MVZn5012

ENEMY IMAGE AND THE POLITICAL PSYCHOLOGY OF CONFLICTS IN IR

Maya Higgins, PhD

On the Agenda for Today

Enemies of America

- Introduction
- Who are America's Greatest Enemies?
 - How do we find them?
- Changing Enemies
- Axis of Evil



The 'Traditional' Enemies: Soviets/Communists/Russia

Introduction

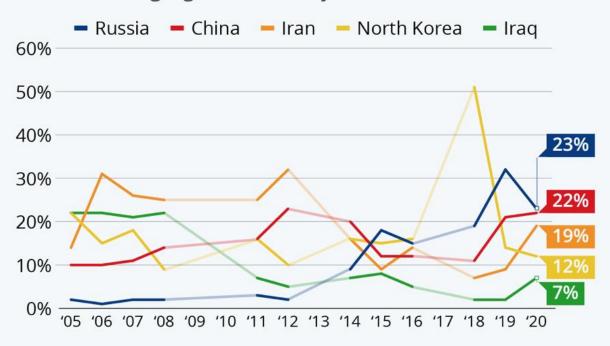
- Who are the prominent enemies of the United States of America?
 - Perception vs. truth
 - The answer depends on the agent + time
- How do we find out?
 - Learn history
 - Look into official U.S. documents
 - Ask the American people



- Which Country do Americans see as Their Biggest foe?
- Polls, 2005-2020
- Mirrors international politics
- Russia, China, Iran, North Korea, Iraq
- No unanimity or even a majority to a specific enemy- why?

The United States' Biggest Enemies

Share of Americans who said the following countries were the single greatest enemy of the U.S.



Surveys of approximately 1,000 U.S. adults conducted in early February Source: Gallup

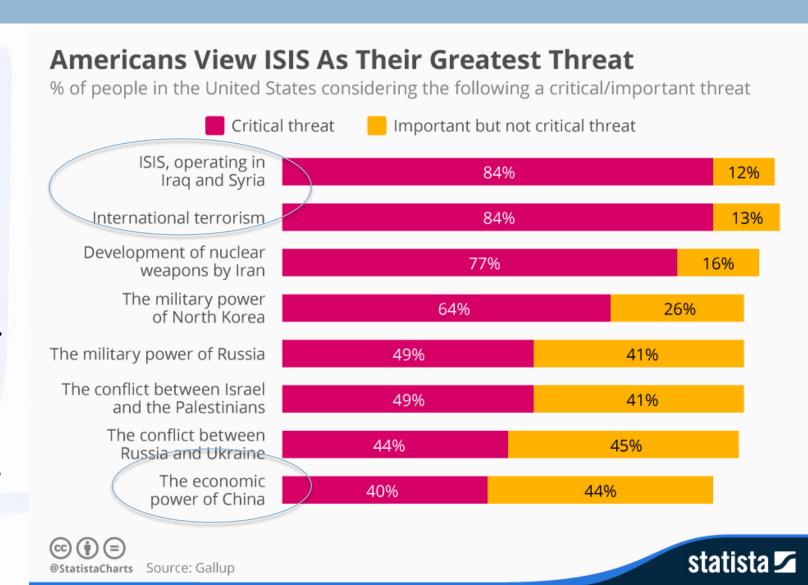






2015

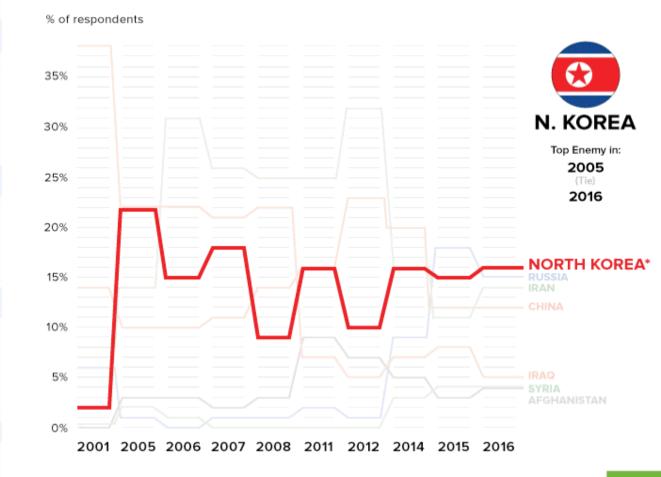
- Specific threats rather than an 'enemy'
- Terrorism, Conflicts,China's economic power
- Traditional enemies were low on the list, but rising nowadays



Changing Enemies =>

- America's biggest foe isn't a constant
 - The identity of America's archnemesis changes as global events unfold
- Americans were asked (unprompted) to name the country that is their "greatest enemy"
- The rankings fluctuate over time

What one country anywhere in the world do you consider to be the United States' greatest enemy today?



National Security Strategy (NSS) =>

- Arrangements of a state for dealing with national security issues
- The overall vision of a state's national security goals + most appropriate means to achieve them
- Hints to the institutionalized perception of state enemies
- Non-specific enemz



NATIONAL SECURITY STRATEGY

of the United States of America

DECEMBER 2017





National Security Strategy (NSS) =>

Table of Contents

Introduction	1
PILLAR I: PROTECT THE AMERICAN PEOPLE, THE HOMELAND, AND THE AMERICAN WAY OF LIFE	7
Secure U.S. Borders and Territory	
Defend Against Weapons of Mass Destruction (WMD)	8
Combat Biothreats and Pandemics	
Strengthen Border Control and Immigration Policy	
Pursue Threats to Their Source	10
Pursue Threats to Their Source Defeat Jihadist Terrorists Dismantle Transnational Criminal Organizations	10
Keep America Safe in the Cyber Era	12
Promote American Resilience	14

"We are rallying the world against the rogue regime in North Korea and confronting the danger posed by the dictatorship in Iran, which those determined to pursue a flawed nuclear deal had neglected". (p1)

"A central continuity in history is the contest for power. The present time period is no different. Three main sets of challengers—the revisionist powers of China and Russia, the rogue states of Iran and North Korea, and transnational threat organizations, particularly jihadist terrorist groups—are actively competing against the United States and our allies and partners". (p-25)

Axis of Evil



https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=VAALGqKPaT4

The Classic Enemy: The Soviet Union

Relations between the Soviet Union & the US were driven by a complex interplay of

ideological, political, and economic factors

Shifts between cautious cooperation & superpower rivalry

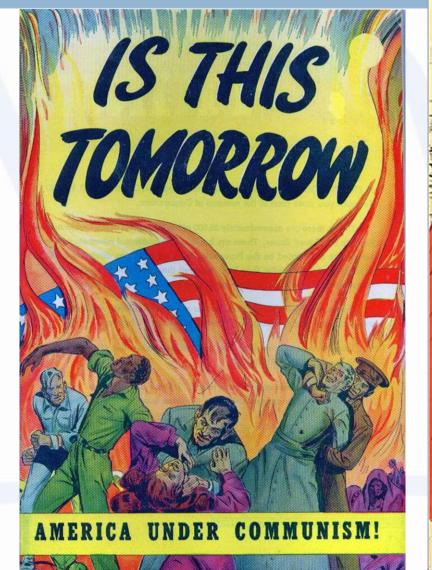
- 1917: Bolshevik (Communist) Revolution: Lenin's party took control of Russia
 - 1922: The Bolshevik party formed the Union of Soviet Socialist Republics (USSR)

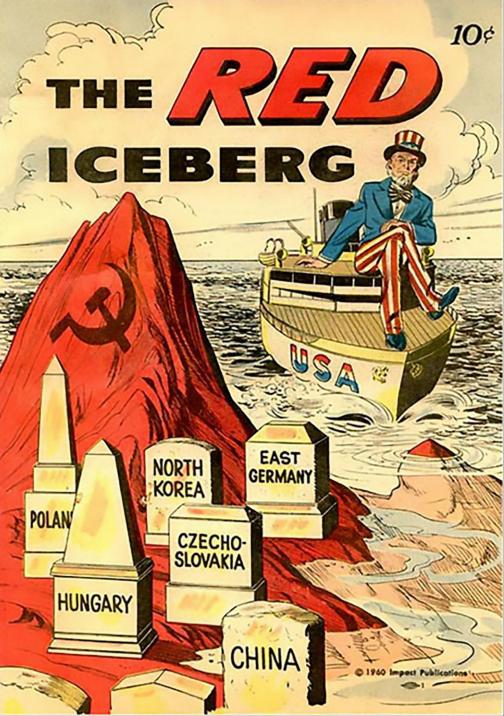


US opposed Communism as state ideology + feared unrest in Europe & at home

The Red Scare

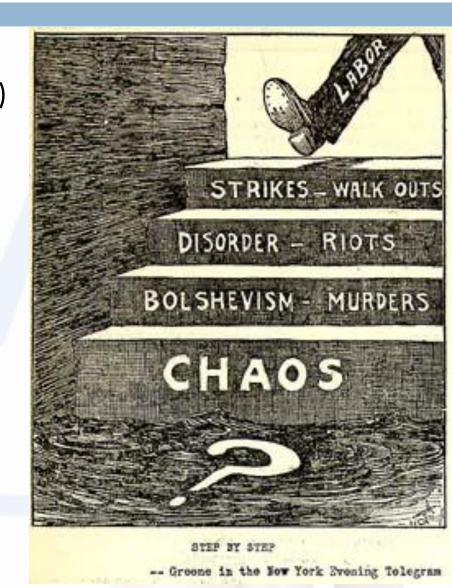
1919-1920





Between World Wars

- 1920's: American famine relief program + commercial ties with the Soviet (New Economic Policy, 1921-1929)
- 1933: Diplomatic relations
 - Formal recognition in exchange for staying out of US internal affairs, yet-
 - Stalin's totalitarian regime- Major obstacle to friendly relations with the West
- World War II: US/Soviet alliance based on the common goal of defeating Nazi Germany
- However, Soviet aggressive + antidemocratic policy toward Eastern Europe created tensions



The Truman Doctrine



- Post WWII: Red Scare II in the US
 - 1938: Formation of The House Committee on Un-American Activities "to investigate alleged disloyalty and subversive activities on the part of private citizens ... suspected of having Communist ties"

"One way of life is based upon the will of the **majority**, and is distinguished by free institutions, representative government, free elections, guarantees of **personal liberty**, **freedom** of speech and religion and freedom from political repression.

The second way of life is based upon the will of a minority imposed upon the majority. It relies upon **terror** and **oppression**, a controlled press and radio, fixed elections, and the suppression of personal freedoms."

The Red Scare II

CHILDREN'S CRUSADE AGAINST COMMUNISM

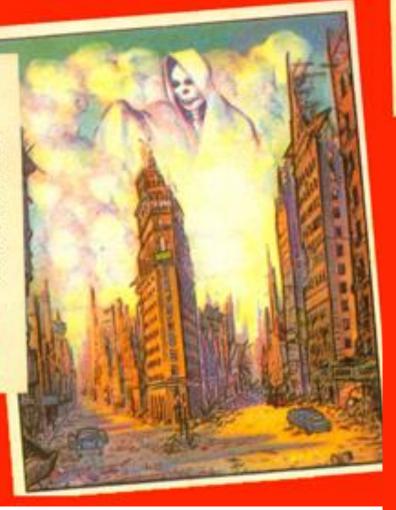
Ghost City

The picture is an artist's idea of what an atom bomb could do to a great American city. The Reds like us to think of this. They think it will make us afraid. But actually, we are growing stronger by realizing that this could happen to us. We are working to make America stronger day by day, week by week. We must continue to work for peace through the United Nations and in every possible way. But an America fully prepared to defend itself is not likely to be attacked. The Reds understand this language.



FIGHT THE RED MENACE





CHILDREN'S CRUSADE AGAINST COMMUNISM

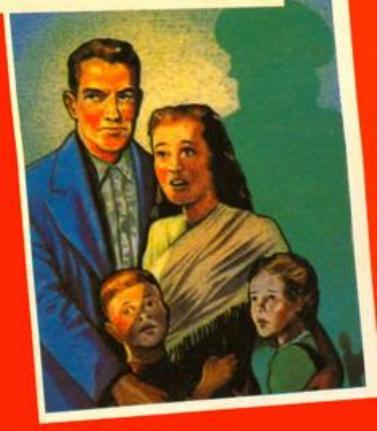
Olga And Ivan

A knock at the door - and the typical Russian family fears the worst. They are told where to work, where to live and what subjects they must master at school. Their daily routine insists on absolute obedience to their leaders and following Communist doctrine. A simple anti-communist remark by anyone of them could result in a visit by the police. An explanation will be demanded. Prison without fair trial or appeal faces all. This is life under Communism!



RED MENACE





McCarthyism: 1950-1954



"It's Okay-We're Hunting Communists"

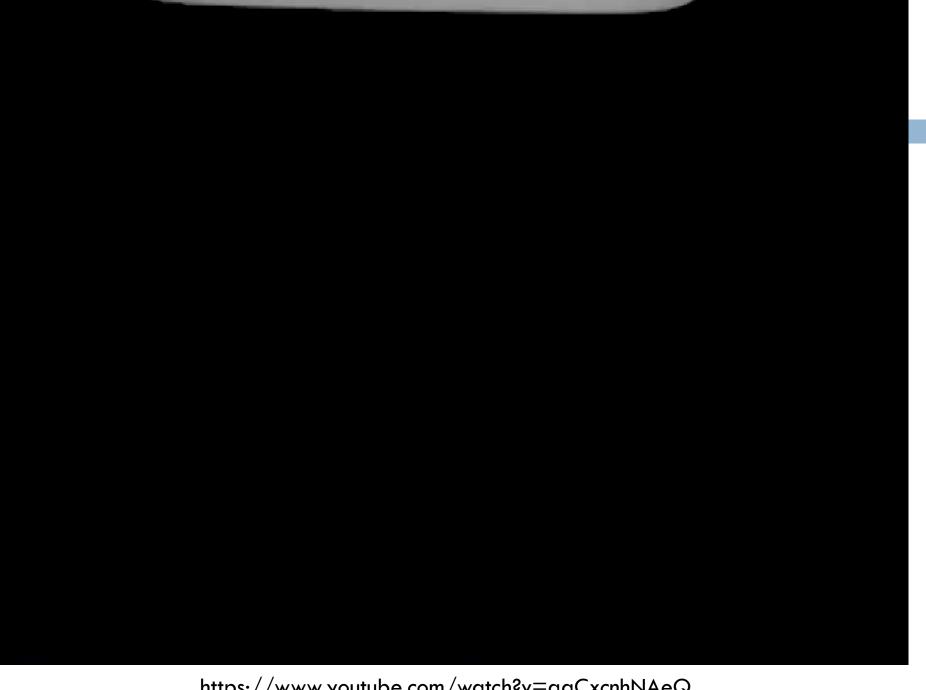


The Cold War

- Late 1940s: Cold War + communist containment focus in U.S. foreign policy
 - No actual military combat, but communism/statecontrol, capitalism/democracy battle played out in proxy conflicts around the globe (e.g. Vietnam)
 - Competition for dominance in spaceflight
 - Nuclear arms race: Mutually assured destruction strategy (MAD)
 - 1952: U.S. Federal Civil Defense
 Administration commissioned +
 distributed the film "Duck and Cover"
 to teach school kids what to do in case of a nuclear attack







https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=gqCxcnhNAeQ

The Cuban Missile Crisis

- 1962: The Cuban Missile Crisis
 - Closest the Soviet Union and the US ever came to nuclear war

Later that summer, a direct telephone link between the White House and the Kremlin

MEXICO CITY

U. S. A.

CHICAGO

ATLANTA 1333M

WASHINGTON

ATLANTIC OCEAN

ONEW YORK

was set (the 'Hotline')

 1963-1971: US/Soviet agreements to limit nuclear testing + Strategic Arms Limitation Talks

- 1972: President Nixon visits Moscow
 - Signed the Anti-Ballistic Missile Treaty and Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty Interim Agreement

Shaky Relationship

- Relations stabilized over the next several years
 - Ongoing efforts to contain the threat of unchecked nuclear proliferation
 - Attempts to cooperate
- 1979: Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, condemned by the US
- 1981-1989: Attempts to negotiate cutting weapons on both sides=> Strategic Arms Reduction Talks
 - 1985: Mikhail Gorbachev assumed control of the Soviet state
 - 1986: Reykjavik summit



Tear Down This Wall

- Reagan encouraged by Gorbachev's openness to loosening control over Eastern Europe
- June 12, 1987: 'Tear down this wall' speech at the Brandenburg Gate in Berlin
 - Reagan's famous appeal to his Russian counterpart

Russia Under Gorbachev

- 1987: Reagan and Gorbachev signed first nuclear arms reduction treaty
- 1989: President George H.W. Bush assumed office
 - Slow and careful approach
- 1989: Fall of the Berlin Wall
- Yeltsin's push for democratization, Sovietcontrolled states demanded independence, German reunification
- 1991: Failed communist coup weakened Gorbachev further-resigned



That's Fit to Print

The New Hork Times Late Edition New York Today, clear, mild 1 season, High 41 Today, Clear dept. Mild 61 tow 28, Deptile to an deptile 61 tow 28, Deptile to an deptile 61 tow 28, Deptile tow deptile 61 tow 28, Deptile clear deptile 61 tow 28, Deptile clear deptile 61 tow 28, Deptile 61 tow deptile 61 tow 28, Deptile 61 tow deptile 61 t

GORBACHEV, LAST SOVIET LEADER, RESIGNS; U.S. RECOGNIZES REPUBLICS' INDEPENDENCE

RETAILERS REPORT SALES FELL SHORT OF DIM FORECASTS

Last-Minute Buying Spree Fails to Carry Merchants Ahead



Communist Flag Is Removed; Yeltsin Gets Nuclear Controls

Next Session...

'Enemies of America' part 2



Thank You For Your Attention!

Questions???