

Performing under Pressure; on the Biology, Psychology and Sociology of stress in high-performance professions

V - STRESS RELATED DISORDERS AND WHAT THEY CAN TEACH US ABOUT PERFORMANCE

Disclaimer

I am not a psychiatrist! I am a scientist! Especially if you are experiencing mental health issues, do NOT try anything we discuss today without first consulting your specialist. Non of the information discussed today reflects individual differences and your personal physician can judge much better than I ever can, how this information may affect you.

Through the study of stress related disorders, we can gain knowledge of the stress system in healthy populations, that we would otherwise not be privy to.

One example

- Attention deficit / hyperactive disorder (ADHD)
 - Diminished dopamine signalling in the frontal cortex
 - ► Short bursts of hyper focus
 - Methylphenidate (Ritalin), a common neurotropic treatment for ADHD, also mitigates symptoms in PTSD
 - ▶ If we can figure out how to hyper focus works in ADHD and can be reproduced, we can potentially increase cognitive and physical output out put in non ADHD individuals



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The role of stress in mental disorders

- Stress plays a role in most mental disorders. Even in disorders where it does not play a causal role, it usually makes things much worse
- Three levels of analysis (which are completely artificial)
 - Genetics
 - Epigenetics
 - Context

Genetic disruption of the stress system

- ▶ Although there seem to be heritable components to stress sensitivity and there are specific genetic disorders in which the stress system is dysregulated, in general there is remarkably little evidence for genetic 'determinism'. Potential exceptions:
 - A polymorphism on the OPRM1 (protects against PTDS but increases sensitivity to addiction)
 - ▶ DAT Polymorphisms in major depression
- Rather many genes which code for components of the stress system express dysfunctional if, and only if, certain conditions are met (i.e. epigenetics).

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Gelernter, J., & Polimanti, R. (2021). Genetics of substance use disorders in the era of big data. *Nature Reviews Genetics*, 22(11), 712–729. https://doi.org/10.1038/s41576-021-00377-1

Nugent, N. R., Lally, M. A., Brown, L., Knopik, V. S., & McGeary, J. E. (2012). OPRM1 and diagnosis-related posttraumatic stress disorder in binge-drinking patients living with HIV. AIDS and Behavior, 16(8), 2171–2180. https://doi.org/10.1007/s10461-011-0095-8

Heritability

- Many mental disorders come with a certain level of heritability. However this may not necessarily derive from genetic predispositions alone.
 - Prenatal influences (see lecture 3)
 - Parental behaviour
 - Societal interactions

Contextual influences on mental disorders

- Sometimes, mental disorders are mostly the result of circumstances. Of course, however, a certain susceptibility is required, so genetics and epigenetics do play a role.
 - ▶ Post-traumatic stress disorder
 - ▶ Triggered by trauma
 - Multiple personality disorder (nowadays dissociative Identity disorder) and the satanic panic

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Spanos, N. P. (1994). Multiple Identity Enactments and Multiple Personality Disorder: A Sociocognitive Perspective. II(1), 143–165.

Mac Gillavry, D. W., & Ullrich, D. (2020). A novel theory on the predictive value of variation in the β-endorphin system on the risk and severity of PTSD. *Military Psychology*, 1–14. https://doi.org/10.1080/08995605.2020.1730111

Stress in mental disorders I: It does not cause it, but does make everything much worse.

- Schizotypal episodes
 - Schizophrenia
 - Delusions (usually auditory hallucinations) (dopaminergic component)
 - Disordered thought
 - ► Highly disturbing and stressful
 - Schizotypal experiences
 - ▶ Religious visions
 - ▶ Random, usually non-stressful, experiences

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Stress in mental disorders II: the trigger and accelerator

- Major depression
 - Strong evidence for a genetic predisposition
 - Stress triggers the disorder (3-4 episodes of severe prolonged stress)
 - ▶ After the first episode it becomes much easier to trigger the next one

Symptoms and importance to stress research

- The inability to get back on your feet after a period of grieving
 - Symptom clusters
 - Psychomotor retardation (noradrenergic disruption)
 - Anhedonia (dopaminergic disruption)
 - ▶ The inability to find comfort (serotonergic disruption)

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Weele, C. M. V., Siciliano, C. A., & Tye, K. M. (2019). Dopamine tunes prefrontal outputs to orchestrate aversive processing. *Brain Research*, 1713(August 2018), 16–31. https://doi.org/10.1016/j.brainres.2018.11.044

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Stress induced mental disorders III: disorders in which stress is the defining feature

- Post-traumatic stress disorder
 - Reaction to extreme stressor
 - ▶ Acute or repeated exposure
 - Hypervigilance
 - ► Flashbacks and intrusive thoughts
 - Nightmares

American Psychiatric Association. (2013). Diagnostic and statistical manual of mental disorders (5th. In American Journal of Psychiatry. https://doi.org/10.1176/appi.books.9780890425596.744053

World Health Organization. (1993). The ICD-10 classification of mental and behavioural disorders: Diagnostic criteria for research (pp. 155–157). pp. 155–157. https://doi.org/10.1002/1520-6505(2000)9:5<201::AID-EVAN2>3.3.CO;2-P

Neuromodulators involved in PTSD

- Noradrenaline & the locus coeruleus
- Dopamine
- β-endorphin
 - Morphine
 - Post-combat delayed onset
- Oxytocin

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Pan, X., Kaminga, A. C., Wen, S. W., & Liu, A. (2018). Catecholamines in post-traumatic stress disorder: A systematic review and meta-analysis. Frontiers in Molecular Neuroscience, 11 (December). https://doi.org/10.3389/fnmol.2018.00450

Relevance to peak performance

- Most mental disorders, except perhaps under certain specific circumstances PTSD, are detrimental to peak performance.
 - Dopamine and noradrenaline disruption can massively affect physical and mental output.
 - Conversely, practices that raise reactivity or sensitivity of these neuromodulators can thus protect or even boost output
 - Cold exposure (see lecture 6)
 - ▶ Nutritional solutions (see lecture 9)
 - ▶ Behavioural practices
 - ▶ Physical exercise
 - ▶ Communal synchronisation
 - Meditation

