

Midterm	exam	feedback
maccini	CAUIII	recubuen

- Diffuse political support
 Emotional, affective, independent of regime performance
- Specific political support
 Depends on regime performance
- · How self interest influences support
- You are welcome to stop by if you are interested in more feedback (especially on essays)



Political support and regime stability

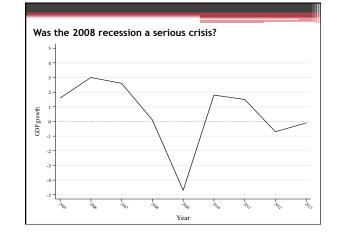
- Political support source of stability
 Better chance to survive crises
- Specific support: depends on how well the regime works
 - Crisis → difficult times → lower performance evaluations → lower specific support
- Diffuse support: affective (emotional),
- independent of how well the regime works
- \circ Crisis \rightarrow diffuse remains up

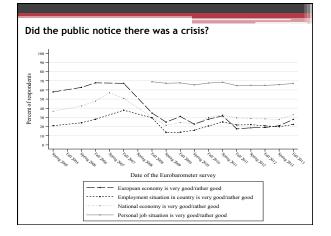
Is political support a source of stability for the EU?

- To answer need to determine whether support is diffuse or specific.
- Research so far: support for the EU is related to identity as well as to evaluations of performance.
- E.g. Identity is an affective attitude → support is (at least partly) diffuse.
- Problem: the research so far has been crosssectional
 - We can't be sure that European identity (or self interest) really *causes* higher support for the EU

Is political support a source of stability for the EU?

- Different view:
 - Diffuse political support is stable over a crisis
 - $^{\circ} \rightarrow$ explore how stable political support for the EU is over a crisis
 - If stable \rightarrow means it's diffuse
 - If not stable \rightarrow means it's specific





Did political support follow evaluations of the economy?

- Work in groups of 4-5
- Answer this question using the figures in chapter 3 that you read.
- Does political support for the EU see diffuse or specific to you?

Perils of judging over-time stability from aggregate data

- Aggregate data = average support in the whole population
 - $^\circ$ Can't track whether individual citizens have stable support
 - If many people change their opinions (but do so in opposite directions), it will look stable in the aggregate
 - $\boldsymbol{\cdot}$ Remember this for other contexts
 - → we need to track individuals in order to see if people kept stable support for the EU over the economic crisis
 - Use *panel data* (public opinion survey that asks the *same* respondents over multiple points in time)

Is political support for the EU stable over a crisis at the individual level?

- Work in groups of 4-5
- Answer this question by using information from Figures 2a and 2b

Discussing paper outlines

- Work in pairs
- Present to your colleague the following:
 - Your topic
 - What does article 1 argue about your topic?
 - What does article 2 argue about your topic?
 - What are the strengths and weaknesses of each of the two articles?