

Supply the articles (definite, indefinite)

Icing and offside

Icing is ____ infraction in ____ sport of ice hockey. It occurs when ____ player shoots ____ puck across both ____ centre red line and ____ opposing team's goal line, and ____ puck remains untouched. However, it is not icing if ____ puck is shot from behind ____ halfway line into ____ goal, or when ____ shot must be played by ____ opposing team's goaltender to keep it out of ____ net. In ____ former case with ____ shot puck crossing ____ goal line completely, ____ goal is counted.

____ major exception is when ____ team is shorthanded. ____ team trying to kill ____ penalty may legally "ice the puck". ____ team on ____ power play, however, must still follow ____ icing rules.

When icing occurs, ____ linesman stops play. Play is resumed with ____ faceoff in ____ defending zone of ____ team that committed ____ infraction.

In ice hockey, ____ play is **offside** ____ if ____ player on ____ attacking team enters ____ offensive zone before ____ puck, unless ____ puck is sent or carried there by ____ defending player. When ____ offside violation occurs, ____ linesman will stop play. ____ faceoff is then held at ____ neutral ice spot closest to the infraction to restart play.

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Offside_\(ice_hockey\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Offside_(ice_hockey))