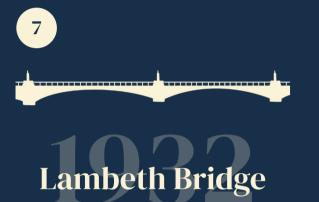
Westminster Bridge

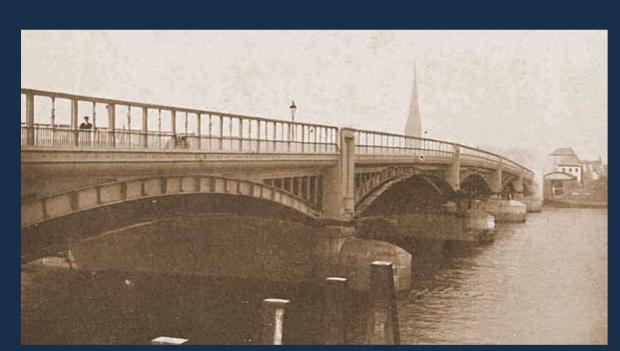
Westminster Bridge is a historic and scenic bridge that crosses the River Thames in London. It connects Westminster, where the Houses of Parliament and Big Ben are located, with Lambeth, where the London Eye and County Hall are situated. The bridge is painted green, the same colour as the leather seats in the House of Commons. It is the oldest road bridge in central London and has a Gothic revival style. It was opened in 1862 by Queen Victoria and has been featured in many works of art and literature, such as Wordsworth's poem "Composed upon Westminster Bridge" and the film "28 Days Later". Westminster Bridge is a popular tourist attraction and offers a stunning view of the London skyline.



The Westminster Bridge heading to The Big Ben



A red and green bridge that connects Lambeth and Westminster. It was opened in 1932 and is the second bridge on the site. It is designed to harmonize with the colors of the House of Lords and the House of Commons. It has distinctive obelisks at each end that are topped with pineapples, a symbol of hospitality.



The Vauxhall Bridge

Did you know?

London has more than 40%

of green space and it has so

many trees that it falls with-

in the UN definition of a forest.

In the river Thames there are

120 different species of fish.

A charming and elegant bridge

that connects Chelsea and Bat-

tersea. It was opened in 1873 and

is one of the most ornate bridg-

es in London. It is decorated with

hundreds of lights that make it

sparkle at night. It is also known

as the "trembling lady" because

of its sensitivity to vibrations.



Vauxhall Bridge

A purple and green bridge that connects Vauxhall and Pimlico. It is the first bridge in London to incorporate metal sculptures. It haseightbronzestatuesthatrepresent various arts and sciences, such as architecture, astronomy, pottery, and engineering.



Chelsea Bridge

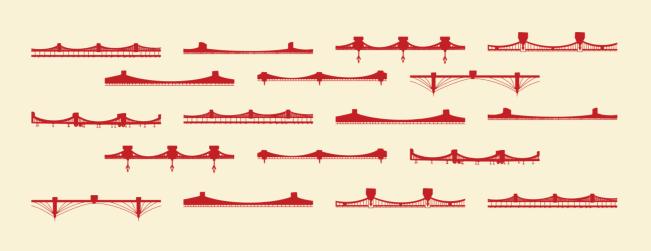
A suspension bridge that links Chelsea and Battersea across the River Thames. It was opened in 1937 to replace an older bridge that was renamed from Victoria Bridge to avoid the royal association with a potential collapse. It was the first bridge in Britain to be floodlit at night and has a Grade II listed status. It was also the inspiration for a jazz standard composed by Billy Strayhorn.

Enjoy your time exploring the bridges of London! We hope you find this guide helpful and informative.

don which is located close to the bridge. • The current Tower Bridge is named the Tower of Lon-

- took 33 years to complete. • The first stone London Bridge was built in 1209 and
- to be built on the same site. The current London Bridge is actually the fifth bridge structure built by the Romans in AD 50.
- The first bridge built over the Thames was a wooden

Want to know some fun facts?



Let's explore the river

☑ Detailed map of the London bridges

☑ Brief history of each of the bridges

☑ Suggestions for unknown attractions

☑ List of places to relax during your tour

☑ Unique poster and collectible stamps

☑ Tips for the best views from the bridges

☑ QR for mobile navigation and walking tour

Thames from above!

not fit to this map. and additional information which did more information about their context each of the bridges, together with This map includes a brief history of access a navigation and walking tour. can scan with your mobile phone to The map includes a QR code that you

OR for mobile navigation and walking

• Jubilee Gardens

- Victoria Tower Gardens
 - Battersea Park
- Thames Barrier Park King's Stairs Gardens

Thames that are marked as green spots on the map. some snacks? You can find various parks near the river Tired of walking or in need for a place to sit and eat

List of places to relax during your tour

the wall of your living room with this map. you come back home from your trip, you can decorate that features beautiful illustrations of the bridges. When The back side of the map comes as a unique poster

Unique poster as a cool souvenir



add a personal touch to it. station, you can stamp your map and the stamp station. Once you find the visit each of the bridges and look for map. To get the stamps, you need to the bridges and place them below the you can also collect stamps on each of To make your map more personalized

Stamps for you to collect

access them.

London, including their locations and the best ways to The map provides a detailed view of all the bridges in

Detailed map with illustrations of the London bridges

about them. What else you can find in this guide? trations of the bridges alongside interesting information bridges have to offer. The map features beautiful illusdesigned to help you explore the best of what London's Welcome to the London Bridge Guide! This city map is

Melcome to London!

Tower Bridge

The Tower Bridge is a magnificent structure that spans the River Thames in London, connecting the two banks of the river near the historic fortress of the Tower of London.

Construction complications

The bridge was built in the late

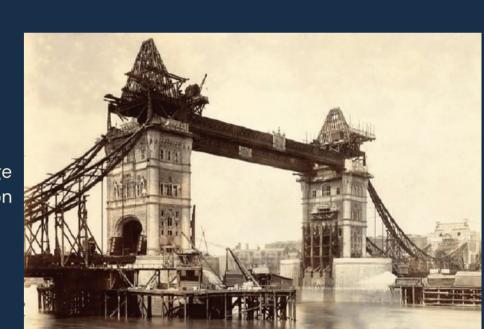
19th century, when the population and commerce of London increased rapidly, and there was a need for a new crossing downstream of London Bridge. However, the bridge had to allow the passage of large ships that sailed up and down the river, so a conventional fixed bridge was not feasible. Therefore, a design competition was held, and the winning proposal was a combined bascule and suspension bridge, which could be raised and lowered to let the ships through. The bridge was designed by the city architect Horace Jones, who died before its completion, and engineered by John Wolfe Barry, who also worked on the construction of the London Underground. The bridge consists of two Gothic-style towers that are linked by two horizontal walkways at

the upper level, and a central span that can be lifted by hydraulic power. The bridge is 240 m long and 65 m high at the highest point. The central span is 61 m long and can be raised to an angle of 86 degrees. It is one of the most iconic bridges in the world, and a symbol of the city's engineering, history and architectural prowess.

The bridge in a modern era

The bridge is a Grade I listed building, which means it is of exceptional historic and cultural significance. It is also a popular tourist attraction, as visitors can walk across the bridge, enjoy the views of the river and the city, and visit the Tower Bridge Exhibition, which showcases the history and mechanics of the bridge. The bridge is also a venue for various events and exhibitions, such as the Olympic rings display in 2012, and the glass floor installation in 2014. The bridge is illuminated at night, creating a stunning sight for the eyes. The Tower Bridge is a remarkable feat of engineering and design, and a proud landmark of London.

Tower Bridge Construction







The oldest bridge in London, dating back to Roman times. The current bridge was opened in 1973 and replaced several previous versions that were destroyed or decayed over the centuries. It is a simple and functional bridge, but it has a rich history and a famous nursery rhyme.



An arch bridge connecting the district of Southwark and the City of London across the River Thames. It was built in 1921 to replace an earlier cast-iron bridge that was the first railway bridge in central London. It is the least busy of the Thames bridges and offers scenic views of the river and the city skyline.





A red and white bridge that connects Blackfriars and the South Bank. It was opened in 1869 and is the widest bridge in London. It has distinctive pillars that are decorated with the symbols of London and the cities that the bridge connects. It also has solar panels that provide half of the energy for the nearby Blackfriars station.

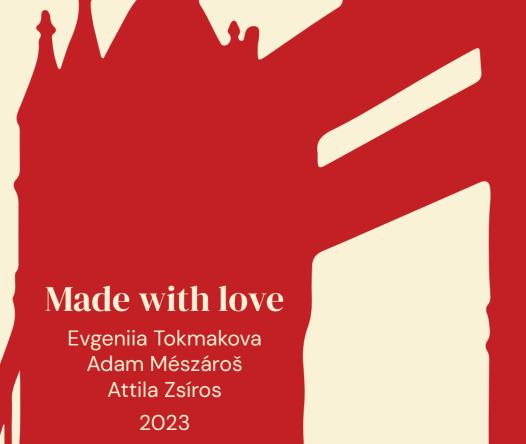


Waterloo Bridge

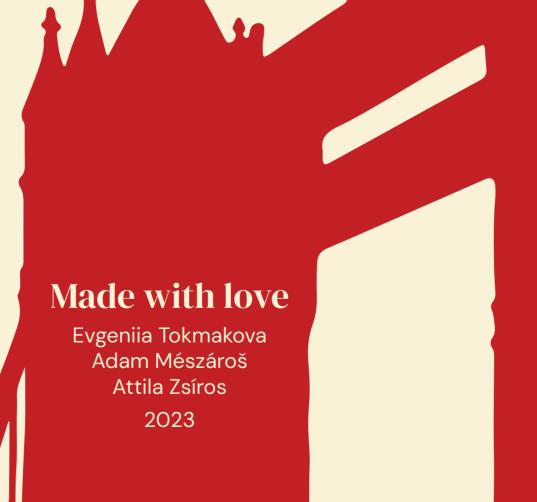
A graceful and minimalist bridge that connects Waterloo and the Strand. It was opened in 1945 and is the only bridge in London that was built entirely by women during World War II. It offers a panoramic view of the city and the river, and is often featured in films and songs.

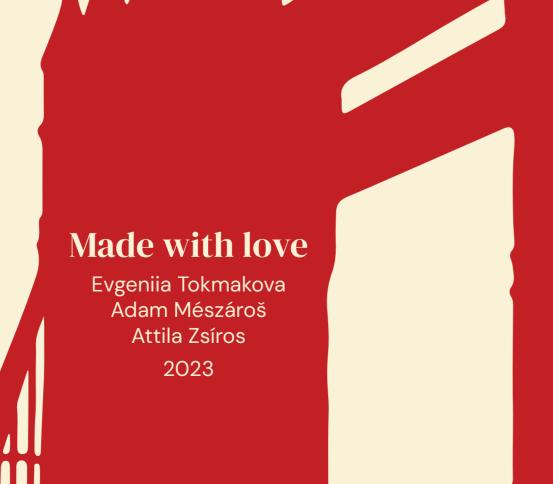


Cross the Thames from the Roman Empire to the Modern Metropolis









The Bridges of London

