IRE223: NATIONS IN CONFLICT

Maya Hadar

On The Agenda For Today

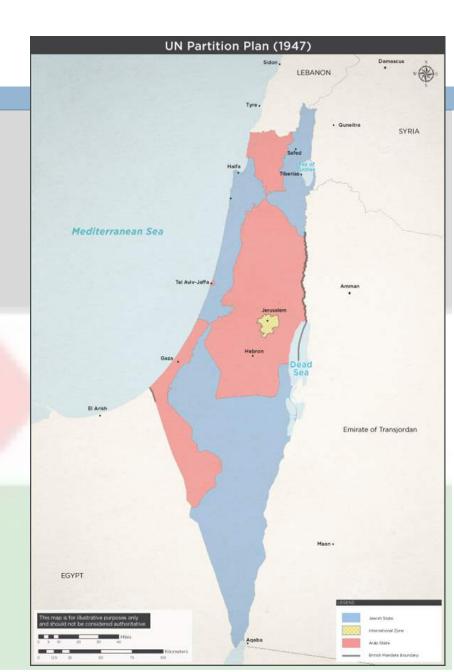
The Israeli/Arab => Israel/Palestinian Conflict:

- Recap
- The Second Intifada
- The Security fence/West Bank Barrier
- 'Road Map' to Peace
- Annapolis Conference (2007)
- Contemporary Developments

- Analysis
 - Conflicted Positions
 - Potential Solutions
 - Obstacles to Peace
 - What does the future hold?

- Conflict over territory + religious components, since the 19th century
- Jewish self determination in the form of Zionism
 - Zionism: Judaism as a nationality and a religion. Sets that Jews deserve their own state in their ancestral homeland, the holy land
- Jewish immigration to Palestine (controlled by the UK)-
 - 1922-1948: Jewish community grew from about 80k to 650k
 - When Jewish immigration to Palestine accelerated, friction with local
 Palestinian Arabs increased
- Britain announced its intention to terminate its Mandate in Palestine

- November 1947: The Partition Plan of the UN
- After the 1948 Arab-Israeli war, the Holy Land divided to: Israel, the West Bank, the Gaza Strip
- 1964: The Palestinian Liberation Organization (PLO) formed in Cairo, under Yasir Arafat
 - An umbrella organization, comprised of several organizations of the resistance movement
 - Initial goals: to unite various Arab groups and create a liberated Palestine in Israel



- Successive wars resulted in minor shifts of territory until the Six-Day War (1967) => Israel conquered the Sinai Peninsula, Golan Heights, East Jerusalem, the West Bank
- November 1967: UN Resolution 242, 'Land for Peace'
 - The Jarring initiatives (1967-1971)
 - The Rogers Plan (1969)
- Many Palestinians turned to the PLO + violent resistance



- Yom Kippur War (1973)
- Israel returned the Sinai Peninsula to Egypt in exchange for peace (1979)
 - Palestinian issue left unresolved => Surge in violent uprisings of Palestinians in the West Bank and Gaza Strip First intifada (1987-1993)
- The Oslo Accords: Framework for the Palestinians to govern themselves
 - Landmark moments in the pursuit of peace in the ME



The Oslo Accords (1993, 1995)

- Secret negotiations between the government of Israel and the leadership of the PLO resulted in two separate agreements
- Ratified in Washington (1993: Oslo I) and Taba, Egypt (1995: Oslo II)
 - First agreements between Israel and the PLO
 - Mutual recognition
 - Created the Palestinian Authority + limited autonomy over the West Bank and Gaza



Post Oslo Accords

- 1995: Prime Minister Rabin assassinated in TLV
- 1998: Palestinian officials accused Israel of not following through on IDF withdrawals from Gaza + Hebron (West Bank) as set by the Oslo Accords
 - PA failing to adequately police Gaza + the West Bank
- Early 2000: Acceleration of new Jewish settlements construction in the West Bank-
 - Palestinian violence against Israeli citizens increased



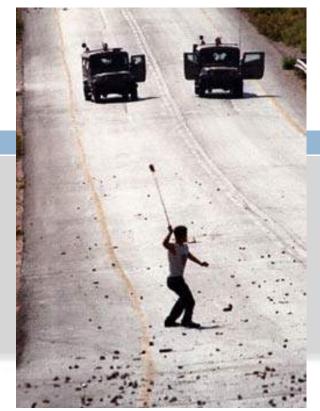
Camp David Summit (II)

- July 11-24, 2000 (Arafat, Barak, Clinton)
 - Clinton's, Barak's terms in office were ending, wanted to 'cease the day'
- Goal: to negotiate a final settlement of the Israeli-Palestinian conflict in accordance with the 1993 Oslo agreement- failed
 - Israel + US made a few offers, such as a Palestinian state comprised of four cantons, no counter proposals,
 Clinton accused Arafat of not being sincere
 - Another round- White House (December 19-23, 2000)- failed



The Second Intifada

- Followed the failed Camp David Summit, expansion of Jewish settlements in the West Bank + Israeli PM Sharon visited the Temple Mount- provocation
- September 2000: Palestinian militants declared a 'Second Intifada', calling for increased violence against Israel
 - 'Al-Aqsa Intifada'
- Some provisions of the Oslo Accords remain in effect, many have long been abandoned

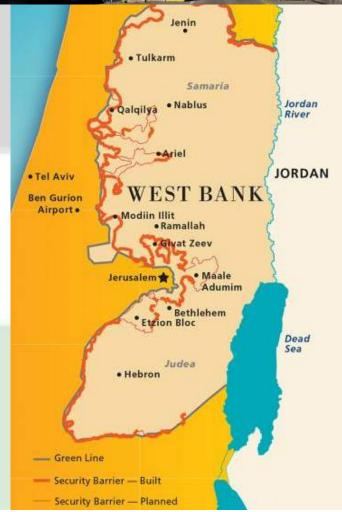




The 'Security Barrier'

- Massive rise in Palestinian suicide bombers in Israel
- 2002: Israel starts building a barrier between it and the West Bank (the security wall/West Bank Barrier)
 - Goal: to prevent infiltrations of terrorists into Israel
 - <u>Effective</u>: Dramatically reduced suicide bombings
- Heavily disputed path- cut into Palestinian land
- Illegal according to the ICJ (2004)
- 2005: Palestinian violence decreased (Israeli withdrawal from the Gaza strip)





Hamas and The Gaza Strip

- Hamas is the largest and most influential Palestinian militant movement + Islamic fundamentalist party
 - Provides social services to Palestinians
- 2005: Israel unilaterally withdrew from the
 Gaza Strip
- 2006: Hamas won the Palestinian Parliamentary election, defeating Fatah (the party of the PA's president Mahmoud Abbas), set the stage for a power struggle



Hamas and The Gaza Strip

- 2007: Hamas forcibly took over the Gaza Strip in the 'Battle of Gaza'
- Since attaining power, Hamas maintained its refusal to recognize the state of Israel, leading to crippling economic sanctions
- Increased rocket fire from Gaza to Israel
 - Civilian casualties, damages
- Israel and Egypt maintain a blockade of the Strip
- 2014: Conflict between Israel and Hamas



'Road Map' for Peace

- A peace plan developed by the EU, Russia, UN, and the US, presented to the Palestinian Authority and the Israeli government (2003)
- A three-phase peace process that culminates with the creation of a Palestinian state in the West Bank and the Gaza Strip
 - Meant to solve the conflict
- The Road Map stipulated a detailed time table for each one of its phases (3 years overall)



Annapolis Conference

- 2007: Israel, PA, hosted by US in Maryland
- Expectation: Revival of the 'Road Map for Peace'
- The two states solution to Israeli Palestinian conflict- 'on the table'
- A 'Joint Understanding' was signed =>
 Launch continuous bilateral negotiations for peace + implement the 'Road Map'



Upgraded Status at the UN

- 2012 => The UN General Assembly endorsed an upgraded status for the
 Palestinian Authority
 - Despite intense opposition from the US and Israel
- "Non-member observer entity" => "Non-member observer state"
 - Provide new leverage in dealings with Israel

Did not help the peace process



Contemporary Developments

- 2013 => US attempted to revive the peace process
 - Peace talks disrupted when the Fatah formed a unity government with Hamas (2014)
- 2014 => Military confrontation between the Israeli military and Hamas in which Hamas fired nearly 3,000 rockets at Israel who retaliated with a major offensive in Gaza
 - Ended with a cease-fire deal brokered by Egypt

Contemporary Developments

- 2015 => Widespread violent protests + 'lone wolf' knife attacks
 - Israel places checkpoints and roadblocks in the West Bank
- March 2018 => Violent riots at the Gaza Border, organized by Hamas
 - Explosive balloons, kites from Gaza caused fires in Israel
 - Increased rocket launching from Gaza



Contemporary Developments

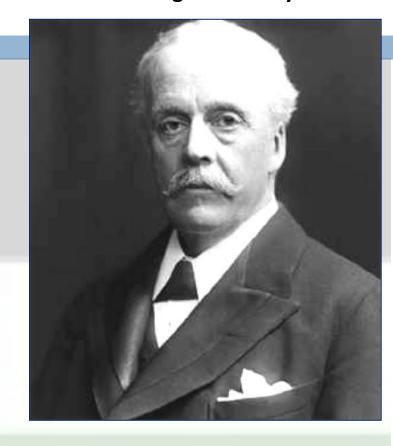
- May 2019 => Ceasefire between Hamas and Israel
 - Attacks decreased but didn't stop
- Trumps' Peace Plan for the Middle East =>
 - Not New
 - Favors the Israeli position



Sir Arthur James Balfour Br. Foreign Secretary

<u>Israel</u> =>

- Settlement
 - We were here first (ancient times)
 - Balfour promised us a homeland (1917)
 - We've made a desert into a productive land



"His Majesty's Government views with favor the establishment in Palestine of a national home for the Jewish people and will use their best endeavors to facilitate the achievement of this object, it being clearly understood that nothing shall be done which may prejudice the civil and religious rights of existing non-Jewish communities in Palestine..."

<u>Israel</u> =>

Security

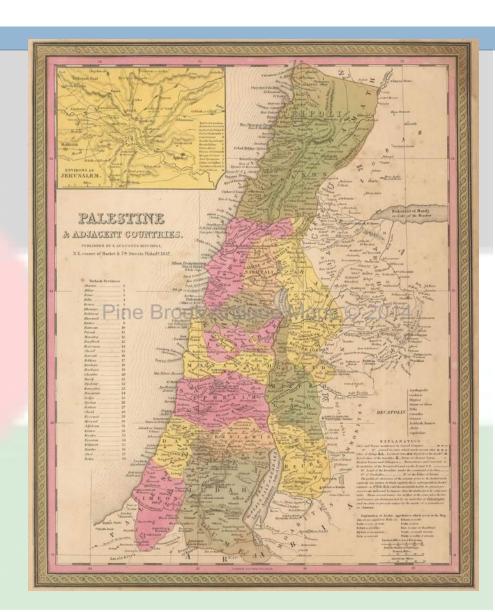
- The Holocaust proved we need a country
- Dangerous neighborhood (past Wars+ threats from Gaza)
- Won't give up land taken until we have a guarantee of safety

Faith

'Zion'/Israel as God's home for the Jewish people

Palestine =>

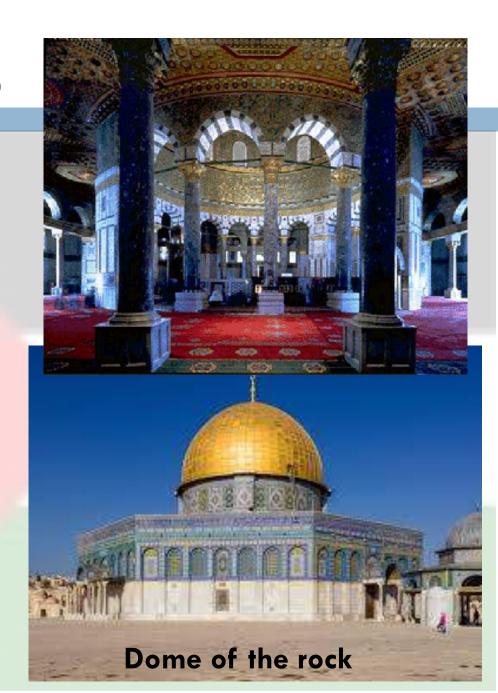
- Settlement
 - We've lived here for centuries
 - The Brits promises us independence (McMahon- Hussein Agreement)
 - Jewish immigration was making us a minority in our own land- we had to fight



Palestine =>

- Security
 - A nation without a state cannot survive

- Faith
 - Jerusalem is holy to Islam



Potential Solutions to the Conflict

- The 'One state solution'
 - A single bi-national state
 - Jewish state with a larger Arab minority
 - A united Palestine
 - Includes all the present territory of Israel + the
 West Bank (Gaza Strip?)



Potential Solutions to the Conflict

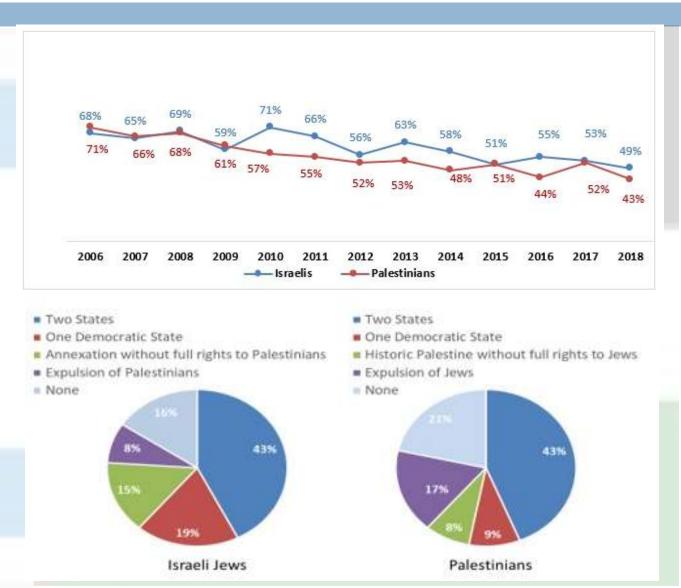
- The 'Two States solution'
 - Borders?
 - The Oslo accords (1993)
 - Trump's Peace Plan
 - Nothing new or revolutionary
 - Favoring Israeli interests
 - Palestinian state- smaller than envisioned by the Oslo agreement (1993)
 - Preconditions for Palestinian independence



Potential Solutions to the Conflict

- The 'Two States solution'
 - Declining support for the two-state solution, specially among young adults
 - Still seems to be the most favourable solution

Annexation of the Jordan Valley in July (2020)?



Next Session...

The Syrian Civil War

Thank You For Your Attention! Questions???

