

Civil law, Criminal law

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Civil Law

- Regulates relationships between individuals or bodies
- Civil Law can be divided on Civil procedural Law and Civil substantive Law

Civil substantive law

- The largest legal sector
- Sector of private law
- group of legal ideas and systems derived from the Code of Justinian
- legal system developed from Roman codified law, established by a state for its regulation
- area of the law which deal with non-criminal matters, rights and remedies
- Includes a law of tort, property law, contract law and family law
- The main source of Civil substantive law is Civil code

Civil procedural Law

- One of the largest legal sectors in Czech legal system
- governing the binding process of the courts in resolving disputes
- The subject of civil procedural law is a civil trial
- main source of civil procedural law is the Civil Procedure Code

Criminal law

- Sector of public law
- Determined what is criminal offense, the conditions of criminal responsibility, the penalties(fines or imprisonment)
- Criminal law is based on the Criminal Code and Criminal Procedure
- Divided on criminal law and criminal procedural law

Criminal law

- ◉ Regulate relationships between state and individuals or bodies
- ◉ State regulates the conduct of the citizens
- ◉ From petty (parking offense) to very serious (murder, rape)

Criminal procedural law

- the method of the state authorities in identifying the crime
- regulates criminal proceedings (prosecution) - preparatory proceedings, before the indictment and the proceedings before the court after the indictment
- also regulates the rights and obligations of persons against whom criminal proceedings are pending, as well as other persons involved in this procedure affects
- The main source of Criminal procedural law is a Criminal procedure.

Vocabulary

- resolving disputes – řešení sporů
- Proceeding – řízení
- Indictment – žaloba

Civil law & Criminal law

- This is end of my presentation
- Thank you for your attention !