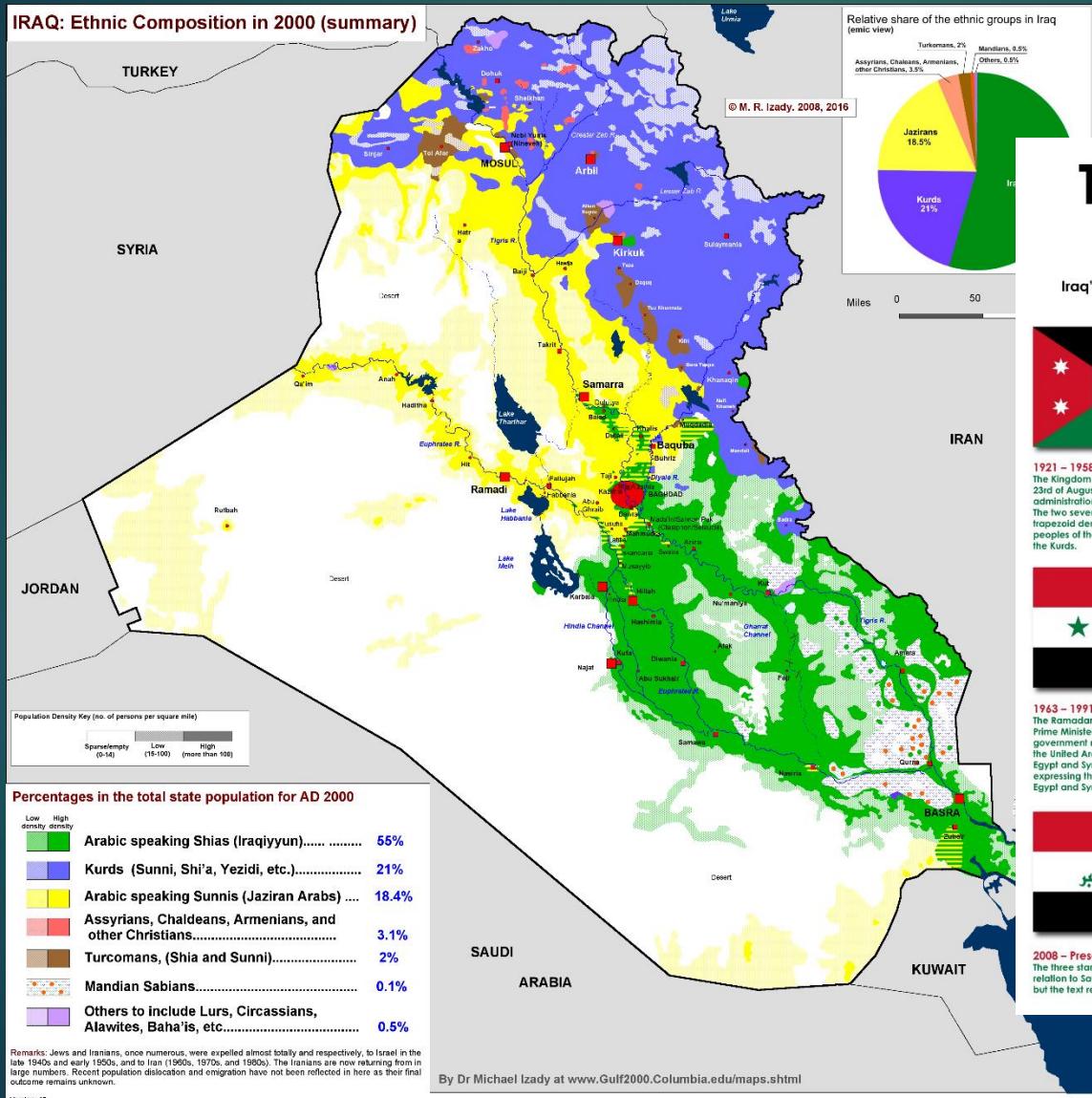




STRUČNÝ VÝVOJ IRÁKU

MAREK ČEJKA



THE EVOLUTION OF THE IRAQI FLAG

Iraq's flag has undergone multiple changes with shifts in political power and has been a point of contention in the country for years



1921 – 1958:
The Kingdom of Iraq was founded on 23rd of August 1921 under British administration.
The two seven-pointed stars in the red trapezoid denoted two principal peoples of the kingdom: the Arabs and the Kurds.



1958:
The Arab Federation of Iraq and Jordan was a country that lasted only six months in 1958 between February and August. The flag of Iraq and Jordan was basically that of Jordan but without the seven-pointed star.



1959 – 1963:
After the 14 July Revolution in 1958, Iraq became a republic. The black, white, green, and red represent pan-Arabism, while the yellow sun represented the Kurdish minority.



1963 – 1991:
The Ramadhan Revolution overthrew Prime Minister Qasim and the new government modified the flag to that of the United Arab Republic, consisting of four horizontal stripes with a central star expressing the aspiration of Iraq to join Egypt and Syria in a union.



1991-2004:
By order of Saddam Hussein the phrase "Allah Akbar" meaning "God is greatest" in Arabic, was added between the stars, in Hussein's own handwriting.



2004 – 2008:
The flag basically remained the same but the script was changed from Saddam Hussein's handwritten to traditional stylized Kufic script.



2008 – Present:
The three stars were removed for their relation to Saddam Hussein's regime, but the text remains in its 2004 form.

Iraqis were divided on what national anthem and flag to champion after the toppling of late President Saddam Hussein in 2003.

STRUČNÝ VÝVOJ IRÁKU

- Do roku 1917 území součástí Osmanské říše.
- Sykes-Picotovou dohodou Irák v britské zóně
- Britský mandát Mezopotámie.
- V roce 1921 byla ustanovena monarchie a Irácké království
- Králem Fajsal I. Hášimovec
- nezávislost na GB v roce 1932



Faisal I. (1921-1933)



Ghází (1933-1939)



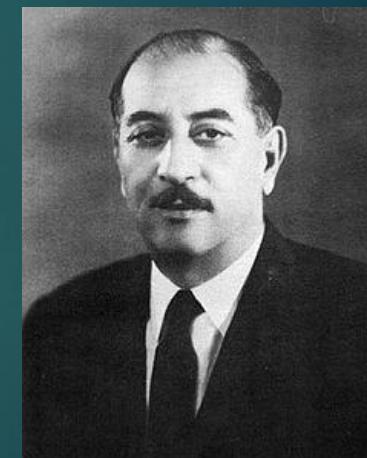
Fajsal II. (1939-1958)



(NY32-JULY 14).-OVERTHROWN KING DURING NINETEEN YEAR REIGN--King Faisal II who was deposed today from Iraqi throne by an Army coup, is shown during five stages of his tenure as monarch. At left in 1939, he had just succeeded to the throne at the age of four following death of his father. Other pictures, left to right, in Field Marshal's uniform at the age of 18; wearing a derby on visit to England in 1954; and during visits to England and Spain in 1956.(see wire story) APWIREPHOTO/ATH0122471A152

Konec monarchie a republika

- 1958 - vzniká Irácké republika ("Revoluce 14. července")
- **Generál Kásim** svrhne krále a povraždí jeho rodinu
- Sekularismus, prosovětská orientace
- Ramadán 1963 – převrat provedený stranou Baas (pronásirovská klika – Saddám, Bakr a spol.) podporovaný CIA načež je Kásim popraven)
- Revoluce 17. července 1968 – strana Baas se dostane k moci
- **Ahmad Hasan al-Bakr** v čele iráku (1968-1979)
- 1968-2003 Irák ovládán stranou Baas
- Saddám Husajn od r. 1978 vůdcem Baas
 - 1979 prezident a velitel armády



Saddám Husajn (1979-2003)



Vývoj od 80. let

- 1979 – 2003 vláda Saddáma Husajna
 - Kult osobnosti, represe, vraždy, protišíitská a protikurdská politika
- 1980-88 irácko-íránská válka
- 1990 invaze do Kuvajtu
- 1991 válka v Zálivu
- 2003 okupace USA a koalice
- 2004 kontrola předána dočasné vládě
- 2005 nová ústava a nová vláda
- Od 2004 velké krveprolévání, vznik Al-Káidy v Iráku, ISIS...
- 2011 odchod posledních amerických vojáků

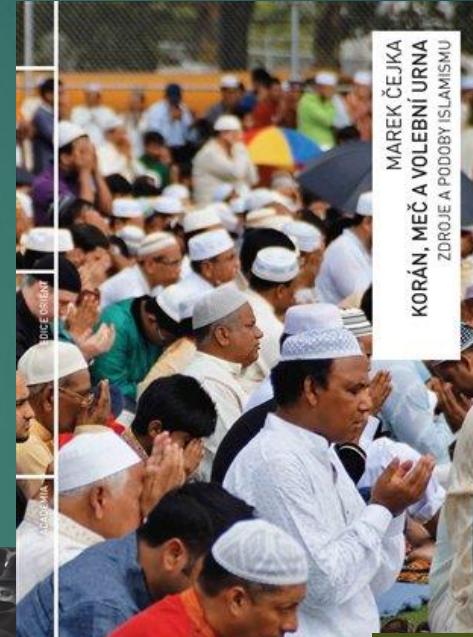
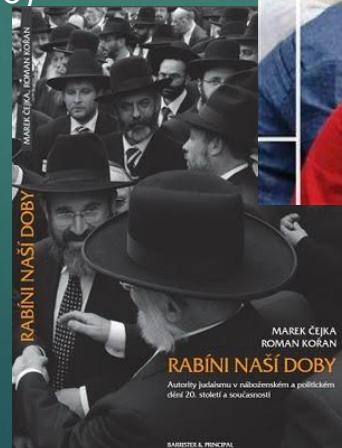
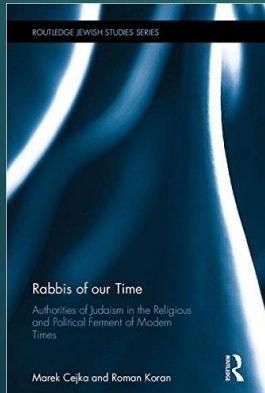
Děkuji za pozornost!

Pro další informace sledujte:

<http://blizky-vychod.blogspot.com>

Publikace:

- Judaismus a politika v Izraeli (2002, 2009)
- Izrael a Palestina (2005)
- Encyklopédie blízkových. terorismu (2007)
- Rabíni naší doby (2010, spoluaut.)
- Dějiny moderního Izraele (2011)
- Lidé svatých zemí (2012)
- Rabbis of our Time (2015, Routledge)
- Korán, meč a volební urna (2020)



MAREK ČEJKA
KORÁN, MEČ A VOLEBNÍ URNA
ZDROJE A PODOBY ISLAMISMU



Marek Čejka
Lidé svatých zemí
People of the holy lands

