PA199 – Game Engine Architecture

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Ten or twenty years ago it was all fun and games.

Now it's blood, sweat, and code.

--Jonathan Blow, 2004

Outline

- ► Introduction What is game Engine?
- ► Game Engine Architecture
- ► Game Engine Modules
 - Low-level Engine systems
 - Graphics and Physics
 - Gameplay systems

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What is Game Engine?

"The term "game engine" arose in the mid-1990s in reference to first-person shooter (FPS) games like the insanely popular *Doom* by id Software. *Doom* was architected with a reasonably well-defined separation between its core software components (such as the three-dimensional graphics rendering system, the collision detection system, or the audio system) and the art assets, game worlds, and rules of play that comprised the player's gaming experience."

[Greg2009]

What is Game Engine?

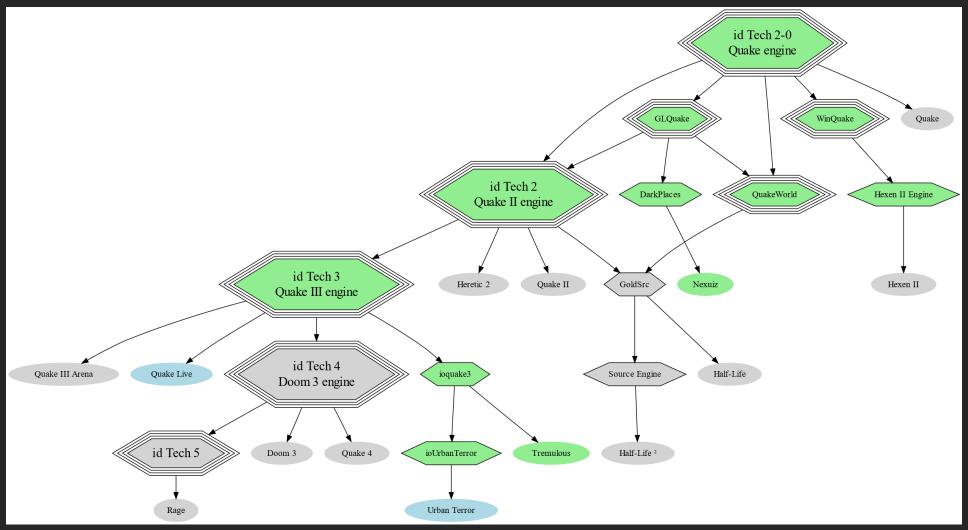
- A game engine is an open, extendable software system that can be used as the foundation for more different games, without major modification.
- ▶ A game engine is free from any function, parameter, variable, class or data structure that could be considered as part of an actual game.
- ▶ Generic infrastructure for game creation:
 - Enables reuse of code
 - Often facilitates porting code to various hardware platforms
 - Glue together all sub-systems, middleware, libraries, etc.

Existing Game Engines

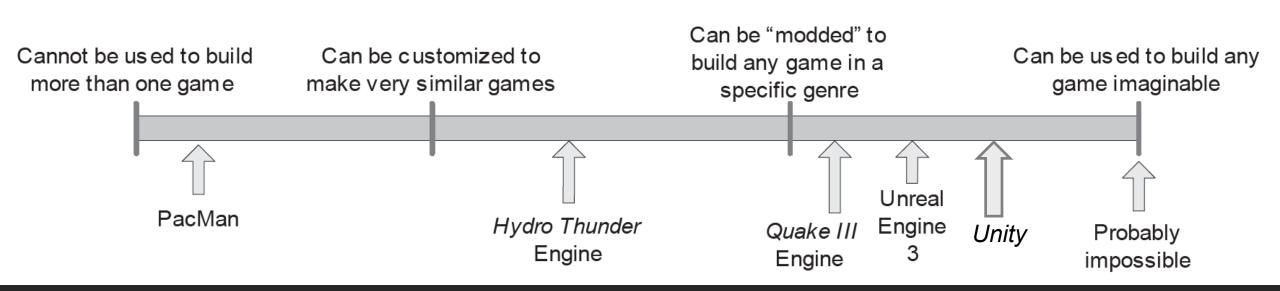
- History milestones
 - Quake
 - 1996, Id Software, John Carmack et al.
 - Source codes now available
 - Unreal
 - 1998, Epic
 - Designed for FPS games, later extended to general usage.
 - Source
 - 2004, Valve
 - Half-life, Portal, ...
 - Unity
 - 2005, Unity Technologies
 - many

- ▶ Proprietary, in-house Engines
 - Sage (EA)
 - ▶ RTS games
 - ▶ Glacier (IOI)
 - Decima (Guerrilla Games)
 - Northlight Engine (Remedy Ent.)
 - Enforce, Real Virtuality, Enfusion (BI),
 - ► LS3D (2K),
- https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/List_of_game_engines

Existing Game Engines



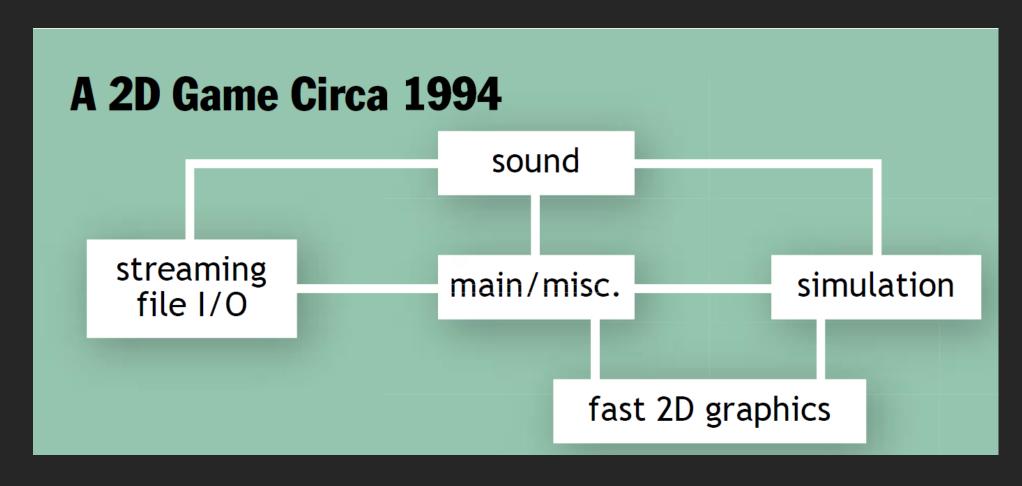
Game Engine Reusability Gamut

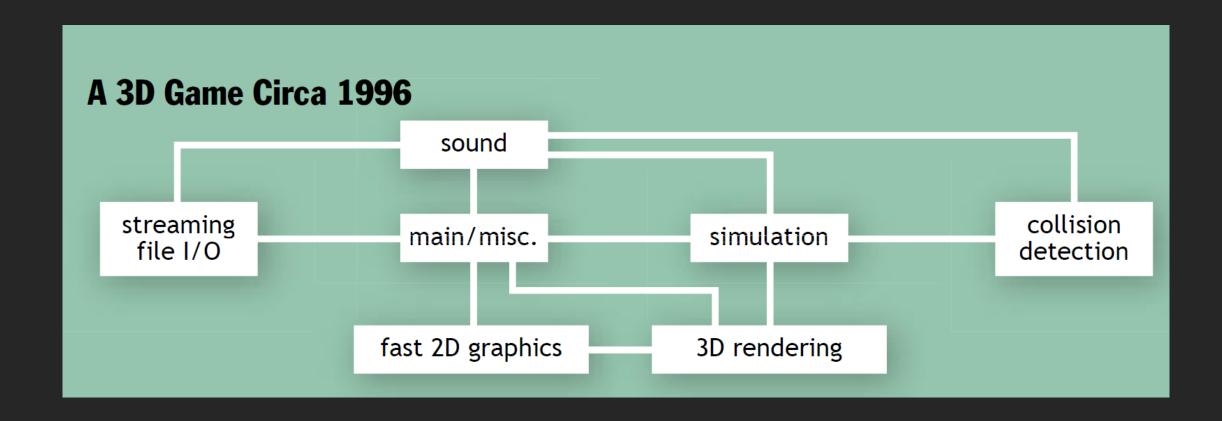


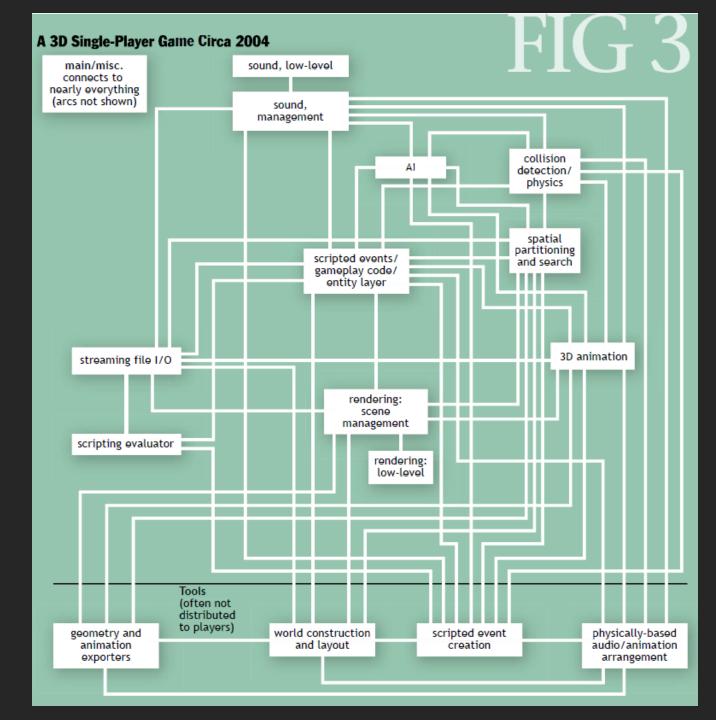
Game Engine Architecture

Two basic parts:

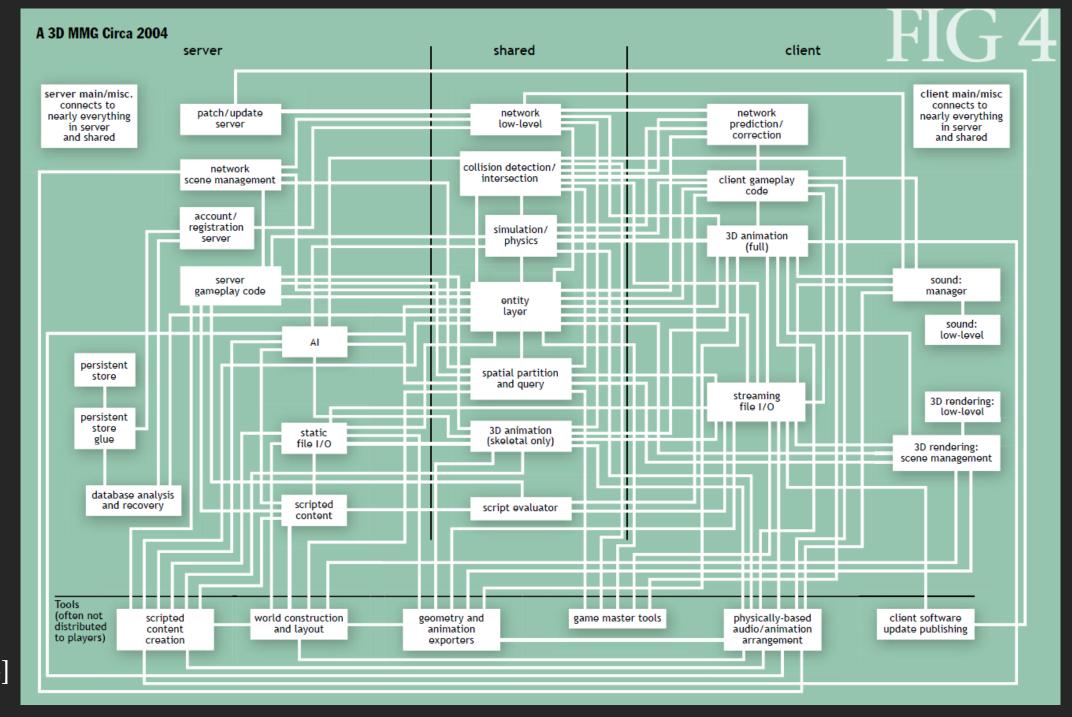
- **▶** Runtime components
- ► Tools and assets pipeline
 - Digital Content Creation Tools (DCC, assets)
 - Asset Conditioning Pipeline
 - Tools World editor



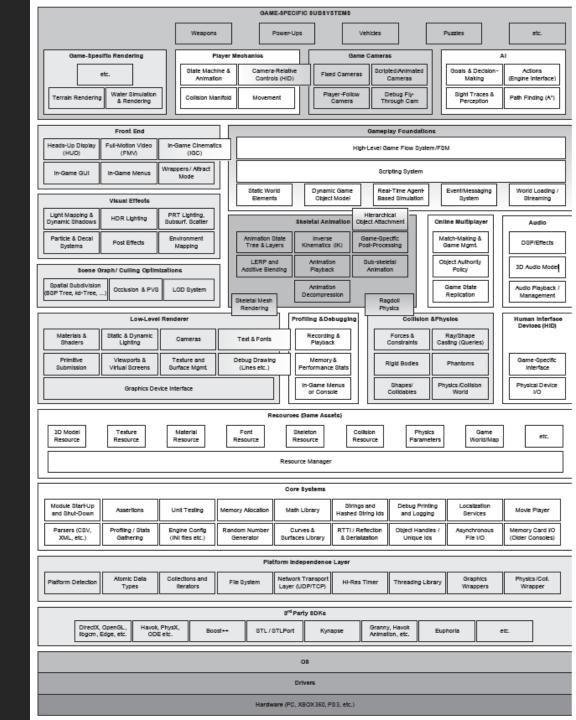




A...



- ► Ideal scenario reality is elsewhere
- ► Each node = a lot of code



Architecture - Game Engine Modules

- Core
- Graphics
- Animation
- ► Physics
- Sound
- Scripting
- Artificial Intelligence
- Networking
- User Interface
- Many more

- ► Low-level Engine systems
 - Core / Engine Support Systems
 - Resources and File Systems
 - Game Loops and Times
 - Human Interface Devices
 - Tools for Debugging and Development
- Graphics and Physics systems
- Gameplay systems
- Middleware

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Core / Engine Support Systems

- Starting up, shuting down subsystems
 - In defined order
 - Could be solved e.g. by Singleton pattern
 - Ogre (Rendering engine):

```
OgreRoot.h
class _OgreExport Root : public Singleton<Root>
// Singletons
LogManager* mLogManager;
SceneManager* mCurrentSceneManager;
MaterialManager* mMaterialManager;
MeshManager* mMeshManager;
SkeletonManager* mSkeletonManager;
```

Core / Engine Support Systems

- Memory Management
 - RAM (along CPU, GPU times) are main resources in "runtime budget"
 - Efficient data storage
 - Standard vs. custom made data structures
 - Continuous LOD, UE5 Nanite
- Localization system
 - Not just strings
- Engine configuration
 - Usually config files. Ogre example:
 - plugins.cfg list of optional engine plug-ins are enabled and where to find them on disk.
 - resources.cfg paths to game assets folders.
 - ogre.cfg-options specifying renderer (DirectX or OpenGL), preferred video mode, screen size, etc.
 - How to load them, activate them (in-game console).

Resources and File Systems

- Wide variety of assets in use:
 - texture (various formats),
 - 3D meshes for graphics, for collisions,
 - animation clips, audio clips,
 - level design, etc.
- Each particular asset should be loaded in memory just once
 - If five meshes share the same texture...
- Offline Asset manager (recourse manager, media manager)

Resources and File Systems

- File system
 - Wraps OS native file system API → multiplatform support
 - Filenames and paths
 - Synchronous (loading screen), asynchronous I/O operations (streaming)
 - "Genshin Impact" example
 - Cross-platform MO (not "massive")
 - Auto-updater, DLCs
 - Huge and detailed world cannot fit into memory
 - Teleport mechanics synchronous loading
 - Exploring mechanics streaming visible LOD poping effect
 - Different sizes on different platform
 - Unity

Resources and File Systems

- Asset Manager
 - Off-line (non run-time) part
 - Example 2D artist PoW vs. level designer PoW.
 - Version control system for source assets (PSD, blender files), e.g. Perforce
 - Tools to transform assets to engine-ready form
 - Packing assets
 - Resource database tool
 - Runtime asset managment
 - Lifetime data loading / unloading
 - Redundancy single copy
 - Memory managment

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Game Loop

```
While (true)
{
   processInput();
   update();
   render ();
}
```

"program spends 90% of its time in 10% of the code"

Rendering Loop

```
While (!quit)
{
   updateCamera();
   updateScene();
   renderScene();
   SwapBuffers();
}
```

► Target – at least 60 FPS (about 16 milliseconds per frame).

Game Loop

- Composition of all subsystems
 - Rendering loop
 - Simulation loop
 - I/O handling
 - Audio
 - Networking
 - AI
 - Etc.
- Various subsystems uses various frequency
 - Graphics 60Hz
 - Physics simulations 50Hz at Unity, 1000Hz for haptics
 - AI few Hz
 - OS messages, callbacks not fix frequency
- ► Some have to be in sync, some not

Time in Game

- Real time
- Game time, time scale, pause, ...
- Animation timeline
- CPU time budget
- GPU time budget
- ightharpoonup Update Δ -time, FixedUpdate time
- Network time (hit/miss problem)
- display's refresh rate, multithreading,
- etc.
- Time precision vs. Magnitude
 - Example: Time since game was started
 - in seconds, stored as float value
 - MMORPG, server running for days, weeks, ...

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Human Interface Devices (HID)

- Pleathora of devices; input, output taxonomy ...
- Key term "mapping"
 - Translates raw input (state of device, analog signals) into events (button down, button up)
 - Cross-platform support
 - Gestures (repeated tapping) recognition, combos (sequences), chords
 - Translates input events into game actions (On higher level of game engine)
- Chords
 - Multiple keys / buttons pressed in "the same" time
 - Detection (human imperfection, few frames buffer)
 - Collision with single-button actions
 - Wait before performing action
 - Start action, cancel it if chord is detected

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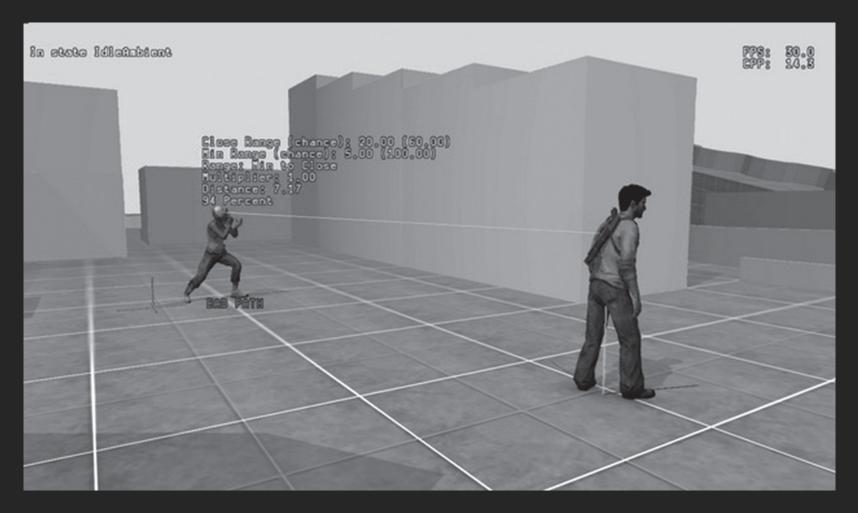
Logging and Tracing

- ▶ Old-school print...() functions
 - PC console application
 - On game consoles, mobile platform through engine console window
- Verbosity level
 - void VerboseDebugPrint(int verbosity, string message, ...)
- Channnels, filters
 - Log, warning, error
 - Rendering, simulation, animation, file system, ...
 - Output to file
- Crash report
 - Via exception handler
 - Current level, World-space location of the player
 - Animation/action state of the player
 - Current state of other subsystems

Debug Drawing Facilities

- Debug ray, debug 2D, 3D shapes
 - Simple to use in code, do not have to be super-fast
 - Not included in released version
- ▶ "One might say that a picture is worth 1,000 minutes of debugging." [Greg2009]
- Usually provide a simple way for taking screenshots

Debug Drawing Facilities



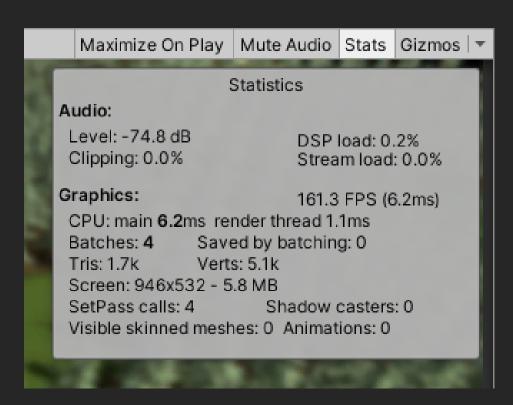
Uncharted: Drake's Fortune, Naughty Dog [Greg2009]

Menus, console

- ► In-game Menus
 - Turning on/off, configuring engine subsystems in runtime
 - Should not be accessible in released games
 - Video: Uncharted 4: Debug Menu
 - Video: Unreal Engine 5 tech demo
 - Optimized for console controls
- ► In-game Console
 - Video: Counter-strike with steering wheel

In-Game Profiling

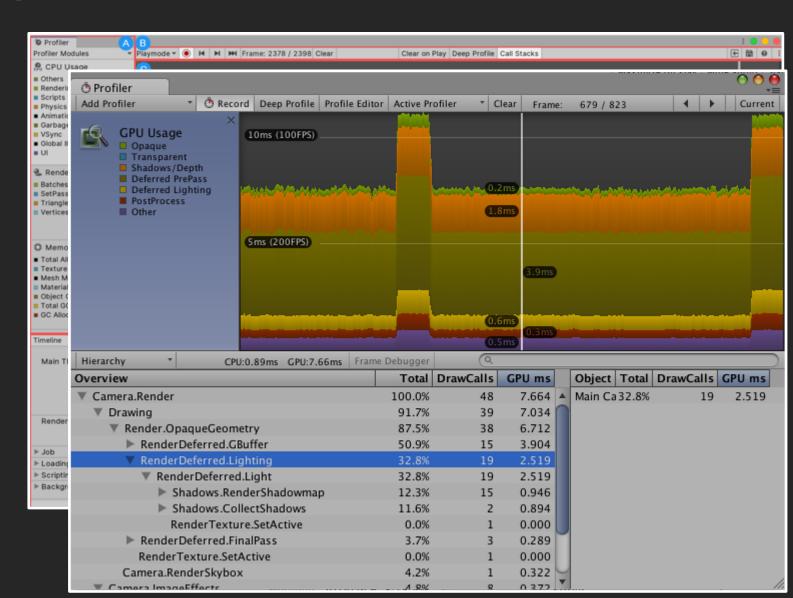
- Simple overlay in game, in editor
 - Performance in editor ≠ performance in build game





In-Game Profiling

- Profiler tool
 - Timeline, recording
 - Hierarchy
- ▶ 3rd Party Tools
 - NVIDIA Nsight Graphics
 - RenderDoc
 - Xcode tools



Middleware

- ▶ 3rd party software "layer" providing functionality of some engine sub-system
 - Graphical subsystem
 - trueSky Cloud, Atmosphere and Weather Tool Kit
 - Ogre3D Graphical engine itself, could be used as middleware
 - Enlighten used in previous versions of Unity for Global Illumination
 - Physics, Animation
 - Havok 3D physics Engine,
 - Euphoria motion synthesis, "inteligent ragdoll"

Middleware

- Sound
 - Wwise audio engine and authoring tools
 - Cyberpunk, Hitman III, ...
 - FMOD
 - Creaks, Tomb Raider, KCD, Witcher 2, ...
 - OpenAL
 - Similar to OpenGL

References

- ▶ Game Programming Patterns Robert Nystrom, 2009-2014, available <u>online</u>.
- ▶ [Greg2009] Jason Gregory: Game Engine Architecture, 2009
- ▶ BinSubaih et al. A Survey of 'Game' Portability, 2007, available online.
- ▶ [Blow2004] Game Development: Harder Than You Think: Ten or twenty years ago it was all fun and games. Now it's blood, sweat, and code, 2004, available online.