

Philosophy of Sport

Philosophical Kinanthropology

κίνησις [*kínésis*]

ἄνθρωπος [*anthrṓpos*]

λόγος [*logos*]

vše z řečtiny

Basic orientation in philosophy

- Ontology (ontic being versus ontological being, meaning of life)
- Epistemology (nature, origin, and limits of human knowledge)
- Ethics (practical philosophy in the Aristotelian understanding
 - Deontological approach
 - Teleological approach
 - Ethics of virtues
- Logic
- Aesthetics (beauty and ugliness)
- Agathology (good and evil)
 - Kalokagathia (kalos k agathos) beautiful and good

Plato and Aristotle



1: [Zénón z Kitia](#) nebo [Zénón z Eleje](#) – 2: [Epikúros](#) – 3: [Federico II. Gonzaga](#) – 4: [Boëthius](#) nebo [Anaximandros](#) nebo [Empedoklés](#) – 5: [Averroes](#) – 6: [Pythagorás](#) – 7: [Alkibiadés](#) nebo [Alexandr Veliký](#) – 8: [Antisthenés](#) nebo [Xenofón](#) – 9: [Hypatia z Alexandrie](#) nebo [Francesco Maria della Rovere](#) – 10: [Aischinés](#) nebo [Xenofón](#) – 11: [Parmenidés](#) – 12: [Sókratés](#) – 13: [Hérakleitos](#) (předloha: [Michelangelo?](#)) – 14: [Platón](#) držící [Timaia](#) (předloha: [Leonardo da Vinci](#)) – 15: [Aristotelés](#) držící [Etiku](#) (předloha: [Michelangelo](#)) – 16: [Diogenés ze Sinópy](#) – 17: [Plótinus](#) – 18: [Eukleidés](#) nebo [Archimédés](#) a skupina studentů (předloha: [Bramante](#)) – 19: [Strabón](#) či [Zarathuštra?](#) – 20: [Klaudios Ptolemaios](#) – R: [Raffael](#) jako [Apellés](#) – 21: [Il Sodoma](#) jako [Protogenés](#)

Plato and Aristotle



Platón versus Aristoteles?

- “The safest general characterization of the European philosophical tradition is that it consists of a series of footnotes to Plato. I do not mean the systematic scheme of thought which scholars have doubtfully extracted from his writings. I allude to the wealth of general ideas scattered through them”.
- *N. Whitehead: Process and Reality. An Essay in Cosmology, New York: The MacMillan Company 1929.*

Aristotle – Founder of science? Gravedigger of philosophy?

Plato’s branch – Plotínos, sv. Augustin, Machiavelli, Galilei, Campanella, Newton, Hegel, Husserl...

Aristotle’s branch – F. Bacon, Hobbes, Locke, Hume, Descartes...