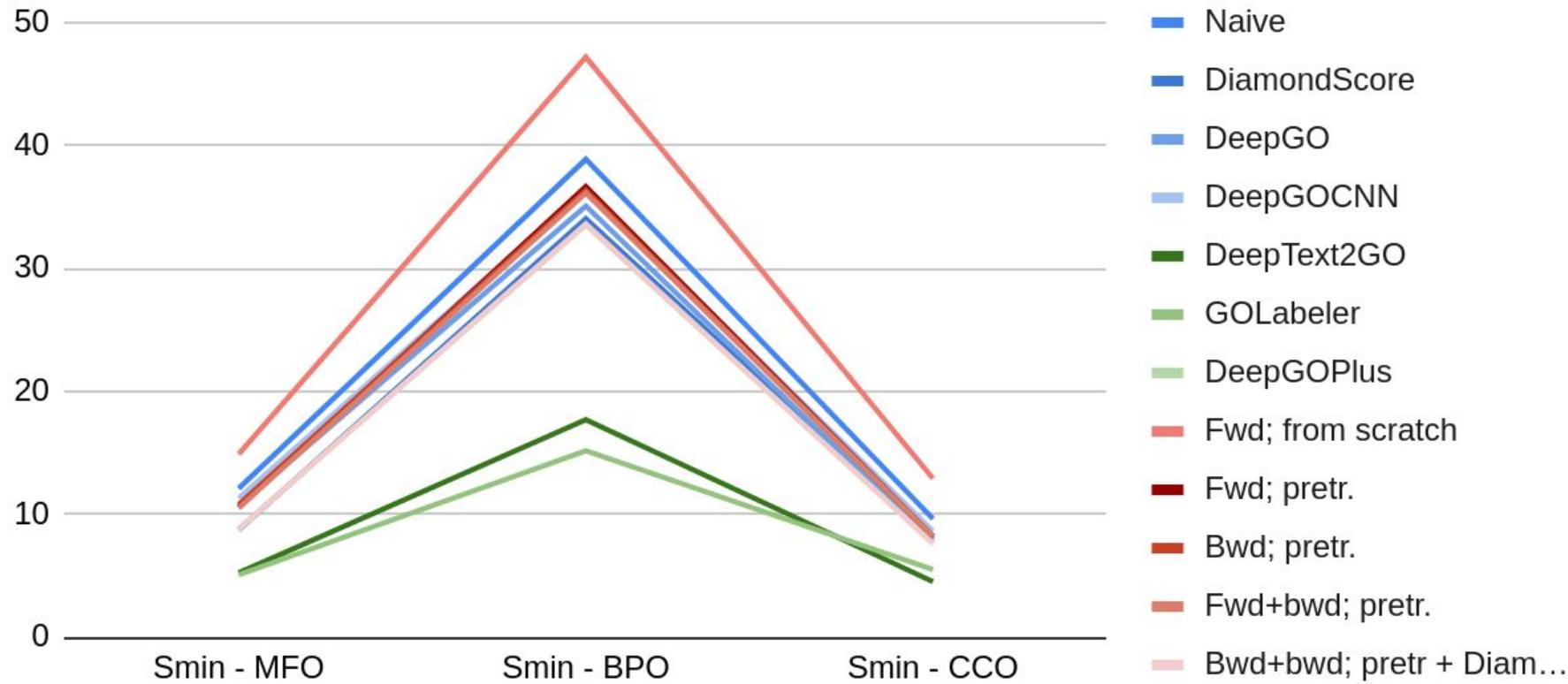
Fmax



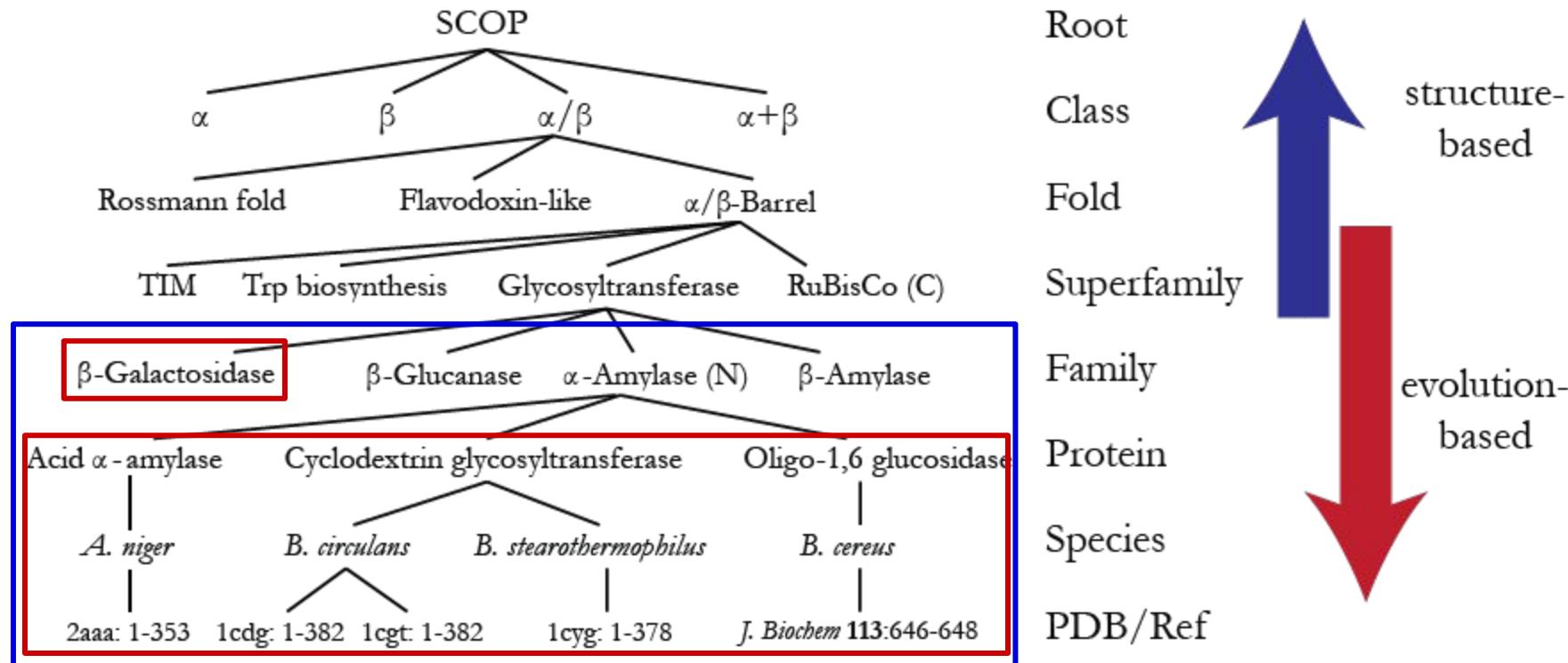
Evaluation	Classification	Best Model
Fmax	MFO	DiamondScore
Fmax	BPO	DiamondScore
Fmax	CCO	UDSMProt
Smin	MFO	DiamondScore
Smin	BPO	DiamondScore
Smin	CCO	DeepGO
AUPR	MFO	UDSMProt
AUPR	BPO	UDSMProt
AUPR	CCO	UDSMProt

Gene Ontology prediction

Smin



Remote Homology and Fold detection

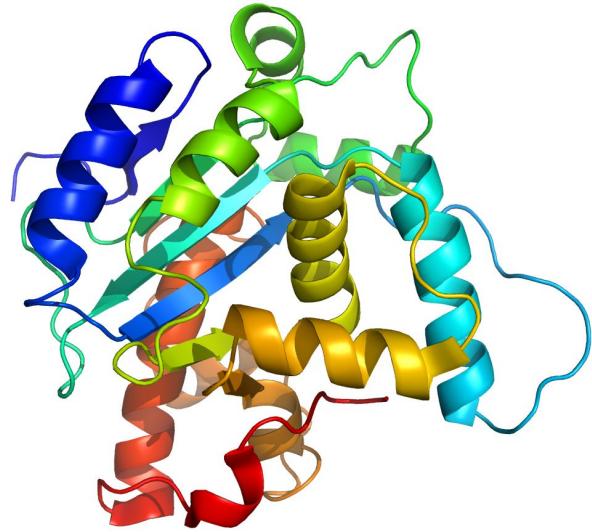


Homologous

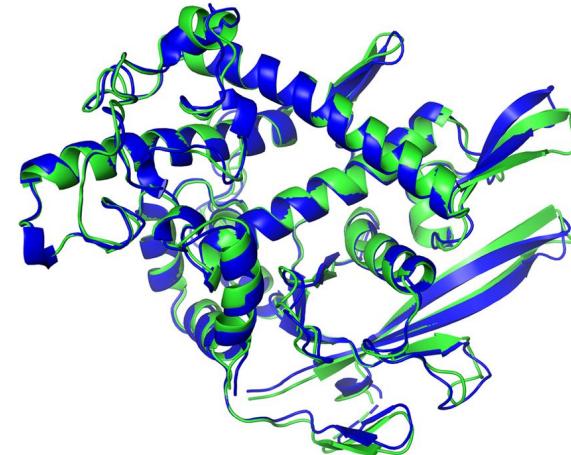
Remote Homologous

<https://scop.berkeley.edu/help/ver=1.69>

Remote Homology and Fold detection



Our protein



Reference protein

**Same superfamily?
Same fold?**

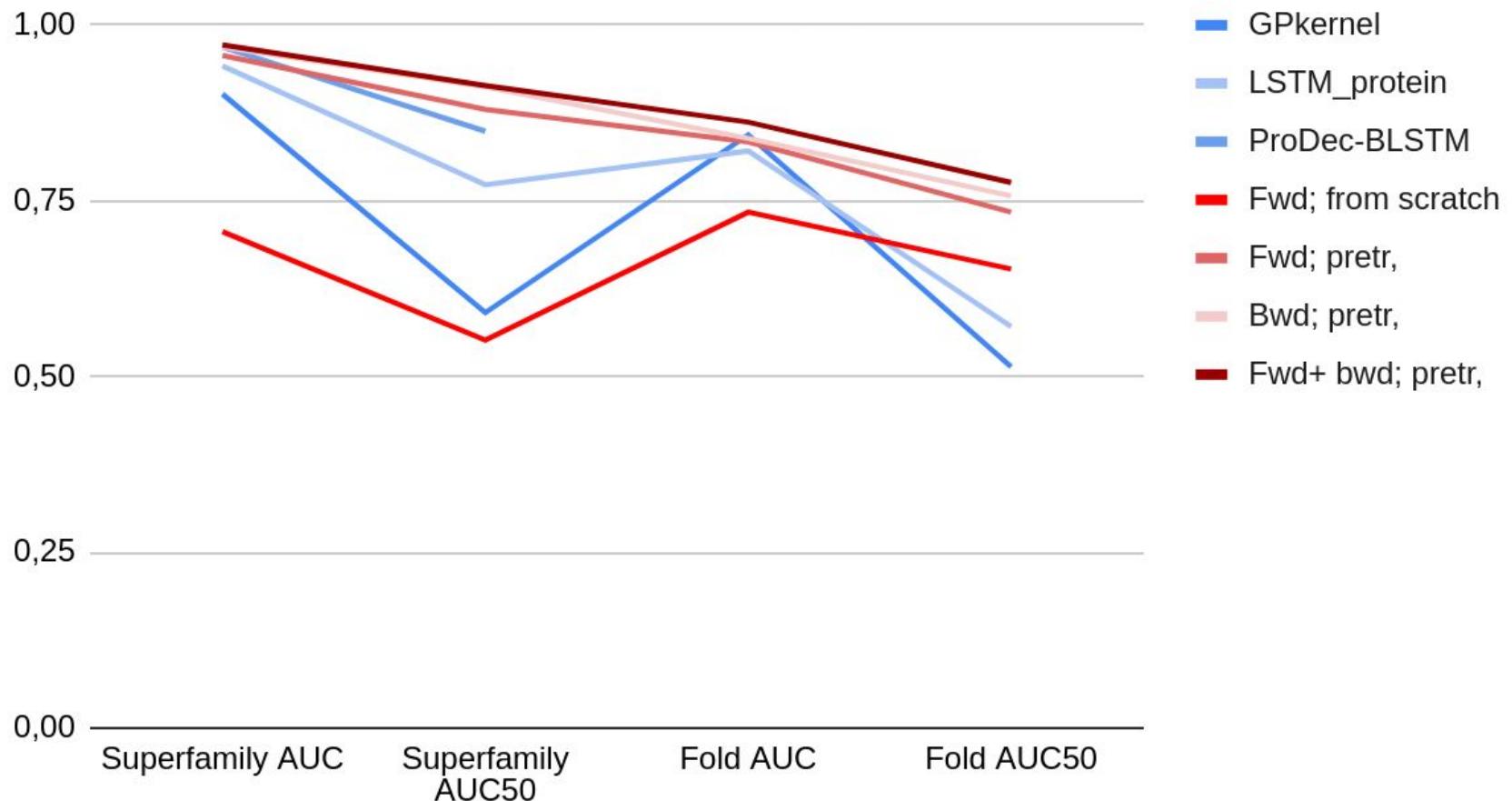
<https://www.science.org/content/article/game-has-changed-ai-triumphs-solving-protein-structures>
<https://frontlinegenomics.com/alphaFold-2-protein-structure-prediction-software-for-all/>

Remote Homology and Fold detection

Methods	Superfamily level		Fold level		
	AUC	AUC ₅₀	AUC	AUC ₅₀	
<i>GPkernel</i>	0.902	0.591	0.844	0.514	
<i>LSTM_protein</i>	0.942	0.773	0.821	0.571	
<i>ProDec-BLSTM</i>	0.969	0.849	—	—	
<i>UDSMP<i>Prot</i>^a</i>	Fwd; from scratch	0.706	0.552	0.734	0.653
	Fwd; pretr.	0.957	0.880	0.834	0.734
	Bwd; pretr.	0.969	0.912	0.839	0.757
	Fwd+bwd; pretr.	0.972	0.914	0.862	0.776

Remote Homology and Fold detection

Remote Homology + Fold accuracy



Explainable ML

MKLNVDGLLVYFPYDYIYPEQFSYMLELKRTLDAKGHGVLLEMPSGTGKTV
SLLALIVAYQRAFPLEVTKL_IYCSRTVPEIEKVIEELRKLLSFYEQQEGE
KL_PFLGLALSSRKNLCIHPEVTPLRGKDVGKCHSLTASYVRAQYQQDA
SLPHCRFYEEFDAHGRQVPLPAGIYNLDDLKALGQRQGWCPYFLARYSIL
HANVVVSYHYLLDPKIADLVSKE_LARKAVVVFDEAHNIDNVCIDSMSVN
LTRRTLDRCQSNLDTLQKTVLRIKETDEQRLRDEYRR_LVEGLREASAARE
TDAHLANPVLPDEV_LQEAVPGSIRTAEHFLGFLRR_LLEYVKWRLRVQHV
QESPPAFLSGLAQRVC_IQRKPLRFCAERLRSLLHTLEIADLADFSPLTLL
ANFATLVSTYAKGFTIII_EPFDDRTPTIANPILHFSCMDASLAIKPVFER
FQS_VIITSGTLSPLDIYPKILD_FH_PVTMATFTMTLARVCLCPMIIGRGND
QVAISSKFETREDIAVIRNYGNLLEMSAVVPDGIVAFFTSYQYMESTVA
SWYEQGILENIQRNKLLFIETQDGAETSVALEKYQEACENRGAI_LSVA
RGKVSEGIDFVHHYGRAVIMFGV_PVYTQS_RILKARLEYLRDQFQIREND
FLTFDAMRHAACQCVGRAIRGKT_DYGLMV_FADKRFARADKRGKLPRWIQEH
LTDSNLNLTVDEGVQVAKYFLRQMAQPFHREDQLGLSLLSLEQLQSEETL
RRVEQIAQQL



Explainable ML

MQLYNTLTRKKEKFIPQREGKASVYVCGITAYDLCHLGHARSSVAFDVLV
RYLRHTGLDVTFVRNFTDVDDKIIKRAGETGLTSTEVAEKYMAAFHEDMD
RLGCLRADIEPRCTQHIGEMIALCEDLISKKGAYSTASGDVYFRVRSFAS
YGKLSGRDVDDMRSGARVAPGEEKEDPLDFALWKSAKPGEPYWESPWGNG
RPGWHIECSAMSEKHLPLPLDIHGGGQDLVFPHHENEIAQTEATGKEFA
RYWVHNGFVQVNAEKMSKSLGNFSTIRDILQGYLPETLRYFLLTKHYRSP
IDFTFDGMDEAEKNLRRYYQTLNLVENELQTKWSAAMPLPEEVLSMDET
ERAWNEAMEDDLNTAAALGHIFGLVRLVNRIIEDKTMRKSQAQARDALLRM
QSMMARWGAVLGLFTRQPAEFLREMRDCRAARRDVDTARVETLLERQEA
RKAKDFFERSDAIREELARMGEVQDTPAGAAWDIA

MMRLRGSGMLRDLLLRSAGVSATLRRAQPLVTLCCRPRGGGRPAAGPAA
AARLHPWWGGGGWPAEPLARGLSSSPSEILQELKGSTHPQPGVSPPAAP
AAPGPKDGPGETDAFGNSEGKELVASGENKIKQGLLPSLEDLLFYTIAEG
QEKİPVHKFITVSFYIFLS

MMRLRGSGMLRDLLLRSAGVSATLRRAQPLVTLCCRPRGGGRPAAGPAA
AARLHPWWGGGGWPAEPLARGLSSSPSEILQELKGSTHPQPGVSPPAAP
AAPGPKDGPGETDAFGNSEGKELVASGENKIKQGLLPSLEDLLFYTIAEG
QEKİPVHKFITVSFYIFLS

Authors' notes

Problem-specific architectures are less important than training

Redundant sequences are important

Bidirectional context is important

Leveraging large amounts of unlabeled data shows promising results

Thank you for your attention!

UDSMP*rot*: universal deep sequence models for protein classification

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