

MASARYK UNIVERSITY FACULTY OF LAW

Free movement of persons, free movement of workers, prohibition of discrimination based on nationality

Internal Market - one of the objectives of the Union

The internal market is based on four freedoms:

- Freedom of movement of goods
- Freedom of movement of persons
- Freedom of movement of services
- Freedom of movement of capital

Historical backrounds

- After establishment of the European Economic Community only persons performing an economic activity were entitled to the freedom of movement of persons. Economic activity
 - as employee
 - as self-employed
- At the beginning of 1990s free movement was enlarged to other groups of persons (Students, persons after finishing the gainful activity...)
- 1992 the Treaty of Maastricht the citizenship of the EU enlargement to all citizens of the Union and their family members.

Legal Regulation of Free Movement of Persons

- Primary law:
 - Treaty on functioning of the EU
 - Prohibition of Discrimination and Citizenship of the Union Article 18 (former Article 12 of the Treaty establishing the European Community) lays down prohibition of discrimination based on nationality.
 - Article 20 (former Article 17) free movement for citizens of the Union
- Article 45 (former Article 39) free movement of workers

Legal Regulation of Free Movement of Persons

Secondary Law:

- Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council 2004/38 of 29 April 2004 on the rights of citizens of the Union and their family members to move and reside within the territory of the Member States, replaced legislation from 1960s
- Regulation (EU) 492/2011 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 5 April 2011 on freedom of movement for workers within the Union, replaced Regulation of the Council 1612/68 of 15 October 1968 of free movement of workers within the Community

Personal Scope of Application of Freedom of Movement for Persons

- Citizens of the Union
- Their family members
 - 1. Spouse
 - 2. The partner with whom the Union citizen has contracted a registered partnership on the basis of the legislation of a Member State, if the legislation of the host Member State treats registered partnership as equivalent to marriage and in accordance with the conditions laid down in the relevant legislation of the host Member State
 - 3. The direct descendants who are under the age of 21 or are dependants and those of the spouse or partner
 - 4. The dependant direct relatives in the ascending line and those of the spouse and partner

Free movement of persons includes:

- Right to leave the territory of the Memebr State
- Right to entry on the territory of another Memeber State
- Right to move within the territory of another Member State
- Right to stay within the territory of another Member State

Limitations to free movement of persons

- Public Policy
- Public Security
- Public Health

Limitations to free movement of workers

- Public Policy
- Public Security
- Public Health
- Employment in public sector